APA Midterm, Reproducing The Analysis of Ella L. James et al(2015)

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9 Abstract

A reproduction of the analysis for Experiment 1 from Ella L. James Michael B. Bonsall,
Laura Hoppitt, Elizabeth M. Tunbridge, John R. Geddes, Amy L. Milton.

This report re-produces the analysis of Experiment 1 reported in Ella L.James and
John R. Geddes (2015). The data was downloaded from ("https://raw.githubusercontent.
com/CrumpLab/statisticsLab/master/data/Jamesetal2015Experiment2.csv")

James et al. (2015) analyzed two trial gatherings, anticipating that a gathering that 15 finished a memory-reactivation task in addition to Tetris amusement play would demonstrate 16 a lower recurrence of meddling recollections of an awful film, compared with a control bunch 17 given no undertakings. The reactivation-in addition to Tetris gathering (n = 26) finished a 18 memory-reactivation task—introduction of 11 film stills pursued by a filler task for 10 min 19 and afterward played Tetris for 12 min. The control gathering (n = 26) was neither given 20 the memory-reactivation task nor played Tetris; rather, after the 10-min filler task, they had 21 a 12-min break in which there was no undertaking. Along these lines, the two gatherings 22 kept on chronicle meddling recollections for 7 (Days 1–7), they predicted that 23 reconsolidation of a reactivated visual memory of experimental trauma could be disrupted by 24 engaging in a visuospatial task that would compete for visual working memory resources.

Keywords: intrusive memory, intrusions, reconsolidation, computer game, involuntary memory, trauma film, mental imagery, emotion, open data, open materials

28 Word count: X

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30 Methods

1 Participants

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There were 52 partcipants. 26 per section.

33 Material

- The details of the Computer Game Play Reduces Intrusive Memories of Experimental
- Trauma via Reconsolidation-Update Mechanisms are in the report of James et al (2015).

36 Procedure

- This test included three research facility sessions just as the fruition of a pen-and-paper journal at home to record the every day recurrence of meddlesome recollections (both more than 24 hr and after that for an extra 7 days).
- 40 Results
- Means for each subject in each condition in a one factor (Control vs Reactivation Plus
- Tetris) before intervention and ((Tetris only and Reactivation only) vs Control) after
- intervention.
- Were submitted to a one factor ANOVA. Means results are displayed in Table 1 and
- Figure 1. The full ANOVA table is reported in Table 2.

46 Discussion

- The re-analysis successfully reproduced the reported James et al.
- We presented the mean nosy recollections for the week from each subject in each
- condition to a one-factor between subjects ANOVA, with Intervention type (No-task control,
- 50 Reactivation Plus tetris, Tetris just, Reactivation just) as the sole free factor. We found a
- primary impact of Intervention type, F(3, 68) = 3.79, MSE = 10.09, p = 0.014. Mean
- $_{52}$ meddlesome recollections were essentially extraordinary between the Control (M = 5.11, SE
- = .99), Reactivation in addition to Tetris (M = 3.89, SE = .68), Tetris just (M= 3.89, SE =
- $_{54}$.68), and Reactivation just (M = 4.83, .78) conditions

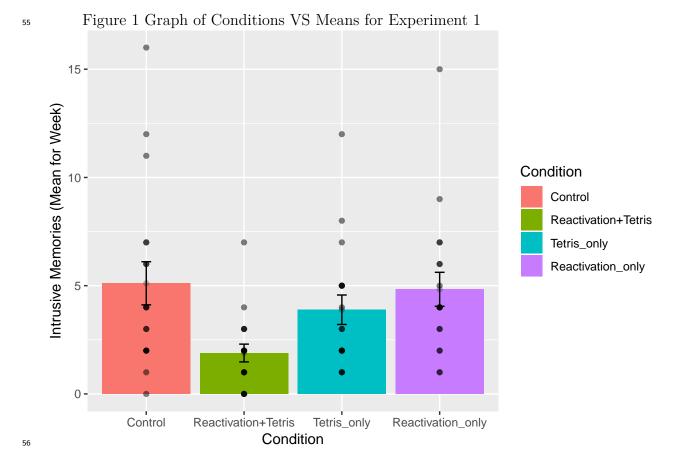


Table 1

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 $_{58}$ Means of Intervention Before and After Experiment 1

		1
Condition	means	SEs
Control	5.111111	0.9963623
Reactivation+Tetris	1.888889	0.4113495
Tetris_only	3.888889	0.6806806
Reactivation_only	4.833333	0.7848650

Table 2 ANOVA Table for Experiment 1.

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		Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Conditi	ion	3	114.8194	38.27315	3.794762	0.0140858
Residua	als	68	685.8333	10.08578	NA	NA

Power Analysis

References

4 ## [1] "James, E. L., Bonsall, M. B., Hoppitt, L., Tunbridge, E. M., Geddes, J. R., Milt

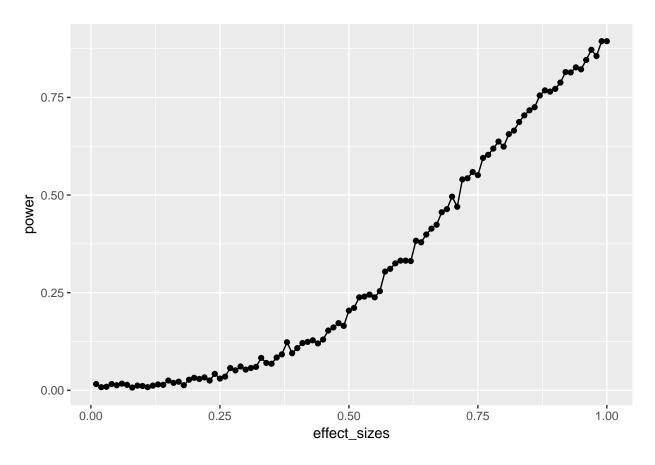


Figure 1