



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL NEWTOWN
SESSION: 2022-23
MONDAY TEST

CLASS: IX
SUBJECT: ENGLISH PAPER I

FULL MARKS: 40
DATE: 28.09.2022

- All questions are compulsory.
- The paper consists of three printed pages.

Question 1.

Write a composition (300-350 words) on any one of the following: [20]

- a) "*The use of mobile phones must be allowed in schools.*" Express your views either for or against this statement.
- b) Narrate an incident from your own experience when you helped a friend who was in trouble. Explain what happened. What did you do to make the situation better?

Question 2.

- a) Fill in each of the numbered blank with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in correct serial order.
Example: Answer (0)- drunk [6]

Coffee is a beverage ____(0)____ (drink) by many past generations of people. What most people do not realize is that coffee is ____(i)____ (make) from beans ____(ii)____ (pick) from trees. Coffee trees ____(iii)____ (grow) either from seeds or cuttings. These trees begin to ____(iv)____ (bear) crops when they are about four years old. Workers on coffee plantations have to pick the beans by hand. After the beans are ____(v)____ (gather), they are ____(vi)____ (roast) at high temperature. This process ____(vii)____ (give) them their fragrance. The best coffee is made from freshly ____(viii)____ beans. There are many different ways of ____(ix)____ (prepare) coffee. Coffee can be ____(x)____ (serve) either with or without milk. Coffee ____(xi)____ (contain) antioxidants and other active substances that may ____(xii)____ (reduce) internal inflammation and protect against diseases.

b) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words.

[6]

- i. The burglar broke ` _____ the shop last night.
- ii. Shankar and Ravi fought _____ themselves.
- iii. My birthday is _____ 5th September.
- iv. The girl was eager _____ show her painting.
- v. He takes a lot of interest _____ music.
- vi. I saw him felling a big tree _____ an axe.
- vii. I have been waiting here _____ 6 o' clock.
- viii. She will be travelling _____ Canada to India next week.
- ix. Do not lean _____ the wall.
- x. Once upon a time, the great king ruled _____ all these villages.
- xi. He scraped _____ the examination with 40%.
- xii. Do not judge a book _____ its cover.

c) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using *and*, *but* or *so*. Choose the correct option.

[3]

- i. The bell rang. The children began to write immediately.
 1. No sooner did the bell rang than the children began to write.
 2. No sooner did the bell ring when the children began to write.
 3. No sooner did the bell ring than the children began to write.
 4. No sooner does the bell ring than the children begin to write.
- ii. I was invited to the party. I did not attend the party.
 1. I was invited to the party but I did not attend it
 2. Although I was invited to the party, I had not attended it.
 3. Although I was invited to the party, I did not attend it.
 4. Despite of being invited to the party, I did not attend it.
- iii. I met Mohan's father. Mohan's father is a mechanical engineer.
 1. I met Mohan's mother who is a mechanical engineer.
 2. I met Mohan's father who is an electrical engineer.
 3. I met Mohan who is a mechanical engineer.
 4. I met Mohan's father who is a mechanical engineer.

d) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each.

Make other changes that may be necessary but do not change the meaning of each sentence.

[5]

- i. This bag is too small to carry ten books. (Remove: 'too')
 1. This bag is very small and it cannot carry ten books.
 2. This bag is so small that it cannot carry twenty books.
 3. This bag is so small to carry ten books..
 4. This bag is so small that it cannot carry ten book.

- ii. **Although I was sick, I did not miss my classes. (Begin: Despite)**
1. Despite being sick, I did not miss my classes.
 2. Despite of being sick, I did not miss my classes.
 3. Despite not missing my classes, I was sick.
 4. Despite being sick, I did miss my classes.
- iii. **The angry young man was scolding the children. (Begin: The children...)**
1. The children were scolded by the angry young man.
 2. The children were being scolded by the angry young man.
 3. The children was being scolded by the angry young man.
 4. The children had been scolded by the angry young man.
- iv. **Kunal said to Satish, "We will be visiting the institution tomorrow." (Begin: Kunal told Satish that ...)**
1. Kunal told Satish that they will be visiting the institution tomorrow.
 2. Kunal told Satish that they would be visiting the institution the next day.
 3. Kunal told Satish that they will be visiting the institution the next day.
 4. Kunal told Satish that we would be visiting the institution the next day.
- v. **Unless you walk fast, you will miss the train. (Use: If)**
1. If you walk fast, you will not miss the plane.
 2. If you walk fast, you will miss the train.
 3. If you walk fast, you will not miss the train.
 4. If you do not walk fast, you will not get the train.