#### Code 2- course no- Normal font on the cover page

#### Instruction: use the attached answer sheet for part-I and Part-IV question

#### Part I: Short answer question (2 pts each)

- 1. Briefly describe the following object oriented basic concepts data abstraction, data encapsulation and data binding —give full mark at least two concept must be explained
- 2. Explain what each term of "public static void main(String args[])" method mean in Java? 0.5mark for each explanation
- 3. Define Abstract Class in java and support your answer by example (1 pts for definition & pts for example)

Part II: Find out the error in the following program and rewrite it again by correcting the errors in the given box (2) each

#### #1. Find out the error and rewrite it again

```
class A
{ private int x=4;
int z=10;
static int y=10;
A()
{
return x+z;
private void display ()
System.out.println("sum="+ sum+ "y="+y);
class B extends A{
int d=0;
public static void main(String arg[])
{ B b1=new B();
b1.x=5;
b1.z=10;
b1.display();
}}
```

```
class A
{ private int x=4;
int z=10;
static int y=10;
A()
{
return x+z; // 1 mark for Identification & correction
private void display ()
System.out.println("sum="+ sum+ "y="+y);
class B extends A{
int d=0;
public static void main(String arg[])
{ B b1=new B();
b1.x=5;// 0.5mark
b1.z=10;
b1.display();//0.5 mark
}}
```

#### #2. Find out the error and rewrite it again

```
abstract class test
{
abstract void add(int x,int y);
abstract void mult( int x ,int y);
void square(int x)
{System.out.println(x*x)
}
class ImpTest extends test {
void add( int a, int b)
{ System.out.println(a*b) ; }
}
class check{
public static void main(String args[])
{
test t1=new test();
}
```

```
abstract class test
abstract void add(int x,int y);
abstract void mult( int x ,int y);
void square(int x)
{System.out.println(x*x)
class ImpTest extends test {
void add( int a, int b)
{ System.out.println(a*b); }
void mult( int x ,int y)
                                   1 mark
{ System.out.println(a*b); }_
}
class check{
public static void main(String args[])
test t1=new test();//cannot create an object using abstract class
ImpTest t1=new ImpTest(); // 1 mark
}
```

### Part: III: Assume all programs are error free and Write the output of the following program in the given box

#### #1. Write the output (3pts)

```
class Teststatic2 {
  static int x=8;
Teststatic2 () {
    ++x;
  incr(x);}
  static void incr(int x){System.out.println(x+7); }
static { int y=5;
System.out.println(++y);
}
  public static void main(String args[])
{
Teststatic a=new Teststatic();
System.out.println(++x);
}}
#2. Write the output (3 pts)
```

## 1 Mark for each output 6 16

10

```
#2. Write the output (3 pts)
class Area {
  int x=5, y=6;
  Area(){this(3);}
  Area(int x)
  {this(x,8);}
  Area(int a, int z)
  \{x=a+3; y=z+4;
  System.out.println(x*y*5); } }
class Tri extends Area{
  Tri()
  {super(6);
  System.out.println(x*y*0.5);}
  Tri(int z)
  {super(z);} }
class Circle extends Tri{
  public Circle() {System.out.println(x+y); }
  public static void main(String args[])
{ Area a1=new Area();
  Tri t2=new Tri();
  Circle c1=new Circle(); } }
```

# 360 540 54.0 540 540 541

```
#3. Write the output (3pts)
class Test {
int a,b;
public Test(){
send();
                                                           0.5 mark for each output
public Test(int z){
this(4,z);}
Test(int a, int x) {
                                                         After first call value ob1.b: 12
this.a = a;
                                                         After first call value ob2.b: 10
b=x;
Test mtest(Test t) {
                                                          After first call value ob3.b: 9
  t.a+=3;
  t.b+=6;
                                             ob1.a , ob2.a and ob3.a. after second Call: 9 11 10
Test temp = new Test(a,b);
return temp; }
void send(){
mtest(this);}}
class TestObjasretuntype {
public static void main(String args[]) {
Test ob1 = new Test();
Test ob2= new Test(5,4);
Test ob3=new Test(3);
//ob1.send();
ob1= ob1.mtest(ob1);
ob2=ob2.mtest(ob2);
ob3=ob3.mtest(ob3);
System.out.println("After first call value ob1.b: " + ob1.b);
System.out.println("After first call value ob2.b: " + ob2.b);
System.out.println("After first call value ob3.b: " + ob3.b);
ob1=ob1.mtest(ob1);
ob2 = ob2.mtest(ob2);
```

System.out.println("ob1.a, ob2.a and ob3.a. after second Call:" + ob1.a+" "+ob2.a+" "+ob3.a);

}}

ob3=ob3.mtest(ob3);

#### #4. Write the output (3 pts)

```
public class rectangle {
double width;
double length;
    rectangle()
      width=4;
      length =6;
      calcArea(width,length);
    rectangle(double width,double length)
      this.width=width;
       this.length= length;
       width=length=7;
       calcArea(width,length);
       calcArea(this.width,this.length);
       this.width=length=2;
       calcArea(width,length);
       calcArea(this.width,this.length);
                void calcArea(double width,double length){
                        double ar= width*length;
             System.out.println("AREA="+ ar);
                }
    }
class RectDemo {
        public static void main(String args[]){
                rectangle rect1 = new rectangle();
                rect1.calcArea(9,4);
                rectangle rect2 = new rectangle(8,6);
        }
}
```

```
O.5 mark for each output

AREA=24.0

AREA=36.0

AREA=49.0

AREA=48.0

AREA=14.0

AREA=12.0
```

#### Part IV: Program Writing (8%)

Assume ASTU students, students are categorized into extension and regular student, regular students are categorized into undergraduate and graduate students, the behavior and state of all classes listed in the table below

Class	Behavior	state
Extension student	Registration, add and drop course, show grade, make payment	studId,name, dept, semester payment,
Regular student	Registration ,add and drop course , view grade,	studId ,name, dept, dormitory no,blockno,café type
Undergraduate student	Registration ,add and drop course , view grade, fill-CostSharing	studId ,name, dept, dormitory no, blockno , café type ,costsharing
Graduate student	Registration ,add and drop course , view grade, thesis payment, submit sponsor	studId ,name, dept, thesis fund, specialization ,sponsor

Based on the above case attempt the following questions

- 1. Based on the class behavior and state in the above case ,Define all classes by implementing the concepts of inheritance using java (4pts)
- 2. Implement either registration or Add&Drop course Behavior (2pts)
- 3. Identify the type of inheritance that can be implemented in the above case support your answer by example (2pts)

**Answer**: #1 each class has 1 mark

```
class student{
String studId, name, dept
void Registration(String ID, String name, String dept)
{
    studId=ID;
    this.name=name;
    this.dept=dept;
}
void addDrop()
{}
void view ()
{}}
```

```
float payment;
       void makepayment(float pay){
       payment=pay;
       class RegularStudent
       int dormitory no,
       String blockno,
       Sting café type
       class UnderGraduate extends RegularStudent
       float costsharing;
       void fillCostSharing(){}
       class PostGraduate extends RegularStudent
       Stiring Specialization;
       float thesis-fund;
       String sponsor;
       void makepayment(){}
       void sponsor (){}
       #3 1 mark for each
       A) Multiple : Student ---- RegularStudent ---- UnderGraduate
       B) Hirarcical:
                                                                     RegualrStudent
                 Student
                                                       UnderGraduate
                                                                                  GraduateStudent
RegualrStudent
                           ExtensionStudent
```

class extenstionStudent extends student