## Congratulations! You passed!

O False

Grade received 100% To pass 70% or higher

Go to next item

1.	What is the function of a primary key?	1/1 point
	The primary key is used to identify any rows in the table that contain NULL values.	
	O The primary key is used to grant access to a table.	
	The primary key enables you to add data to columns.	
	The primary key uniquely identifies each row in a table.	
	○ Correct     Correct. The primary key uniquely identifies each row in a table.	
2.	True or False: Data Manipulation Language statements like INSERT, SELECT, UPDATE, and DELETE are used to read and modify data.	1/1 point
	● True	

	Correct Correct. Data Manipulation Language statements like INSERT, SELECT, UPDATE, and DELETE are used to read and modify data.	
3.	Data Definition Language (or DDL) statements are used to define, change, or delete database objects such as tables. Which of the following statements are all DDL statements?	1/1 point
	O INSERT and UPDATE	
	O SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE	
	CREATE, ALTER, DROP	
	O SELECT and DELETE	
	Correct Correct. The CREATE, ALTER, and DROP statements act on objects such as tables, not the data within the table.	
4	Which of the following queries will change the data type of an existing column (phone) to the varchar data type?	1/1 point

•	ALTER TABLE author ALTER COLUMN phone SET DATA TYPE VARCHAR(20);	
C	ALTER TABLE author ALTER COLUMN phone DATA TYPE = VARCHAR(20);	
C	ALTER TABLE author ALTER COLUMN phone SET TYPE VARCHAR(20);	
C	ALTER COLUMN phone SET DATA TYPE VARCHAR(20);	
(	Correct Correct. This query will change the data type to varchar.	
5. Th	he five basic SQL commands are:	1/1 point
C	) SELECT, COPY, PASTE, INSERT, ALTER	
C	CREATE, INSERT, RETRIEVE, MODIFY, DELETE	
•	CREATE, SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE	
C	None of the above	
(	<ul> <li>Correct         Correct. The five basic SQL commands are CREATE, SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE.     </li> </ul>	