

# **University of Asia Pacific**

### **Department of Computer Science and Engineering**

# CSE 316: Microprocessor and Microcontroller Lab

## LAB REPORT

**Experiment Number: 05** 

**Experiment Title: Wireless theft detection using door sensor and buzzer** 

Date of Submission:21.09.2025

#### **Submitted By:**

Name: Nusrat Ahmmed Ekra

**Student ID:22201251** 

**Section: E2** 

#### **Submitted To:**

Zaima Sartaj Taheri

Lecturer

**Department of Computer Science and Engineering** 

#### 1.Experiment Name:

Wireless theft detection using door sensor and buzzer

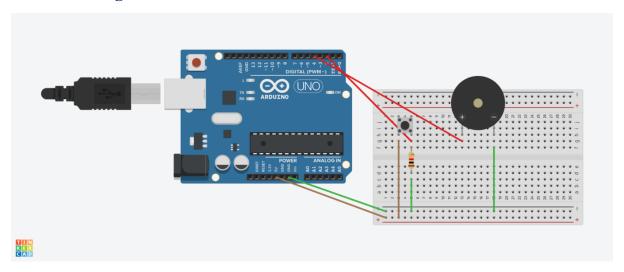
#### 2.Objective:

- To design and implement a simple theft detection system using Arduino Uno.
- To use a push button as a door sensor for simulating door opening.
- To trigger a buzzer alarm whenever the push button is pressed (theft detected).
- To observe the system's response when the push button is released (theft not detected).
- To demonstrate the basic principle of intrusion detection systems using Arduino.

#### 3. Apparatus:

- Arduino Uno
- Push Button
- Buzzer
- Jumper Wires
- Breadboard
- Resistor
- USB Cable
- Arduino IDE
- TinkerCAD

#### 4. Circuit Diagram:



#### 5.Code/ Assembly Program:

```
const int touchPin=2;
const int buzzerPin = 4;
int irState = 0;
void setup()
{
```

```
pinMode(touchPin, INPUT);
pinMode(buzzerPin, OUTPUT);
Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop()
{
  int touchState = digitalRead(touchPin);

  if (touchState == HIGH) {
    tone(buzzerPin, 1000, 20); // Beep short delay(200);
    Serial.println("Alert! Door opened!");
  }
  else {
    noTone(buzzerPin);
  }
}
```

#### **6. Output / Observations:**







- Initially, the buzzer remains silent because the push button is not pressed.
- When the push button is pressed (door opened  $\rightarrow$  theft detected), the buzzer immediately produces a beep sound as an alert.
- Releasing the button (door closed → theft not detected) stops the buzzer, and the system returns to its silent state.

This demonstrates the system's ability to detect intrusion in real-time.

#### 7. Result:

- The experiment was successfully implemented and functioned as expected.
- Pressing the push button to simulate theft or door opening immediately triggered the buzzer alarm.
- Releasing the push button turned off the buzzer.
- The push button effectively functioned as a door sensor.
- The system was confirmed to be reliable as a simple theft detection mechanism.
- The experiment demonstrated Arduino's ability to respond quickly and accurately to external input signals in real-time.

#### 8. Conclusion:

- Learned how to use a push button as a digital input to simulate a door sensor.
- Understood how to control a buzzer as an alarm output using Arduino.
- Demonstrated the fundamental principle of theft detection systems.
- Showed how this simple model can be extended into more advanced wireless security applications.