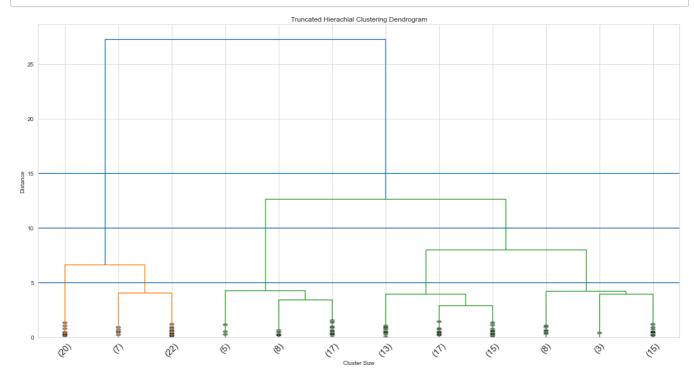
### **Question 1**

```
In [41]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import scipy
         from scipy.cluster.hierarchy import dendrogram,linkage
         from scipy.cluster.hierarchy import fcluster
         from scipy.cluster.hierarchy import cophenet
         from scipy.spatial.distance import pdist
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from pylab import rcParams
         import seaborn as sb
         import sklearn
         from sklearn import datasets
         from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
         import sklearn.metrics as sm
         from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
In [42]: # i)
In [43]: | np.set_printoptions(precision=4, suppress=True)
         %matplotlib inline
         rcParams["figure.figsize"] =20,10
         sb.set_style("whitegrid")
In [44]: | iris = datasets.load_iris()
         data = scale(iris.data)
         target = pd.DataFrame(iris.target)
         variable names = iris.feature names
         data[0:10]
Out[44]: array([[-0.9007, 1.019, -1.3402, -1.3154],
                [-1.143, -0.132, -1.3402, -1.3154],
                [-1.3854, 0.3284, -1.3971, -1.3154],
                [-1.5065, 0.0982, -1.2834, -1.3154],
                [-1.0218, 1.2492, -1.3402, -1.3154],
                [-0.5372, 1.9398, -1.1697, -1.0522],
                [-1.5065, 0.7888, -1.3402, -1.1838],
                [-1.0218, 0.7888, -1.2834, -1.3154],
                [-1.7489, -0.3622, -1.3402, -1.3154],
                [-1.143, 0.0982, -1.2834, -1.4471]]
```

```
In [45]: z = linkage(data,"ward")
    dendrogram(z,truncate_mode= "lastp", p =12, leaf_rotation=45,leaf_font_size=15, show_complt.title("Truncated Hierachial Clustering Dendrogram")
    plt.xlabel("Cluster Size")
    plt.ylabel("Distance")
    plt.axhline(y=15)
    plt.axhline(5)
    plt.axhline(10)
    plt.show()
```



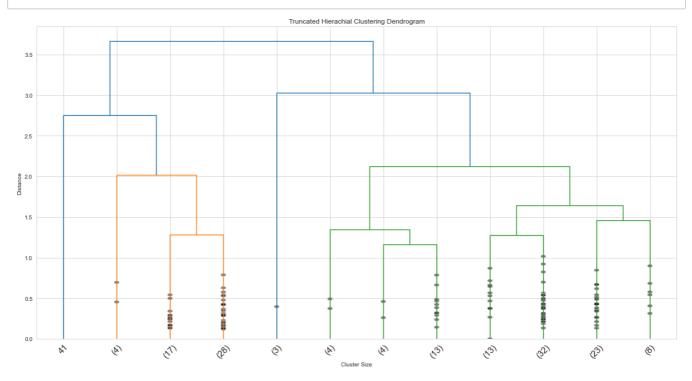
```
In [49]: k = 3
         HClustering = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=k , affinity="euclidean",linkage="aver{
         HClustering.fit(data)
         sm.accuracy_score(target, HClustering.labels_)
```

Out[49]: 0.686666666666666

```
In [50]: k =3
         HClustering = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=k , affinity="euclidean",linkage="sing")
         HClustering.fit(data)
         sm.accuracy_score(target,HClustering.labels_)
```

Out[50]: 0.0

```
In [51]: | z = linkage(data, "average")
         dendrogram(z,truncate_mode= "lastp", p =12, leaf_rotation=45,leaf_font_size=15, show_cor
         plt.title("Truncated Hierachial Clustering Dendrogram")
         plt.xlabel("Cluster Size")
         plt.ylabel("Distance")
         plt.axhline(y=15)
         plt.axhline(5)
         plt.axhline(10)
         plt.show()
```



# **Question 2**

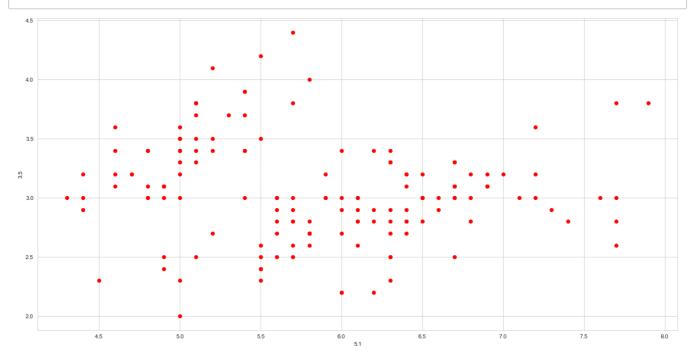
```
In [52]:
         import random as rd
```

```
In [53]: data = pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
    data.head()
```

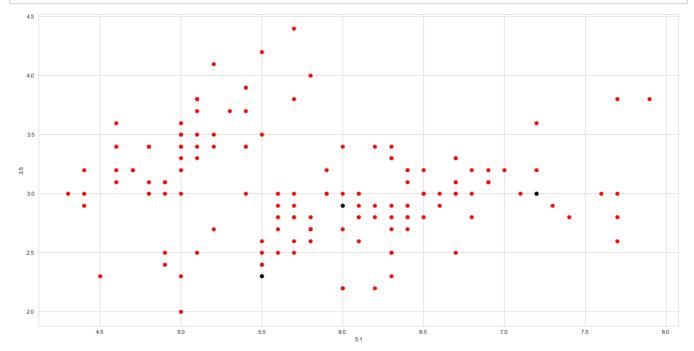
### Out[53]:

```
5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa
0 4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa
1 4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2 Iris-setosa
2 4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2 Iris-setosa
3 5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa
4 5.4 3.9 1.7 0.4 Iris-setosa
```

```
In [54]: X = data[["5.1","3.5"]]
    plt.scatter(X["5.1"],X["3.5"],c='red')
    plt.xlabel('5.1')
    plt.ylabel('3.5')
    plt.show()
```

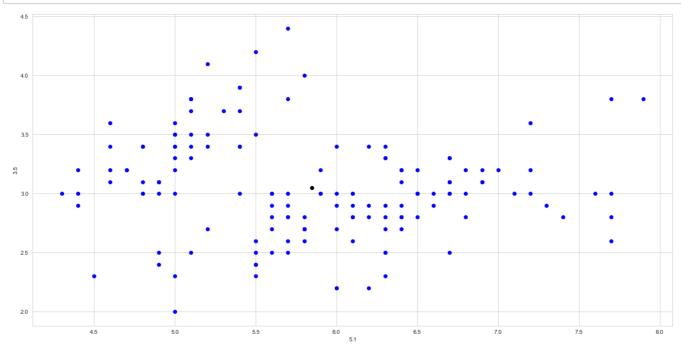


```
In [55]: K=3
    Centroids = (X.sample(n=K))
    plt.scatter(X["5.1"],X["3.5"],c='red')
    plt.scatter(Centroids["5.1"],Centroids["3.5"],c='black')
    plt.xlabel('5.1')
    plt.ylabel('3.5')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [56]: diff = 1
         j=0
         while(diff!=0):
             XD=X
             i=1
             for index1,row_c in Centroids.iterrows():
                 for index2,row d in XD.iterrows():
                     d1=(row_c["5.1"]-row_d["3.5"])**2
                     d2=(row_c["3.5"]-row_d["3.5"])**2
                     d=np.sqrt(d1+d2)
                     ED.append(d)
                 X[i]=ED
                 i=i+1
             C=[]
             for index,row in X.iterrows():
                 min_dist=row[1]
                 pos=1
                 for i in range(K):
                     if row[i+1] < min dist:</pre>
                         min_dist = row[i+1]
                         pos=i+1
                 C.append(pos)
             X["Cluster"]=C
             Centroids_new = X.groupby(["Cluster"]).mean()[["3.5","5.1"]]
             if j == 0:
                 diff=1
                 j=j+1
             else:
                 diff = (Centroids_new['3.5'] - Centroids['3.5']).sum() + (Centroids_new['5.1']
                 print(diff.sum())
             Centroids = X.groupby(["Cluster"]).mean()[["3.5","5.1"]]
         <ipython-input-56-b7e5d0e14beb>:13: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
         Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/use
         r guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas
         -docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)
           X[i]=ED
         -1.3997767123287677
         0.7718232158988254
         -0.2518906531347169
         0.0
```

```
In [57]: color=['blue','green','red']
for k in range(K):
          data=X[X["Cluster"]==k+1]
          plt.scatter(data["5.1"],data["3.5"],c=color[k])
plt.scatter(Centroids["5.1"],Centroids["3.5"],c='black')
plt.xlabel('5.1')
plt.ylabel('3.5')
plt.show()
```



# **Question 3**

```
In [58]: # 3.1
In [59]: import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords

from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer

import pandas as pd
import string
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [60]: df = pd.read_csv("SMSSpamCollection", names=["label","message"])
    df.head(2)
```

#### Out[60]:

	label	message
0	ham\tGo until jurong point	crazy Available only in bugis n great world

1 ham\tOk lar... Joking wif u oni... NaN

# In [61]: df.info() df.describe()

## Out[61]:

	label	message
count	5574	1318
unique	4969	1153
top	ham\tSorry	l'll call later
freq	52	30

memory usage: 87.2+ KB

```
In [62]: df.groupby('label').describe()
Out[62]:
                                                                                 message
                                                                                 count unique top
                                                                                                                       freq
                                                                          label
                                                                         ham\t
                                                                                     4
                                                                                              4
                                        ham\t <#&gt; in mca. But not conform.
                                                                                     0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
                          ham\t <#&gt; mins but i had to stop somewhere first.
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
                  ham\t &It;DECIMAL> m but its not a common car here so its
                  better to buy from china or asia. Or if i find it less expensive. I.II
                                                                                     0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
                                 ham\t and picking them up from various points
                                                                                     0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
                  spam\ttodays vodafone numbers ending with 0089(my last four
                    digits) are selected to received a £350 award. If your number
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
                      matches please call 09063442151 to claim your £350 award
                spam\tu r a winner U ave been specially selected 2 receive £1000
                 cash or a 4* holiday (flights inc) speak to a live operator 2 claim
                                                                                     0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
                                                      0871277810710p/min (18)
                                                                                                       subsequent wks
                spam\tu r subscribed 2 TEXTCOMP 250 wkly comp. 1st wk?s free
                                                                                                 charged@150p/msg.2
                                                               question follows
                                                                                                        unsubscribe...
                 spam\twamma get laid?want real doggin locations sent direct to
                                                                                     0
                                                                                              0
                  your mobile? join the UKs largest dogging network. txt dogs to
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
                                            69696 now!nyt. ec2a. 3lp £1.50/msg.
             spam\twe tried to contact you re your response to our offer of a new
                                                                                     0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                                 NaN
                                                                                                                       NaN
              nokia fone and camcorder hit reply or call 08000930705 for delivery
```

4969 rows × 4 columns

In [63]:

df['message'] = df['message'].apply(str)

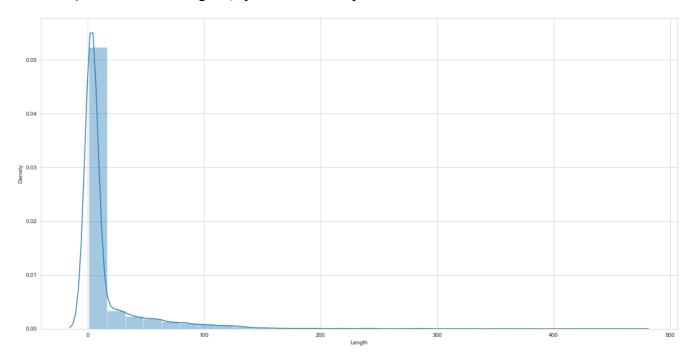
In [64]: df["Length"] = df["message"].apply(len)

```
In [65]: sns.distplot(df["Length"], bins=30)
```

C:\Users\Nupur goel\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureW
arning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. P
lease adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar fl
exibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
 warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[65]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Length', ylabel='Density'>

se help. Thank you for everything."



```
In [66]: df["Length"].max()
Out[66]: 465
In [67]: df[df["Length"]==465]["message"].iloc[0]
Out[67]: " hope you are having a nice day. I wanted to bring it to your notice that I have been late in paying rent for the past few months and have had to pay a $ <#&gt; charge. I felt it would be inconsiderate of me to nag about something you give at great cost t
```

```
In [68]: df[df["Length"] == df["Length"].min()]["message"].iloc[0]
Out[68]: ' '
```

o yourself and that's why i didnt speak up. I however am in a recession and wont be ab le to pay the charge this month hence my askin well ahead of month's end. Can you plea

In [69]: df.head(1)

Out[69]:

label message Length

• ham\tGo until jurong point crazy.. Available only in bugis n great world...