Signal frequency F = 250 Hz.

Periodic time P = 1/F = 4 ms

 $Fosc = 20 MHz \Rightarrow Timer frequency = Fosc / 4 = 5 MHz.$ 

Tic time =  $1 / Timer frequency = 1 / 5MHz = 0.2 \mu s$ .

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	
TMR00N	T08BIT	TOCS	TOSE	PSA	T0PS2	T0PS1	T0PS0	
bit 7			I	Υ bit 0				

## Register configurations:

• Timer on: set bit 7.

• Use 16-bit: reset bit 6.

• Timer: reset bit 5

• No Counter: reset bit 4

• No prescale: set bit 3

• Prescale value: reset bit 2

• Prescale value: reset bit 1

• Prescale value: reset bit 0

A. Duty cycle D = 50%:

$$T_{on} = \frac{P * D}{100} = \frac{4 ms * 50}{100} = 2 ms$$

Number of tics = 
$$\frac{Desired\ rime}{Tic\ time} = \frac{2\ ms}{0.2\ \mu s} = 10000\ tic$$

Initial value = 
$$2^n - Number\ of\ tics = 2^{16} - 10000 = 55536 = D8F0_{16}$$

**B.** Duty cycle D = 70%:

$$T_{on} = \frac{P * D}{100} = \frac{4 ms * 70}{100} = 2.8 ms$$

Number of tics = 
$$\frac{Desired\ rime}{Tic\ time} = \frac{2.8\ ms}{0.2\ \mu s} = 140000\ tic$$

Initial value = 
$$2^n - Number \ of \ tics = 2^{16} - 10000 = 51536 = C950_{16}$$

We also need to compute the rest of the signal tics (30%):

$$T_{on} = \frac{P * D}{100} = \frac{4 ms * 30}{100} = 1.2 ms$$

Number of tics = 
$$\frac{Desired\ rime}{Tic\ time} = \frac{1.2\ ms}{0.2\ \mu s} = 6000\ tic$$

Initial value = 
$$2^n - Number \ of \ tics = 2^{16} - 6000 = 59536 = E890_{16}$$