



Ahsanullah University of Science & Technology

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Course No : CSE 2214

Course Title : Assembly Language Programming Sessional

Assignment no : 02

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Section : A

Question No: 01

Question: Suppose that a byte contains the ASCII code of a lower case letter. What hex number should be added to/subtracted from it to convert it to upper case?

Answer:

ASCII code of a lowercase letter (a) = 97

ASCII code of an uppercase letter (A) = 65

The decimal number subtracted to it to convert to uppercase = $(97 - 65)$
= 32d

Binary equivalent of 32d = 100000

0010	0000
(2)	(0)

So, 20h Hex number should be subtracted from it to convert it to upper case.

Question No: 02

Question: For each of the following 16-bit signed numbers, tell whether it is positive or negative

a. 9AC4h

b. 78E3h

Answer:

a. 9AC4h

Binary equivalent of 9h = 1001

Binary equivalent of A h = 1010

Binary equivalent of C h = 1100

Binary equivalent of 4h = 0100

Binary equivalent of (9AC4)h is = $\frac{1001}{(9)} \frac{1010}{(A)} \frac{1100}{(C)} \frac{0100}{(4)}$

The MSB(most significant bit) of the binary equivalent is 1. So, it is a negative number.

b. 78E3h

Binary equivalent of 7h is = 0111

Binary equivalent of 8h is = 1000

Binary equivalent of E h is = 1110

Binary equivalent of 3h is = 0011

Binary equivalent of (78E3)h is = $\frac{0111}{(7)} \frac{1000}{(8)} \frac{1110}{(E)} \frac{0011}{(3)}$

The MSB(most significant bit) of the binary equivalent is 0. So, it is a positive number.

Question No: 03

Question: Give the unsigned and signed decimal interpretations of each of the following 16-bit or 8-bit numbers

a. 7FFEh

b. A9h

Answer:

a. 7FFEh

$$7\text{FFEh} = 7 \cdot 16^3 + \text{F} \cdot 16^2 + \text{F} \cdot 16^1 + \text{E} \cdot 16^0$$

$$= (32766)\text{d}$$

Binary equivalent of 7h is = 0111

Binary equivalent of Fh is = 1111

Binary equivalent of Fh is = 1111

Binary equivalent of Eh is = 1110

Binary equivalent of (7FFH)h is = $\begin{array}{cccc} \underline{0111} & \underline{1111} & \underline{1111} & \underline{1110} \\ (7) & (F) & (F) & (E) \end{array}$

As the MSB of the binary equivalent is 0. So the signed and unsigned Decimal interpretations of (7FFE)h are same.

Signed : (32766)d

Unsigned: (32766)d

b. A9h

$$A9h = A \cdot 16^1 + 9 \cdot 16^0$$

$$= (169)d$$

As the MSB of the binary equivalent is 1. So we can find Decimal interpretations of **A9h** is

Unsigned: 169d and

Signed:

$$(169)d = 10101001$$

$$\text{One's complement} = 01010110$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{One's complement} \\ \hline + 1 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Two's complement} = 01010111$$

$$= (87)d$$

Signed : -87d

Unsigned: 169d

Question:04

Question: Perform the following subtractions using two's complement addition

a. $10110100 - 10010111$

b. $10001011 - 11110111$

Answer:

a. $10110100 - 10010111 = 10110100 + (-10010111)$

$$10010111$$

$$\text{One's complement} = 01101000$$

$$\underline{+1}$$

$$\text{Two's complement} = 01101001$$

Now, Addition,

$$10110100$$

$$\underline{+01101001}$$

$$100011101$$

Here Over Flow Bit 1 and Sign Bit 0.

a. $10110100 - 10010111 = 11101$

b. $10001011 - 11110111 = 10001011 + (-11110111)$

$$11110111$$

$$\text{One's complement} = 00001000$$

$$\underline{+1}$$

$$\text{Two's complement} = 00001001$$

Now, Addition,

$$\begin{array}{r} 10001011 \\ +00001001 \\ \hline 10010100 \end{array}$$

Here Sign Bit 1 .So, this is a negative number.

One's complement=01101011

$$\begin{array}{r} 01101011 \\ +1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Two's complement = 01101100

b. $10001011 - 11110111 = 01101100$