### **Components**

A React "Component" returns JSX/HTML

- A js function
  - "function-based component" or
  - "functional component"
- old style is "class-based"
  - We won't be using those
  - Warning: React docs are years out of date :(
  - See <a href="https://beta.reactjs.org/">https://beta.reactjs.org/</a> instead

### **Components are Tags**

A React Component can be used as an Element in JSX

- Open/close or self-closing
  - lacktriangledown <Greeting> lacktriangledown <Greeting/>
- Consistent!
  - html elements in JSX are ALSO consistent!
- Element name matches function name
  - MixedCase, not camelCase
    - $\circ$  YES: <Greeting/> or <CatVideos/>
    - $\circ$  NO: <greeting/> or <catVideos/>

### **Components are not files**

OFTEN a .jsx file is exactly 1 component

• This is not required

For this course, it IS required

- one file === one component
- filename should match component name
- once you understand more nuance, then can change

## Components are a single container

A component can have any collection of nested elements/components

- But MUST have a single parent container element
- OR be a "fragment"
  - more on that later

### Example of single parent container

#### This works:

### Example without single parent container

This will give you an error:

### imports

Even without React, we want multiple files to organize

• big files = hard to manage/maintain

CRA includes a *bundler* (webpack)

- lets us use many files in dev
- outputs to fewer files in prod

Syntax is not browser JS

• bundler converts

## **Importing JSX**

### Write a Test.jsx in src/

```
function Test() {
  return (
     Hello World
  );
}
export default Test;
```

### Top of App.jsx:

```
import Test from './Test';
```

### Near end of App.jsx:

```
<Test/>
</header>
```

# The parts of importing

- say what you want to export
- say what you are importing
  - and from where
- use what you've imported

We will start with discussing component imports first

• other imports are different rules

### Say what you are exporting

#### At end of file:

```
export default VARIABLE_NAME;
```

### Example:

```
function CatVideo() { /* ... */ }
export default CatVideo;
```

Should match filename for ease of use

There are other export options

• we won't use them yet

This isn't JS that works in browser

converted by tools that CRA gives us

## Say what you are importing

#### ...and from where

```
import CatVideo from './CatVideo';
import Component from './Filename';
```

- Can be single or double quotes
- Component is the name you will use
  - should match the filename for ease of use
- Filename is the filename
  - You need a path (./)
  - Can be a different directory
  - Do not need a file extension
    - will import .jsx or .js

## **Using your imported Component**

Use an imported Component in a HTML-like JSX tag:

Any file can import other files

- Gets weird/breaks if you make a circle
  - A uses B, and B uses A
  - Don't do that

### importing CSS

CRA allows you to import CSS files

```
import './App.css';
```

- Makes the CSS available on the HTML page
- filename can be anything
  - does not have to be MixedCase
  - must have .css extension
  - must have a path (e.g. ./)
- Do not need to have CSS with each component
  - can use src/index.css
  - or put all css in css file(s) imported in App.jsx

React has other options for CSS, more on that later

### importing images

importing images LOOKS like importing Components:

```
import someImage from './cat-pic.jpg';
```

There are important differences:

- You pick a variable name to import as
- The filename needs to be complete
  - including file extension
  - and path
- Variable holds the path to the image as a string:
  - <img src={someImage} alt="smug cat"/>

# importing JS

We will cover this more later

• but all components are JS

### **Component Props**

### Components have attribute-like values:

```
<Greeting target="world"/>
```

### These are called "props"

- Allow you to pass values to Components
- Allows for flexibility and reuse

```
<Greeting target="class"/>
<Greeting target="world"/>

Hello class
Hello world
```

## **Prop values**

Unlike HTML, props can hold more than strings

• non-strings must be in {}

Unlike HTML, props should ALWAYS have a value

• not there/not there like disabled or checked

```
<MovieSequels count={3} />

    Cats: The Musical
    Cats: The Musical 2
    Cats: The Musical 3
    Cats: The Musical 3
```

## Reading passed props

A Component function is passed an object of all props

```
function MovieSequels( props ) {
  const list = [];

  for(let sequel = 1; sequel <= props.count; sequel += 1) {
    const title = sequel === 1 ? '': sequel;
    list.push( <li>Cats: The Musical {title}
    );
}

return (

      {list}

    );
} export default MovieSequels;
```

## **Destructuring props**

Common to **destructure** props object to get variables

```
function MovieSequels( { count } ) {
  const list = [];

for(let sequel = 1; sequel <= count; sequel += 1) {
   const title = sequel === 1 ? '' : sequel;
   list.push( <li>Cats: The Musical {title}
  };
}

return (

   {list}

  /ul>
  );
}
export default MovieSequels;
```

### **Events**

Components are JS that outputs HTML

• So how do we attach event listeners to HTML?

### "on" Handlers

### **But WAIT!**

Didn't we say NOT to use "onclick" in HTML?!

#### Yes!

- but this isn't HTML
- it LOOKS like HTML, but isn't
- Differences are subtle but real

## **Comparing**

#### Bad:

```
Meow
```

- Editing JS in HTML
  - hard to find
  - hard to edit

#### Good:

```
Meow
```

- Editing JS in JSX (which is just JS)
  - right where you would put it
- notice function is an actual function value

### Only HTML elements can get events

### Events don't happen to Components

- but you can pass props
- component can apply to returned element

```
function Meow({ onClick }) {
  return (
     Meow
  );
}
export default Meow;
```

### **Summary - Components**

#### Components:

- Functions that return HTML/JSX
  - or class-based component
- Can be nested
- passed "props"
- must have a single parent element
  - or be "fragment"
- must be named in MixedCase
- FOR THIS COURSE:
  - 1 component per .jsx file (must be .jsx)
  - Filename matches component name

### **Summary - imports/exports**

- A component can be exported from a file
- A component can be imported from an export
- A CSS file can be imported
  - many options on how to organize/approach
  - CSS imports do not need to be in all component
- An image path can be imported
- All imports need a path

#### FOR THIS COURSE:

• CSS classes should be kebab-case

### **Summary - props**

Components have "props" passed in JSX

- received in "props" object passed to JS function
  - often destructured to named variables
- props can hold string or non-string values
- event handler props don't work on components
  - but can be put on HTML elements

### **Summary - event handlers**

Event handlers go on HTML tags in JSX

- Looks like HTML JS attributes
  - but aren't
- must be onevent syntax
  - EVENT is a MixedCase event name
  - e.g. onClick, onInput, onChange
- event handler props don't work on components
  - but can be put on HTML elements