

Lab 2 Programming LEGO Mindstorms NXT

Zafer Esen 24 September 2019







Lab Overview

Lab goals

- Real-time programming on an embedded device
- Problem solving using real-time tasks

Schedule

- Slot 1: 25.9.19 13-17:00 ITC 1312, 1313
- Slot 2: 30.9.19 13-17:00 ITC 1312, 1313
- Demonstration 10.10.19 13-17:00 ITC 2315
- Submission Deadline: 10.10.19 23:59

Lab preparation

- Get your lego box from my office (ITC 1252).
- Boxes are available after this class, please get your box before coming to the lab. Check https://slotted.co/ba57bga for my availability (no need to sign-up for a slot).
- Check the lab web page:

http://www.it.uu.se/edu/course/homepage/realtid/ht19/labs/lab2



LEGO Box

Each group gets one LEGO Mindstorms box:

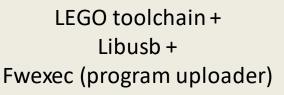


Follow the instructions in the box to rearrange before return (contact a TA if your box is missing instructions)

Deadline: 11 October 2019, 16:00 Friday



Lab Environment



LEGO VM (Debian 64-bit)

Username: lego

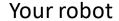
PW: lego

Root PW: lego

(required

for fweexc)







VirtualBoxVM manager





Lab PC



Toolchain

Using the provided Virtual Machine (VM)

Download VM from this link (2.3 GB download):

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1j7j9JH6VbRoziMcB10dE CQmorXekQ 3/view?usp=sharing

Import it in Virtualbox of lab computer and start

On your own machine

GNAT GPL 2011 ARM for Linux

http://www.dit.upm.es/~str/provectos/mindstorms/2011/index.html

Adacore GNAT GPL 2012 Windows:

https://www.adacore.com/download/more

- Need to install libusb driver (Linux) or Fantom NXT driver (Windows) (this step is also required if you plan to use the VM on your own machine)
- Installation instructions available on the lab page, non-trivial

We highly recommend that you use the provided VM.



LEGO NXT

- One main unit with display, speaker, bluetooth
- 3x motors
- Sensors:

Light

Distance (ultrasound)

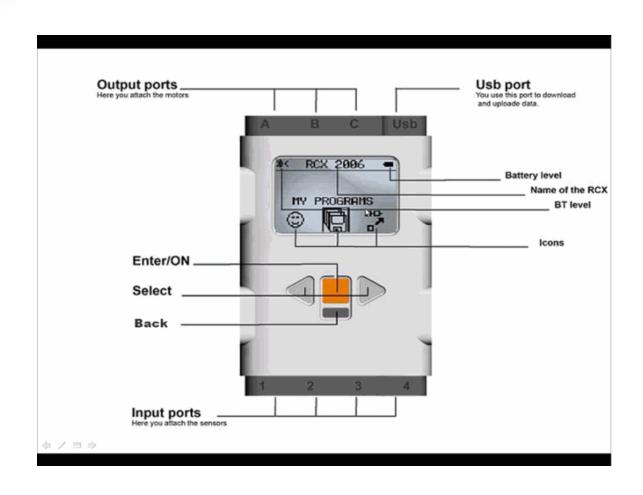
2 x touch

Sound



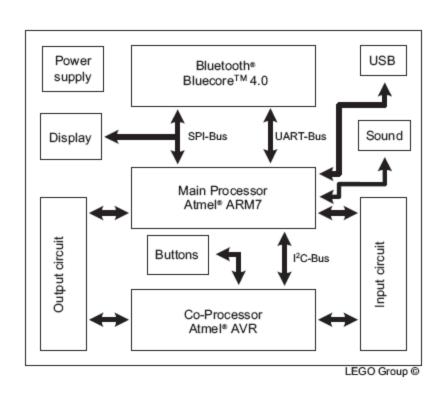


NXT Main Unit





NXT Main Unit



32-bit ARM7 main processor + 8-bit AVR co-processor, 64k RAM, 256k Flash, 48MHz clock



NXT Sensors







Light sensor:

Passive (ambient) or Active (using an LED) Measures intensity

Ultrasonic sensor:

Digital sensor

Range: 255 cm

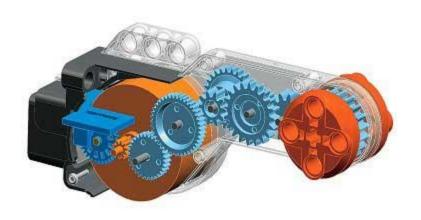
Precision: +/- 3 cm

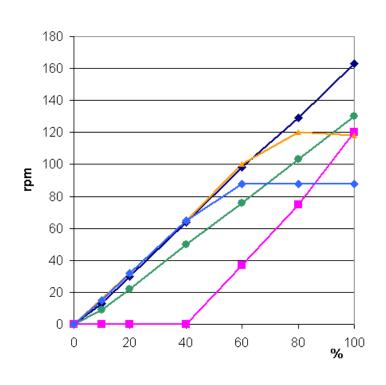
Touch sensor:

Push button



NXT Motor





http://www.philohome.com/nxtmotor/nxtmotor.htm



Make Your Robot!





















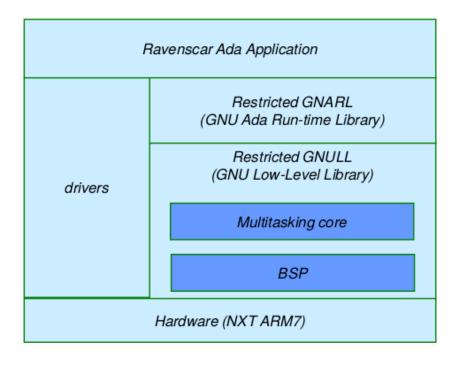
Help It To Run!



source: me.me



Ada NXT Runtime



Only 4186 lines!

Program + driver + runtime -> in RAM!

Based on Ravenscar small footprint profile (SFP)

http://www.it.uu.se/edu/course/homepage/realtid/ht19/labs/lab2/runtime



Ravenscar Profile

- Ada subset for safety-critical system
- Important features:

No relative delay

No select

Only one entry per protected object

Task declarations in library/package level

Only Ada.Real_Time

many more ...

Check:

http://www.it.uu.se/edu/course/homepage/realtid/ht19/labs/lab2/ravenscar



Helloworld Again!

Main Procedure

Helloworld.adb

Task Package Specification

Task Package Implementation

Tasks.ads Tasks.adb



Main Procdure

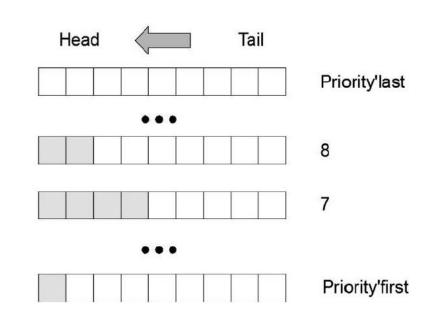
```
-- File: hello_world.adb
with System; -- default package, always include
with Tasks; -- Integrate tasks package
procedure hello world is
    pragma Priority (System.Priority'First); <</pre>
begin
  Tasks.Background;
end hello_world;
                                            Assigning lowest priority
```

Calling main procedure of tasks pacakge



Ada Priority Model

FIFO queue within same priority



Priority



Tasks Package

```
-- File: Tasks. ads
with Ada.Real Time; use Ada.Real Time;
with NXT;
                      use NXT;
-- main NXT package
package Tasks is
    procedure Background;
    private
      -- Define periods and times
      -- Define used sensor ports
end Tasks;
```



Tasks Implementation

```
-- File: Tasks. adb
Package body Tasks is
    procedure Background is
    Begin
   end loop
   task HelloworldTask is
      -- Define priority
      pragma Storage_Size(4096);
   end Helloworldtask;
   task body HelloworldTask is
   begin
```



Compilation and Upload

Check step by step instructions in this file:

http://www.it.uu.se/edu/course/homepage/realtid/ht19/labs/lab2/Compile_Upload_VM.pdf

- Don't forget to charge your robot's battery!
- For first time, you need to put NXT into reset mode:



- You need to be root (type "su" and enter password "lego") to be able to use fweee to flash the firmware.
- When you reset the robot, everything will be gone.



HW Interfacing

Check: programs in low_level_tests.zip

API in drivers.zip

7 Left_Motor_Id : constant Motor_Id := Motor_B;



Motor Control

Example: Using motor control API

```
procedure Forwards is
begin

Control_Motor (Right_Motor_Id, Speed_Full, Forward);
Control_Motor (Left_Motor_Id, Speed_Full, Forward);
end Forwards;

procedure Turn_Left is
begin
Control_Motor (Right_Motor_Id, Speed_Full, Backward);
Control_Motor (Left_Motor_Id, Speed_Half, Backward);
end Turn_Left;
```

Check: motor_test.zip examples drivers.zip for API descriptions



Synchronization

- Synchronization between tasks by protected objects
- Ravenscar restriction: only one entry per protected object
- Protected object itself should have priority at least as high as the maximum priority of the user tasks
- Access to this protected object is controlled by Immediate Ceiling Locking Protocol (ICPP)

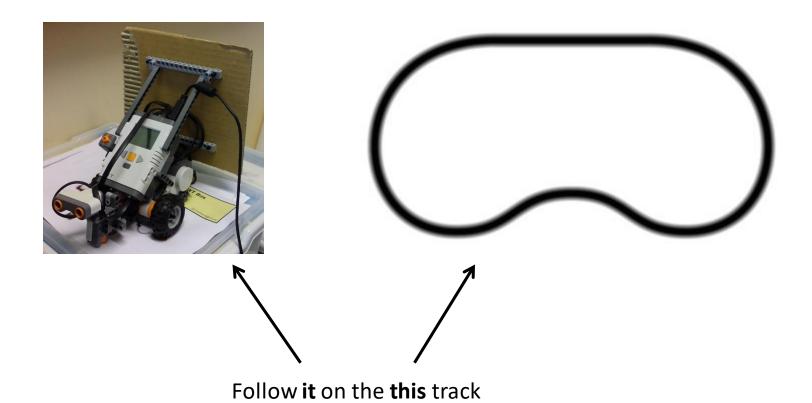


Lab Assignments

- Part 1: Warm-up
 - Extend helloworld to display light values
- Part 2: Event-driven scheduling
 - Detect a sensor event
- Part 3: Periodic task scheduling
 - Add obstacle avoidance
- Part 4: Line tracker
 - Complete lap following another robot

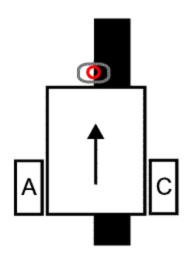


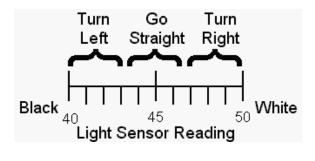
Part 4

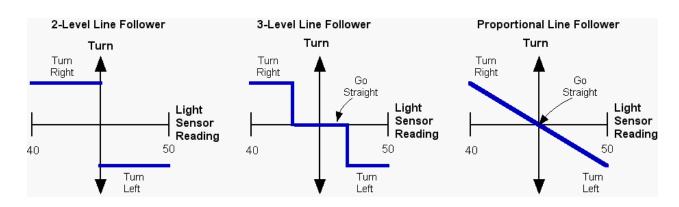




Line Following with NXT









More Tips

Check out the tutorial file which contains:

- tips on getting started with the NXT drivers,
- a simple proportional (P) controller implementation that will come in handy during the later parts of the lab,
- some tips related the VM,
- and lastly solutions to commonly encountered problems (under the Troubleshooting section).

http://www.it.uu.se/edu/course/homepage/realtid/ht19/labs/lab2/rts_lab2_tips.pdf

Do not spend too much time on optimizing the controller, this is not a course on control theory.

If you encounter a problem, please refer to the Troubleshooting section of this document first.