

Findings

Critical

Finding 21: CVE-2023-46233 Crypto-Js 3.3.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 328 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| crypto-js | 3.3.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/crypto-js/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:N

Description

crypto-js: PBKDF2 1,000 times weaker than specified in 1993 and 1.3M times weaker than current standard

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.2.0

crypto-js is a JavaScript library of crypto standards. Prior to version 4.2.0, crypto-js PBKDF2 is 1,000 times weaker than originally specified in 1993, and at least 1,300,000 times weaker than current industry standard. This is because it both defaults to SHA1, a cryptographic hash algorithm considered insecure since at least 2005, and defaults to one single iteration, a 'strength' or 'difficulty' value specified at 1,000 when specified in 1993. PBKDF2 relies on iteration count as a countermeasure to preimage and collision attacks. If used to protect passwords, the impact is high. If used to generate signatures, the impact is high. Version 4.2.0 contains a patch for this issue. As a workaround, configure crypto-js to use SHA256 with at least 250,000 iterations.

Mitigation

4.2.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-46233>

<https://github.com/brix/crypto-js>

<https://github.com/brix/crypto-js/commit/421dd538b2d34e7c24a5b72cc64dc2b9167db40a>

<https://github.com/brix/crypto-js/security/advisories/GHSA-xwcq-pm8m-c4vf>

<https://lists.debian.org/debian-lts-announce/2023/11/msg00025.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-46233>

<https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6753-1>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-46233>

Finding 65: CVE-2023-37903 Vm2 3.9.17 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 78 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| vm2 | 3.9.17 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/vm2/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

Description

vm2: custom inspect function allows attackers to escape the sandbox and run arbitrary code

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version:

vm2 is an open source vm/sandbox for Node.js. In vm2 for versions up to and including 3.9.19, Node.js custom inspect function allows attackers to escape the sandbox and run arbitrary code. This may result in Remote Code Execution, assuming the attacker has arbitrary code execution primitive inside the context of vm2 sandbox. There are no patches and no known workarounds. Users are advised to find an alternative software.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-37903>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/security/advisories/GHSA-g644-9gfx-q4q4>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-37903>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20230831-0007>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20230831-0007/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-37903>

Finding 64: CVE-2023-37466 Vm2 3.9.17 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 94 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| vm2 | 3.9.17 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/vm2/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

Description

vm2: Promise handler sanitization can be bypassed allowing attackers to escape the sandbox and run arbitrary code

Target: Node.js**Type:** node-pkg**Fixed version:**

vm2 is an advanced vm/sandbox for Node.js. The library contains critical security issues and should not be used for production. The maintenance of the project has been discontinued. In vm2 for versions up to 3.9.19, Promise handler sanitization can be bypassed with the @@species accessor property allowing attackers to escape the sandbox and run arbitrary code, potentially allowing remote code execution inside the context of vm2 sandbox.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-37466>

<https://gist.github.com/leesh3288/f693061e6523c97274ad5298eb2c74e9>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/security/advisories/GHSA-cchq-frgv-rjh5>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-37466>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20230831-0007>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-37466>

Finding 63: CVE-2023-32314 Vm2 3.9.17 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 74 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| vm2 | 3.9.17 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/vm2/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

Description

vm2: Sandbox Escape

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 3.9.18

vm2 is a sandbox that can run untrusted code with Node's built-in modules. A sandbox escape vulnerability exists in vm2 for versions up to and including 3.9.17. It abuses an unexpected creation of a host object based on the specification of Proxy. As a result a threat actor can bypass the sandbox protections to gain remote code execution rights on the host running the sandbox. This vulnerability was patched in the release of version 3.9.18 of vm2. Users are advised to upgrade. There are no known workarounds for this vulnerability.

Mitigation

3.9.18

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-32314>

<https://gist.github.com/arkark/e9f5cf5782dec8321095be3e52acf5ac>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/commit/d88105f99752305c5b8a77b63ddee3ec86912daf>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/releases/tag/3.9.18>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/security/advisories/GHSA-whpj-8f3w-67p5>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-32314>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-32314>

Finding 47: GHSA-5mrr-rgp6-x4gr Marsdb 0.6.11 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| marsdb | 0.6.11 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/marsdb/package.json |

Description

Command Injection in marsdb

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version:

All versions of marsdb are vulnerable to Command Injection. In the DocumentMatcher class, selectors on \$where clauses are passed to a Function constructor unsanitized. This allows attackers to run arbitrary commands in the system when the function is executed.

Recommendation

No fix is currently available. Consider using an alternative package until a fix is made available.

References

<https://github.com/bkimminich/juice-shop/issues/1173>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/1122>

Finding 40: CVE-2019-10744 Lodash 2.4.2 ^{lang-pkgs} node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 1321 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| lodash | 2.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/node_modules/lodash/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:H

Description

nodejs-lodash: prototype pollution in defaultsDeep function leading to modifying properties

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.17.12

Versions of lodash lower than 4.17.12 are vulnerable to Prototype Pollution. The function defaultsDeep could be tricked into adding or modifying properties of Object.prototype using a constructor payload.

Mitigation

4.17.12

References

<https://access.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2019:3024>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2019-10744>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/pull/4336>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2019-10744>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20191004-0005>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20191004-0005/>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-LODASH-450202>

https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K47105354?utm_source=f5support&utm_medium=RSS

https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K47105354?utm_source=f5support&utm_medium=RSS

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2019-10744>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/1065>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpujan2021.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpuoct2020.html>

Finding 32: CVE-2015-9235 Jsonwebtoken 0.4.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 20 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.4.0 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

Description

nodejs-jsonwebtoken: verification step bypass with an altered token

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.2.2

In jsonwebtoken node module before 4.2.2 it is possible for an attacker to bypass verification when a token digitally signed with an asymmetric key (RS/ES family) of algorithms but instead the attacker send a token digitally signed with a symmetric algorithm (HS* family).

Mitigation

4.2.2

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2015-9235>

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries>

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries/>

<https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-c7hr-j4mj-j2w6>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/commit/1bb584bc382295eeb7ee8c4452a673a77a68b687>

<https://nodesecurity.io/advisories/17>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2015-9235>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2015-9235>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/17>

<https://www.timmclean.net/2015/02/25/jwt-alg-none.html>

Finding 27: CVE-2015-9235 Jsonwebtoken 0.1.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Critical | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 20 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.1.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

Description

nodejs-jsonwebtoken: verification step bypass with an altered token

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.2.2

In jsonwebtoken node module before 4.2.2 it is possible for an attacker to bypass verification when a token digitally signed with an asymmetric key (RS/ES family) of algorithms but instead the attacker send a token digitally signed with a symmetric algorithm (HS* family).

Mitigation

4.2.2

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2015-9235>

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries>

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries/>

<https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-c7hr-j4mj-j2w6>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/commit/1bb584bc382295eeb7ee8c4452a673a77a68b687>

<https://nodesecurity.io/advisories/17>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2015-9235>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2015-9235>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/17>

<https://www.timmclean.net/2015/02/25/jwt-alg-none.html>

High

Finding 69: Secret Detected in /juice-shop/lib/insecurity.ts - Asymmetric Private Key ^{secret}

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Line Number |
|-------------|
| 23 |

| File Path |
|-------------------------------|
| /juice-shop/lib/insecurity.ts |

Description

Asymmetric Private Key

Category: AsymmetricPrivateKey

Match: ----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----

*****-----
END RSA PRIVATE

Finding 17: NSWG-ECO-428 Base64url 0.0.6 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| base64url | 0.0.6 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/base64url/package.json |

Description

Out-of-bounds Read

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=3.0.0

base64url allocates uninitialized Buffers when number is passed in input on Node.js 4.x and below

Mitigation

=3.0.0

References

<https://github.com/brianloveswords/base64url/pull/25>

<https://hackerone.com/reports/321687>

Finding 19: CVE-2024-4068 Braces 2.3.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 1050 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| braces | 2.3.2 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/braces/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

Description

braces: fails to limit the number of characters it can handle

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 3.0.3

The NPM package braces, versions prior to 3.0.3, fails to limit the number of characters it can handle, which could lead to Memory Exhaustion. In lib/parse.js, if a malicious user sends "imbalanced braces" as input, the parsing

will enter a loop, which will cause the program to start allocating heap memory without freeing it at any moment of the loop. Eventually, the JavaScript heap limit is reached, and the program will crash.

Mitigation

3.0.3

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-4068>

<https://devhub.checkmarx.com/cve-details/CVE-2024-4068>

<https://devhub.checkmarx.com/cve-details/CVE-2024-4068/>

<https://github.com/micromatch/braces>

<https://github.com/micromatch/braces/blob/98414f9f1fabe021736e26836d8306d5de747e0d/lib/parse.js#L308>

<https://github.com/micromatch/braces/commit/415d660c3002d1ab7e63dbf490c9851da80596ff>

<https://github.com/micromatch/braces/issues/35>

<https://github.com/micromatch/braces/pull/37>

<https://github.com/micromatch/braces/pull/40>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-4068>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-4068>

Finding 29: NSWG-ECO-17 Jsonwebtoken 0.1.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.1.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

Description

Verification Bypass

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=4.2.2

It is possible for an attacker to bypass verification when "a token digitally signed with an asymmetric key (RS/ES family) of algorithms but instead the attacker send a token digitally signed with a symmetric algorithm (HS* family)" [1]

Mitigation

=4.2.2

References

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries/>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/commit/1bb584bc382295eeb7ee8c4452a673a77a68b687>

<https://www.timmclean.net/2015/02/25/jwt-alg-none.html>

Finding 23: CVE-2020-15084 Express-JWT 0.1.3 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 285 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-------------|---------|
| express-jwt | 0.1.3 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:L/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:N

Description

Authorization bypass in express-jwt

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 6.0.0

In express-jwt (NPM package) up and including version 5.3.3, the algorithms entry to be specified in the configuration is not being enforced. When algorithms is not specified in the configuration, with the combination of jwks-rsa, it may lead to authorization bypass. You are affected by this vulnerability if all of the following conditions apply: - You are using express-jwt - You do not have **algorithms** configured in your express-jwt configuration. - You are using libraries such as jwks-rsa as the **secret**. You can fix this by specifying **algorithms** in the express-jwt configuration. See linked GHSA for example. This is also fixed in version 6.0.0.

Mitigation

6.0.0

References

<https://github.com/auth0/express-jwt/commit/7ecab5f8f0cab5297c2b863596566eb0c019cdef>

<https://github.com/auth0/express-jwt/security/advisories/GHSA-6g6m-m6h5-w9gf>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-15084>

Finding 25: CVE-2022-25881 HTTP-Cache-Semantics 3.8.1 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 1333 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|----------------------|---------|
| http-cache-semantics | 3.8.1 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/http-cache-semantics/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

Description

http-cache-semantics: Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS) vulnerability

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.1.1

This affects versions of the package http-cache-semantics before 4.1.1. The issue can be exploited via malicious request header values sent to a server, when that server reads the cache policy from the request using this library.

Mitigation

4.1.1

References

<https://access.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2023:2655>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-25881>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2165824>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2168631>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2171935>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2172190>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2172204>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2172217>

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2165824

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2168631

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2171935

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2172190

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2172204

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2172217

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2178076

<https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2022-25881>

<https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2022-4904>

<https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2023-23918>

<https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2023-23920>

<https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2023-23936>

<https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2023-24807>

<https://errata.almalinux.org/9/ALSA-2023-2655.html>

<https://errata.rockylinux.org/RLSA-2023:2655>

<https://github.com/kornelski/http-cache-semantics>

<https://github.com/kornelski/http-cache-semantics/blob/master/index.js%23L83>

<https://github.com/kornelski/http-cache-semantics/commit/560b2d8ef452bbbba20ffed69dc155d63ac757b74>

<https://linux.oracle.com/cve/CVE-2022-25881.html>

<https://linux.oracle.com/errata/ELSA-2023-2655.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-25881>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20230622-0008>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20230622-0008/>

<https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSNPM-3253332>

<https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-HTTPCACHESEMANTICS-3248783>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-25881>

Finding 26: CVE-2024-29415 Ip 2.0.1 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 918 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| ip | 2.0.1 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/ip/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

Description

node-ip: Incomplete fix for CVE-2023-42282

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version:

The ip package through 2.0.1 for Node.js might allow SSRF because some IP addresses (such as 127.1, 01200034567, 012.1.2.3, 000:0:0000::01, and ::fFf:127.0.0.1) are improperly categorized as globally routable via isPublic. NOTE: this issue exists because of an incomplete fix for CVE-2023-42282.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-29415>

https://cosmosofcyberspace.github.io/npm_ip_cve/npm_ip_cve.html

<https://github.com/indutny/node-ip>

<https://github.com/indutny/node-ip/issues/150>

<https://github.com/indutny/node-ip/pull/143>

<https://github.com/indutny/node-ip/pull/144>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-29415>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20250117-0010>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20250117-0010/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-29415>

Finding 28: CVE-2022-23539 Jwebtoken 0.1.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 327 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.1.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:N

Description

jsonwebtoken: Unrestricted key type could lead to legacy keys usagen

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 9.0.0

Versions <=8.5.1 of jsonwebtoken library could be misconfigured so that legacy, insecure key types are used for signature verification. For example, DSA keys could be used with the RS256 algorithm. You are affected if you are using an algorithm and a key type other than a combination listed in the GitHub Security Advisory as unaffected.

This issue has been fixed, please update to version 9.0.0. This version validates for asymmetric key type and algorithm combinations. Please refer to the above mentioned algorithm / key type combinations for the valid secure configuration. After updating to version 9.0.0, if you still intend to continue with signing or verifying tokens using invalid key type/algorithm value combinations, you'll need to set the `allowInvalidAsymmetricKeyTypes` option to `true` in the `sign()` and/or `verify()` functions.

Mitigation

9.0.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-23539>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/commit/e1fa9dcc12054a8681db4e6373da1b30cf7016e3>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/security/advisories/GHSA-8cf7-32gw-wr33>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-23539>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-23539>

Finding 33: CVE-2022-23539 Jsonwebtoken 0.4.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 327 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.4.0 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:N

Description

jsonwebtoken: Unrestricted key type could lead to legacy keys usagen

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 9.0.0

Versions <=8.5.1 of jsonwebtoken library could be misconfigured so that legacy, insecure key types are used for signature verification. For example, DSA keys could be used with the RS256 algorithm. You are affected if you are using an algorithm and a key type other than a combination listed in the GitHub Security Advisory as unaffected. This issue has been fixed, please update to version 9.0.0. This version validates for asymmetric key type and algorithm combinations. Please refer to the above mentioned algorithm / key type combinations for the valid secure configuration. After updating to version 9.0.0, if you still intend to continue with signing or verifying tokens using invalid key type/algorithm value combinations, you'll need to set the allowInvalidAsymmetricKeyTypes option to true in the sign() and/or verify() functions.

Mitigation

9.0.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-23539>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/commit/e1fa9dcc12054a8681db4e6373da1b30cf7016e3>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/security/advisories/GHSA-8cf7-32gw-wr33>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-23539>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-23539>

Finding 34: NSWG-ECO-17 Jsonwebtoken 0.4.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.4.0 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

Description

Verification Bypass

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=4.2.2

It is possible for an attacker to bypass verification when "a token digitally signed with an asymmetric key (RS/ES family) of algorithms but instead the attacker send a token digitally signed with a symmetric algorithm (HS* family)" [1]

Mitigation

=4.2.2

References

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries/>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/commit/1bb584bc382295eeb7ee8c4452a673a77a68b687>

<https://www.timmclean.net/2015/02/25/jwt-alg-none.html>

Finding 37: Cve-2016-1000223 JWS 0.2.6 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| jws | 0.2.6 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/jws/package.json |

Description

Forgeable Public/Private Tokens

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=3.0.0

Since "algorithm" isn't enforced in `jws.verify()`, a malicious user could choose what algorithm is sent to the server. If the server is expecting RSA but is sent HMAC-SHA with RSA's public key, the server will think the public key is actually an HMAC private key. This could be used to forge any data an attacker wants.

In addition, there is the none algorithm to be concerned about. In versions prior to 3.0.0, verification of the token could be bypassed when the alg field is set to none.

Edit (7/29/16): A previous version of this advisory incorrectly stated that the vulnerability was patched in version 2.0.0 instead of 3.0.0. The advisory has been updated to reflect this new information. Thanks to Fabien Catteau for reporting the error.

Mitigation

=3.0.0

References

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries>

<https://auth0.com/blog/2015/03/31/critical-vulnerabilities-in-json-web-token-libraries/>

<https://github.com/brianloveswords/node-jws>

<https://github.com/brianloveswords/node-jws/commit/585d0e1e97b6747c10cf5b7689ccc5618a89b299#diff-4ac32a78649ca5bdd8e0ba38b7006a1e>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2016-1000223>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/npm:jws:20160726>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/88>

Finding 38: CVE-2024-34391 Libxmljs 1.0.11 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 843 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| libxmljs | 1.0.11 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/libxmljs/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

Description

libxmljs vulnerable to type confusion when parsing specially crafted XML

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version:

libxmljs is vulnerable to a type confusion vulnerability when parsing a specially crafted XML while invoking a function on the result of `attrs()` that was called on a parsed node. This vulnerability might lead to denial of service (on both 32-bit systems and 64-bit systems), data leak, infinite loop and remote code execution (on 32-bit systems with the `XML_PARSE_HUGE` flag enabled).

References

<https://github.com/libxmljs/libxmljs>

<https://github.com/libxmljs/libxmljs/issues/645>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-34391>

<https://research.jfrog.com/vulnerabilities/libxmljs-attrs-type-confusion-rce-jfsa-2024-001033988>

<https://research.jfrog.com/vulnerabilities/libxmljs-attrs-type-confusion-rce-jfsa-2024-001033988/>

Finding 39: CVE-2024-34392 Libxmljs 1.0.11 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 843 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| libxmljs | 1.0.11 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/libxmljs/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

Description

libxmljs vulnerable to type confusion when parsing specially crafted XML

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version:

libxmljs is vulnerable to a type confusion vulnerability when parsing a specially crafted XML while invoking the `namespaces()` function (which invokes `_wrap__xmlNode_nsDef_get()`) on a grand-child of a node that refers to an entity. This vulnerability can lead to denial of service and remote code execution.

References

<https://github.com/libxmljs/libxmljs>

<https://github.com/libxmljs/libxmljs/issues/646>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-34392>

<https://research.jfrog.com/vulnerabilities/libxmljs-namespaces-type-confusion-rce-jfsa-2024-001034096>

<https://research.jfrog.com/vulnerabilities/libxmljs-namespaces-type-confusion-rce-jfsa-2024-001034096/>

Finding 41: CVE-2018-16487 Lodash 2.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 400 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| lodash | 2.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/node_modules/lodash/package.json |

Description

lodash: Prototype pollution in utilities function

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=4.17.11

A prototype pollution vulnerability was found in lodash <4.17.11 where the functions merge, mergeWith, and defaultsDeep can be tricked into adding or modifying properties of Object.prototype.

Mitigation

=4.17.11

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2018-16487>

<https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-4xc9-xhrj-v574>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/commit/90e6199a161b6445b01454517b40ef65ebcd2ad>

<https://hackerone.com/reports/380873>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2018-16487>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20190919-0004>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20190919-0004/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2018-16487>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/782>

Finding 53: CVE-2022-25887 Sanitize-HTML 1.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 1333 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|---------------|---------|
| sanitize-html | 1.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

Description

sanitize-html: insecure global regular expression replacement logic may lead to ReDoS

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 2.7.1

The package sanitize-html before 2.7.1 are vulnerable to Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS) due to insecure global regular expression replacement logic of HTML comment removal.

Mitigation

2.7.1

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-25887>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/commit/b4682c12fd30e12e82fa2d9b766de91d7d2cd23c>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/pull/557>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-25887>

<https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSNPM-3008102>

<https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-SANITIZEHTML-2957526>

<https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-7464-1>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-25887>

Finding 42: CVE-2021-23337 Lodash 2.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 94 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| lodash | 2.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/node_modules/lodash/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

Description

nodejs-lodash: command injection via template

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.17.21

Lodash versions prior to 4.17.21 are vulnerable to Command Injection via the template function.

Mitigation

4.17.21

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2021-23337>

<https://cert-portal.siemens.com/productcert/pdf/ssa-637483.pdf>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/blob/ddfd9b11a0126db2302cb70ec9973b66baec0975/lodash.js#L14851>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/blob/ddfd9b11a0126db2302cb70ec9973b66baec0975/lodash.js%23L14851>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/commit/3469357cff396a26c363f8c1b5a91dde28ba4b1c>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2021-23337>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20210312-0006>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20210312-0006/>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGFUJIONWEBJARS-1074932>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARS-1074930>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSBOWER-1074928>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSBOWERGITHUBLODASH-1074931>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSNPM-1074929>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-LODASH-1040724>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2021-23337>

<https://www.oracle.com//security-alerts/cpujul2021.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpujan2022.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpujul2022.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpuoct2021.html>

Finding 46: CVE-2020-8203 lodash.set 4.3.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 770 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|------------|---------|
| lodash.set | 4.3.2 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/lodash.set/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:H

Description

nodejs-lodash: prototype pollution in zipObjectDeep function

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version:

Prototype pollution attack when using `_zipObjectDeep` in lodash before 4.17.20.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2020-8203>

<https://github.com/github/advisory-database/pull/2884>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/commit/c84fe82760fb2d3e03a63379b297a1cc1a2fce12>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/issues/4744>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/issues/4874>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/wiki/Changelog#v41719>

<https://hackerone.com/reports/712065>

<https://hackerone.com/reports/864701>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-8203>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20200724-0006>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20200724-0006/>

<https://web.archive.org/web/20210914001339/https://github.com/lodash/lodash/issues/4744>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2020-8203>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/1523>

<https://www.oracle.com//security-alerts/cpujul2021.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpuApr2021.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpuapr2022.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpujan2022.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpuoct2021.html>

Finding 49: CVE-2017-18214 Moment 2.0.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 400 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| moment | 2.0.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/moment/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

Description

nodejs-moment: Regular expression denial of service

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 2.19.3

The moment module before 2.19.3 for Node.js is prone to a regular expression denial of service via a crafted date string, a different vulnerability than CVE-2016-4055.

Mitigation

2.19.3

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2017-18214>

<https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-446m-mv8f-q348>

<https://github.com/moment/moment>

<https://github.com/moment/moment/commit/69ed9d44957fa6ab12b73d2ae29d286a857b80eb>

<https://github.com/moment/moment/issues/4163>

<https://github.com/moment/moment/pull/4326>

<https://nodesecurity.io/advisories/532>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2017-18214>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2017-18214>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/532>

<https://www.tenable.com/security/tns-2019-02>

Finding 50: CVE-2022-24785 Moment 2.0.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 22 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| moment | 2.0.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/moment/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N

Description

Moment.js: Path traversal in moment.locale

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 2.29.2

Moment.js is a JavaScript date library for parsing, validating, manipulating, and formatting dates. A path traversal vulnerability impacts npm (server) users of Moment.js between versions 1.0.1 and 2.29.1, especially if a user-provided locale string is directly used to switch moment locale. This problem is patched in 2.29.2, and the patch can be applied to all affected versions. As a workaround, sanitize the user-provided locale name before passing it to Moment.js.

Mitigation

2.29.2

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-24785>

<https://github.com/moment/moment>

<https://github.com/moment/moment/commit/4211bfc8f15746be4019bba557e29a7ba83d54c5>

<https://github.com/moment/moment/security/advisories/GHSA-8hfj-j24r-96c4>

<https://lists.debian.org/debian-lts-announce/2023/01/msg00035.html>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce%40lists.fedoraproject.org/message/6QIO6YNLTK2T7SPKDS4JEL45FANLNC2Q/>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce%40lists.fedoraproject.org/message/ORJX2LF6KMPIHP6B2P6KZIVKMLE3LVJ5/>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce@lists.fedoraproject.org/message/6QIO6YNLTK2T7SPKDS4JEL45FANLNC2Q>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce@lists.fedoraproject.org/message/ORJX2LF6KMPIHP6B2P6KZIVKMLE3LVJ5>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-24785>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20220513-0006>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20220513-0006/>

<https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-5559-1>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-24785>

<https://www.tenable.com/security/tns-2022-09>

Finding 60: CVE-2024-38355 socket.io 3.1.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 20 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| socket.io | 3.1.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/socket.io/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L

Description

socket.io: Unhandled 'error' event

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 2.5.1, 4.6.2

Socket.IO is an open source, real-time, bidirectional, event-based, communication framework. A specially crafted Socket.IO packet can trigger an uncaught exception on the Socket.IO server, thus killing the Node.js process. This issue is fixed by commit 15af22fc22 which has been included in socket.io@4.6.2 (released in May 2023). The fix was backported in the 2.x branch as well with commit d30630ba10. Users are advised to upgrade. Users unable to upgrade may attach a listener for the "error" event to catch these errors.

Mitigation

2.5.1, 4.6.2

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-38355>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io/commit/15af22fc22bc6030fced322c106f07640336115>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io/commit/d30630ba10562bf987f4d2b42440fc41a828119c>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io/security/advisories/GHSA-25hc-qcg6-38wj>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-38355>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-38355>

<https://www.vicarius.io/vsociety/posts/unhandled-exception-in-socketio-cve-2024-38355>

Finding 61: CVE-2023-32695 socket.io-parser 4.0.5 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 20 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|------------------|---------|
| socket.io-parser | 4.0.5 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/socket.io-parser/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L

Description

socket.io parser is a socket.io encoder and decoder written in JavaScr ...

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.2.3, 3.4.3, 3.3.4

socket.io parser is a socket.io encoder and decoder written in JavaScript complying with version 5 of socket.io-protocol. A specially crafted Socket.IO packet can trigger an uncaught exception on the Socket.IO server, thus killing the Node.js process. A patch has been released in version 4.2.3.

Mitigation

4.2.3, 3.4.3, 3.3.4

References

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io-parser>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io-parser/commit/1c220ddb45ea4b44bc8dbf6f9ae245f672ba1b9>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io-parser/commit/2dc3c92622dad113b8676be06f23b1ed46b02ced>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io-parser/commit/3b78117bf6ba7e99d7a5cfc1ba54d0477554a7f3>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io-parser/commit/ee006607495eca4ec7262ad080dd3a91439a5ba4>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io-parser/releases/tag/4.2.3>

<https://github.com/socketio/socket.io-parser/security/advisories/GHSA-cqmj-92xf-r6r9>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-32695>

Finding 67: CVE-2024-37890 Ws 7.4.6 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 476 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| ws | 7.4.6 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/engine.io/node_modules/ws/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

Description

nodejs-ws: denial of service when handling a request with many HTTP headers

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 5.2.4, 6.2.3, 7.5.10, 8.17.1

ws is an open source WebSocket client and server for Node.js. A request with a number of headers exceeding the server.maxHeadersCount threshold could be used to crash a ws server. The vulnerability was fixed in ws@8.17.1 (e55e510) and backported to ws@7.5.10 (22c2876), ws@6.2.3 (eeb76d3), and ws@5.2.4 (4abd8f6). In

vulnerable versions of ws, the issue can be mitigated in the following ways: 1. Reduce the maximum allowed length of the request headers using the --max-http-header-size=size and/or the maxHeaderSize options so that no more headers than the server.maxHeadersCount limit can be sent. 2. Set server.maxHeadersCount to 0 so that no limit is applied.

Mitigation

5.2.4, 6.2.3, 7.5.10, 8.17.1

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-37890>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws/commit/22c28763234aa75a7e1b76f5c01c181260d7917f>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws/commit/4abd8f6de4b0b65ef80b3ff081989479ed93377e>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws/commit/e55e5106f10fcbaac37cfa89759e4cc0d073a52c>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws/commit/eeb76d313e2a00dd5247ca3597bba7877d064a63>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws/issues/2230>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws/pull/2231>

<https://github.com/websockets/ws/security/advisories/GHSA-3h5v-q93c-6h6q>

<https://nodejs.org/api/http.html#servermaxheaderscount>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-37890>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-37890>

Finding 68: Secret Detected in /juice-shop/build/lib/insecurity.js - Asymmetric Private Key secret

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| High | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Line Number |
|-------------|
| 47 |

| File Path |
|-------------------------------------|
| /juice-shop/build/lib/insecurity.js |

Description

Asymmetric Private Key

Category: AsymmetricPrivateKey

Match: ----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----

*****-----
END RSA PRIVATE

Medium

Finding 14: CVE-2024-13176 Libssl3 3.0.15-1~deb12u1 ^{debian os-pkgs}

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 385 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|------------------|
| libssl3 | 3.0.15-1~deb12u1 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

openssl: Timing side-channel in ECDSA signature computation

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

Issue summary: A timing side-channel which could potentially allow recovering the private key exists in the ECDSA signature computation.

Impact summary: A timing side-channel in ECDSA signature computations could allow recovering the private key by an attacker. However, measuring the timing would require either local access to the signing application or a very fast network connection with low latency.

There is a timing signal of around 300 nanoseconds when the top word of the inverted ECDSA nonce value is zero. This can happen with significant probability only for some of the supported elliptic curves. In particular the NIST P-521 curve is affected. To be able to measure this leak, the attacker process must either be located in the same physical computer or must have a very fast network connection with low latency. For that reason the severity of this vulnerability is Low.

The FIPS modules in 3.4, 3.3, 3.2, 3.1 and 3.0 are affected by this issue.

References

<http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2025/01/20/2>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-13176>

<https://github.com/openssl/openssl/commit/07272b05b04836a762b4baa874958af51d513844>

<https://github.com/openssl/openssl/commit/2af62e74fb59bc469506bc37eb2990ea408d9467>

<https://github.com/openssl/openssl/commit/392dcb336405a0c94486aa6655057f59fd3a0902>

<https://github.com/openssl/openssl/commit/4b1cb94a734a7d4ec363ac0a215a25c181e11f65>

<https://github.com/openssl/openssl/commit/77c608f4c8857e63e98e66444e2e761c9627916f>

<https://github.com/openssl/openssl/commit/0d5fd1ab987f7571e2c955d8d8b638fc0fb54ded>

<https://github.com/openssl/openssl/commit/a2639000db19878d5d89586ae7b725080592ae86>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-13176>

<https://openssl-library.org/news/secadv/20250120.txt>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20250124-0005/>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20250418-0010/>

<https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-7264-1>

<https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-7278-1>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-13176>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpuapr2025.html#AppendixMSQL>

Finding 35: CVE-2022-23540 Jsonwebtoken 0.4.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 287 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.4.0 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:H/A:L

Description

jsonwebtoken: Insecure default algorithm in jwt.verify() could lead to signature validation bypass

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 9.0.0

In versions <=8.5.1 of jsonwebtoken library, lack of algorithm definition in the jwt.verify() function can lead to signature validation bypass due to defaulting to the none algorithm for signature verification. Users are affected if you do not specify algorithms in the jwt.verify() function. This issue has been fixed, please update to version 9.0.0 which removes the default support for the none algorithm in the jwt.verify() method. There will be no impact, if you update to version 9.0.0 and you don't need to allow for the none algorithm. If you need 'none' algorithm, you have to explicitly specify that in jwt.verify() options.

Mitigation

9.0.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-23540>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/commit/e1fa9dcc12054a8681db4e6373da1b30cf7016e3>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/security/advisories/GHSA-qwph-4952-7xr6>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-23540>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-23540>

Finding 55: CVE-2017-16016 Sanitize-HTML 1.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 79 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|---------------|---------|
| sanitize-html | 1.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/package.json |

Description

Cross-Site Scripting in sanitize-html

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 1.11.4

Sanitize-html is a library for scrubbing html input of malicious values. Versions 1.11.1 and below are vulnerable to cross site scripting (XSS) in certain scenarios: If allowed at least one nonTextTags, the result is a potential XSS vulnerability.

Mitigation

1.11.4

References

<https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-xc6g-ggrc-qq4r>

<https://github.com/punkave/sanitize-html/commit/5d205a1005ba0df80e21d8c64a15bb3accdb2403>

[https://github.com/punkave/sanitize-html/commit/5d205a1005ba0df80e21d8c64a15bb3accdb2403\)\)\)](https://github.com/punkave/sanitize-html/commit/5d205a1005ba0df80e21d8c64a15bb3accdb2403))))

<https://github.com/punkave/sanitize-html/issues/100>

<https://nodesecurity.io/advisories/154>

<https://npmjs.com/package/sanitize-html#discarding-the-entire-contents-of-a-disallowed-tag>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2017-16016>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/154>

Finding 57: CVE-2021-26540 Sanitize-HTML 1.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|---------------|---------|
| sanitize-html | 1.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N

Description

sanitize-html: improper validation of hostnames set by the "allowedIframeHostnames" option can lead to bypass hostname whitelist for iframe element

Target: Node.js**Type:** node-pkg**Fixed version:** 2.3.2

Apostrophe Technologies sanitize-html before 2.3.2 does not properly validate the hostnames set by the "allowedIframeHostnames" option when the "allowIframeRelativeUrls" is set to true, which allows attackers to bypass hostname whitelist for iframe element, related using an src value that starts with "/example.com".

Mitigation

2.3.2

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2021-26540><https://advisory.checkmarx.net/advisory/CX-2021-4309><https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/blob/main/CHANGELOG.md#232-2021-01-26>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/pull/460>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2021-26540>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2021-26540>

Finding 36: CVE-2022-23541 Jsonwebtoken 0.4.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 287 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.4.0 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L

Description

jsonwebtoken: Insecure implementation of key retrieval function could lead to Forgeable Public/Private Tokens from RSA to HMAC

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 9.0.0

jsonwebtoken is an implementation of JSON Web Tokens. Versions <= 8.5.1 of jsonwebtoken library can be misconfigured so that passing a poorly implemented key retrieval function referring to the secretOrPublicKey argument from the readme link will result in incorrect verification of tokens. There is a possibility of using a different algorithm and key combination in verification, other than the one that was used to sign the tokens. Specifically, tokens signed with an asymmetric public key could be verified with a symmetric HS256 algorithm. This can lead to successful validation of forged tokens. If your application is supporting usage of both symmetric key and asymmetric key in jwt.verify() implementation with the same key retrieval function. This issue has been patched, please update to version 9.0.0.

Mitigation

9.0.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-23541>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/commit/e1fa9dcc12054a8681db4e6373da1b30cf7016e3>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/releases/tag/v9.0.0>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/security/advisories/GHSA-hjrf-2m68-5959>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-23541>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-23541>

Finding 51: CVE-2016-4055 Moment 2.0.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 400 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| moment | 2.0.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/moment/package.json |

Description

moment.js: regular expression denial of service

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=2.11.2

The duration function in the moment package before 2.11.2 for Node.js allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption) via a long string, aka a "regular expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)."

Mitigation

=2.11.2

References

<http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2016/04/20/11>

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/security-advisory/cpujul2018-4258247.html>

<http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/95849>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2016-4055>

<https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-87vv-r9j6-g5qv>

<https://github.com/moment/moment>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/10f0f3aefd51444d1198c65f44ffdf2d78ca3359423dbc1c168c9731%40%3Cdev.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/10f0f3aefd51444d1198c65f44ffdf2d78ca3359423dbc1c168c9731@%3Cdev.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/17ff53f7999e74fbc3cc0ceb4e1c3b00b180b7c5afec8e978837bc49%40%3Cuser.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/17ff53f7999e74fbc3cc0ceb4e1c3b00b180b7c5afec8e978837bc49@%3Cuser.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/52bafac05ad174000ea465fe275fd3cc7bd5c25535a7631c0bc9bfb2%40%3Cuser.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/52bafac05ad174000ea465fe275fd3cc7bd5c25535a7631c0bc9bfb2@%3Cuser.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/54df3aeb4239b64b50b356f0ca6f986e3c4ca5b84c515dce077c7854%40%3Cuser.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://lists.apache.org/thread.html/54df3aeb4239b64b50b356f0ca6f986e3c4ca5b84c515dce077c7854@%3Cuser.flink.apache.org%3E>

<https://nodesecurity.io/advisories/55>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2016-4055>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2016-4055>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/55>

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Regular_expression_Denial_of_Service_-_ReDoS

<https://www.tenable.com/security/tns-2019-02>

Finding 58: CVE-2024-21501 Sanitize-HTML 1.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 200 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|---------------|---------|
| sanitize-html | 1.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N

Description

sanitize-html: Information Exposure when used on the backend

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 2.12.1

Versions of the package sanitize-html before 2.12.1 are vulnerable to Information Exposure when used on the

backend and with the style attribute allowed, allowing enumeration of files in the system (including project dependencies). An attacker could exploit this vulnerability to gather details about the file system structure and dependencies of the targeted server.

Mitigation

2.12.1

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-21501>

<https://gist.github.com/Slonser/8b4d061abe6ee1b2e10c7242987674cf>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/apostrophe/discussions/4436>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/commit/c5dbdf77fe8b836d3bf4554ea39edb45281ec0b4>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/pull/650>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce@lists.fedoraproject.org/message/4EB5JPYRCTS64EA5AMV3INHDPi6I4AW7>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce@lists.fedoraproject.org/message/4EB5JPYRCTS64EA5AMV3INHDPi6I4AW7/>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce@lists.fedoraproject.org/message/P4I5X6V3LYUNBMZ5YOW4BV427TH3IK4S>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce@lists.fedoraproject.org/message/P4I5X6V3LYUNBMZ5YOW4BV427TH3IK4S/>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-21501>

<https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSNPM-6276557>

<https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-SANITIZEHTML-6256334>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-21501>

Finding 59: NSWG-ECO-154 Sanitize-HTML 1.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|---------------|---------|
| sanitize-html | 1.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/package.json |

Description

Cross Site Scripting

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=1.11.4

Sanitize-html is a library for scrubbing html input of malicious values.

Versions 1.11.1 and below are vulnerable to cross site scripting (XSS) in certain scenarios:

If allowed at least one nonTextTags, the result is a potential XSS vulnerability.

PoC:

```
var sanitizeHtml = require('sanitize-html');

var dirty = '<textarea>&lt;/textarea&gt;<svg/onload=prompt`xs`&gt;</textarea>!';
var clean = sanitizeHtml(dirty, {
  allowedTags: [ 'textarea' ]
});

console.log(clean);

// <textarea></textarea><svg/onload=prompt`xs`></textarea>!
```

Mitigation

=1.11.4

References

<https://github.com/punkave/sanitize-html/commit/5d205a1005ba0df80e21d8c64a15bb3accdb2403>

<https://github.com/punkave/sanitize-html/issues/100>

Finding 66: CVE-2023-32313 Vm2 3.9.17 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 74 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| vm2 | 3.9.17 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/vm2/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N

Description

vm2: Inspect Manipulation

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 3.9.18

vm2 is a sandbox that can run untrusted code with Node's built-in modules. In versions 3.9.17 and lower of vm2 it was possible to get a read-write reference to the node inspect method and edit options for console.log. As a result a threat actor can edit options for the console.log command. This vulnerability was patched in the release of version 3.9.18 of vm2. Users are advised to upgrade. Users unable to upgrade may make the inspect method readonly with vm.readonly(inspect) after creating a vm.

Mitigation

3.9.18

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-32313>

<https://gist.github.com/arkark/clc57eaf3e0a649af1a70c2b93b17550>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/commit/5206ba25afd86ef547a2c9d48d46ca7a9e6ec238>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/releases/tag/3.9.18>

<https://github.com/patriksimek/vm2/security/advisories/GHSA-p5gc-c584-jj6v>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-32313>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-32313>

Finding 52: CVE-2021-23771 Notevil 1.3.3 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 1321 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| notevil | 1.3.3 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/notevil/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N

Description

Sandbox escape in notevil and argencoders-notevil

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version:

This affects all versions of package notevil; all versions of package argencoders-notevil. It is vulnerable to Sandbox Escape leading to Prototype pollution. The package fails to restrict access to the main context, allowing an attacker to add or modify an object's prototype. **Note:** This vulnerability derives from an incomplete fix in [SNYK-JS-NOTEVIL-608878](#).

References

<https://github.com/mmckegg/notevil>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2021-23771>

<https://snypk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-ARGENCODERSNOTEVIL-2388587>

<https://snypk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-NOTEVIL-2385946>

Finding 54: CVE-2016-1000237 Sanitize-HTML 1.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 79 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|---------------|---------|
| sanitize-html | 1.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/package.json |

Description

XSS - Sanitization not applied recursively

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=1.4.3

sanitize-html before 1.4.3 has XSS.

Mitigation

=1.4.3

References

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/commit/762fbc7bba389f3f789cc291c1eb2b64f60f2caf>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/issues/29>

<https://github.com/punkave/sanitize-html/issues/29>

<https://nodesecurity.io/advisories/135>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2016-1000237>

<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/distributedweaknessfiling/cvelist/master/2016/1000xxx/CVE-2016-1000237.json>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/135>

Finding 62: CVE-2024-28863 Tar 4.4.19 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 400 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| tar | 4.4.19 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/node-pre-gyp/node_modules/tar/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

Description

node-tar: denial of service while parsing a tar file due to lack of folders depth validation

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 6.2.1

node-tar is a Tar for Node.js. node-tar prior to version 6.2.1 has no limit on the number of sub-folders created in the folder creation process. An attacker who generates a large number of sub-folders can consume memory on the system running node-tar and even crash the Node.js client within few seconds of running it using a path with too many sub-folders inside. Version 6.2.1 fixes this issue by preventing extraction in excessively deep sub-folders.

Mitigation

6.2.1

References

<https://access.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2024:6147>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-28863>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2293200>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2296417>

<https://errata.almalinux.org/9/ALSA-2024-6147.html>

<https://github.com/isaacs/node-tar>

<https://github.com/isaacs/node-tar/commit/fe8cd57da5686f8695415414bda49206a545f7f7>

<https://github.com/isaacs/node-tar/commit/fe8cd57da5686f8695415414bda49206a545f7f7> (v6.2.1)

<https://github.com/isaacs/node-tar/security/advisories/GHSA-f5x3-32g6-xq36>

<https://linux.oracle.com/cve/CVE-2024-28863.html>

<https://linux.oracle.com/errata/ELSA-2024-6148.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-28863>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240524-0005>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240524-0005/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-28863>

Finding 18: GHSA-rvg8-pwq2-xj7q Base64url 0.0.6 ^{lang-pkgs node-pkg}

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| base64url | 0.0.6 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/base64url/package.json |

Description

Out-of-bounds Read in base64url

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 3.0.0

Versions of base64url before 3.0.0 are vulnerable to to out-of-bounds reads as it allocates uninitialized Buffers when number is passed in input on Node.js 4.x and below.

Recommendation

Update to version 3.0.0 or later.

Mitigation

3.0.0

References

<https://github.com/brianloveswords/base64url>

<https://github.com/brianloveswords/base64url/commit/4fbd954a0a69e9d898de2146557cc6e893e79542>

<https://github.com/brianloveswords/base64url/pull/25>

<https://hackerone.com/reports/321687>

Finding 43: CVE-2019-1010266 Lodash 2.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 400 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| lodash | 2.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/node_modules/lodash/package.json |

Description

lodash: uncontrolled resource consumption in Data handler causing denial of service

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.17.11

lodash prior to 4.17.11 is affected by: CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption. The impact is: Denial of service. The component is: Date handler. The attack vector is: Attacker provides very long strings, which the library attempts to match using a regular expression. The fixed version is: 4.17.11.

Mitigation

4.17.11

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2019-1010266>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/commit/5c08f18d365b64063bfbfa686cbb97cdd6267347>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/issues/3359>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/wiki/Changelog>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2019-1010266>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20190919-0004>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20190919-0004/>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-LODASH-73639>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2019-1010266>

Finding 44: CVE-2020-28500 Lodash 2.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| lodash | 2.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/node_modules/lodash/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L

Description

nodejs-lodash: ReDoS via the toNumber, trim and trimEnd functions

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.17.21

Lodash versions prior to 4.17.21 are vulnerable to Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS) via the toNumber, trim and trimEnd functions.

Mitigation

4.17.21

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2020-28500>

<https://cert-portal.siemens.com/productcert/pdf/ssa-637483.pdf>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/blob/npm/trimEnd.js#L8>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/blob/npm/trimEnd.js%23L8>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/commit/c4847ebe7d14540bb28a8b932a9ce1b9ecbfee1a>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/pull/5065>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/pull/5065/commits/02906b8191d3c100c193fe6f7b27d1c40f200bb7>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-28500>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20210312-0006>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20210312-0006/>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGFUJIONWEBJARS-1074896>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARS-1074894>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSBOWER-1074892>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSBOWERGITHUBLODASH-1074895>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-ORGWEBJARSNPM-1074893>

<https://snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JS-LODASH-1018905>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2020-28500>

<https://www.oracle.com//security-alerts/cpujul2021.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpujan2022.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpujul2022.html>

<https://www.oracle.com/security-alerts/cpuoct2021.html>

Finding 30: CVE-2022-23540 Jsonwebtoken 0.1.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 287 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.1.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:H/A:L

Description

jsonwebtoken: Insecure default algorithm in jwt.verify() could lead to signature validation bypass

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 9.0.0

In versions <=8.5.1 of jsonwebtoken library, lack of algorithm definition in the jwt.verify() function can lead to signature validation bypass due to defaulting to the none algorithm for signature verification. Users are affected if you do not specify algorithms in the jwt.verify() function. This issue has been fixed, please update to version 9.0.0 which removes the default support for the none algorithm in the jwt.verify() method. There will be no impact, if you update to version 9.0.0 and you don't need to allow for the none algorithm. If you need 'none' algorithm, you have to explicitly specify that in jwt.verify() options.

Mitigation

9.0.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-23540>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/commit/e1fa9dcc12054a8681db4e6373da1b30cf7016e3>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/security/advisories/GHSA-qwph-4952-7xr6>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-23540>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-23540>

Finding 22: CVE-2022-41940 engine.io 4.1.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 248 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| engine.io | 4.1.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/engine.io/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

Description

engine.io: Specially crafted HTTP request can trigger an uncaught exception

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 3.6.1, 6.2.1

Engine.IO is the implementation of transport-based cross-browser/cross-device bi-directional communication layer for Socket.IO. A specially crafted HTTP request can trigger an uncaught exception on the Engine.IO server, thus killing the Node.js process. This impacts all the users of the engine.io package, including those who uses depending packages like socket.io. There is no known workaround except upgrading to a safe version. There are

patches for this issue released in versions 3.6.1 and 6.2.1.

Mitigation

3.6.1, 6.2.1

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-41940>

<https://github.com/socketio/engine.io>

<https://github.com/socketio/engine.io/commit/425e833ab13373edf1dd5a0706f07100db14e3c6>

<https://github.com/socketio/engine.io/commit/83c4071af871fc188298d7d591e95670bf9f9085>

<https://github.com/socketio/engine.io/security/advisories/GHSA-r7qp-cfhv-p84w>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-41940>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-41940>

Finding 24: CVE-2022-33987 Got 8.3.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| got | 8.3.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/got/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N

Description

nodejs-got: missing verification of requested URLs allows redirects to UNIX sockets

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 12.1.0, 11.8.5

The got package before 12.1.0 (also fixed in 11.8.5) for Node.js allows a redirect to a UNIX socket.

Mitigation

12.1.0, 11.8.5

References

<https://access.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2022:6595>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-33987>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/1907444>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/1945459>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/1964461>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2007557>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2098556>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2102001>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2105422>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2105426>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2105428>

<https://bugzilla.redhat.com/2105430>

<https://errata.almalinux.org/9/ALSA-2022-6595.html>

<https://github.com/sindresorhus/got>

<https://github.com/sindresorhus/got/commit/861ccd9ac2237df762a9e2beed7edd88c60782dc>

<https://github.com/sindresorhus/got/compare/v12.0.3...v12.1.0>

<https://github.com/sindresorhus/got/pull/2047>

<https://github.com/sindresorhus/got/releases/tag/v11.8.5>

<https://github.com/sindresorhus/got/releases/tag/v12.1.0>

<https://linux.oracle.com/cve/CVE-2022-33987.html>

<https://linux.oracle.com/errata/ELSA-2022-6595.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-33987>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-33987>

Finding 48: CVE-2024-4067 Micromatch 3.1.10 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 1333 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|------------|---------|
| micromatch | 3.1.10 |

| File Path |
|---|
| juice-shop/node_modules/micromatch/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L

Description

micromatch: vulnerable to Regular Expression Denial of Service

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 4.0.8

The NPM package micromatch prior to 4.0.8 is vulnerable to Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS). The vulnerability occurs in micromatch.braces() in index.js because the pattern .* will greedily match anything. By passing a malicious payload, the pattern matching will keep backtracking to the input while it doesn't find the closing bracket. As the input size increases, the consumption time will also increase until it causes the application to hang or slow down. There was a merged fix but further testing shows the issue persists. This issue should be mitigated by using a safe pattern that won't start backtracking the regular expression due to greedy matching.

This issue was fixed in version 4.0.8.

Mitigation

4.0.8

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-4067>

<https://advisory.checkmarx.net/advisory/CVE-2024-4067>

<https://advisory.checkmarx.net/advisory/CVE-2024-4067/>

<https://devhub.checkmarx.com/cve-details/CVE-2024-4067>

<https://devhub.checkmarx.com/cve-details/CVE-2024-4067/>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch/blob/2c56a8604b68c1099e7bc0f807ce0865a339747a/index.js#L448>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch/commit/03aa8052171e878897eee5d7bb2ae0ae83ec2ade>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch/commit/500d5d6f42f0e8dfa1cb5464c6cb420b1b6aaaa0>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch/issues/243>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch/pull/247>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch/pull/266>

<https://github.com/micromatch/micromatch/releases/tag/4.0.8>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-4067>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-4067>

Finding 31: CVE-2022-23541 Jsonwebtoken 0.1.0 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 287 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|--------------|---------|
| jsonwebtoken | 0.1.0 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/express-jwt/node_modules/jsonwebtoken/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L

Description

jsonwebtoken: Insecure implementation of key retrieval function could lead to Forgeable Public/Private Tokens from RSA to HMAC

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 9.0.0

jsonwebtoken is an implementation of JSON Web Tokens. Versions <= 8.5.1 of jsonwebtoken library can be misconfigured so that passing a poorly implemented key retrieval function referring to the secretOrPublicKey argument from the readme link will result in incorrect verification of tokens. There is a possibility of using a different algorithm and key combination in verification, other than the one that was used to sign the tokens. Specifically, tokens signed with an asymmetric public key could be verified with a symmetric HS256 algorithm. This can lead to successful validation of forged tokens. If your application is supporting usage of both symmetric key and asymmetric key in jwt.verify() implementation with the same key retrieval function. This issue has been patched, please update to version 9.0.0.

Mitigation

9.0.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-23541>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/commit/e1fa9dcc12054a8681db4e6373da1b30cf7016e3>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jwebtoken/releases/tag/v9.0.0>

<https://github.com/auth0/node-jsonwebtoken/security/advisories/GHSA-hjrf-2m68-5959>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-23541>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20240621-0007/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-23541>

Finding 56: CVE-2021-26539 Sanitize-HTML 1.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Medium | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|---------------|---------|
| sanitize-html | 1.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/package.json |

CVSS v3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N

Description

sanitize-html: improper handling of internationalized domain name (IDN) can lead to bypass hostname whitelist validation

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 2.3.1

Apostrophe Technologies sanitize-html before 2.3.1 does not properly handle internationalized domain name (IDN) which could allow an attacker to bypass hostname whitelist validation set by the "allowedIframeHostnames" option.

Mitigation

2.3.1

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2021-26539>

<https://advisory.checkmarx.net/advisory/CX-2021-4308>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/blob/main/CHANGELOG.md#231-2021-01-22>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/commit/bdf7836ef8f0e5b21f9a1aab0623ae8fcd09c1da>

<https://github.com/apostrophecms/sanitize-html/pull/458>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2021-26539>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2021-26539>

Low

Finding 2: CVE-2023-4039 GCC-12-Base 12.2.0-14 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 693 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-------------|-----------|
| gcc-12-base | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

gcc: -fstack-protector fails to guard dynamic stack allocations on ARM64

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

DISPUTEDA failure in the -fstack-protector feature in GCC-based toolchains

that target AArch64 allows an attacker to exploit an existing buffer overflow in dynamically-sized local variables in your application without this being detected. This stack-protector failure only applies to C99-style dynamically-sized local variables or those created using `alloca()`. The stack-protector operates as intended for statically-sized local variables.

The default behavior when the stack-protector detects an overflow is to terminate your application, resulting in controlled loss of availability. An attacker who can exploit a buffer overflow without triggering the stack-protector might be able to change program flow control to cause an uncontrolled loss of availability or to go further and affect confidentiality or integrity. NOTE: The GCC project argues that this is a missed hardening bug and not a vulnerability by itself.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://developer.arm.com/Arm%20Security%20Center/GCC%20Stack%20Protector%20Vulnerability%20AArch64>

https://gcc.gnu.org/git/?p=gcc.git;a=blob_plain;f=SECURITY.txt

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2023-October/634066.html>

<https://github.com/metaredteam/external-disclosures/security/advisories/GHSA-x7ch-h5rf-w2mf>

<https://inbox.sourceware.org/gcc-patches/46cfa37b-56eb-344d-0745-e0d35393392d@gotpl.t.org>

<https://linux.oracle.com/cve/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://linux.oracle.com/errata/ELSA-2023-28766.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://rtx.meta.security/mitigation/2023/09/12/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-4039>

Finding 45: CVE-2018-3721 Lodash 2.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 471 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| lodash | 2.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/sanitize-html/node_modules/lodash/package.json |

Description

lodash: Prototype pollution in utilities function

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: >=4.17.5

lodash node module before 4.17.5 suffers from a Modification of Assumed-Immutable Data (MAID) vulnerability via defaultsDeep, merge, and mergeWith functions, which allows a malicious user to modify the prototype of "Object" via **proto**, causing the addition or modification of an existing property that will exist on all objects.

Mitigation

=4.17.5

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2018-3721>

<https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-fvqr-27wr-82fm>

<https://github.com/lodash/lodash/commit/d8e069cc3410082e44eb18fcf8e7f3d08ebe1d4a>

<https://hackerone.com/reports/310443>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2018-3721>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20190919-0004>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20190919-0004/>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2018-3721>

<https://www.npmjs.com/advisories/577>

Finding 13: CVE-2023-4039 Libgomp1 12.2.0-14 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 693 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------|
| libgomp1 | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

gcc: -fstack-protector fails to guard dynamic stack allocations on ARM64

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

DISPUTEDA failure in the -fstack-protector feature in GCC-based toolchains

that target AArch64 allows an attacker to exploit an existing buffer

overflow in dynamically-sized local variables in your application without this being detected. This stack-protector failure only applies to C99-style dynamically-sized local variables or those created using `alloca()`. The stack-protector operates as intended for statically-sized local variables.

The default behavior when the stack-protector detects an overflow is to terminate your application, resulting in controlled loss of availability. An attacker who can exploit a buffer overflow without triggering the stack-protector might be able to change program flow control to cause an uncontrolled loss of availability or to go further and affect confidentiality or integrity. NOTE: The GCC project argues that this is a missed hardening bug and not a vulnerability by itself.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://developer.arm.com/Arm%20Security%20Center/GCC%20Stack%20Protector%20Vulnerability%20AArch64>

https://gcc.gnu.org/git/?p=gcc.git;a=blob_plain;f=SECURITY.txt

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2023-October/634066.html>

<https://github.com/metaredteam/external-disclosures/security/advisories/GHSA-x7ch-h5rf-w2mf>

<https://inbox.sourceware.org/gcc-patches/46cfa37b-56eb-344d-0745-e0d35393392d@gotplt.org>

<https://linux.oracle.com/cve/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://linux.oracle.com/errata/ELSA-2023-28766.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://rtx.meta.security/mitigation/2023/09/12/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-4039>

Finding 15: CVE-2022-27943 Libstdc++6 12.2.0-14 ^{debian os-pkgs}

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 674 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|------------|-----------|
| libstdc++6 | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

binutils: libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack exhaustion in demangle_const

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack consumption in demangle_const, as demonstrated by nm-new.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-27943>

https://gcc.gnu.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=105039

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=1a770b01ef415e114164b6151d1e55acdee09371>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=9234cdca6ee88badfc00297e72f13dac4e540c79>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=fc968115a742d9e4674d9725ce9c2106b91b6ead>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2022-March/592244.html>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce%40lists.fedoraproject.org/message/H424YXGW7OKXS2NCAP35OP6Y4P4AW6VG/>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-27943>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=28995

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-27943>

Finding 16: CVE-2023-4039 Libstdc++6 12.2.0-14 ^{debian os-pkgs}

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 693 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|------------|-----------|
| libstdc++6 | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

gcc: -fstack-protector fails to guard dynamic stack allocations on ARM64

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

DISPUTEDA failure in the -fstack-protector feature in GCC-based toolchains

that target AArch64 allows an attacker to exploit an existing buffer

overflow in dynamically-sized local variables in your application

without this being detected. This stack-protector failure only applies

to C99-style dynamically-sized local variables or those created using

alloca(). The stack-protector operates as intended for statically-sized

local variables.

The default behavior when the stack-protector detects an overflow is to terminate your application, resulting in controlled loss of availability. An attacker who can exploit a buffer overflow without triggering the stack-protector might be able to change program flow control to cause an uncontrolled loss of availability or to go further and affect confidentiality or integrity. NOTE: The GCC project argues that this is a missed hardening bug and not a vulnerability by itself.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://developer.arm.com/Arm%20Security%20Center/GCC%20Stack%20Protector%20Vulnerability%20AArch64>

https://gcc.gnu.org/git/?p=gcc.git;a=blob_plain;f=SECURITY.txt

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2023-October/634066.html>

<https://github.com/metaredteam/external-disclosures/security/advisories/GHSA-x7ch-h5rf-w2mf>

<https://inbox.sourceware.org/gcc-patches/46cfa37b-56eb-344d-0745-e0d35393392d@gotpl.t.org>

<https://linux.oracle.com/cve/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://linux.oracle.com/errata/ELSA-2023-28766.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://rtx.meta.security/mitigation/2023/09/12/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-4039>

Finding 7: CVE-2019-1010024 Libc6 2.36-9+deb12u10 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 200 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------------|
| libc6 | 2.36-9+deb12u10 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

glibc: ASLR bypass using cache of thread stack and heap

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

GNU Libc current is affected by: Mitigation bypass. The impact is: Attacker may bypass ASLR using cache of thread stack and heap. The component is: glibc. NOTE: Upstream comments indicate "this is being treated as a non-security bug and no real threat.

References

<http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/109162>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2019-1010024>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2019-1010024>

<https://security-tracker.debian.org/tracker/CVE-2019-1010024>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=22852

<https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K06046097>

https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K06046097?utm_source=f5support&utm_medium=RSS

<https://ubuntu.com/security/CVE-2019-1010024>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2019-1010024>

Finding 3: CVE-2010-4756 Libc6 2.36-9+deb12u10 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 399 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------------|
| libc6 | 2.36-9+deb12u10 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

glibc: glob implementation can cause excessive CPU and memory consumption due to crafted glob expressions

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

The glob implementation in the GNU C Library (aka glibc or libc6) allows remote authenticated users to cause a denial of service (CPU and memory consumption) via crafted glob expressions that do not match any pathnames, as demonstrated by glob expressions in STAT commands to an FTP daemon, a different vulnerability than CVE-2010-2632.

References

<http://cxib.net/stuff/glob-0day.c>

http://securityreason.com/achievement_securityalert/89

<http://securityreason.com/exploitalert/9223>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2010-4756>

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=681681

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=CVE-2010-4756

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2010-4756>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2010-4756>

Finding 4: CVE-2018-20796 Libc6 2.36-9+deb12u10 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 674 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------------|
| libc6 | 2.36-9+deb12u10 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

glibc: uncontrolled recursion in function check_dst_limits_calc_pos_1 in posix/regexec.c

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

In the GNU C Library (aka glibc or libc6) through 2.29, check_dst_limits_calc_pos_1 in posix/regexec.c has Uncontrolled Recursion, as demonstrated by '(\227)(\1\1|t1|\2537)+' in grep.

References

<http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/107160>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2018-20796>

<https://debbugs.gnu.org/cgi/bugreport.cgi?bug=34141>

<https://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/bug-gnulib/2019-01/msg00108.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2018-20796>

<https://security.netapp.com/advisory/ntap-20190315-0002/>

https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K26346590?utm_source=f5support&utm_medium=RSS

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2018-20796>

Finding 10: CVE-2022-27943 Libgcc-S1 12.2.0-14 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 674 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------|
| libgcc-s1 | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

binutils: libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack exhaustion in demangle_const

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack consumption in demangle_const, as demonstrated by nm-new.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-27943>

https://gcc.gnu.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=105039

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=1a770b01ef415e114164b6151d1e55acdee09371>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=9234cdca6ee88badfc00297e72f13dac4e540c79>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=fc968115a742d9e4674d9725ce9c2106b91b6ead>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2022-March/592244.html>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce%40lists.fedoraproject.org/message/>

H424YXGW70KXS2NCAP35OP6Y4P4AW6VG/

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-27943>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=28995

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-27943>

Finding 20: CVE-2024-47764 Cookie 0.4.2 lang-pkgs node-pkg

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 74 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|---------|
| cookie | 0.4.2 |

| File Path |
|--|
| juice-shop/node_modules/engine.io/node_modules/cookie/package.json |

Description

cookie: cookie accepts cookie name, path, and domain with out of bounds characters

Target: Node.js

Type: node-pkg

Fixed version: 0.7.0

cookie is a basic HTTP cookie parser and serializer for HTTP servers. The cookie name could be used to set other fields of the cookie, resulting in an unexpected cookie value. A similar escape can be used for path and domain, which could be abused to alter other fields of the cookie. Upgrade to 0.7.0, which updates the validation for name, path, and domain.

Mitigation

0.7.0

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-47764>

<https://github.com/jshttp/cookie>

<https://github.com/jshttp/cookie/commit/e10042845354fea83bd8f34af72475eed1dadf5c>

<https://github.com/jshttp/cookie/pull/167>

<https://github.com/jshttp/cookie/security/advisories/GHSA-pxg6-pf52-xh8x>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-47764>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2024-47764>

Finding 6: CVE-2019-1010023 Libc6 2.36-9+deb12u10 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------------|
| libc6 | 2.36-9+deb12u10 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

glibc: running ldd on malicious ELF leads to code execution because of wrong size computation

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

GNU Libc current is affected by: Re-mapping current loaded library with malicious ELF file. The impact is: In worst case attacker may evaluate privileges. The component is: libld. The attack vector is: Attacker sends 2 ELF files to victim and asks to run ldd on it. ldd execute code. NOTE: Upstream comments indicate "this is being treated as a non-security bug and no real threat.

References

<http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/109167>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2019-1010023>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2019-1010023>

<https://security-tracker.debian.org/tracker/CVE-2019-1010023>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=22851

https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K11932200?utm_source=f5support&utm_medium=RSS

<https://ubuntu.com/security/CVE-2019-1010023>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2019-1010023>

Finding 1: CVE-2022-27943 GCC-12-Base 12.2.0-14 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 674 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-------------|-----------|
| gcc-12-base | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

binutils: libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack exhaustion in demangle_const

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack consumption in demangle_const, as demonstrated by nm-new.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-27943>

https://gcc.gnu.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=105039

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=1a770b01ef415e114164b6151d1e55acdee09371>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=9234cdca6ee88badfc00297e72f13dac4e540c79>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=fc968115a742d9e4674d9725ce9c2106b91b6ead>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2022-March/592244.html>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce%40lists.fedoraproject.org/message/H424YXGW7OKXS2NCAP35OP6Y4P4AW6VG/>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-27943>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=28995

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-27943>

Finding 5: CVE-2019-1010022 Libc6 2.36-9+deb12u10 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 119 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------------|
| libc6 | 2.36-9+deb12u10 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

glibc: stack guard protection bypass

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

GNU Libc current is affected by: Mitigation bypass. The impact is: Attacker may bypass stack guard protection. The component is: nptl. The attack vector is: Exploit stack buffer overflow vulnerability and use this bypass

vulnerability to bypass stack guard. NOTE: Upstream comments indicate "this is being treated as a non-security bug and no real threat.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2019-1010022>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2019-1010022>

<https://security-tracker.debian.org/tracker/CVE-2019-1010022>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=22850

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=22850#c3

<https://ubuntu.com/security/CVE-2019-1010022>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2019-1010022>

Finding 8: CVE-2019-1010025 Libc6 2.36-9+deb12u10 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 330 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------------|
| libc6 | 2.36-9+deb12u10 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

glibc: information disclosure of heap addresses of pthread_created thread

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

GNU Libc current is affected by: Mitigation bypass. The impact is: Attacker may guess the heap addresses of pthread_created thread. The component is: glibc. NOTE: the vendor's position is "ASLR bypass itself is not a

vulnerability.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2019-1010025>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2019-1010025>

<https://security-tracker.debian.org/tracker/CVE-2019-1010025>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=22853

<https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K06046097>

https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K06046097?utm_source=f5support&utm_medium=RSS

<https://ubuntu.com/security/CVE-2019-1010025>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2019-1010025>

Finding 9: CVE-2019-9192 Libc6 2.36-9+deb12u10 debian os-pkgs

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 674 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------------|
| libc6 | 2.36-9+deb12u10 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

glibc: uncontrolled recursion in function check_dst_limits_calc_pos_1 in posix/regexec.c

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

In the GNU C Library (aka glibc or libc6) through 2.29, check_dst_limits_calc_pos_1 in posix/regexec.c has

Uncontrolled Recursion, as demonstrated by '()(\1\1)*' in grep, a different issue than CVE-2018-20796. NOTE: the software maintainer disputes that this is a vulnerability because the behavior occurs only with a crafted pattern

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2019-9192>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2019-9192>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=24269

https://support.f5.com/csp/article/K26346590?utm_source=f5support&utm_medium=RSS

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2019-9192>

Finding 11: CVE-2023-4039 Libgcc-S1 12.2.0-14 ^{debian os-pkgs}

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 693 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------|
| libgcc-s1 | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

gcc: -fstack-protector fails to guard dynamic stack allocations on ARM64

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

DISPUTEDA failure in the -fstack-protector feature in GCC-based toolchains

that target AArch64 allows an attacker to exploit an existing buffer

overflow in dynamically-sized local variables in your application

without this being detected. This stack-protector failure only applies to C99-style dynamically-sized local variables or those created using `alloca()`. The stack-protector operates as intended for statically-sized local variables.

The default behavior when the stack-protector

detects an overflow is to terminate your application, resulting in

controlled loss of availability. An attacker who can exploit a buffer

overflow without triggering the stack-protector might be able to change

program flow control to cause an uncontrolled loss of availability or to

go further and affect confidentiality or integrity. NOTE: The GCC project argues that this is a missed hardening bug and not a vulnerability by itself.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://developer.arm.com/Arm%20Security%20Center/GCC%20Stack%20Protector%20Vulnerability%20AArch64>

https://gcc.gnu.org/git/?p=gcc.git;a=blob_plain;f=SECURITY.txt

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2023-October/634066.html>

<https://github.com/metareadteam/external-disclosures/security/advisories/GHSA-x7ch-h5rf-w2mf>

<https://inbox.sourceware.org/gcc-patches/46cfa37b-56eb-344d-0745-e0d35393392d@gotpl.org>

<https://linux.oracle.com/cve/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://linux.oracle.com/errata/ELSA-2023-28766.html>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-4039>

<https://rtx.meta.security/mitigation/2023/09/12/CVE-2023-4039.html>

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2023-4039>

Finding 12: CVE-2022-27943 Libgomp1 12.2.0-14 ^{debian os-pkgs}

| Severity | EPSS Score / Percentile | Status | Date discovered | Age | Reporter | CWE |
|----------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Low | N.A. / N.A. | Active | May 3, 2025 | 77 days | Admin User (admin) | 674 |

Location

| Component | Version |
|-----------|-----------|
| libgomp1 | 12.2.0-14 |

| File Path |
|--------------------------------------|
| bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10) |

Description

binutils: libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack exhaustion in demangle_const

Target: bkimminich/juice-shop (debian 12.10)

Type: debian

Fixed version:

libiberty/rust-demangle.c in GNU GCC 11.2 allows stack consumption in demangle_const, as demonstrated by nm-new.

References

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2022-27943>

https://gcc.gnu.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=105039

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=1a770b01ef415e114164b6151d1e55acdee09371>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=9234cdca6ee88badfc00297e72f13dac4e540c79>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/git/gitweb.cgi?p=gcc.git;h=fc968115a742d9e4674d9725ce9c2106b91b6ead>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/pipermail/gcc-patches/2022-March/592244.html>

<https://lists.fedoraproject.org/archives/list/package-announce%40lists.fedoraproject.org/message/H424YXGW7OKXS2NCAP35OP6Y4P4AW6VG/>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-27943>

https://sourceware.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=28995

<https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2022-27943>