

# Requirements and Specifications

Final Exam 2025/26 [90 min]

## 1 – Requirements

Assume that a version of your ‘Digital Wallet’ system is designed to be used (solely) in the context of *Queima das Fitas*.

- 1.1. Draw a Contextual Design **physical model** of its usage. Don’t forget to identify likely breakdowns.
- 1.2. Present one **use-case** that reflects one possible interaction represented in the physical model above (Obs.: don’t use ‘*login*’ neither ‘*logout*’!).
- 1.3. List one **bdd scenario** that could be used to validate that use-case.
- 1.4. Present one **structured concrete scenario** of a non-functional requirement related to the use-case above. State and describe what is the NFR being made concrete.

## 2 – Specifications

Consider the following Dafny specification. The method `Sqrt` is declared but not implemented (it has a specification only), while `Hypotenuse` is a method that calls `Sqrt`.

```
method Sqrt(x:int) returns (s:int)
    requires x >= 0
    ensures x == s*s

method Hypotenuse(a:int, b:int) returns (h:int)
    requires a >= 0 && b >= 0
    ensures a*a + b*b == h*h
{
    h := Sqrt(a*a + b*b);
}
```

- 2.1. In your own words, explain the contract of the method `Hypotenuse`.
- 2.2. Using the contract of `Sqrt`, derive the Weakest Precondition that must hold immediately before the call to `Sqrt` in `Hypotenuse`. State the condition precisely.
- 2.3. The integer square root of a non-negative integer  $n$  is defined as the largest integer  $r$  such that  $r^2 \leq n < (r+1)^2$ . Explain why it would be very problematic to implement the method `Sqrt` so that it satisfies the currently stated postcondition ( $x == s*s$ ).
- 2.4. Rewrite the contract of the method `Sqrt` so that it precisely specifies the integer square root.