1

Random Numbers

Nwjwr Khungur Brahma

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1 Uniform Random Numbers

Let U be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

1.1 Generate 10^6 samples of U using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat .

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/

Random_numbers/blob/main/1.1/exrand.c wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/

Random numbers/blob/main/1.1/coeffs.h

Use the below command in the terminal to run the code

cc exrand.c -lm ./a.out

1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of *U* using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr\left(U \le x\right) \tag{1.1}$$

Solution: The graph 1.2 is obtained by running the below code

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/ Random_numbers/blob/main/1.2/uni_cdf. py

Run the following command in the terminal to run the code.

python3 uni_cdf.py

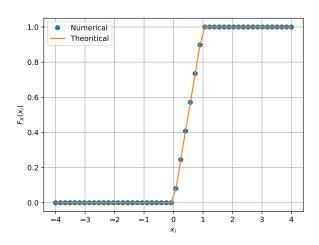


Fig. 1.2: The CDF of U

1.3 Find a theoretical expression for $F_U(x)$. **Solution:** Since U is an uniform random variable distribution, $P_U(x_i) = P_U(x_j) = k$, $\forall i, j$ So CDF of $P_U(x) = F_U(x)$

$$= \int P_U(x)dx \qquad (1.2)$$

$$= \int k dx \tag{1.3}$$

$$wkt \int_0^1 k dx = 1 \tag{1.4}$$

$$\therefore k = 1 \tag{1.5}$$

$$\therefore F_U(x) = x \tag{1.6}$$

1.4 The mean of U is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} U_i$$
 (1.7)

and its variance as

$$var[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2$$
 (1.8)

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of U.

Solution:

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/ Random numbers/blob/main/1.4/ mean var.c

Use below command to run file,

running the code gives us Mean=0.500007, Variance=0.083301

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}(x) \tag{1.9}$$

Solution:

$$dF_U(x) = dx (1.10)$$

$$\therefore E[U^k] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k dx \tag{1.11}$$

$$E[U] = \int_0^1 x dx = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (1.12)

$$E[U^2] = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$$
 (1.13)

$$\therefore P_X(x) = 0, \forall x \in (1, \infty) \cap (-\infty, 0)$$
 (1.14)

$$Var(X) = E[U^2] - (E[U])^2 = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12}$$
 (1.15)

2 Central Limit Theorem

2.1 Generate 10^6 samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \tag{2.1}$$

using a C program, where U_i , i = 1, 2, ..., 12are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

Solution:

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/

Random numbers/blob/main/1.1/exrand.c wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/

Random numbers/blob/main/1.1/coeffs.h

Running the above codes generates uni.dat and gau.dat file. Use the command

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of X using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

Solution: The CDF of X is plotted in 2.2, Properties of the CDF:

- $\Phi(x) = P(Z \le x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{x} \exp\left\{-\frac{u^2}{2}\right\} du$ $\lim_{x \to \infty} \Phi(x) = 1$, $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \Phi(x) = 0$ $\Phi(0) = \frac{1}{2}$

- $\Phi(-x) = 1 \Phi(x)$

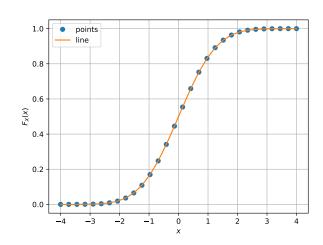


Fig. 2.2: The CDF of X

2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of X using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of X is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \tag{2.2}$$

What properties does the PDF have?

Solution: The PDF of X is plotted in 2.3 using the code below

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/ Random numbers/blob/main/2.3/gau pdf .py

Use the below command to run the code:

python3 pdf.py

Properties of PDF:

- PDF is symmetric about x = 0
- graph is bell shaped

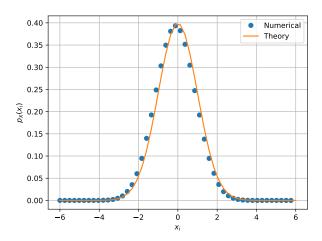


Fig. 2.3: The PDF of X

- mean of graph is situated at the apex point of the bell
- 2.4 Find the mean and variance of *X* by writing a C program.

Solution: Running the below code gives Mean =0.000326, Variance =1.000906

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/ Random_numbers/blob/main/2.4/ mean_var.c

Command used:

cc mean_var(gau).c -lm ./a.out

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty, (2.3)$$

repeat the above exercise theoretically. **Solution:** Given $p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{\frac{-x^2}{2}}$

$$E[x] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p_X(x) dx \tag{2.4}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x e^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}}$$
 (2.5)

$$\therefore xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}}$$
 is a odd function, (2.6)

E[x] = 0

$$E[x^2] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 p_X(x) dx \qquad (2.7)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x(xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}}) dx$$
 (2.8)

Using integration by parts:

$$= x \int xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} dx - \int \frac{d(x)}{dx} \int xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} dx \quad (2.9)$$

$$I = \int xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} \tag{2.10}$$

$$Let \frac{x^2}{2} = t \tag{2.11}$$

$$\implies xdx = dt$$
 (2.12)

$$\implies \int e^{-t}dt = -e^{-t} + c \tag{2.13}$$

$$\therefore \int xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} = -e^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} + c \tag{2.14}$$

Using (2.14) in (2.9)

$$= -xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} + \int e^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} dx \tag{2.15}$$

Also,
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}} dx = \sqrt{2\pi}$$
 (2.16)

 \therefore substituting limits we get, $E[x^2] = 1$ (2.17)

$$Var(X) = E[x^2] - (E[x])^2 = 1 - 0$$
 (2.18)

3 From Uniform to Other

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.1}$$

and plot its CDF.

Solution: Running the below code generates samples of V from file uni.dat(U).

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/ Random_numbers/blob/main/3.1/V.py

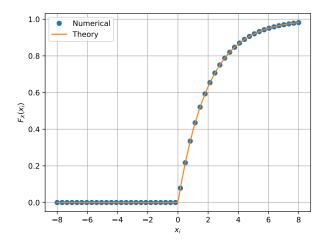


Fig. 3.1: CDF for (3)

Use the below command in the terminal to run the code:

python3 V.py

Now these samples are used to plot (3.1) by running the below code,

wget https://github.com/Nwjwrbrh/ Random_numbers/blob/main/3.1/V_cdf. py

Use the below command to run the code:

3.2 Find a theoretical expression for $F_V(x)$.

$$F_V(x) = P(V \le x) \tag{3.2}$$

$$= P(-2ln(1-U) \le x) \tag{3.3}$$

$$= P(1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}} \ge U) \tag{3.4}$$

$$P(U < x) = \int_0^x dx = x$$
 (3.5)

$$\therefore P(1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}} \ge U) = 1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}}, \forall x \ge 0 \quad (3.6)$$

4 Triangular Distribution

4.1 Generate

$$T = U_1 + U_2 (4.1)$$

Solution: Run the below code to generate T.dat

https://github.com/Pranavb060504/ Random_numbers/blob/main/4.1/ T_gen_dat.c Run the command below in the terminal

4.2 Find the CDF of T.

$$F_T(t) = P(T < t) \tag{4.2}$$

$$= P(U_1 + U_2 < t) \tag{4.3}$$

we know that $0 \le U_1 \le 1$ and $0 \le U_2 \le 1$ $\therefore 0 \le U_1 + U_2 \le 2$, so $\forall t > 2, P(U_1 + U_2 < t) = 1$ $\forall t < 0, P(U_1 + U_2 < t) = 0$ for $0 \le t \le 2$ let us split it into 2 cases, for $0 \le t \le 1$ and $1 < t \le 2$

The above figure is produced by the following code

https://github.com/Pranavb060504/ Random_numbers/blob/main/4.2/T_plot. py

Run the following command in the terminal to run the code

python3 T plot.py

From Fig (??)

$$P(U_1 + U_2 < t, 0 \le t \le 1) = \frac{\Delta(EOF)}{\Delta(AEOD)}$$
 (4.4)

$$=\frac{t^2}{2}\tag{4.5}$$

$$P(U_1 + U_2 < t, 1 \le t \le 2) = \frac{\Delta(ABC)}{\Delta(AEOD)}$$
 (4.6)

$$=1-\frac{(2-t)^2}{2}\tag{4.7}$$

$$\therefore F_T(t) = P(U_1 + U_2 < t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ \frac{t^2}{2} & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 1 - \frac{(2-t)^2}{2} & 1 < t \le 2 \\ 1 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
(4.8)

4.3 Find the PDF of T.

Solution:

$$P_T(t) = \frac{d(F_T(t))}{dt} \tag{4.9}$$

$$\therefore P_T(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t & 0 < t \le 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.10)

4.4 Find the theoretical expressions for the PDF and CDF of T.

Solution:

$$P_T(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t & 0 < t \le 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.11)

$$P_{T}(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t & 0 < t \le 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$F_{T}(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ \frac{t^{2}}{2} & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 1 - \frac{(2-t)^{2}}{2} & 1 < t \le 2 \\ 1 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
(4.11)

4.5 Verify your results through a plot.

Solution: Run the below code to get the cdf

https://github.com/Pranavb060504/ Random numbers/blob/main/4.5/T cdf.

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

Run the below code to get the pdf

https://github.com/Pranavb060504/ Random numbers/blob/main/4.5/T pdf.

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

python3 T pdf.py