

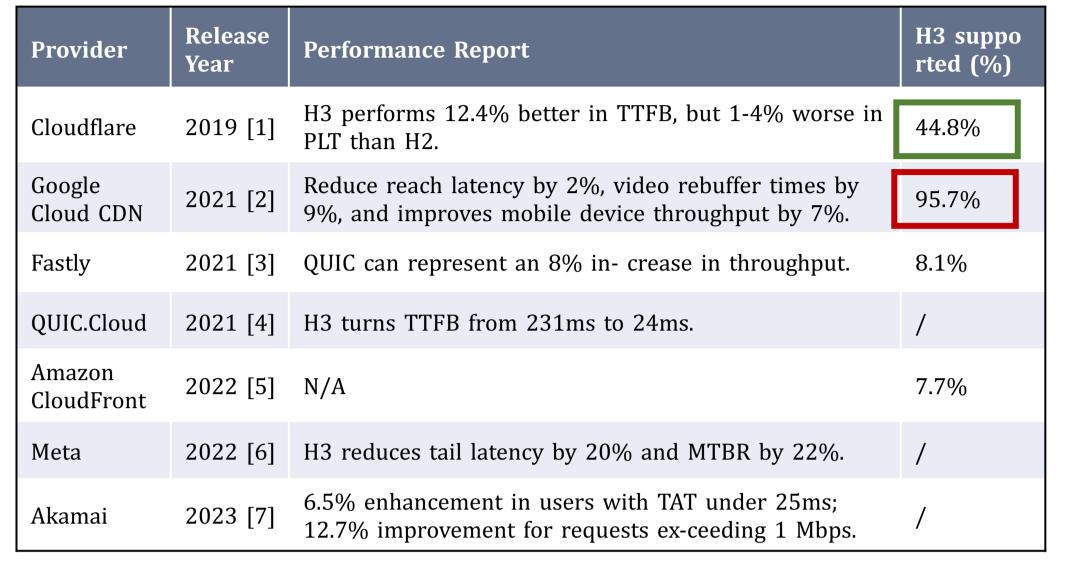
Dissecting the Applicability of HTTP/3 in Content Delivery Networks

Mengying Zhou, Yang Chen, Shihan Lin, Xin Wang, Bingyang Liu, Aaron Yi Ding Fudan University, HUAWEI, TU Delft

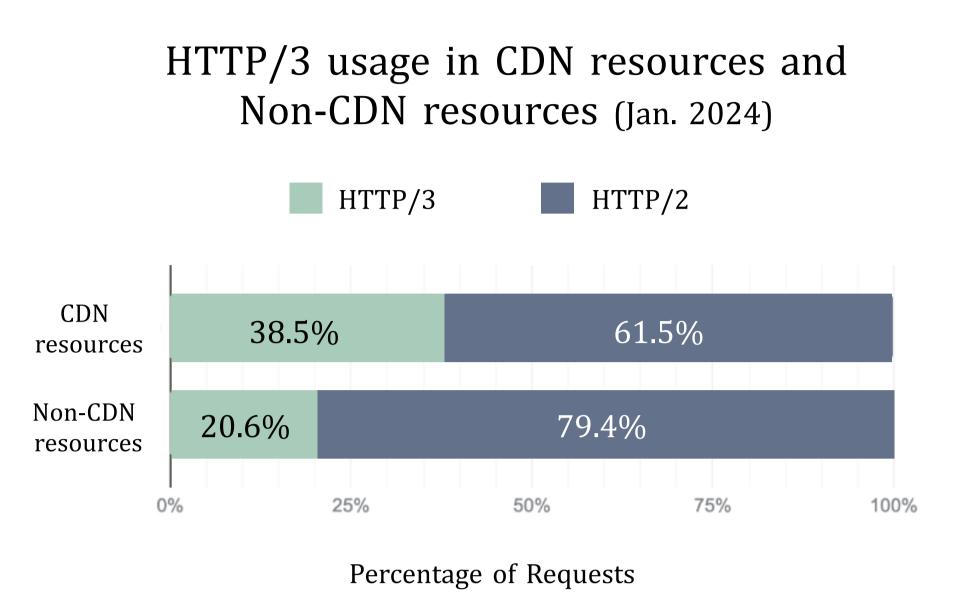
Motivation

Explore the reasons why H3 performs well in CDN-specific environments and their synergistic collaboration from a holistic perspective.

H3 Adoption in CDNs



H3 adoption in mainstream CDNs



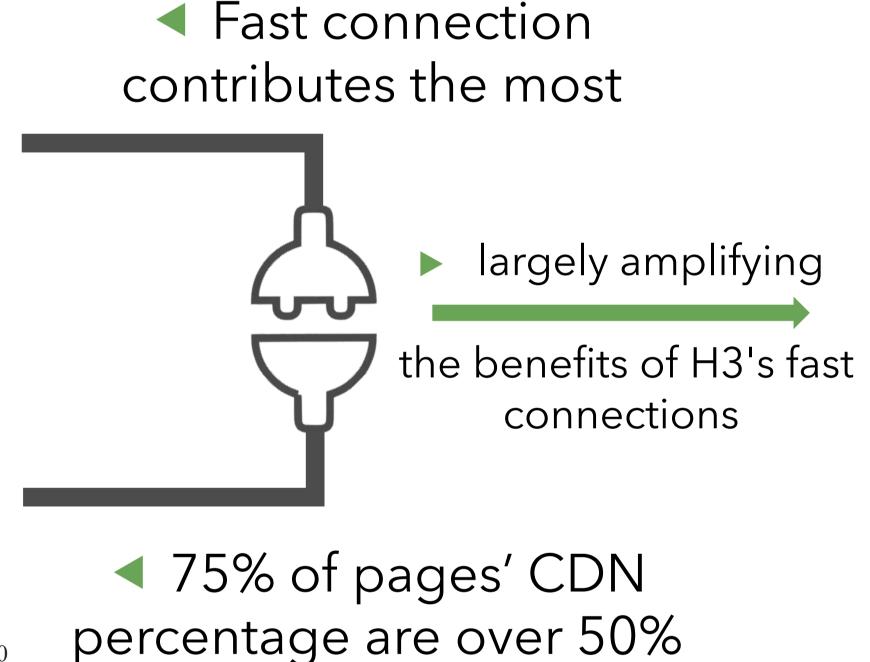
Higher usage of H3 in CDN resources

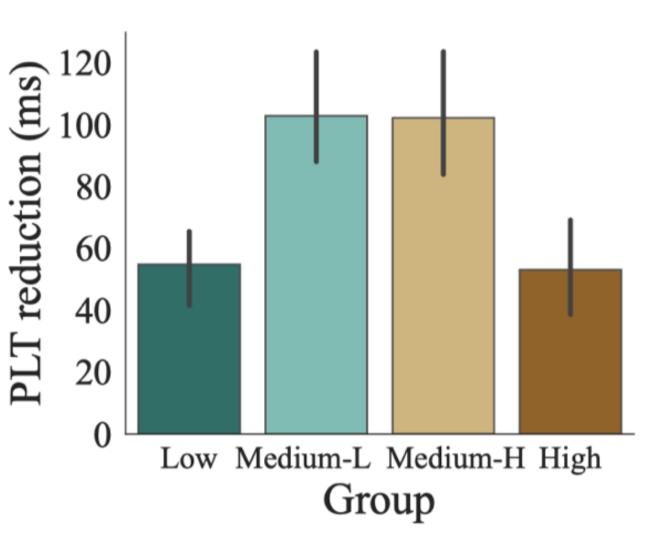
Takeaway 1

■ Mainstream CDN providers now support H3. As of January, CDN resources using H3 are nearly double those of non-CDN resources.

CDN Resources Quantity Amplify Connection Optimization

0.8 $\mathop{\rm D}_{0.4}^{10.6}$ ----- Connection ---- Wait 0.2 -Receive 10 20 Reduction (ms) (50%, 0.75) 0.2 0.0 % CDN resources in each page



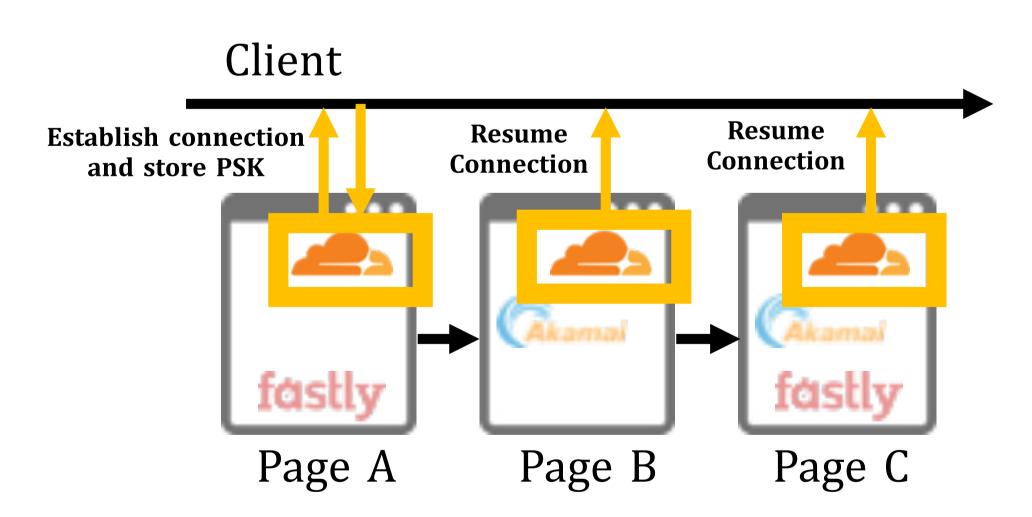


PLT reduction for websites with different H3 adoption levels

Takeaway 2

- Fast connection in H3 contributes to page acceleration.
- Dominant proportion of CDN resources amplifies such acceleration.

Resume Connections Across Pages to Accelerate



◀ H3 connections can be resumed across pages by the same CDN provider, with using the pre-shared keys

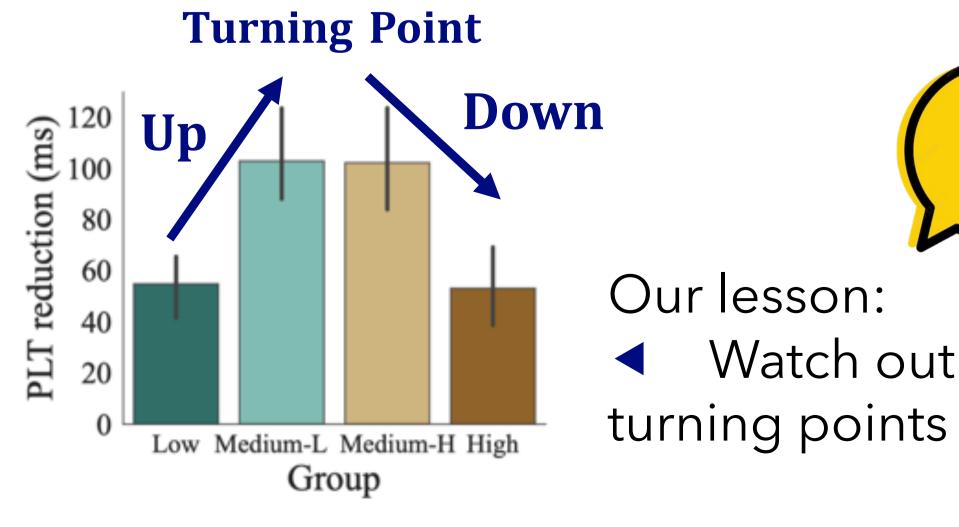
Metric	High sharing group	Low sharing group
Avg num. of shared providers	4.16	2.58
Avg num. of resumed connection	101.64	73.74
PLT reduction (ms)	109.3	54.35

■ The higher the degree of sharing among these browsed pages, the more significant the optimization becomes

Takeaway 3

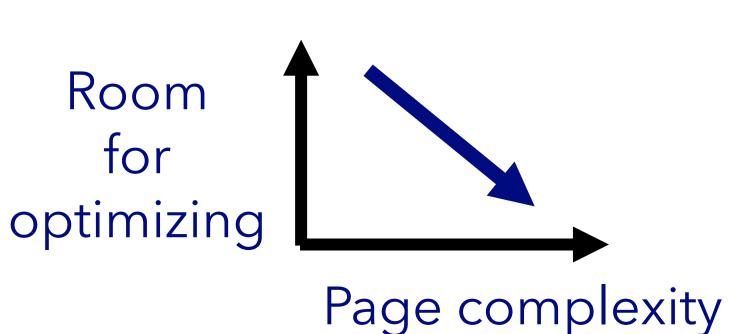
- There is a phenomenon of giant CDN providers being shared across different pages.
- This phenomenon accelerates page loading by triggering connection resumption of H3.

Full transition of CDN services to H3?



Our lesson: Watch out optimization

HTTP keep-alive in H2 ≈ Similar to H3's fast connection



Takeaway 4

■ Watch out the optimization turning points, rather than adopting H3 blindly.

> myzhou@fudan.edu.cn https://mengyingzhou.github.io