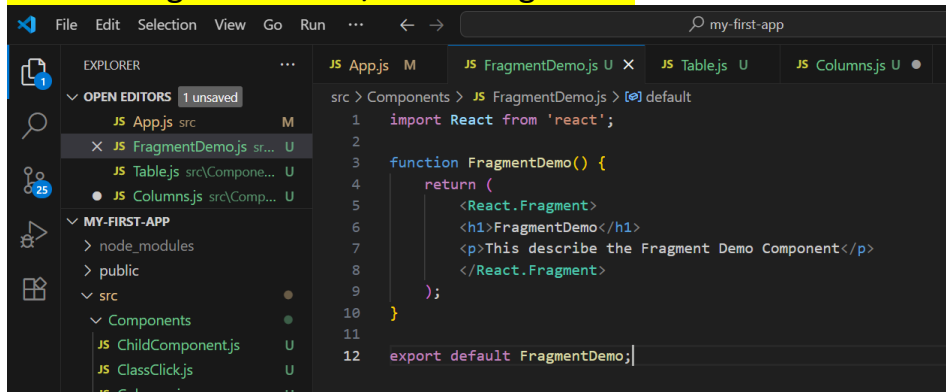


## Fragments:(25)

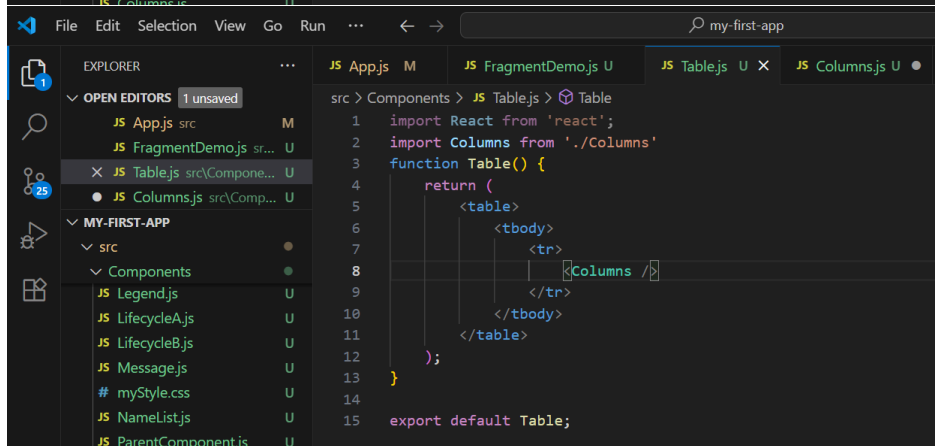
# <React.Fragment>.....</React.Fragment>

#<>.....</> => same as <React.Fragment>.....</React.Fragment> But can not pass in key attributes.

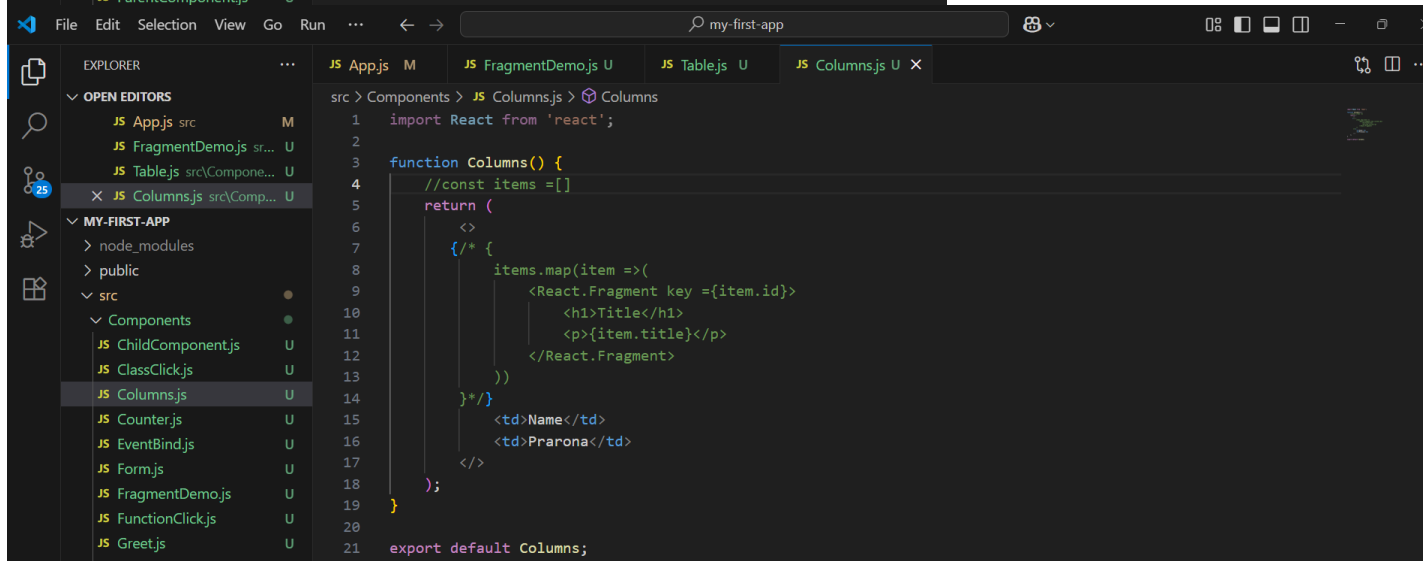
#key ={item.id} =>is the only attribute that call possible pass in  
<React.Fragment>.....</React.Fragment>



```
1 import React from 'react';
2
3 function FragmentDemo() {
4   return (
5     <React.Fragment>
6       <h1>FragmentDemo</h1>
7       <p>This describe the Fragment Demo Component</p>
8     </React.Fragment>
9   );
10 }
11
12 export default FragmentDemo;
```



```
1 import React from 'react';
2 import Columns from './Columns'
3 function Table() {
4   return (
5     <table>
6       <tbody>
7         <tr>
8           <td>Columns />
9         </tr>
10      </tbody>
11    </table>
12  );
13 }
14
15 export default Table;
```



```
1 import React from 'react';
2
3 function Columns() {
4   //const items =[]
5   return (
6     <>
7     { /* {
8       items.map(item =>(
9         <React.Fragment key ={item.id}>
10           <h1>Title</h1>
11           <p>{item.title}</p>
12         </React.Fragment>
13       ))
14     } */ }
15     <td>Name</td>
16     <td>Prarona</td>
17   </>
18 );
19 }
20
21 export default Columns;
```

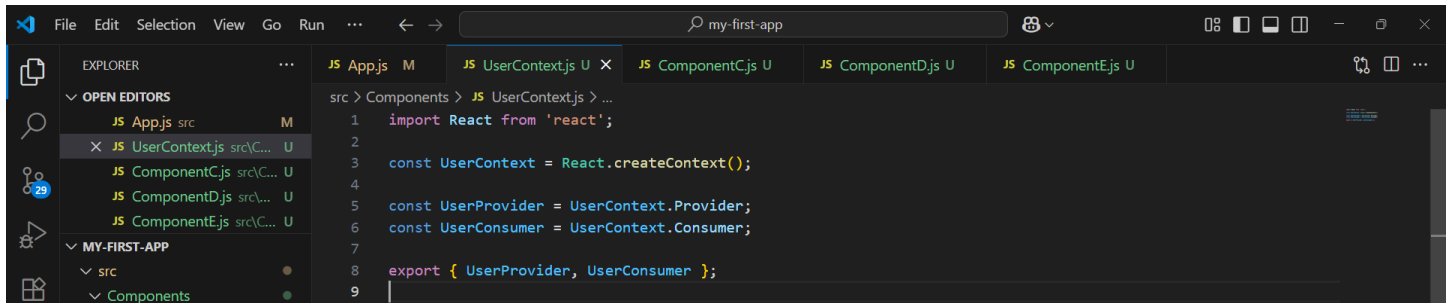
## Context:(38):

**Context** provides a way to pass data through the component tree without having to pass props down manually at every level.

## Context-2:(39):

### Steps:

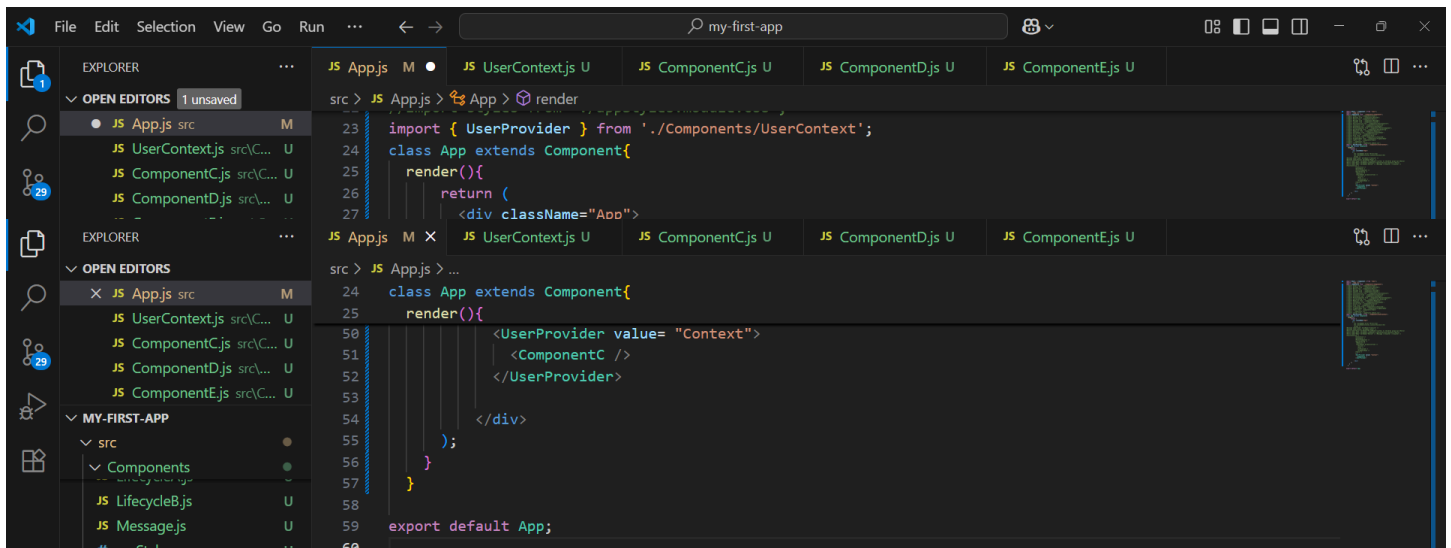
#### 1.Create the Context.



The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the Explorer on the left and the Editor on the right. The Explorer shows the file structure of 'my-first-app' with a 'Components' folder. The Editor shows the 'UserContext.js' file being created. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
src > Components > JS UserContext.js > ...
1  import React from 'react';
2
3  const UserContext = React.createContext();
4
5  const UserProvider = UserContext.Provider;
6  const UserConsumer = UserContext.Consumer;
7
8  export { UserProvider, UserConsumer };
```

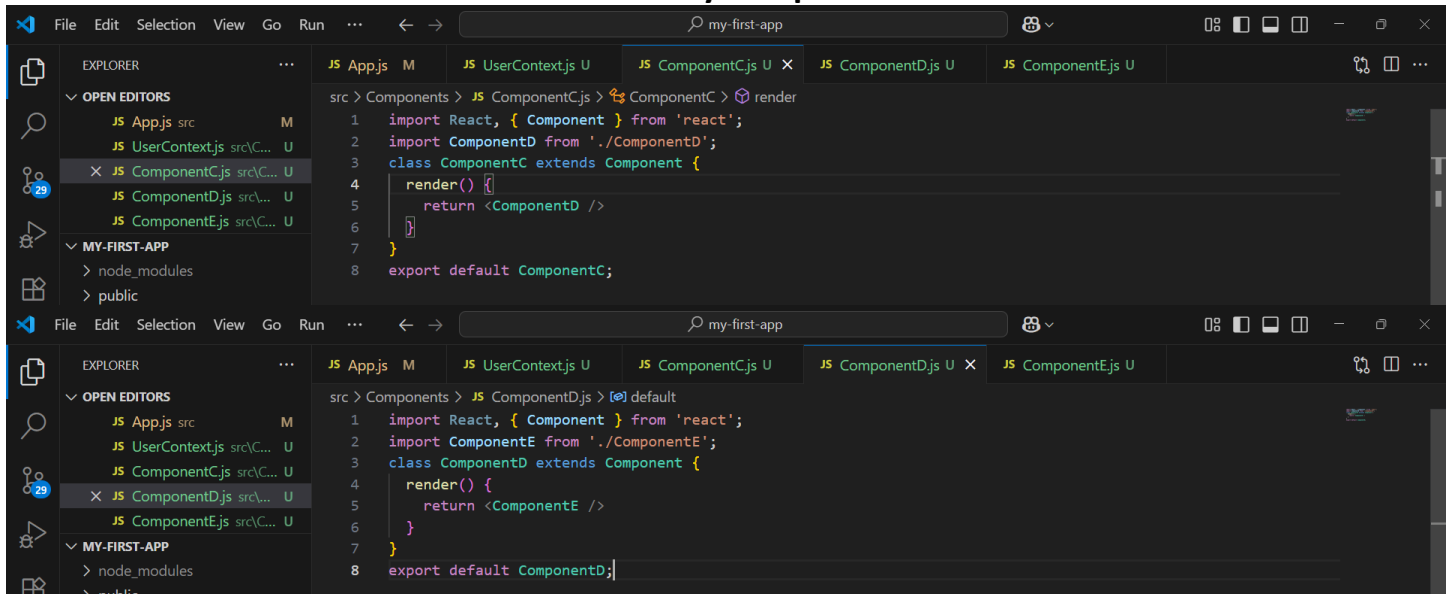
#### 2.Provide a context value.



The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the Explorer on the left and the Editor on the right. The Explorer shows the file structure of 'my-first-app' with a 'Components' folder. The Editor shows the 'App.js' file being updated. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
src > JS App.js > ...
23 import { UserProvider } from './Components/UserContext';
24 class App extends Component{
25   render(){
26     return (
27       <div className="App">
28         <UserProvider value= "Context">
29           <ComponentC />
30         </UserProvider>
31       </div>
32     );
33   }
34 }
35 export default App;
```

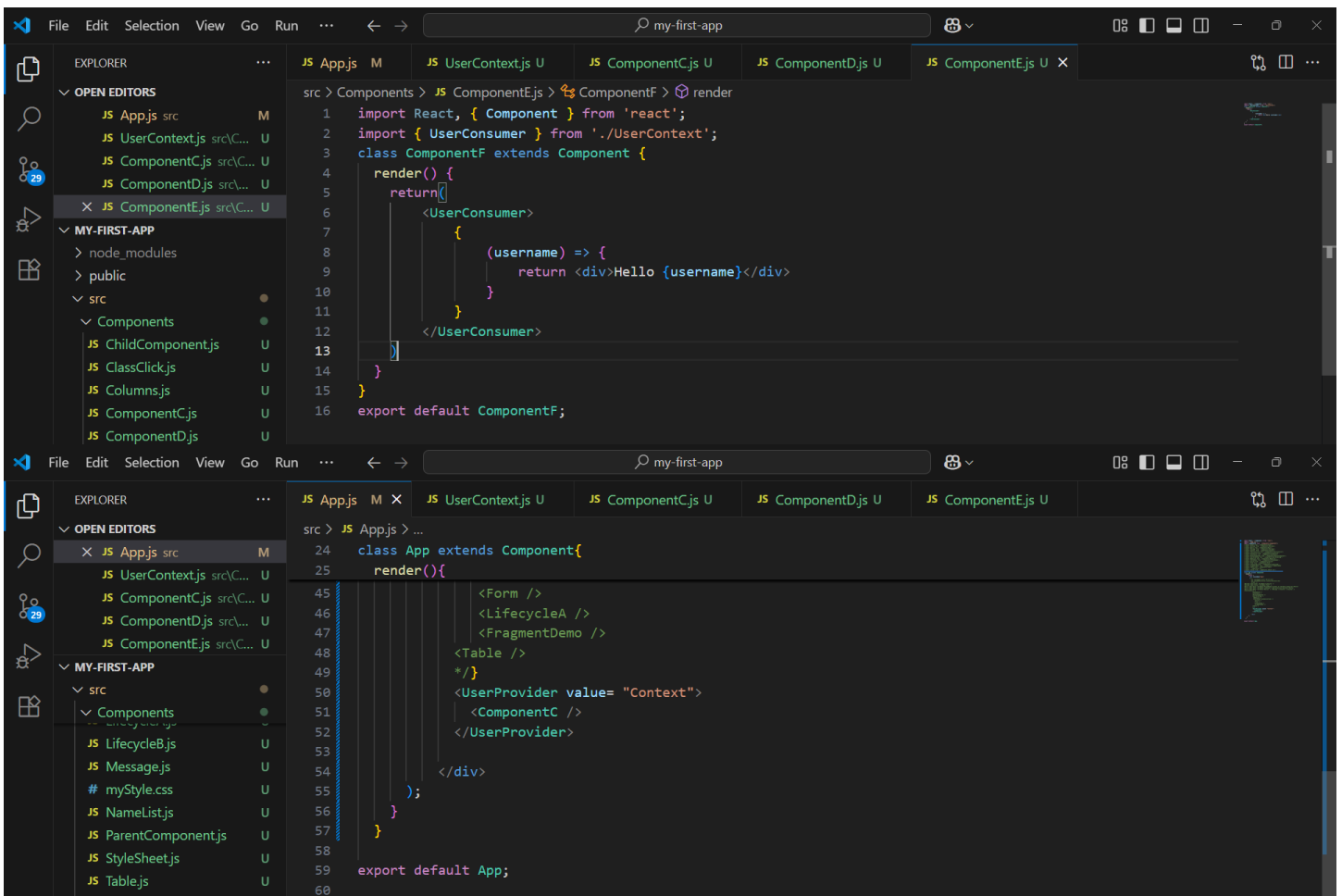
#### 3.Consume the Context value in the necessary component.



The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the Explorer on the left and the Editor on the right. The Explorer shows the file structure of 'my-first-app' with a 'Components' folder. The Editor shows the 'ComponentC.js' and 'ComponentD.js' files being updated. The code in the editor is as follows:

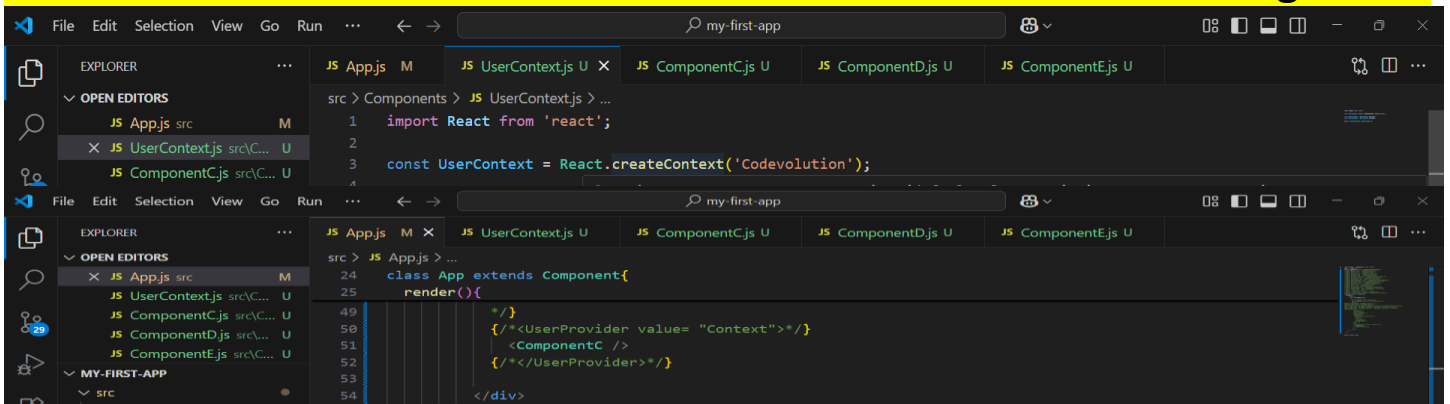
```
src > Components > JS ComponentC.js > ...
1  import React, { Component } from 'react';
2  import ComponentD from './ComponentD';
3  class ComponentC extends Component {
4    render() {
5      return <ComponentD />
6    }
7  }
8  export default ComponentC;
```

```
src > Components > JS ComponentD.js > ...
1  import React, { Component } from 'react';
2  import ComponentE from './ComponentE';
3  class ComponentD extends Component {
4    render() {
5      return <ComponentE />
6    }
7  }
8  export default ComponentD;
```

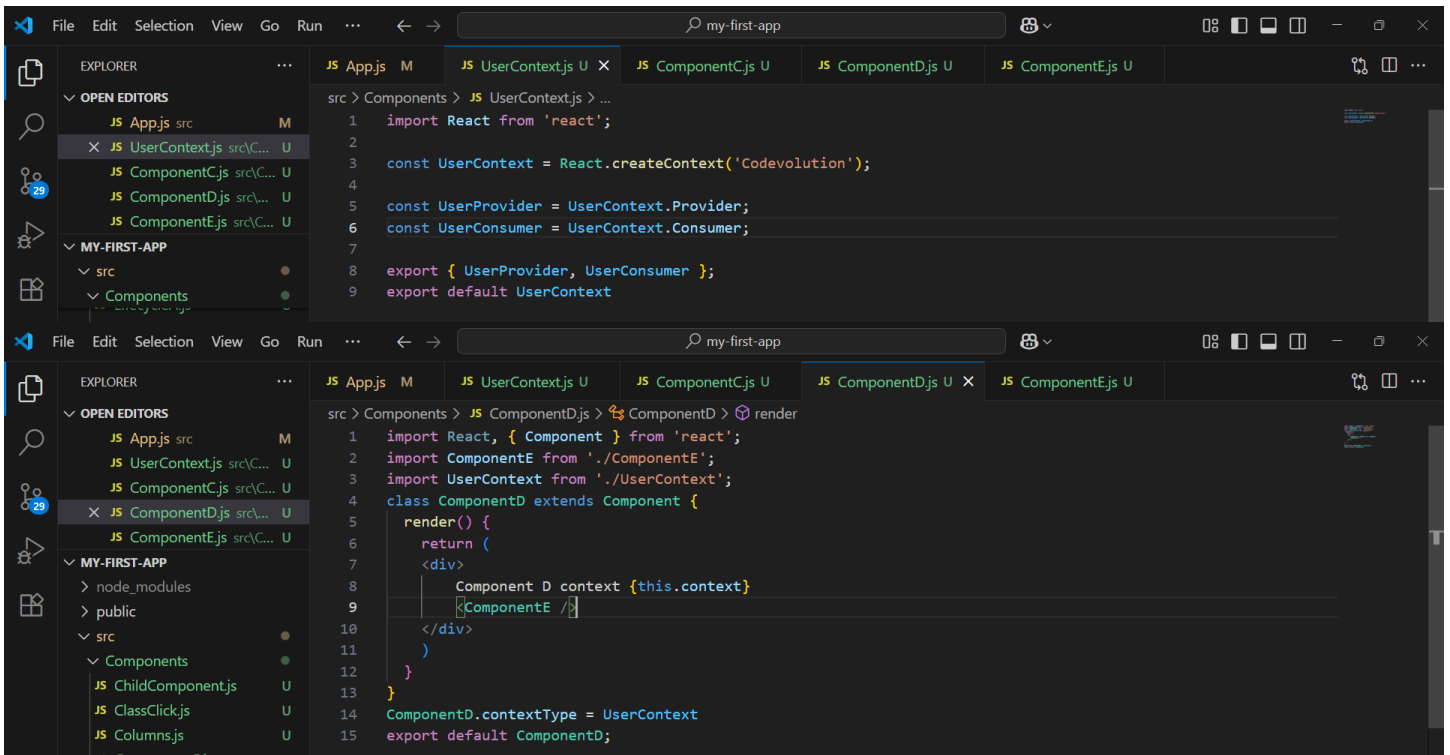


## Context-3:(40):

We can set a default context value while we create context as argument:



## ContextType Property:



Can also be `{/* can also be static contextType = UserContext*/}` in ComponentD. But it only works with class component, only can subscribe in one context.

## Consuming Multiple Contexts

```
function Content() {
  return (
    <ThemeContext.Consumer>
      {theme => (
        <UserContext.Consumer>
          {user => (
            <ProfilePage user={user} theme={theme} />
          )}
        </UserContext.Consumer>
      )}
    </ThemeContext.Consumer>
  );
}
```