### UNIVERSITY OF MALAYA

### EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF DATA SCIENCE

ACADEMIC SESSION 2019/2020: SEMESTER II

WQD7005 : Data Mining

June 2020

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

Answer ALL questions (50 marks).

Name: Nurullainy Binti Mat Rashid

ID: 17036591

Link to codes and data:

https://github.com/Nurullainy/Data-Mining-Final-Exam

Link to video:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hMqLYw5ubSpMRsPvyJwjDG8MuV3GO\_Qt?usp=sharing

(This question paper consists of 5 questions on 3 printed pages)

Mini-assignment (50 marks)

Instructions: Work individually, submission via Spectrum.

- 1. You are required to make a user-agent that will crawl the WWW (your familiar domain) to produce dataset of a particular website.
  - the web site can be as simple as a list of webpages and what other pages they link to
  - the output does not need to be in XHTML (or HTML) form a multi-stage approach (e.g. produce the xhtml or html in csv format)

# Topic: Web Crawling Data of TV Shows and Movies at Online Internet Movie Database (IMDb)

IMDb is an online database of information related to films, television programs, home videos, video games, and streaming content online – including cast, year released, ratings, production crew, plot summaries, trivia, fan and critical reviews.

I want to analyze data of TV Show and movie from IMDb. The data can be extracted from this website: https://www.imdb.com/search/title/?year=2017

### 1.1 Importing Python Libraries

First of all, I will do the following step:

- 1) Import requests module and BeautifulSoup from bs4
- 2) Assign the address of the web page to a variable named 'url'.
- 3) Request the server the content of the web page by using get(), and store the server's response in the variable 'response'.
- 4) Print HTTP status code and a small part of response's content by accessing its text attribute (response is now a Response object).

### 1.2 Using Beautifulsoup Module To Parse The HTML Content

Parsing HTML document and extract the 50 div containers

- 1) Import the BeautifulSoup class creator from the package bs4.
- 2) Parse response.text by creating a BeautifulSoup object, and assign this object to page soup.
- 3) The 'html.parser' argument indicates that we want to do the parsing using Python's built-in HTML parser.

Class attribute has two values; 1) lister-item and 2) mode-advanced.

This combination is unique to these div containers. Use the find\_all() method to extract all the div containers that have a class attribute of *lister-item mode-advanced* and assign it to variable *movie\_container*. It will return a ResultSet object which is a list containing all the 50 divs

```
In [4]: # To extract all the div containers that have a class attribute of lister-item mode-advanced
    movies_container = page_soup.find_all('div', class_='lister-item mode-advanced')
    # Number of movies in current web page
    len(movies_container)
Out[4]: 50
```

### 1.3 Extracting The Data For A Single Movie

Now I'm selecting one movie container (let say the first container) to extract 9 attributes that I am interested with for next data mining purposes:

```
In [7]: # Access the first container which contains information about a single movie
         # From a single movie, using this information to extract more data (date release, ratings, etc)
         first_movie = movies_container[0] # 1st movie in the list
         print(first_movie.text.strip()) # Print a small part of response's content by accessing its .text attribute
         (2017-2020)
         TV-MA
         60 min
         Crime, Drama, Mystery
         8.8
         Rate this
         2
3
4
5
6
7
8
         10
         8.8/10
        A family saga with a supernatural twist, set in a German town, where the disappearance of two young children ex poses the relationships among four families.
             Stars:
         Karoline Eichhorn,
         Louis Hofmann,
         Jördis Triebel,
         Stephan Kampwirth
         Votes:
         192,616
```

The 9 following attributes are as follows:

- 1) The name of the TV show or movie
- 2) The year of release
- 3) Runtime of each TV show or movie
- 4) Genre of TV show or movie
- 5) Revenues from the movie released
- 6) The IMDB rating
- 7) The number of votes from user
- 8) Stars of the TV show or movie (name of director and main cast)
- 9) Hyperlink to the TV show or movie

### 1.4 Extracting Information For All The Tv Shows And Movies In A Single Page

- 1) Declare list of variables to have something to store the extracted data in.
- 2) Loop through each container in a web page (the variable which contains all the 50 movie containers).
- 3) Extract the data points of interest only if the container is True

```
In [209]: # List to store the scraped data in

names = []
years = []
runtimes = []
genres = []
revenues = []
imdb_ratings = []
votes = []
stars = []
hyperlinks = []
```

```
In [210]: for container in movies_container:
                    if container is not None:
                          name = container.h3.a.text
                          names.append(name)
                          year = container.h3.find('span', class_='lister-item-year text-muted unbold').text
                         if container.find('span', class_='runtime'):
    runtime = container.find('span', class_='runtime').text
                                runtime = ' '
                          runtimes.append(runtime)
                          genre = container.p.find('span', class_='genre').text
                          genre = genre.replace('\n', '')
                          genre = genre.rstrip()
                          genres.append(genre)
                          if container.findAll('span', attrs = {'name':'nv'})[1:]:
    revenue = container.findAll('span', attrs = {'name':'nv'})[1:]
                                revenue = str(revenue)
                                revenue = str(revenue)
revenue = revenue.replace('', '').strip()
revenue = revenue.replace('[<spandata-value="', '').strip()
revenue = revenue.replace('"name="nv", '').strip()
revenue = revenue.replace('</span>]', '').strip()
                               revenue = ''
                          revenues.append(revenue)
```

```
imdb_rating = container.strong.text
imdb_rating = float(imdb_rating)
imdb_ratings.append(imdb_rating)

vote = container.find('span', attrs = {'name':'nv'})['data-value']
vote = int(vote)
votes.append(vote)

star = container.find('p', class_='').text
star = str(star)
star = star.replace('\n', '').strip()
stars.append(star)

link = container.h3.find('a')['href']
link = "https://www.imdb.com/"+link
hyperlinks.append(link)

else:
container = ''
```

Let's check the data collected using Pandas library. Then print the 10 movie\_container in first web page

In

|    | movie_name   | year_released | runtime | genre                            | revenues                     | imdb_rating | vote   | Artist   | link                                   |
|----|--|---------------|---------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------|--|--|
| 40 | Taboo  | (2017–)       | 59 min  | Drama,<br>Mystery,<br>Thriller   |                              | 8.4         | 110582 | Stars:Tom Hardy,<br>David Hayman,<br>Jonathan Pryce, | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt3647998  |
| 41 | Wonder Woman   | (2017)        | 141 min | Action,<br>Adventure,<br>Fantasy | 412,563,408>\$412.56M        | 7.4         | 530070 | Director:Patty<br>Jenkins  Stars:Gal<br>Gadot, C     | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt0451279  |
| 42 | Baby Driver  | (2017)        | 113 min | Action,<br>Crime,<br>Drama       | 107,825,862>\$107.83M        | 7.6         | 414324 | Director:Edgar<br>Wright  Stars:Ansel<br>Elgort,     | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt3890160  |
| 43 | Pirates of the<br>Caribbean: Dead<br>Men Tell No Tales | (2017)        | 129 min | Action,<br>Adventure,<br>Fantasy | 172,558,876>\$172.56M        | 6.6         | 251090 | Directors:Joachim<br>Rønning, Espen<br>Sandberg      | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt1790809  |
| 44 | Logan  | (2017)        | 137 min | Action,<br>Drama, Sci-<br>Fi     | 226,277,068>\$226.28M        | 8.1         | 619693 | Director:James<br>Mangold<br>Stars:Hugh<br>Jackman   | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt3315342  |
| 45 | GLOW   | (2017–)       | 35 min  | Comedy,<br>Drama,<br>Sport       |                              | 8.0         | 37573  | Stars:Alison Brie,<br>Marc Maron, Betty<br>Gilpin, B | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt5770786  |
| 46 | Jumanji: Welcome<br>to the Jungle                      | (2017)        | 119 min | Action,<br>Adventure,<br>Comedy  | 404,515,480>\$404.52M        | 6.9         | 303322 | Director:Jake<br>Kasdan <br>Stars:Dwayne<br>Johnson  | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt2283362  |
| 47 | Young Sheldon  | (2017–)       | 30 min  | Comedy                           |                              | 7.4         | 30359  | Stars:lain Armitage,<br>Zoe Perry, Lance<br>Barber,  | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt6226232  |
| 48 | King Arthur:<br>Legend of the<br>Sword                 | (2017)        | 126 min | Action,<br>Adventure,<br>Drama   | 39,175,066> <b>\$</b> 39.18M | 6.7         | 184869 | Director:Guy<br>Ritchiel<br>Stars:Charlie<br>Hunnam  | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt1972591/ |
| 49 | Imposters  | (2017–)       | 41 min  | Comedy,<br>Crime.                |                              | 7.8         | 9287   | Stars:Inbar Lavi,<br>Rob Heaps, Parker               | https://www.imdb.com//title/tt5212822  |

## 1.5 Extracting data for all TV shows and movies from multiple pages from year 2000 – 2020

- 1) Create a list called *pages*, and populate it with the strings corresponding to the first 4 pages.
- 2) Create a list called *years\_url* and populate it with the strings corresponding to the years 2000 2020

```
In [214]: pages = [str(i) for i in range(1,5)]
years_url = [str(i) for i in range(2000,2021)]
```

### 1.6 Controlling the crawl-rate

Controlling the rate of crawling is important for the website that I will be scraping. If I not controlling the rate of crawling, much less likely to get my IP address banned.

Need to avoid activity disruption of the scraped website by allowing the server to respond to other users' requests too.

Control the loop's rate by using the *sleep()* function from Python's time module. sleep() will pause the execution of the loop for a specified amount of seconds. To mimic human behavior, I'll vary the amount of waiting time between requests by using the randint() function from the Python's random module. randint() randomly generates integers within a specified interval.

```
In [215]: from time import sleep
from random import randint

sleep(randint(1,4))
```

Since the web scraping is more than 10 pages, it would be nice to find a way to monitor the scraping process as it's still going. The greater the number of pages, the more helpful the monitoring becomes.

For my script, I'll make use of this feature, and monitor the following parameters:

- 1) The *frequency (speed) of requests*, to ensure our program is not overloading the server
- 2) The *number of requests*, so I can halt the loop in case the number of expected requests is exceeded
- 3) The status code of our requests, to make sure the server is sending back the proper responses

To get a frequency value, I divide the number of requests by the time elapsed since the first request.

1) Set a starting time using the *time()* function from the time module, and assign the value to start time.

- 2) Assign 0 to the variable requests which to be use to count the number of requests.
- 3) Start a loop, and then with each iteration:
  - Simulate a request
  - Increment the number of requests by 1
  - Pause the loop for a time interval between 8 and 15 seconds
  - Calculate the elapsed time since the first request, and assign the value to elapsed\_time
  - Print the number of requests and the frequency

If I set my request to 100 requests, my output return will look a lengthy and a bit untidy as the output accumulates. To avoid that, I'll clear the output after each iteration, and replace it with information about the most recent request. I use the <code>clear\_output()</code> function from the IPython's core.display module. Then set the wait parameter of <code>clear\_output()</code> to True to wait with replacing the current output until some new output appears.

```
In [241]: from time import time
from IPython.core.display import clear_output

start_time = time()
requests = 0

for _ in range(3):

    # A request would go here
    requests += 1
    sleep(randint(1,3))
    current_time = time()
    elapsed_time = current_time - start_time
    print('Request: {}; Frequency: {} requests/s'.format(requests, requests/elapsed_time))

clear_output(wait = True)  # set wait = True, to wait with replacing the current output until some new output ap

Request: 3; Frequency: 0.7473912696391304 requests/s
```

```
In [242]: # Redeclaring the lists variables so they become empty again.

names = []
years = []
runtimes = []
genres = []
revenues = []
imdb_ratings = []
votes = []
stars = []
hyperlinks = []
```

```
In [219]: from requests import get
            from warnings import warn
            headers = {'User-Agent': 'Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_13_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chr
            # Preparing the monitoring of the loop
            start_time = time()
            requests = 0
            # For every year in the interval 2000-2020
for year_url in years_url:
                 # For every page in the interval 1-4
                 for page in pages:
                      # Make a get request
                      url = "http://www.imdb.com/search/title?release_date="
                      response = get(url + year_url + '&sort=num_votes,desc&page=1' + page, headers = headers)
                     # Pause the loop interval between 8 and 15 seconds
                     sleep(randint(8,15))
                     # Monitor the requests
                     requests += 1
elapsed_time = time() - start_time
print('Request:{}; Frequency: {} requests/s'.format(requests, requests/elapsed_time))
clear_output(wait = True)
                      # Throw a warning for non-200 status codes
                     if response.status_code != 200:
    warn('Request: {}; Status code: {}'.format(requests, response.status_code))
                      # Break the loop if the number of requests is greater than expected
                     if requests > 100:
                          warn('Number of requests exceeds than expected.')
                          break
                     # Parse the content of the request with BeautifulSoup
                     page_html = soup(response.text, 'html.parser')
                     # Select all the 50 movie containers from a single page
movies_container = page_html.find_all('div', class_ = 'lister-item mode-advanced')
                      for container in movies_container:
                          if container is not None:
                               name = container.h3.a.text
                               names.append(name)
                               year = container.h3.find('span', class_='lister-item-year text-muted unbold').text
                               if container.find('span', class_='runtime'):
    runtime = container.find('span', class_='runtime').text
                               else:
                                    runtime = ' '
                               runtimes.append(runtime)
                               genre = container.p.find('span', class_='genre').text
genre = genre.replace('\n', '')
genre = genre.rstrip()
                               genres.append(genre)
```

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```
if container.findAll('span', attrs = {'name':'nv'})[1:]:
                        revenue = container.findAll('span', attrs = {'name':'nv'})[1:]
                        revenue = str(revenue)
                        revenue = revenue.replace(' ', '').strip()
                        revenue = revenue.replace('[<spandata-value="', '').strip()
revenue = revenue.replace('"name="nv", '').strip()
revenue = revenue.replace('</span>]', '').strip()
                   else:
                        revenue = ''
                   revenues.append(revenue)
                   imdb_rating = container.strong.text
imdb_rating = float(imdb_rating)
                   imdb_ratings.append(imdb_rating)
                   vote = container.find('span', attrs = {'name':'nv'})['data-value']
                   vote = int(vote)
                   votes.append(vote)
                   star = container.find('p', class_='').text
                   star = str(star)
                   star = star.replace('\n', '').strip()
                   stars.append(star)
                   link = container.h3.find('a')['href']
                   link = "https://www.imdb.com/"+link
                   hyperlinks.append(link)
              else:
                   container = "
Request:84; Frequency: 0.06464969451330399 requests/s
```

I set the loop limit to 100 but the requests stop at request number 84. This indicates that I have collected all TV shows and movies data from year 2000 – 2020.

Let's check the data collected using Pandas library. Then print the 10 movie\_container in first web page

```
In [236]: output_df = pd.DataFrame({'movie_name':names,
                                                    year_released':years
                                                   'runtime_in_min': runtimes,
'genre': genres,
'revenues': revenues,
                                                   'imdb_rating':imdb_ratings,
                                                   'number_of_votes':votes,
'Artist':stars,
                                                    'link' : hyperlinks,
              print(output_df.info())
In [237]: output_df.head()
Out[237]:
                  movie_name year_released runtime_in_min
                                                                                         revenues imdb_rating number_of_votes
                                                                                                                                                 Artist
                                                                                                                                         Director:Ridley
                                                                    Action,
                                                                                                                                                        https://www.imdb.com//title/t
                                                                            187.705.427>$187.71M
                                                                                                                          1295296 Scottl Stars:Russell
                      Gladiator
                                        (2000)
                                                        155 min Adventure.
                                                                                                            8.5
                                                                                                                                              Crowe...
                                                                                                                                                        https://www.imdb.com//title/t
                                                                                                                          1088494
                                                                               25,544,867>$25.54M
                                                                                                            8.4
                      Memento
                                        (2000)
                                                        113 min
                                                                                                                                       Nolan Stars: Guy
                                                                    Thriller
                                                                                                                                           Director:Guy
                                                                                                                                                        https://www.imdb.com//title/t
                        Snatch
                                        (2000)
                                                        104 min
                                                                               30,328,156>$30.33M
                                                                                                                           760513 Ritchie Stars: Jason
                                                                     Crime
                                                                                                                                             Statham...
                                                                                                                                       Director:Darren
Aronofsky
Stars:Ellen Bur...
                                                                                                                                                        https://www.imdb.com//title/t
                                        (2000)
                                                        102 min
                                                                    Drama
                                                                                 3,635,482>$3.64M
                                                                                                                                         Director:Bryan
                                                                                                                                                        https://www.imdb.com//title/t
                                        (2000)
                                                                            157,299,717>$157.30M
                                                                                                                           558637
                        X-Men
                                                        104 min Adventure,
                                                                                                                                           Stars:Patrick
```

Total number of TV shows and movies collected are 4200 titles.

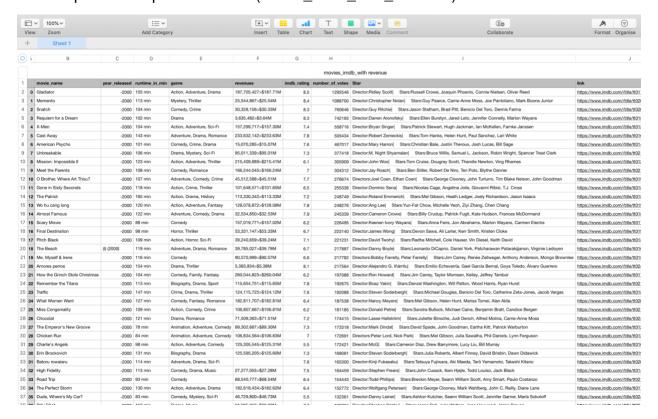
```
In [51]: output_df.shape
Out[51]: (4200, 9)
```

### Export dataframe to csv file

#### Export dataframe to csv file

```
In [239]: import csv
output_df.to_csv('movies_imdb_with revenue.csv',mode = 'w', index=True, header=True)
```

### Snapshot of exported csv file (movie\_imdb\_with\_revenue) dataset



(10 marks)

2. Draw snowflake schema diagram for the above dataset. Justify your attributes to be selected in the respective dimensions.

(10 marks)

- 3. You are required to write code to create a decision tree (DT) model using the above dataset (Question 1). In order to achieve the task, you are going to cover the following steps:
  - Importing required libraries
  - Loading Data
  - Feature Selection
  - Splitting Data
  - Building Decision Tree Model
  - Evaluating Model
  - Visualizing Decision Trees

(10 marks)

- 4. You are required to write code to find frequent itemsets using the above dataset (Question 1). In order to achieve the task, you are going to cover the following steps:
  - Importing required libraries
  - Creating a list from dataset (Question 1)
  - Convert list to dataframe with boolean values
  - Find frequently occurring itemsets using Apriori Algorithm
  - Find frequently occurring itemsets using F-P Growth
  - Mine the Association Rules

(10 marks)

5. It will be appeared in week 14.

( 10 marks)

### Submissions:

The student is expected to submit answers to each question individually, and submit the document in PDF format. The student can include online materials, screenshots, videos and/or codes (ipynb format) to support your answer