

E-COMMERCE WEBSITE

TEST PLAN

By Numaira Zaib

MAY, 2023



Table of Contents

Introduction	4
1.1 Objectives	
1.2 Scope	
1.3 Purpose	
Test Strategy	4
2.1 Testing Approach	
2.2 Testing levels	
2.3 Testing Types	
Test Environment	4
3.1 Browsers	
3.2 Operation System	
3.3 Devices	
3.4 Test Data	
Test Cases	5
4.1 Test Case Identification	
4.2 Test Case Description	
4.3 Test Data	
4.4 Expected Results	
4.5 Preconditions	
Test Execution	5
5.1 Test Case Prioritization	3
5.2 Test Execution Approach	
5.3 Test Data Preparation	
5.4 Defect Logging	
5.5 Test Progress Tracking	
J.J Test Flogress Tracking	
Defect Management	- 5
6.1 Defect Reporting	
6.2 Defect Tracking	
6.3 Defect Severity and Priority	
Test Coverage	6
7.1 Functional Coverage	
7.2 Usability Coverage	
7.3 Performance Coverage	
7.4 Security Coverage	
7.5 Compatibility Coverage	
Test Completion Criteria	6
Risk and Contingency plans	. <u>.</u> 6
and action plants	J
Test Sign-off and closure	6



Test Plan

Change Log

Date	Version	Author	Description
20 May 2023	1.0	Numaira Zaib	Test Plan Creation
23 May 2023	1.1	Numaira Zaib	Test Plan Modification



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Objectives:

The main objectives of testing are to ensure the website functions properly, meets user requirements, and provides a satisfactory user experience.

1.2 Scope:

The test plan covers the testing activities to be performed on the website's major components, including product browsing, shopping cart, payment processing, user registration, and account management.

1.3 Purpose:

The purpose of this test plan is to outline the approach and activities for manual testing of the e-commerce website.

2 TEST STRATEGY

2.1 Testing Approach:

Manual testing techniques will be used for the verification and validation of the website.

2.2 Testing Levels:

The testing will include unit testing, integration testing, system testing, and acceptance testing.

2.3 Testing Types:

Functional testing, usability testing, performance testing, security testing, compatibility testing, and user acceptance testing.

3 TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1 Browsers:

Specify the supported browsers and their versions for testing.

3.2 Operating Systems:

Identify the operating systems on which the website will be tested.

3.3 Devices:

Specify the devices (desktop, mobile, tablet) to be used for testing.

3.4 Test Data:

Identify the types of test data required for various test scenarios.



4 TEST CASES

4.1 Test Case Identification:

Create unique identifiers and names for each test case.

4.2 Test Case Description:

Provide a clear description of each test case, including the steps to be executed.

4.3 Test Data:

Specify the necessary test data to be used for each test case.

4.4 Expected Results:

Define the expected outcomes for each test case.

4.5 Preconditions:

Specify any necessary preconditions for executing the test cases.

5 TEST EXECUTION

5.1 Test Case Prioritization:

Prioritize the test cases based on risk, criticality, and functional importance.

5.2 Test Execution Approach:

Execute test cases manually following the defined steps.

5.3 Test Data Preparation:

Prepare the required test data for each test case.

5.4 Defect Logging:

Log any defects encountered during the testing process.

5.5 Test Progress Tracking:

Monitor and track the progress of test execution.

6 Defect Management

6.1 Defect Reporting:

Define the process for reporting defects, including the necessary information to be included in defect reports.

6.2 Defect Tracking:

Utilize a defect tracking tool or spreadsheet to log and track defects.

6.3 Defect Severity and Priority:

Assign appropriate severity and priority levels to reported defects.



7 Test Coverage

7.1 Functional Coverage:

Ensure that all functional requirements are covered by the test cases.

7.2 Usability Coverage:

Validate the website's user-friendliness and ease of use.

7.3 Performance Coverage:

Verify the website's responsiveness, loading time, and scalability.

7.4 Security Coverage:

Test the website's security measures to protect user data and prevent unauthorized access.

7.5 Compatibility Coverage:

Validate the website's compatibility with different browsers, devices, and operating systems.

8 Test Completion Criteria

Specify the conditions that must be met to consider testing complete (e.g., all test cases executed, critical defects fixed).

9 Risks and Contingency Plans

Identify potential risks and issues that may impact testing and define contingency plans to address them.

10 Test Sign-Off and Closure

Specify the criteria for test completion and acceptance.

Prepare a test summary report highlighting the testing activities, results, and any outstanding issues.