Slicing & element-wise operation

Your task is to implement these function (detail is in the comment)

```
import numpy as np
def sum 2 rows ( M ):
     # Return summation in each column of 2 adjacent rows.
     \# \ \underline{E} \times M = [[0, 1, 2, 3],
                                           is [[ 4, 6, 8, 10],
                  [ <mark>4, 5, 6, 7</mark>],
[ 8, 9, 10, 11],
                                                [20, 22, 24, 26]]
                  [12, 13, 14, 15]]
def sum_left_right( M ):
     # Return summation of left half and right half of M
     # Ex M = [[
                                    3], is
                                                        4],
     #
                                                 [<mark>10</mark>, <mark>12</mark>],
                                                 [<mark>18</mark>, <mark>20</mark>],
                                                 [26, 28]]
def sum_upper_lower( M ):
     # Return summation of upper half and lower half of M
                                           is [[ 8, 10, 12, 14],
       Ex M = [[0, 1, 2,
                                   7],
                                                [16, 18, 20, 22]]
                  [4, 5, 6,
                  [ 8,
                        9, 10, 11],
                  [12, 13, 14, 15]]
```

```
def sum 4 quadrants ( M ):
         Return summation in the same position from 4 quadrants
                                       3],
                                               is [[20, 24],
         \mathbf{E} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{M} = [[\mathbf{0},
                            1,
                           5,
                                  6,
                                       7],
                   [4,
                                                     [36, 40]]
                    [ 8, 9, 10, 11],
                    [12, 13, 14, 15]]
def sum_4_cells( M ):
     # Return summation of 4 adjacent numbers according to the pattern below.
                                  2, 3],
                                                    [[<mark>10</mark>, <mark>18</mark>],
         \underline{\mathsf{E}}_{\mathsf{X}}\;\mathsf{M}=[[\;\mathbf{0},\;\;\mathbf{1},\;\;
                                 6, 7],
                                                    [42, 50]]
                    [8, 9, 10, 11],
                   [12, 13, 14, 15]]
def count_leap years ( years ):
     # Years is array which contains Buddhist years
         Return the number of leap years (years which have 366 days) in years
                                   # This command is necessary to grade your answer
exec(input().strip())
```

Input

Python commands which are used to test the functions.

Output

Result from the program.

Example

Input (from keyboard)	Output (on screen)
<pre>print(sum_2_rows(np.arange(36).reshape(6,6)))</pre>	[[6 8 10 12 14 16]
	[30 32 34 36 38 40]
	[54 56 58 60 62 64]]
<pre>print(sum_left_right(np.arange(36).reshape(6,6)))</pre>	[[3 5 7]
	[15 17 19]
	[27 29 31]
	[39 41 43]
	[51 53 55]
	[63 65 67]]
<pre>print(sum_upper_lower(np.arange(36).reshape(6,6)))</pre>	[[18 20 22 24 26 28]
	[30 32 34 36 38 40]
	[42 44 46 48 50 52]]
<pre>print(sum 4 quadrants(np.arange(36).reshape(6,6)))</pre>	[[42 46 50]
	[66 70 74]
	[90 94 98]]
<pre>print(sum 4 cells(np.arange(36).reshape(6,6)))</pre>	[[14 22 30]
	[62 70 78]
	[110 118 126]]
<pre>print(count leap years(np.array([2543,2559,2560])))</pre>	2