

Vivekanand Education Society's Institute Of Technology Department Of Information Technology DSA mini Project A.Y. 2025-26

Title: Pharmacy Inventory Management System

Domain: Data Structures and Algorithm

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Div:D10B

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6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY



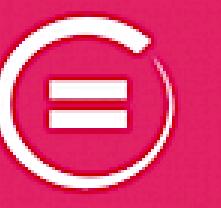
8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

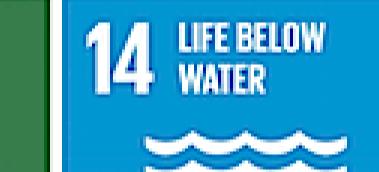




THE GLOBAL GOALS
For Sustainable Development



13 CLIMATE ACTION



15 LIFE ON LAND



7 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



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Introduction to Project

The **Pharmacy Inventory Management System** is a mini project developed in **C language** as a part of the **Data Structures and Algorithms(DSA)** course.

This project simulates a real-world pharmacy inventory system while emphasizing **efficient data handling** using fundamental Data Structures.

- Arrays used for basic record handling
- Linked List used for storing medicines
- Stack used for recording sales
- Queue used for supplier orders



Problem Statement

Managing a pharmacy manually is **time-consuming** and prone to **errors**, especially in tracking medicine stock, sales, expiry dates, and customer billing. Traditional methods make it **difficult to quickly update records**, **undo mistakes**, **or efficiently handle multiple customers**.

The system needs a **computerized solution** that uses data structures to manage medicines, sales, and billing **efficiently**, **ensuring accuracy**, **speed**, and **reliability** in day-to-day pharmacy operations.



Objectives of the project

- Efficiently manage medicine stock and records
- Track expiry dates to prevent sale of expired medicines
- Handle customer billing and maintain transactions
- Implement Arrays, Linked Lists, Stacks, and Queues for data management
- Reduce manual errors and streamline pharmacy operations



Scope of the Project

- Efficiently manage medicine inventory for pharmacies.
- Track sales and generate reports for business insights.
- Monitor expiry dates to reduce wastage.
- Handle supplier orders with FIFO management.
- Can be extended to include billing, alerts, and database integration.
- Useful for small to medium pharmacies and real-time inventory control.



Requirements of the system (Hardware, software)

Hardware:

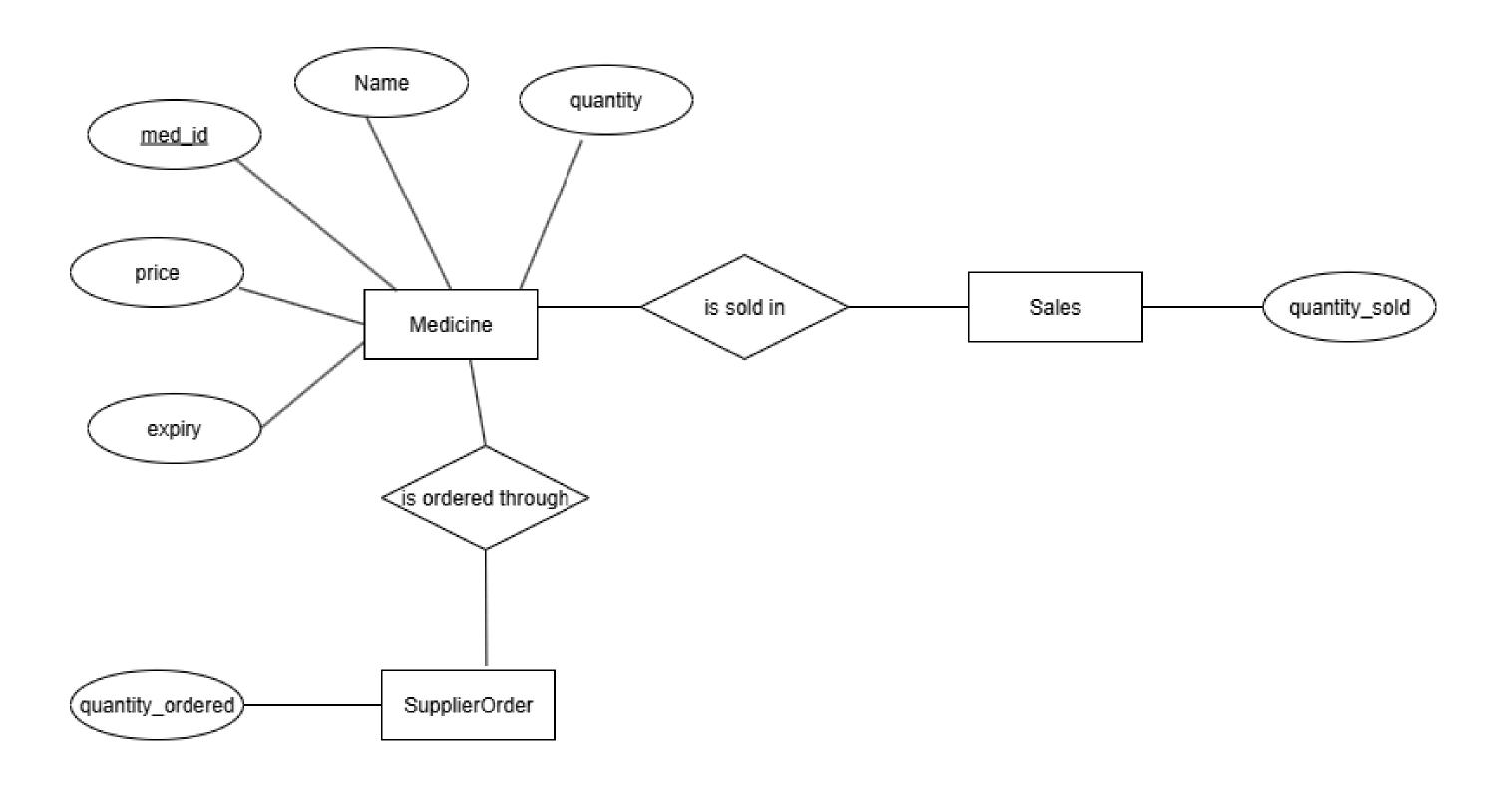
- Intel i3 processor (or above), 2 GB RAM, 200 MB storage
- Standard monitor, keyboard, and mouse

Software:

- 1.OS: Windows / Linux
- 2.C Compiler (GCC / Turbo C / Code::Blocks)



ER diagram of the proposed system





Data Structures and Concepts Used

- **Arrays**: Used for storing and handling simple, fixed-size records like basic medicine details.
- **Linked List**: Provides dynamic memory management for storing medicines, allowing easy insertion and deletion.
- Stack: Records sales using stack, following the LIFO (Last In, First Out) principle.
- Queue: Used in supplier orders to ensure FIFO (First In, First Out) processing of customers.



Algorithm Explanation

- Start: Initialize linked lists for Medicines, Sales (stack), and Supplier Orders (queue).
- Main Menu Loop: Display options and take user choice.
- Add Medicine: Create a node and insert at head of medicine list.
- Display/Search/Update/Delete Medicine: Traverse list and perform action.
- Sell Medicine: Reduce stock, push sale details onto stack.
- Check Expiry: Compare current date with expiry, show expired items.
- Generate Report: Traverse list, calculate total stock value.
- Supplier Orders: Add to queue, display in FIFO order.
- Exit:End Program.



Time and Space Complexity

1)Time Complexity:

- Add Medicine, Record Sale, Add Supplier Order → O(1)
- Search, Update, Delete, Sell, Check Expiry, Generate Report → O(n)

2)Space Complexity:

- Medicines List \rightarrow O(n)
- Sales Stack \rightarrow O(s)
- Supplier Orders Queue \rightarrow O(q)
- Total \rightarrow O(n + s + q),

where $n \rightarrow$ Number of medicines in the inventory

- s → Number of sales recorded
- q → Number of pending supplier orders



Front End

- 1. Console-based system with a clean, menu-driven design
- 2. Provides easy text-based interaction for users
- 3. Features:
 - Manage medicines (Add, View, Search, Update, Delete)
 - Supplier orders through queue
 - Records sale using stack
 - Track and manage expiry dates
- 4. Designed for simplicity and efficiency rather than complex GUI



Future Scope

- Integration with database systems (MySQL/Oracle) for persistent storage.
- Adding a Graphical User Interface (GUI) for better usability
- Integration with online pharmacy portals for real-time orders.
- Enhanced security and authentication for sensitive data.
- Support for data analytics & reporting



Conclusion

- Implemented a Pharmacy Inventory System using C and DSA concepts.
- Managed medicines with Linked List, sales with Stack, and supplier orders with Queue.
- Provided features like add, update, delete, search, sell, expiry check, and reports.
- Improved efficiency and reduced manual errors in inventory management.
- Can be extended with billing, alerts, and database integration.



References

- E. Balagurusamy, Programming in ANSI C, 8th ed., McGraw Hill, 2019.
- GeeksforGeeks, "DSA Implementation in C," [Online]. Available: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org