



Optional Discussion 5.2: Importance of Context Knowledge [15–20 Minutes]

Learning Outcome Addressed:

- Determine the information needed to understand a product and inform the development of its model.

In this optional discussion, you have the opportunity to identify the information needed to understand a product and inform the development of a predictive model. Read the following scenario and respond to the questions.

You are a consultant, advising the marketing manager of a major online retailer that sells various types of clothes. Your goal is to develop a predictive model for sales. To do this, you will need to establish the following components:

- What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?
- What aspects of the retail website/webpage entices users to buy products?

Once you've responded to the questions for the above scenario, try identifying the same components for the predictive question(s) you posed in Discussion 5.1 for your industry/organization. Determine the following:

- What is the output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop your predictive model?
- What additional context is needed about your product to inform your predictive model?

Read the statements posted by your peers. Engage with them by responding with thoughtful comments and questions to deepen the discussion.

Suggested Time: 15-20 minutes





<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/228518>

Apr 24, 2024



- What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model? *The output can be the daily net income.*
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model? *The number of sales, the day of the sale, types of clothes, information about customers, time since the premier of the clothing collection, pictures on the webpage, description of the product on the webpage, availability of the product in different sizes and colours, price of the product, cost of delivery and supplies, other customers reviews.*
- What aspects of the retail website/webpage entice users to buy products? *To find good pictures of the product, to have an easy-filtering system, to have advertisements of the latest collections, easy payment system.*

Related to the replies of the previous discussion:

Predictive questions in my business (education)

- Will the creation of levelling courses reduce the desertion rates at the university? *Here the dependent variable is the desertion rate. As independent variables, I foresee student scores in national tests, as well as during high-school period, socio-economic conditions, the chosen career.*
- Can the use of organizational apps improve a student's academic performance? *Here, the scores are the dependent variable. As independent variables, we can use input data from a survey asking about studying habits, such as the number of hours per day spent taking lectures, the number of hours dedicated to course assignments, the use of physical books or PDFs, the use of calendar applications, the use of organizational applications, access to resources, and enough rest time.*

← Reply 



Lee Lanzafame (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/231975>)

Apr 29, 2024

it would be good to also track students stress levels and overall mental health

← Reply 



Yossr Hammad (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229118>)

May 1, 2024

Good Point Lee, students stress levels and mental health would definitely affect students performance! great point.

← Reply 



Manjari Vellanki (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/231480>)

Apr 25, 2024

Predictive Model on Marketed Basket analysis for a retail store:

- What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?

Answer: To discover product combinations that can be purchased together to identify new opportunities for marketing campaigns and drive promotional strategies.

- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?

Answer: Data collection includes Customer demographics includes customer buying habits and shopping history.

- What aspects of the retail website/webpage entices users to buy products?

Answer: Based on previous history, suggesting best products with reasonable price, optimizing the websites with search engines.

From Discussion 5.1:

- What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?

Answer: To optimize the number of subjects enrolling in the study.

- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?

Answer: Data collection includes patient demographics includes study participation details and enrollment into study details.

- What additional context needed?

Answer: Collecting data related to previous medical history and Genetic disorders further helps in to estimate the subjects enrolling into current study.

← Reply 

○



Javier Di (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226884>)

May 2, 2024



Great layout Manjari. But isn't the dependent variable here Sales?

I was also wondering how you could obtain and segment demographic data?

Thank you, Javier

← Reply 



[https://](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229118) **Yossr Hammad** (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229118>)

Apr 25, 2024

Desired output is revenue growth , sales increase.

The factors:

- The conversion rate
- type of clothes
- seasonality
- Marketing campaigns

Aspects entice customers:

- visual appeal & show case
- promotions
- customers' reviews and rating
- easiness of the shopping experience on the website

In my Organization

Desired output: Optimize salary expenditure

factors:

- organizational performance: the company revenue and growth
- employee satisfaction
- labor market data (demand and supply, salary bench marks)

Additional context:

may be the hr policy that relates to promotion, workforce planning strategy

also compensation structure .

← Reply 👍



[http](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226884) **Javier Di** (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226884>)

May 2, 2024

Great layout and answers Yossr

← Reply 👍



Roy Nunez (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229552>)

Apr 27, 2024

- **What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?**

The desired output (Dependent Variable) would be the sales of clothes-items sold, total revenue generated, or both

- **What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?**
 - Web Traffic: Number of visitors, page views, time spent on site
 - Customer Demographics: Age, gender, location, income level
 - Historical Sales: Past sales performance of similar products during similar time periods
- **What aspects of the retail website/webpage entices users to buy products?**
 - promotions and discounts
 - personalized recommendations
 - User-friendly interface
 - clear and detailed product information
- **Output, factors and context for predictive questions:**

As a Manager of a Fast-Food Restaurant:

Output (Dependent Variable): customer foot traffic or sales volume.

Independent Variables: dynamic pricing during different time, promotional offers, staffing and hours, day of the week/time of day, Local events or weather conditions

Additional Context: Understanding of peak sales times and customer preferences, Impact of local events, Customer demographics

As a Manager of a Banking Software Development Team:

Output (Dependent Variable): Client satisfaction and retention rates.

Independent Variables: advanced analytics Integration into microservices, Real-time data processing capabilities, Usage statistics of digital tools (e.g., frequency and duration of use).

Additional Context: Impact on SLAs and feedback, benchmarking against industry standards

As a Tech Lead working with transactions:

Output (Dependent Variable): customer engagement and conversion rates in our products

Independent Variables: digital tool enhancements, marketing campaign strategies, user interaction data (click rates, engagement metrics).

Additional Context: user behavior patterns with existing tools, feedback on user experience, effectiveness of previous marketing campaigns.

← Reply_ 👍

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Haitham Farag (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/233864>)

Apr 27, 2024



Business Case Context	online retailer that sells various types of clothes.	online NGO donation page offering a mix of donation subscriptions to different causes
Goal	predictive model for sales	predictive model for donations
What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?	<ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ Number of unit sales of each product (design, colour, size)◦ Purchase type (credit card, payments upon delivery)◦ Delivery time (express, standard)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ Number of donations◦ Amount◦ Subscriptions by type (monthly, one-time)◦ Causes (generic, specific response, or intervention thematic area)◦ Tax deductible

What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Marketing Campaign (lead) ◦ Date and time ◦ Customer Profile (age, gender location) ◦ previous purchase history 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Marketing Campaign (lead) ◦ Date and time ◦ Donor Profile (age, gender location) ◦ previous history
What aspects of the retail website/webpage entice users to buy products?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Browsed products and sizes ◦ Availibliy of browsed product sizes ◦ The price range of browsed products 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Pages visited related to the organization's profile and previous work ◦ content of those pages (picture, text and actual results/accomplishments)

Edited by **Haitham Farag** (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/233864>) on May 16 at 6:43pm

← Reply 



Javier Di (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226884>)

May 2, 2024

Great job Haitham and really like how this was organized

← Reply 



Haitham Farag (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/233864>)

May 16, 2024

Thanks Javier for taking the time to review my response and the kind feedback.

← Reply 



Isabella Tockman (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/207395>)

May 16, 2024

Hi Haitham,

I really appreciate the way you organize your answers. They are always so didactic and concise. It's very helpful!

[← Reply](#) **Haitham Farag** (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/233864>)

May 16, 2024

Good day Isabella

Engaging fellow learners is a valuable privilege in this programme.

Thank you for the kind feedback,

[← Reply](#) **Turki Alghusoon** (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229165>)

Apr 27, 2024

for the Website:

Question	Answer
What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?	My model will predict the total hourly sales volume through the website
What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?	I will include the following factors: <ul style="list-style-type: none">· Day· Month· Hour· Day of the week· Weekend· Public holiday· Promotion· Product type

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Product material · Referral website · Loyalty program
What aspects of the retail website/webpage entices users to buy products?	<p>I believe users are enticed to buy from websites that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · are easy to navigate. · incorporate appealing designs. · provide useful recommendations based on user's current and past behavior. · offer free shipping for order above a certain threshold. · offer seamless mobile experience. · have frequent promotional offers.

For my Industry, I will pick the first question I posed:

Q1. Is there a predictive relationship between the percentage of green investments and socioeconomic improvements in client countries?

- The output (dependent variable) of the predictive model:
 - Gross National Income (GNI) per Capita
- The Input (independent variables):
 - Country
 - Region
 - Month
 - year
 - Credit Rating
 - Project Number
 - Project Type Mix of Financial Instruments
 - UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) Indicator
 - Green Tagging for Project
 - Total Project Disbursement

- Default Rates
 - Social Safeguards Index
 - Environmental Safeguards Index
- What additional context is needed about your product to inform your predictive model?
- It is often difficult to determine whether large projects are actually achieving green targets as there are usually many sub-projects involved that may or may not address green targets. Therefore, projects green tagging is consolidated at the project level based on expert opinions related to the various sub-activities included
 - As a result, there might be a need to develop a formula to calculate the percentage of project spending that is related to green targets in order to approximate the total green spending per project

Edited by [Turki Alghusoon \(https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229165\)](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229165) on Apr 27 at 11:44pm

← [Reply](#) 



[Jignesh Dalal \(https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229173\)](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229173)

Apr 29, 2024

Being a consultant and advising a marketing manager of an online retailer on **developing a predictive model for sales**. Let's break down the components needed to **understand the product and inform development of a model**.

1. Desired Output: Dependent Variable

1. Desired dependent variable for clothing store would be **sales volume** of the clothes. Total number of units sold per item or total revenue generated per item over a specific period will quantify in sales understanding.

2. Factors: Independent Variable

1. Considering the online retail context there are many independent variable that could influence the sales volume like below
 1. **Price**: The price of each clothing item to customer.
 2. **Discounts and promotions**: Item is on sale or part of special promotion.
 3. **Seasonality**: specific clothes bough by customer at particular time of year.
 4. **Product availability**: Stock level
 5. **Marketing Campaigns**: Exposure to different marketing channels (Emails, Social media)

6. **Customer review and Ratings:** The quality and quantity of feedback from customers.
7. **Website traffic:** Overall traffic to website or specific pages.
3. Aspects of Retail website/webpage that entice user to buy products:
 1. **Personalized recommendations:** When customer logs-in, personalized homepage products specifically curated for their tastes, increasing the likelihood of purchases.
 2. **Dynamic purchase:** Prices are automatically lowered to attract buyers, boosting the sales during slow periods.
 3. **Customer segmentation:** Targeted email campaigns offer relevant promotions.
 4. **A/B Testing for Optimal User Experience:** Single page check-out vs multi-page check-out process.

Employing strategies will enhance the shopping experience with boost in sales.

2nd Part of Discussion

As a **Quality assurance test manager**, my task is to create a predictive model for a web application. The **focus shifts** from **sales volume** to predicting aspects related to **software quality and testing efficiency**. Here's how we can break down necessary components:

1. Output: Dependent Variable

1. Defect Rate: Number of defects found per unit of testing effort or per module of the application.
2. Test Coverage: Proportion of the application's codebase or features that have been tested.
3. Bug Severity: Predicting the severity of bugs that are likely to be encountered.
4. Time to detect bugs: Time taken from start of testing to discovery of defects.

2. Factors: Independent Variables

1. Code Changes: Frequency and volume of code changes or updates.
2. Testing tool used: Types of testing tools employed(Automation, Performance, manual)
3. Application Complexity: Measurable aspects like number of features, the depth of features interdependencies.
4. Previous Bugs: Historical bug data, including frequency, severity, and areas of the codebase where bugs are found.
5. Time Size and composition: Size of testing team and mix of skills within the team.

3. Additional context:

1. **Testing environment:** Difference between the testing and production environments that could affect bug detection.
2. **Release cycles:** How often new version are released and how release timing correlates with bug discovery.

3. **Technological Stack:** Technologies used in the web application can influence bug identification rates.

This predictive insights not only forecasts outcomes related to defects and testing coverage but also helps in proactively improving testing processes and overall software quality. This predictive insight enables better resource allocation, timing for test cycles, and potentially smoother and more efficient product releases.

← Reply 

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Lee Lanzafame (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/231975>)

Apr 29, 2024

⋮

As a Consultant advising a marketing manager...

What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?

- Predict Total Revenue this financial year.

What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?

- Historical sales data
- Number of customers per day

What aspects of the retail website/webpage entices users to buy products?

- Tailored products and not static pages
- Reviews
- Discounts

As a telecommunications manager...

What is the output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?

- # of customers likely to churn

What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop your predictive model?

- Is 5g available in regional Australia?
- Is there any competition nearby?

What additional context is needed about your product to inform your predictive model?

- Government has requirements about a telco having to provide a high quality of service in regional Australia – there might be high priority areas already on the list
- There might be financial challenges with the people in regional australia

← Reply 



Yossr Hammad (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/229118>)

May 1, 2024

Great post Lee,

The questions as a consultant are great and i want to ask you:

do you think the employees turnover has a direct impact on the sales/ revenues?

do you think employees performance has as well a direct impact on the sales/revenues?

← Reply 



Dawn Prewett (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/233112>)

Apr 30, 2024

You are a consultant, advising the marketing manager of a major online retailer that sells various types of clothes. Your goal is to develop a predictive model for sales. To do this, you will need to establish the following components:

- What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?
 - Total Sales
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?
 - Unique site visitors by day and hour
 - Holidays
 - Advertising campaign dates
 - Product release dates
 - Number of sales
- What aspects of the retail website/webpage entices users to buy products?
 - Sales and promotions
 - Cost
 - Advertisements
 - Limited releases
 - Look and feel of the site

Will increasing the frequency of audits lead to improved compliance rates at the program level?

- What is the output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?
 - compliance rates by program
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop your predictive model?
 - number of audits
 - number of findings
 - time spent auditing
 - types of findings
- What additional context is needed about your product to inform your predictive model?
 - normalized baseline
 - weight of finding based on risk and spread

← Reply 

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Swati Sharma (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/236938>)

May 6, 2024



Hello Dawn: Your input covers important points for building predictive models. For sales prediction, you mention focusing on total sales and factors like website traffic and promotions. Also, you note key website features that attract buyers.

In the compliance scenario, you highlight compliance rates as the main focus and factors like audit frequency and findings. Adding more context, such as normalized baselines and risk-based weighting, would make the predictive model more accurate. Thank you for sharing!

← Reply 

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Ricardo Anaya (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/228915>)

Apr 30, 2024



1. Dependent Variable:

- sales volume or revenue, data generated by the online system of the retailer. Numbers we want to predict based on independent variables.

2. Independent Variables:

- To develop an effective predictive model, we need to consider several independent variables that could influence sales. Key factors to consider

Product Attributes:

- Product category (e.g., tops, bottoms, accessories, men, women etc.)
- Price of the product
- Stock Status (in stock or out of stock)
- Seasonality (e.g., summer, winter, etc.)
- Brand popularity
- Customer reviews
- Customer Ratings

Marketing and Promotions:

- Advertising spend (e.g., Google Ads, facebook and other social media ads)
- Discounts and promotions (e.g., flash sales, holiday discounts)
- Email marketing campaigns
- Affiliate marketing efforts

- Website Metrics:

- Website traffic (number of visitors)
- Conversion rate (percentage of visitors who make a purchase)
- Bounce rate (percentage of visitors who leave without making a purchase)
- Average session duration
- Click-through rate (CTR) on product pages
- User Behavior
 - User engagement (e.g., time spent on product pages, interactions with product images)
 - Cart abandonment rate
 - Wishlist activity

- Return rate

- Other External Factors:

- Economic conditions (e.g., overall consumer spending)
- Seasonal trends (e.g., holiday seasons, back-to-school)
- Competitor activities (e.g., pricing, promotions)

3. Website Aspects that entices Users to Buy:

- Clear Product Descriptions

- High-Quality Images:
- Detailed product descriptions that highlight features, materials, and sizing.
- High-resolution images that showcase the product from different angles.

- User Reviews and Ratings:

- Displaying genuine customer reviews and ratings builds trust and helps users make informed decisions.

- Easy Navigation and Search:

- A user-friendly interface with intuitive navigation makes it easier for users to find products.

- Effective search functionality allows users to quickly locate specific items.

- Recommending products based on user preferences, browsing history, and past purchases.

- Personalized email recommendations.

- Highlighting ongoing promotions, discounts, and limited-time offers.

- Responsive Design:

- Ensuring the website works well on various devices

Browsers desktop

Mobile

Tablet

Even wearables.

- Trust Signals:
 - Displaying secure payment options (credit cards, PayPal, etc.).
 - Trust badges (e.g., SSL certificate, verified by Visa).
 - Clear return and refund policies.

← Reply 

○



Javier Di (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226884>)

May 2, 2024

⋮

You are a consultant, advising the marketing manager of a major online retailer that sells various types of clothes. Your goal is to develop a predictive model for sales. To do this, you will need to establish the following components:

- What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?
Desired output is to predict clothes sales
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?
Marketing dollars spent, weather, customer reviews
- What aspects of the retail website/webpage entices users to buy products?
Design, graphics, ranking in Google Ads for the website, promotions, pricing/discounts/ payment plans, combos to reduce pricing, segmentation by age/price/quality/reviews

Once you've responded to the questions for the above scenario, try identifying the same components for the predictive question(s) you posed in Discussion 5.1 for your industry/organization. Determine the following:

- What is the output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?
Capital raised
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop your predictive model?
Returns, volatility, fees

- What additional context is needed about your product to inform your predictive model?
Higher returns are likely most important, followed by volatility and then fees

Edited by [Javier Di \(https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226884\)](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226884) on May 2 at 2:23am

← [Reply](#) 

○



[Swati Sharma \(https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/236938\)](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/236938)

May 6, 2024

⋮

The main thing we want to predict with our model is how many clothes we'll sell in a certain time, like a day, week, or month.

1. To make our prediction, we'll look at different things like:

- What time of year it is (like summer or winter)
- How much the clothes cost
- If there are any discounts or special offers
- What the clothes are like (like the style, color, size, and brand)
- How many people visit our website or look at specific clothes
- How effective our marketing is, like on social media or through emails
- What customers say about the clothes in their reviews

2. To make people want to buy clothes from our website, we need:

- A website that's easy to use and navigate
- Pictures of the clothes that look good and show what they're like
- Clear descriptions of the clothes, including details like size and material
- Good reviews and ratings from other customers
- Suggestions for clothes based on what people have looked at before
- Deals or special offers that make people want to buy now
- A simple way for people to return or exchange clothes if they need to

Part 2: In E- Commerce

1. **Output (Dependent Variable):** The desired output for the predictive model could be sales performance metrics, such as total sales revenue, number of units sold, or customer conversion rates.
2. **Factors (Independent Variables):** Independent variables could include various factors influencing sales, such as website traffic, product pricing, marketing campaigns, customer demographics, product descriptions, website design, customer reviews, and seasonality.

3. **Additional Context:** Additional context about the ecommerce platform, including its user interface, navigation, checkout process, product assortment, customer feedback mechanisms, and competitor landscape, would be essential for informing the predictive model. Understanding customer preferences, shopping behaviors, and market trends would also be valuable for developing accurate predictive models and optimizing business strategies.

Edited by [Swati Sharma \(https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/236938\)](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/236938) on May 6 at 8:07pm

← Reply 



<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/208039> **Koffi Henri Charles Koffi (https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/208039)**



May 7, 2024

- What is the output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?
Ans : Sale
- What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop your predictive model?
ANS:
 - clothes brand
 - season where season (winter, sprint , summer etc ..)
 - cloth material (cotton , polyester etc ...)
 - price
 - gender
 - type (shirt, tShirt , pant etc ..)
 - size
 - age (adult , youth , kid etc..)
 - number of clothes available
 - previous sales per cloths size
- What additional context is needed about your product to inform your predictive model?
 - what is the prediction for ?
 - who are the customers?
 - average daily and monthly sale ?
-

← Reply 

[https://](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/224267)**Shahrod Hemassi (He/Him)** (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/224267>)

May 8, 2024

I am serving as a consultant to the marketing manager of a major online retailer that sells various types of clothing. My goal is to develop a predictive model for sales. The desired output (dependent variable) is the number of sales. The factors (independent variables) that I would choose for my predictive model are the types of clothing that are purchased, various demographic information about the customer making the purchase (such as gender, age, and location), and some other categorical factors such as the season that the item was purchased, the month, the day, and the temperature on that day.

The retail website can identify the location of the person making the purchase and promote products that sold well in that location at that time of year.

In the previous discussion, I proposed some ideas for an online sports betting website. The output (dependent variable) is the company's profits. Some of the independent variables are the number of customers, the amount of bets wagered, the sport that is wagered upon and various aspects related to the match that is wagered, as well as demographic information regarding the customer.

The additional context that I need about my product is what differentiates it from competition and the percentage of market share that my service holds versus my competition.

[← Reply](#) [https://](https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/207395)**Isabella Tockman** (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/207395>)

May 16, 2024

Online Retailer

1. What is the desired output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?

- **Sales Boost:** The goal is to predict an increase in sales volume.

2. What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop a predictive model?

- **Type of clothes:** Different categories such as casual, formal, sportswear, etc.
- **Gender:** Preferences might vary between male and female customers.
- **Age:** Different age groups may have different tastes.
- **Location:** Geographic location can influence buying patterns.

- **Product price:** The cost of the items being sold.
 - **Weather and seasonal trends:** Sales might fluctuate with changes in weather or seasons.
3. **What aspects of the retail website/webpage entice users to buy products?**
- **High-quality, contextualized pictures:** In the Instagram era, visually appealing images that resonate with the target audience are crucial.
 - **Product recommendations:** Suggestions that complement the user's current look or previous purchases.
 - **User-friendly website:** Easy navigation and a smooth shopping experience.
 - **Discounts and special offers:** Promotions can attract and convert more visitors into buyers.

My Industry: Construction

1. **What is the output (dependent variable) for your predictive model?**
 - **Accident Prevention:** The goal is to predict and reduce workplace accidents.
2. **What factors (independent variables) could you choose to develop your predictive model?**
 - **Hours of training:** The amount of safety training employees receive.
 - **Workers' experience:** The experience level of the workers.
 - **Historical data on incidents:** Previous accident records to identify patterns.
 - **Amount of hours worked:** The number of hours employees work, including overtime.

← Reply 



Timothy Andrew Ramkisson (<https://classroom.emeritus.org/courses/9054/users/226697>)

May 19, 2024

1. Desired output (dependent variable) would be the sales volume which is the primary measure of interest representing the number of items sold.
2. Factors (independent variable)
 - Price of items: the cost of individual clothing items
 - Product availability: stock levels and availability of various sizes and styles
 - Product ratings and reviews: Customer feedback and ratings for each item
 - Website usability: website load times, ease of navigation, and overall user experience
 - Website traffic: number of visitors to the website
 - Customer demographics: age, gender, location, etc.
 - Return rates: frequency of returns and exchanges

3. Website/Webpage

- User-friendly design: intuitive navigation and a visually appealing layout
- High quality image and videos: Clear and detailed visuals of products,
- Product desc: Informative and engaging descriptions of the clothing items
- Customer review and ratings: visible and easily accessible customer feedback
- Easy check-out process: streamlined and secure checkout experience
- Mobile optimization: seamless experience on mobile devices
- Live chat support: immediate customer service assistance
- Personalized recommendations: product suggestions based on user browsing and purchase history

Asset Integrity

1. Desired output (dependent variable) would be equipment downtime and maintenance costs

2. Factors (independent variables)

- Usage data: operating hours and usage intensity of equipment
- maintenance schedule: frequency and type of maintenance performed
- Sensor data: real-time monitoring data from installed sensors
- Equipment age: age and lifecycle stage of equipment.
- Environmental conditions: operating environment factors such as temperature, humidity, and exposure to corrosive elements
- Quality of materials: Durability and quality of materials used in equipment parts
- Training level of staff: proficiency of staff handling and maintaining the equipment
- Historical failure data: past incidents of equipment failures and their causes
- Compliance with standards: adherence to industry regulations and standards

3. Additional context

- Technical specifications: detailed technical information about the equipment and its components
- Maintenance logs: comprehensive records of all maintenance activities and repairs
- Operational context: specifics of how and where the equipment is used, including any unique operational challenges
- Supplier information: quality and reliability of parts and materials from different suppliers
- Industry best practices: benchmarking against industry standards and best practices for maintenance and asset integrity

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