

✓ Operators in Python

- Arithmetic Operators
- Relational Operators
- Logical Operators
- Bitwise Operators
- Assignment Operators
- Membership Operators

```
# Arithmetic Operators
print(5+6)
```

```
print(5-6)
```

```
print(5*6)
```

```
print(5/2)
```

```
print(5//2)
```

```
print(5%2)
```

```
print(5**2)
```

```
11
-1
30
2.5
2
1
25
```

```
# Relational Operators
print(4>5)
```

```
print(4<5)
```

```
print(4>=4)
```

```
print(4<=4)
```

```
print(4==4)
```

```
print(4!=4)
```

```
False
True
True
True
True
False
```

```
# Logical Operators
print(1 and 0)
```

```
print(1 or 0)
```

```
print(not 1)
```

```
0
1
False
```

```

# Bitwise Operators

# bitwise and
print(2 & 3)

# bitwise or
print(2 | 3)

# bitwise xor
print(2 ^ 3)

print(~3)

print(4 >> 2)

print(5 << 2)

    2
    3
    1
   -4
    1
   20

# Assignment Operators

# =
# a = 2

a = 2

# a = a % 2
a %= 2

# a++ ++a

print(a)

    4

# Membership Operators

# in/not in

print('D' not in 'Delhi')

print(1 in [2,3,4,5,6])

    False
    False

# Program - Find the sum of a 3 digit number entered by the user

number = int(input('Enter a 3 digit number'))

# 345%10 -> 5
a = number%10

number = number//10

# 34%10 -> 4
b = number % 10

number = number//10
# 3 % 10 -> 3
c = number % 10

print(a + b + c)

    Enter a 3 digit number666
    18

```

✓ If-else in Python

```
# login program and indentation
# email -> nitish.campusx@gmail.com
# password -> 1234

email = input('enter email')
password = input('enter password')

if email == 'nitish.campusx@gmail.com' and password == '1234':
    print('Welcome')
elif email == 'nitish.campusx@gmail.com' and password != '1234':
    # tell the user
    print('Incorrect password')
    password = input('enter password again')
    if password == '1234':
        print('Welcome,finally!')
    else:
        print('beta tumse na ho paayega!')
else:
    print('Not correct')

    enter emailsrhreh
    enter passworderhetjh
    Not correct
```

```
# if-else examples
# 1. Find the min of 3 given numbers
# 2. Menu Driven Program
```

```
# min of 3 number
```

```
a = int(input('first num'))
b = int(input('second num'))
c = int(input('third num'))
```

```
if a<b and a<c:
    print('smallest is',a)
elif b<c:
    print('smallest is',b)
else:
    print('smallest is',c)
```

```
first num4
second num1
third num10
smallest is 1
```

```
# menu driven calculator
menu = input("""
Hi! how can I help you.
1. Enter 1 for pin change
2. Enter 2 for balance check
3. Enter 3 for withdrawl
4. Enter 4 for exit
""")
```

```
if menu == '1':
    print('pin change')
elif menu == '2':
    print('balance')
else:
    print('exit')
```

```
Hi! how can I help you.
1. Enter 1 for pin change
2. Enter 2 for balance check
3. Enter 3 for withdrawl
4. Enter 4 for exit
2
balance
```

✓ Modules in Python

- math
- keywords
- random
- datetime

```
# math
import math
```

```
math.sqrt(196)
```

```
14.0
```

```
# keyword
import keyword
print(keyword.kwlist)
```

```
['False', 'None', 'True', 'and', 'as', 'assert', 'async', 'await', 'break', 'class', 'continue', 'def', 'del', 'elif', 'else', 'except',
```

```
# random
import random
print(random.randint(1,100))
```

```
88
```

```
# datetime
import datetime
print(datetime.datetime.now())
```

```
2022-11-08 15:50:21.228643
```

```
help('modules')
```

```
Please wait a moment while I gather a list of all available modules...
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/caffe2/proto/__init__.py:17: UserWarning: Caffe2 support is not enabled in this PyTorch build.
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/caffe2/proto/__init__.py:17: UserWarning: Caffe2 support is not enabled in this PyTorch build.
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/caffe2/python/__init__.py:9: UserWarning: Caffe2 support is not enabled in this PyTorch build.
```

Cython	collections	kaggle	requests_oauthlib
IPython	colorcet	kanren	resampy
OpenGL	colorlover	kapre	resource
PIL	colorsys	keras	rlcompleter
ScreenResolution	community	keras_preprocessing	rmagic
__future__	compileall	keyword	rpy2
__abc	concurrent	kiwisolver	rsa
__ast	confection	korean_lunar_calendar	runpy
__asyncio	configparser	langcodes	samples
__bisect	cons	lib2to3	sched
__blake2	contextlib	libfuturesize	scipy
__bootlocale	contextlib2	libpasteurize	scs
__bz2	contextvars	librosa	seaborn
__cffi_backend	convertdate	lightgbm	secrets
__codecs	copy	linecache	select
__codecs_cn	copyreg	llvmlite	selectors
__codecs_hk	crashtest	lmbd	send2trash
__codecs_iso2022	crcmod	locale	setuptools
__codecs_jp	crypt	locket	setuptools_git
__codecs_kr	csindjson	logging	shapely
__codecs_tw	csv	lsb_release	shelve
__collections	ctypes	lunarcalendar	shlex
__collections_abc	cufflinks	lxml	shutil
__compat_pickle	curses	lzma	signal
__compression	cv2	macpath	simdjson
__contextvars	cvxopt	mailbox	site
__crypt	cvxpy	mailcap	sitecustomize
__csv	cycler	markdown	six
__ctypes	cymem	markupsafe	skimage
__ctypes_test	cython	marshal	sklearn
__curses	cythonmagic	marshmallow	sklearn_pandas
__curses_panel	daft	math	slugify
__cvxcore	dask	matplotlib	smart_open
__datetime	dataclasses	matplotlib_venn	smtplib
__dbm	datascience	mimetypes	smtplib
__decimal	datetime	missingno	sndhdr
__distutils_hack	dateutil	mistune	snowballstemmer
__dlib_pybind11	dbm	mizani	socket

_dummy_thread	dbus	mlxtend	socketserver
_ecos	debugpy	mmap	socks
_elementtree	decimal	modulefinder	sockshandler
_functools	decorator	more_itertools	softwareproperties
_hashlib	defusedxml	moviepy	sortedcontainers
_heapq	descartes	mpmath	soundfile
_imp	difflib	msgpack	spacy
_io	dill	multidict	spacy_legacy
_json	dis	multipledispatch	spacy_loggers
_locale	distributed	multiprocessing	sphinx
_lsprof	distutils	multitasking	spwd
_lzma	dlib	murmurhash	sql
markupbase	dns	music21	sqlalchemy

✓ Loops in Python

- Need for loops
- While Loop
- For Loop

```
# While loop example -> program to print the table
# Program -> Sum of all digits of a given number
# Program -> keep accepting numbers from users till he/she enters a 0 and then find the avg
```

```
number = int(input('enter the number'))
```

```
i = 1
```

```
while i<11:
    print(number,'*',i,'=',number * i)
    i += 1
```

```
enter the number12
12 * 1 = 12
12 * 2 = 24
12 * 3 = 36
12 * 4 = 48
12 * 5 = 60
12 * 6 = 72
12 * 7 = 84
12 * 8 = 96
12 * 9 = 108
12 * 10 = 120
```

```
# while loop with else
```

```
x = 1
```

```
while x < 3:
    print(x)
    x += 1
```

```
else:
    print('limit crossed')
```

```
1
2
limit crossed
```

```
# Guessing game

# generate a random integer between 1 and 100
import random
jackpot = random.randint(1,100)

guess = int(input('guess karo'))
counter = 1
while guess != jackpot:
    if guess < jackpot:
        print('galat!guess higher')
    else:
        print('galat!guess lower')

    guess = int(input('guess karo'))
    counter += 1

else:
    print('correct guess')
    print('attempts',counter)
```

```
guess karo7
galat!guess higher
guess karo50
galat!guess lower
guess karo30
galat!guess higher
guess karo40
galat!guess lower
guess karo35
galat!guess lower
guess karo32
galat!guess higher
guess karo33
correct guess
attempts 7
```

```
# For loop demo
```

```
for i in {1,2,3,4,5}:
    print(i)
```

```
1
2
3
4
5
```

```
# For loop examples
```

✓ Program - The current population of a town is 10000. The population of the town is increasing at the rate of 10% per year. You have to write a program to find out the population at the end of each of the last 10 years.

```
curr_pop = 10000

for i in range(10,0,-1):
    print(i,curr_pop)
    curr_pop = curr_pop - 0.1*curr_pop
```

```
10 10000
9 9000.0
8 8100.0
7 7290.0
6 6561.0
5 5904.9
4 5314.41
3 4782.969
2 4304.6721
1 3874.20489
```

✓ Sequence sum

$1/1! + 2/2! + 3/3! + \dots$

code here

For loop vs While loops (When to use what?)

✓ Nested Loops

Examples

Program - Unique combination of 1,2,3,4

Program - Pattern 1 and 2

✓ Pattern 1

*
**

Start coding or [generate](#) with AI.

✓ Pattern 2

1
121
12321
1234321

Start coding or [generate](#) with AI.

✓ Loop Control Statement

- Break
- Continue
- Pass

Break demo

Break example (Linear Search) -> Prime number in a given range

Continue demo

Continue Example (Ecommerce)