

## Database Design Project

### Oracle Baseball League Store Database

#### Project Scenario:

You are a small consulting company specializing in database development. You have just been awarded the contract to develop a data model for a database application system for a small retail store called Oracle Baseball League (OBL).

The Oracle Baseball League store serves the entire surrounding community selling baseball kit. The OBL has two types of customer, there are individuals who purchase items like balls, cleats, gloves, shirts, screen printed t-shirts, and shorts. Additionally customers can represent a team when they purchase uniforms and equipment on behalf of the team.

Teams and individual customers are free to purchase any item from the inventory list, but teams get a discount on the list price depending on the number of players. When a customer places an order we record the order items for that order in our database.

OBL has a team of three sales representatives that officially only call on teams but have been known to handle individual customer complaints.

#### Section 6 Lesson 9 Exercise 1: Joining Tables Using JOIN

##### Write SELECT Statements Using Data From Multiple Tables Using Equijoins and Non-Equijoins (S6L9 Objective 1)

In this exercise you will write SELECT statements to access data from more than one table.

## Part 1: Creating Natural Joins.

1. Display all of the information about sales representatives and their addresses using a natural join.

Code:

```
SELECT id, email, first_name, last_name, phone_number, commission_rate, supervisor_id
FROM sales_representatives
NATURAL JOIN sales_rep_addresses
```

Output:

ID	EMAIL	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	PHONE_NUMBE	COMMISSION_RATE	SUPE
sr01	chray@obl.com	Charles	Raymond	0134598761	10	sr01
sr02	vwright@obl.com	Victoria	Wright	0134598762	5	sr01
sr03	bspeed@obl.com	Barry	Speed	0134598763	5	sr01

2. Adapt the query from the previous question to only show the id, first name, last name, address line 1, address line 2, city, email and phone\_number for the sales representatives.

Code:

```
SELECT id, first_name, last_name, address_line_1, address_line_2, city, email, phone_number
FROM sales_representatives
NATURAL JOIN sales_rep_addresses
```

Output:

```
SELECT id, first_name, last_name, address_line_1, address_line_2, city, email, phone_number
FROM sales_representatives
NATURAL JOIN sales_rep_addresses
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 2.325 seconds

commission\_rate = 5

ORDER BY  
last\_name

First Name	Last Name	Commission Rate
Barry	Speed	5
Victoria	Wright	5

ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	ADDRESS_LINE_1	ADDRESS_LINE_2	CITY	EMAIL
sr01	Charles	Raymond	12 Cherry Lane	Denton	Detroit	chray@obl.com
sr02	Victoria	Wright	87 Blossom Hill	Uptown	Detroit	vwright@obl.com
sr03	Barry	Speed	12 Junction Row	Skinflats	Detroit	bspeed@obl.com

## Part 2: Creating Joins with the USING Clause

1. Adapt the previous query answer to use the USING clause instead of a natural join.

Code:

```
SELECT id, first_name, last_name, address_line_1, address_line_2, city, email, phone_number
FROM sales_representatives
JOIN sales_rep_addresses USING (id);
```

Output:

ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	ADDRESS_LINE_1	ADDRESS_LINE_2	CITY	EMAIL
sr01	Charles	Raymond	12 Cherry Lane	Denton	Detroit	chra
sr02	Victoria	Wright	87 Blossom Hill	Uptown	Detroit	vwri
sr03	Barry	Speed	12 Junction Row	Skinflats	Detroit	bspe

2. Display all of the information about items and their price history by joining the items and price\_history tables.

Code:

```
SELECT itm_number, name, description, category, color, "Size", ilt_id
FROM items
JOIN price_history
USING (itm_number)
```

Output:

```
SELECT itm_number, name, description, category, color, "Size", ilt_id
FROM items
JOIN price_history
USING (itm_number)
```

ITM_NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION	CATEGORY	COLOR	Size	ILT_ID
1 im01101044	gloves	catcher mitt	clothing	brown	m	11010230124
2 im01101045	under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing	white	s	11010230125
3 im01101045	under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing	white	s	11010230125
4 im01101045	under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing	white	s	11010230125
5 im01101046	socks	team socks with emblem	clothing	range	l	11010230126
6 im01101047	game top	team shirt with emblem	clothing	range	m	11010230127
7 im01101048	premium bat	high quaity baseball bat	equipment	(null)	(null)	11010230128

### Part 3: Creating Joins with the ON Clause

1. Use an ON clause to join the **customer and sales representative** table so that you display the **customer number**, customer first name, customer last name, customer phone number, customer email, sales representative id, sales representative first name, sales representative last name and sales representative email. You will need to use a table alias in your answer as both tables have columns with the same name.

Code:

**SELECT**

```
c.ctr_number AS "Customer Number",  
c.first_name AS "Customer First Name",  
c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name",  
c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number",  
c.email AS "Customer Email",  
sr.id AS "Sales Representative ID",  
sr.first_name AS "Sales Representative First Name",  
sr.last_name AS "Sales Representative Last Name",  
sr.email AS "Sales Representative Email"
```

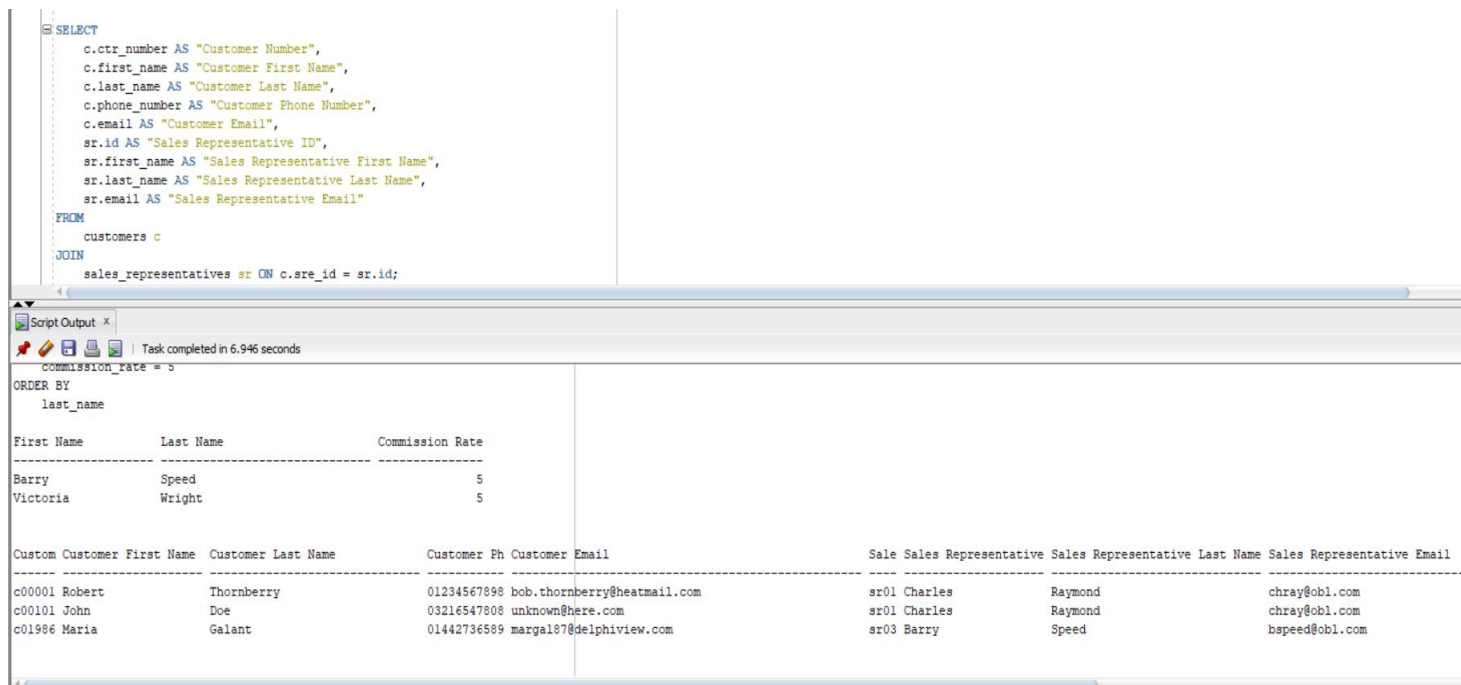
**FROM**

**customers c**

**JOIN**

**sales\_representatives sr ON c.sre\_id = sr.id;**

Output:



```
SELECT  
  c.ctr_number AS "Customer Number",  
  c.first_name AS "Customer First Name",  
  c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name",  
  c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number",  
  c.email AS "Customer Email",  
  sr.id AS "Sales Representative ID",  
  sr.first_name AS "Sales Representative First Name",  
  sr.last_name AS "Sales Representative Last Name",  
  sr.email AS "Sales Representative Email"  
FROM  
  customers c  
JOIN  
  sales_representatives sr ON c.sre_id = sr.id;
```

Script Output x | Task completed in 6.946 seconds

commission\_rate = 5

ORDER BY  
 last\_name

First Name	Last Name	Commission Rate
Barry	Speed	5
Victoria	Wright	5

Custom	Customer First Name	Customer Last Name	Customer Ph	Customer Email	Sale Sales Representative	Sales Representative Last Name	Sales Representative Email
c00001	Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
c00101	John	Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
c01986	Maria	Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03 Barry	Speed	bspeed@obl.com

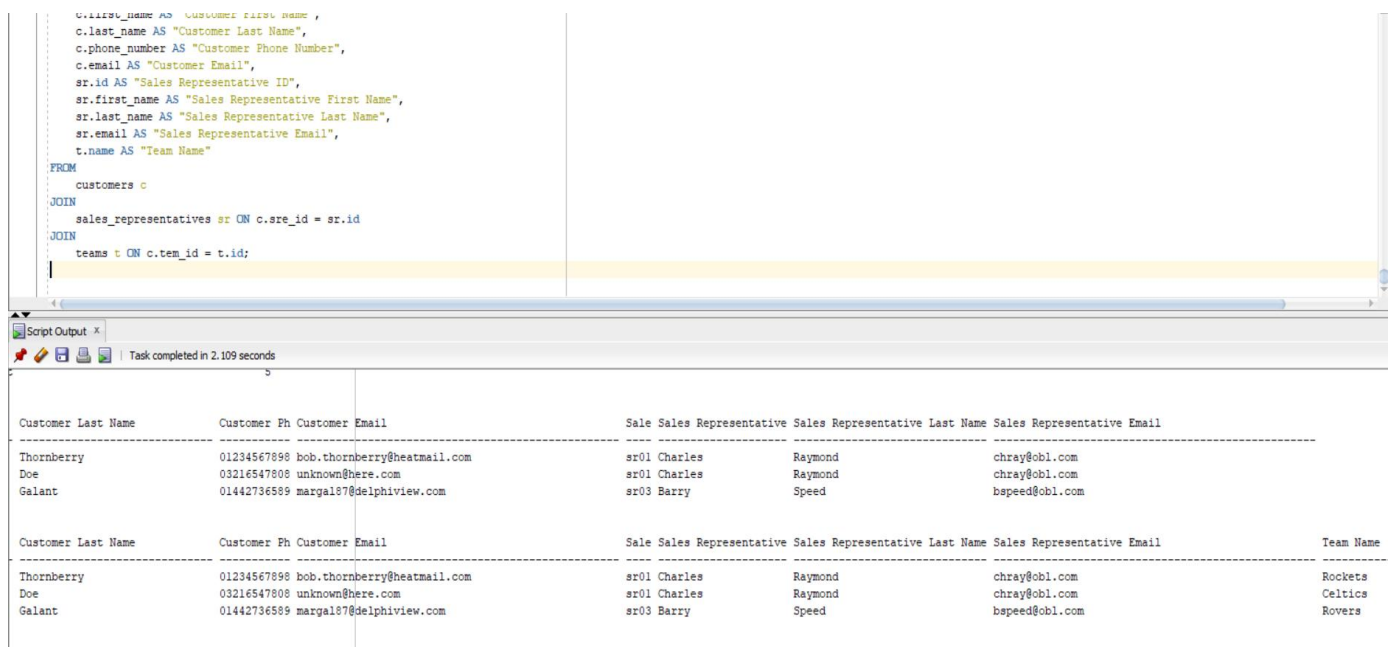
## Part 4- Creating Three-Way Joins with the ON Clause

1. Using the answer to Task 3 add a join that will allow the team name that the customer represents to be included in the results.

Code:

```
SELECT
c.ctr_number AS "Customer Number",
c.first_name AS "Customer First Name",
c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name",
c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number",
c.email AS "Customer Email",
sr.id AS "Sales Representative ID",
sr.first_name AS "Sales Representative First Name",
sr.last_name AS "Sales Representative Last Name",
sr.email AS "Sales Representative Email",
t.name AS "Team Name"
FROM
customers c
JOIN
sales_representatives sr ON c.sre_id = sr.id
JOIN
teams t ON c.tem_id = t.id;
```

Output:



```

c.first_name AS "Customer First Name",
c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name",
c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number",
c.email AS "Customer Email",
sr.id AS "Sales Representative ID",
sr.first_name AS "Sales Representative First Name",
sr.last_name AS "Sales Representative Last Name",
sr.email AS "Sales Representative Email",
t.name AS "Team Name"

FROM
customers c
JOIN
sales_representatives sr ON c.sre_id = sr.id
JOIN
teams t ON c.tem_id = t.id;
```

Customer Last Name	Customer Ph	Customer Email	Sale Sales Representative	Sales Representative Last Name	Sales Representative Email
Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03 Barry	Speed	bspeed@obl.com

Customer Last Name	Customer Ph	Customer Email	Sale Sales Representative	Sales Representative Last Name	Sales Representative Email	Team Name
Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com	Rockets
Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com	Celtics
Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03 Barry	Speed	bspeed@obl.com	Rovers

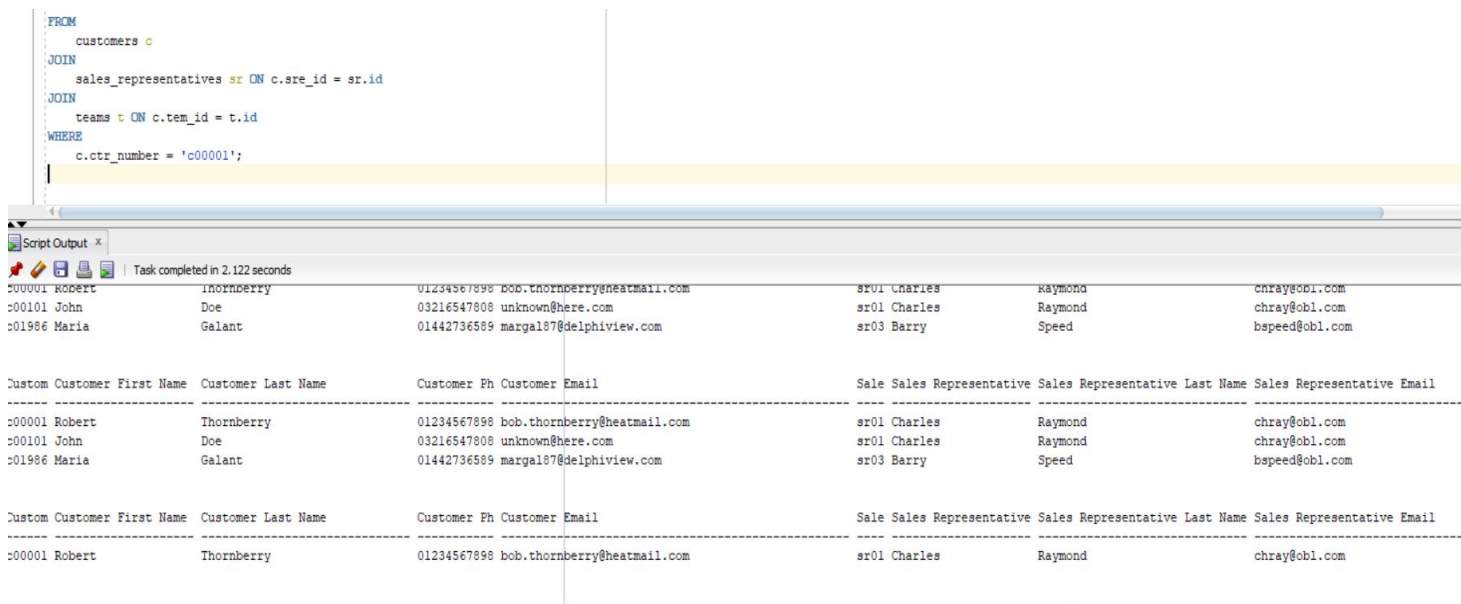
## Part 5: Applying Additional Conditions to a Join

1. Using the answer to Task 4 add an additional condition to only show the results for the customer that has the number - c00001.

Code:

```
SELECT
c.ctr_number AS "Customer Number",
c.first_name AS "Customer First Name",
c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name",
c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number",
c.email AS "Customer Email",
sr.id AS "Sales Representative ID",
sr.first_name AS "Sales Representative First Name",
sr.last_name AS "Sales Representative Last Name",
sr.email AS "Sales Representative Email",
t.name AS "Team Name"
FROM
customers c
JOIN
sales_representatives sr ON c.sre_id = sr.id
JOIN
teams t ON c.tem_id = t.id
WHERE
c.ctr_number = 'c00001';
```

Output:



```
FROM
customers c
JOIN
sales_representatives sr ON c.sre_id = sr.id
JOIN
teams t ON c.tem_id = t.id
WHERE
c.ctr_number = 'c00001';
```

000001 Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	cnray@obl.com
000101 John	Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
001986 Maria	Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03 Barry	Speed	bspeed@obl.com

Custom Customer First Name	Customer Last Name	Customer Ph	Customer Email	Sale Sales Representative	Sales Representative Last Name	Sales Representative Email
000001 Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
000101 John	Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
001986 Maria	Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03 Barry	Speed	bspeed@obl.com

Custom Customer First Name	Customer Last Name	Customer Ph	Customer Email	Sale Sales Representative	Sales Representative Last Name	Sales Representative Email
000001 Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01 Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com

## Part 6: Retrieving Records with Nonequijoins

1. Write a query that will display name and cost of the item with the number im01101045 on the 12<sup>th</sup> of December 2016. The output of the query should look like this:

The cost of the under shirt on this day was 14.99

Code:

**SELECT**

**'The cost of the ', i.name, ' on this day was ', ph.price AS "Output"**

**FROM**

**items i**

**JOIN**

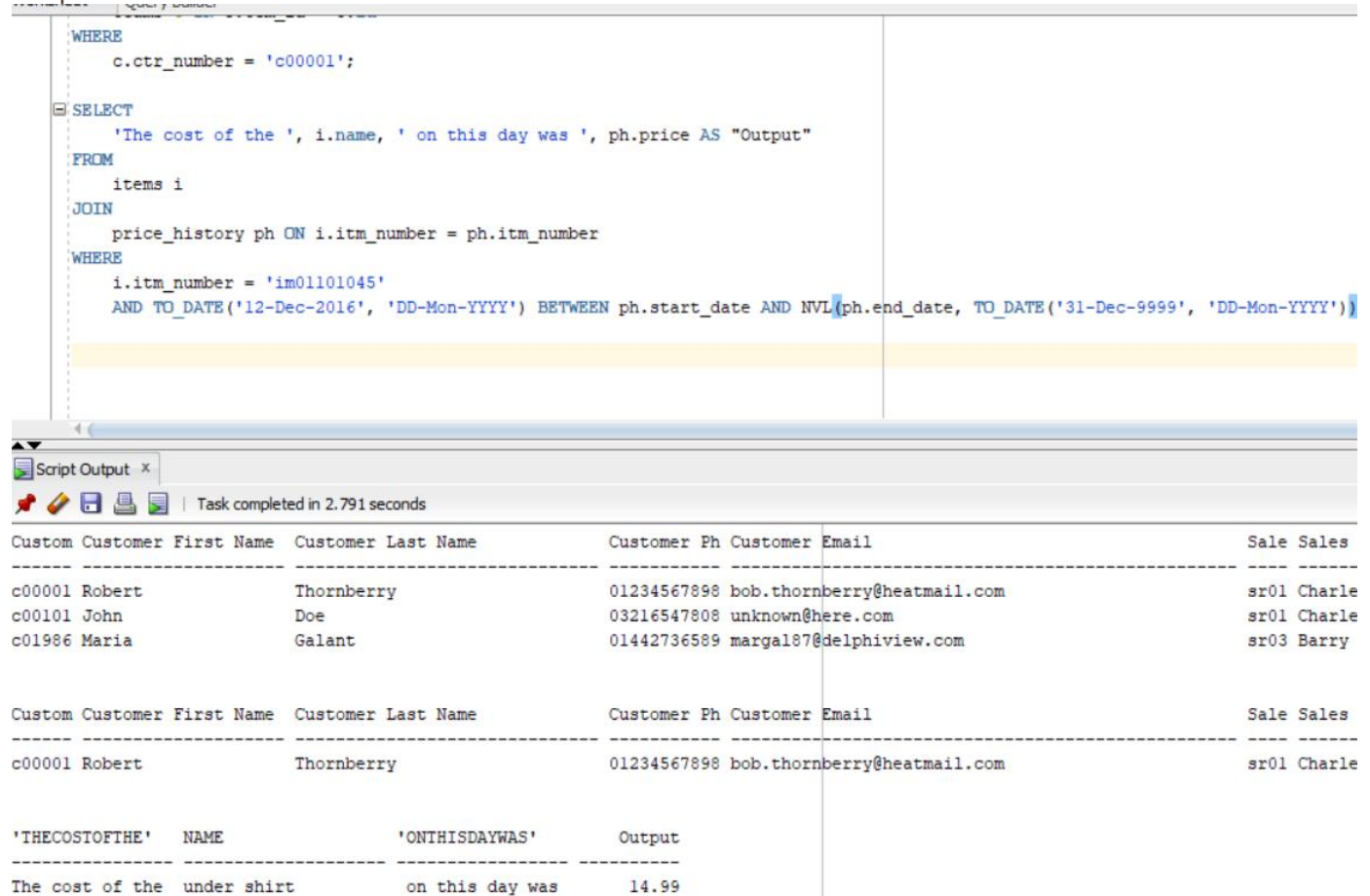
**price\_history ph ON i.itm\_number = ph.itm\_number**

**WHERE**

**i.itm\_number = 'im01101045'**

**AND TO\_DATE('12-Dec-2016', 'DD-Mon-YYYY') BETWEEN ph.start\_date AND NVL(ph.end\_date, TO\_DATE('31-Dec-9999', 'DD-Mon-YYYY'))**

Output:



```
WHERE
  c.ctr_number = 'c00001';

SELECT
  'The cost of the ', i.name, ' on this day was ', ph.price AS "Output"
FROM
  items i
JOIN
  price_history ph ON i.itm_number = ph.itm_number
WHERE
  i.itm_number = 'im01101045'
  AND TO_DATE('12-Dec-2016', 'DD-Mon-YYYY') BETWEEN ph.start_date AND NVL(ph.end_date, TO_DATE('31-Dec-9999', 'DD-Mon-YYYY'))
```

Custom	Customer First Name	Customer Last Name	Customer Ph	Customer Email	Sale	Sales
c00001	Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01	Charle
c00101	John	Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01	Charle
c01986	Maria	Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03	Barry

'THECOSTOFTHE'	NAME	'ONTHISDAYWAS'	Output
The cost of the	under shirt	on this day was	14.99