CS 455 – Computer Security Fundamentals

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Computer Security Fundamentals

- A Quick Introduction to Kali Linux in AWS
 - We will use this example to do our introduction first
 - Install Kali Linux into AWS!
 - Then, I will show you getting around with AWS
 - SSH setup
 - RDP setup (GUI)

- RDP setup
- Type the following in your "SSH" you just setup
- Assuming you are now using the SSH to connect the Kali Linux @ AWS
 - sudo apt update
 - sudo apt install xfce4 xfce4-goodies -y
 - You will see a confirmation for keyboard layout. Just use this one
- So for the server side
- "desktop environment" setup,
- we are done. Next up, we want to install
- xrdp as a kind of "system service"
 - sudo apt install xrdp
- xrdp is a service to facilitate our

RDP connection

```
Configuring keyboard-configuration
Please select the layout matching the keyboard for this machine.
Keyboard layout:
   English (US)
   English (US) - Cherokee
   English (US) - English (Colemak)
   English (US) - English (Colemak-DH ISO)
   English (US) - English (Colemak-DH)
   English (US) - English (Dvorak)
   English (US) - English (Dvorak, Macintosh)
   English (US) - English (Dvorak, alt. intl.)
   English (US) - English (Dvorak, intl., with dead keys)
   English (US) - English (Dvorak, left-handed)
   English (US) - English (Dvorak, right-handed)
   English (US) - English (Macintosh)
   English (US) - English (Norman)
   English (US) - English (US, Symbolic)
   English (US) - English (US, alt. intl.)
   English (US) - English (US, euro on 5)
```

 Now we are going to add an user who has the access right for this RDP service (in the cloud). Then, we will perform a connection from our local machine, my Kali Linux@VirtualBox to Kali Linux@AWS cloud

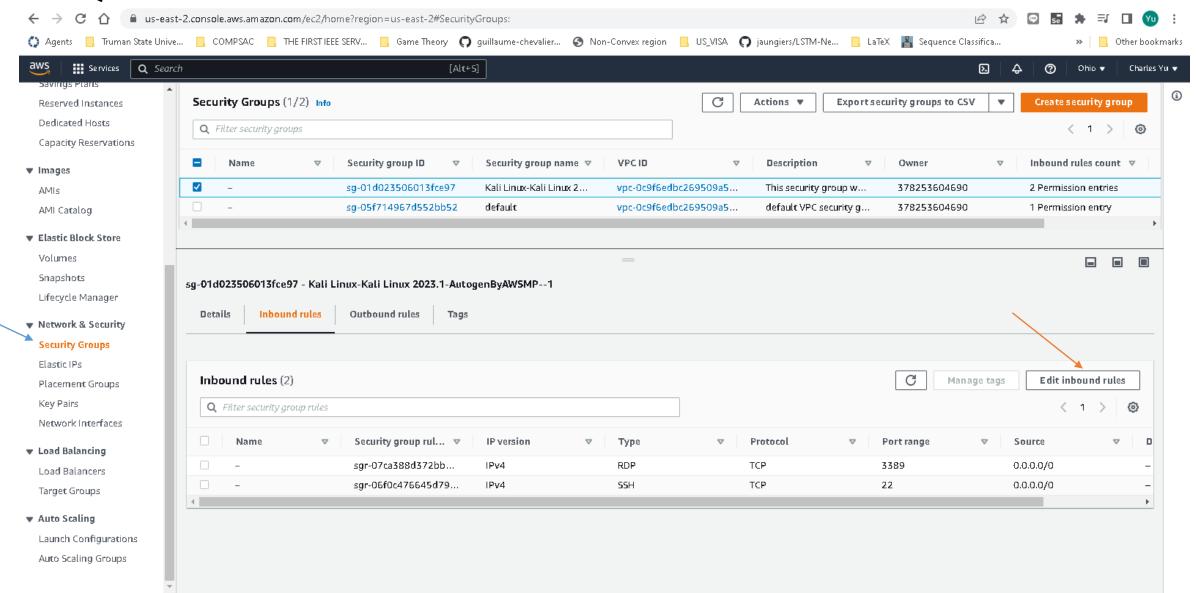
```
·(kali& kali)-[~]
 —$ sudo adduser charlesyu
Adding user `charlesyu' ...
Adding new group 'charlesyu' (1002) ...
Adding new user 'charlesyu' (1002) with group 'charlesyu (1002)' ...
Creating home directory '/home/charlesyu' ...
Copying files from '/etc/skel' ...
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
Changing the user information for charlesyu
Enter the new value, or press ENTER for the default
        Full Name []: Charles Yu
       Room Number []:
        Work Phone []:
        Home Phone []:
        Other []:
Is the information correct? [Y/n] Y
Adding new user `charlesyu' to supplemental / extra groups `users' ...
Adding user 'charlesyu' to group 'users' ...
```

- Next up, we want to add this newly added user, "charlesyu" into the xrdp group, for example: (you need to replace my account for yours)
 - sudo usermod -aG xrdp charlesyu
- It's about the time to start the service!
 - sudo systemctl start xrdp
- If you are not sure if the system is running correctly, here is the command
 - sudo systemctl status xrdp

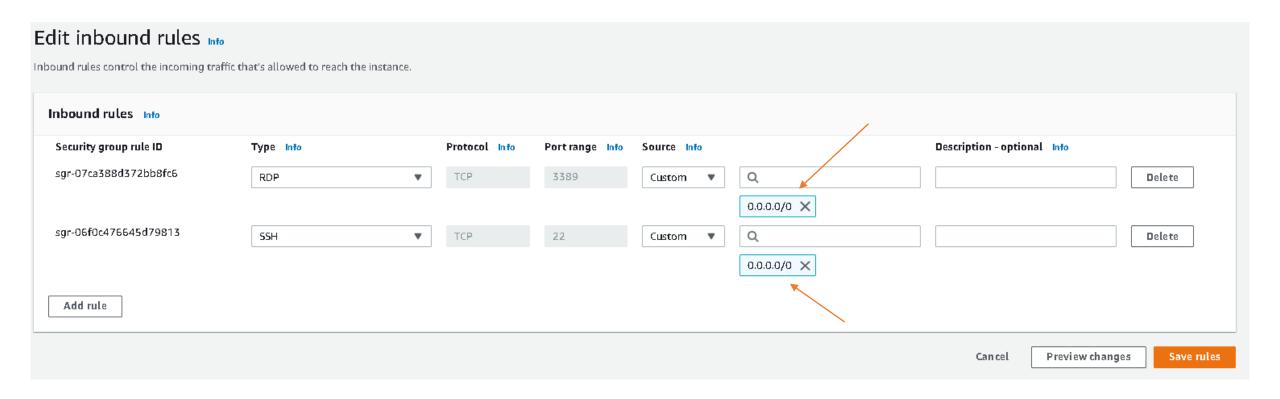
Here is the status. Active!

```
-(kali@ kali)-[~]
 -$ sudo systemctl start xrdp
 -$ sudo systemctl status xrdp
• xrdp.service - xrdp daemon
    Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/xrdp.service; disabled; preset: disabled)
    Active: active (running) since Fri 2023-04-14 01:18:07 UTC; 1min 17s ago
      Docs: man:xrdp(8)
            man:xrdp.ini(5)
   Process: 21048 ExecStartPre=/bin/sh /usr/share/xrdp/socksetup (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
   Process: 21056 ExecStart=/usr/sbin/xrdp $XRDP OPTIONS (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
   Main PID: 21057 (xrdp)
     Tasks: 1 (limit: 1125)
    Memory: 1.1M
       CPU: 12ms
    CGroup: /system.slice/xrdp.service
            └21057 /usr/sbin/xrdp
Apr 14 01:18:06 kali systemd[1]: Starting xrdp.service - xrdp daemon...
Apr 14 01:18:06 kali xrdp[21056]: [INFO ] address [0.0.0.0] port [3389] mode 1
Apr 14 01:18:06 kali xrdp[21056]: [INFO ] listening to port 3389 on 0.0.0.0
Apr 14 01:18:06 kali xrdp[21056]: [INFO] xrdp listen pp done
Apr 14 01:18:06 kali systemd[1]: xrdp.service: Can't open PID file /run/xrdp/xrdp.pid (yet?) after start: Operation not permitted
Apr 14 01:18:07 kali systemd[1]: Started xrdp.service - xrdp daemon.
Apr 14 01:18:08 kali xrdp[21057]: [INFO] starting xrdp with pid 21057
Apr 14 01:18:08 kali xrdp[21057]: [INFO ] address [0.0.0.0] port [3389] mode 1
Apr 14 01:18:08 kali xrdp[21057]: [INFO ] listening to port 3389 on 0.0.0.0
```

- Next up, you can start the xrdp-sesman, the "session manager"
 - sudo systemctl start xrdp-sesman
- Almost done now! Did you remember the steps when we are going to setup a brand new OS image in AWS?
 - The SSH setting!
 - Now we are going to add one more entry in the "security group" for RDP!
- Click the "Security Group" tab
- Try to ignore the one with "default" because it is there along with your account.
- Check the existing one! (See the next page)



- You will see 2 inbound rules in there!
- In the beginning, we only have 1 rule which is for SSH, remember that?
- I click the [Edit Inbound Rules] to add 1 more rule for RDP
- For detail, check the next page.
- Yes! For teaching purposes, I open that to the world! 0.0.0.0/0
- For practices, you need to set your own IP address,
 or you project co-worker's IP address for better protection



- All right, once you have this setting done, we can connect our Kali Linux @ AWS EC2
- In my use case, for the demonstration purpose, I just type this from my Kali Linux in the VirtualBox:
 - rdesktop [ip address]
 - The ip address here means your IP Address in EC2 instance (Kali Linux)
- Have problem with IP address?
 - There is an "instances"
 - Choose the [Networking] tab

Instances

Instances

Instance Types

Launch Templates

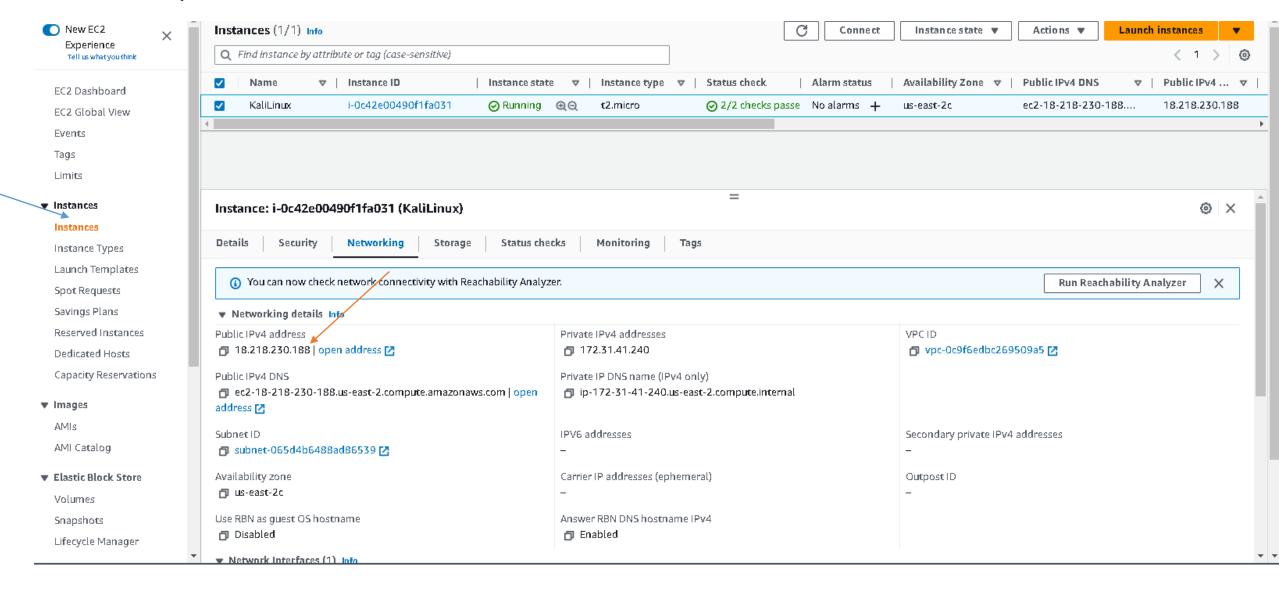
Spot Requests

Savings Plans

Reserved Instances

Dedicated Hosts

Capacity Reservations



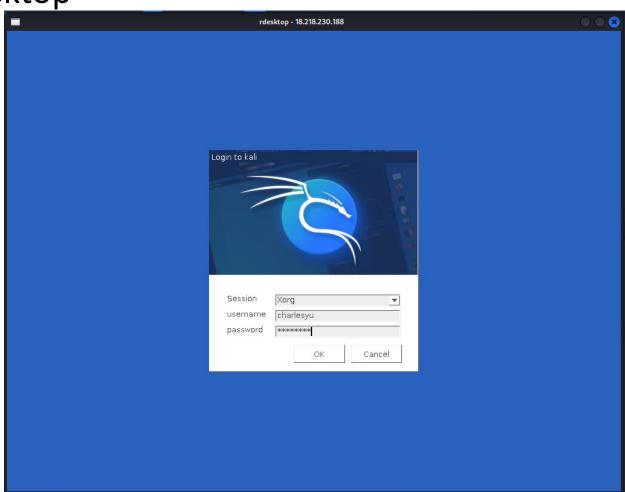
 This is it! This is the command I typed from my Kali Linux in my VirtualBox

```
___(kali⊗ kali)-[~]

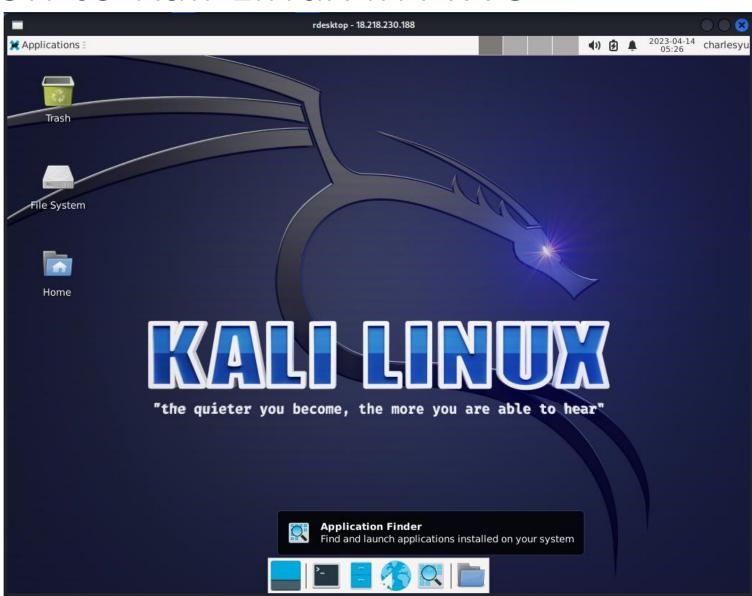
$ rdesktop 18.218.230.188
```

• Kali Linux (VirtualBox) –(Connect to) → Kali Linux @ AWS EC2

- There we go. This is the remote desktop
- I use the account / password,
- I just setup the login account / password info. in slide #4 and #5
- Use this info. to login to the RDP



- Cool! Isn't it?
- Well, the ugly truth is that, it is not very cool ©
- Actually, it is very slow in the UI responses
- There is another thing called VNC. If we have enough time, we will go through it.



- We can log out first
- Then, we will go back to the
 Kali Linux in our VirtualBox
- This small screen will close up quickly



- We are not satisfied! Change the resolution from the command line
 - rdesktop 18.218.230.188 -u charlesyu -g 1920x1080

This looksGood.

The resolution is much better



- In the next 2 meeting, we will go through detail security settings in our EC2 instance.
- Then, we will quickly head to cryptography / key management