Conditional Statements:

1) If statement

```
In [12]: marks=int(input("Enter marks"))
             passing=50
             distinction=90
             Enter marks30
   In [13]: if marks>=distinction:
                 print("top")
             if marks>=passing and marks<distinction:</pre>
                 print("pass")
             if marks<passing:</pre>
                 print("Fail")
             Fail
   In [15]:
            statement="The coffee is bad"
             statement1="I am very good"
             if 'bad' in statement:
                 print("It's a bad review")
             if 'bad' in statement1:
                 print("Good Review")
             It's a bad review
             'z' in 'hello'
   In [16]:
   Out[16]: False
2) If else statement
   In [19]: | inp=int(input("Enter number:"))
```

```
if(inp%2==0):
    print("Even")
else:
    print("Odd")
Enter number:5
Odd
```

```
In [18]:
         if None:
              print("True")
         else:
              print("False")
         False
In [24]:
         inp=int(input("Enter number:"))
          if(inp%2==0):
              if(inp%4==0):
                  print("Even,Divisible by 4")
              else:
                  print("Even,Not Divisible by 4")
          else:
              if(inp%3==0):
                  print("Odd,Divisible by 3")
              else:
                  print("Odd, Not Divisible by 3")
         Enter number:25
         Odd, Not Divisible by 3
In [31]: #Check if a year is a leap year
         year=int(input())
          if (year%400==0) or (year%4==0 and year%100!=0):
              print("Leap Year")
          else:
              print("Not a Leap Year")
         1997
         Not a Leap Year
In [35]:
         #Check if a number exists in given range(inclusive)
         n1=int(input("Enter number:"))
          1b=50
          up=150
          if(n1 in range(50,151)):
              print("Yes")
          else:
              print("No")
         Enter number:134
         Yes
In [36]: #Check if a number is multiple of 10
         n=int(input("Enter number"))
          if(n%10==0):
              print("Yes")
          else:
              print("No")
         Enter number200
         Yes
```

```
In [37]: #Check if given string is factor of 100
         n=int(input("Enter number:"))
         if(100%n==0):
             print("Yes")
         else:
             print("No")
         Enter number: 200
         No
In [39]: #Check if given string length is equal to a number
         num=12
         s=input("Enter a string:")
         if(num==len(s)):
             print('Yes')
         else:
             print('No')
         Enter a string:mohinijyothi
         Yes
In [41]:
         #Check if given string is equal to a number
         num=12
         s=input("Enter a string:")
         if(num==int(s)):
             print('Yes')
         else:
             print('No')
         Enter a string:11
         No
In [47]:
         #Calculate the number of nanao seconds in a given year(Consider leap year logi
         year=int(input("Enter a year:"))
         if (year%400==0) or (year%4==0 and year%100!=0):
             tot=366*24*60*60*(10**-9)
             print(tot)
         else:
             tot=365*24*60*60*(10**-9)
             print(tot)
         Enter a year:2020
         0.0316224
```

3) elif statements

```
In [48]: #Find the greatest of 3 numbers
          a=int(input())
          b=int(input())
          c=int(input())
          if(a>b and a>c):
              print(a,'is big')
          elif(b>c and b>a):
              print(b,'is big')
          else:
              print(c,'is big')
          12
          14
          13
          14 is big
In [51]:
          marks=int(input("Enter marks"))
          if(marks<50):</pre>
              print("Fail")
          elif(marks>=50 and marks<60):</pre>
              print("D")
          elif(marks>=60 and marks<70):</pre>
              print("C")
          elif(marks>=70 and marks<80):</pre>
              print("B")
          elif(marks>=80 and marks<90):</pre>
              print("A")
          else:
              print("Distinction")
          Enter marks56
          D
```

4) Nested if

```
In [6]: num=int(input("Enter a number:"))
    if(num>=0):
        if num==0:
            print('zero')
        else:
            print('positive')
    else:
        print('negative')
Enter a number:0
```

zero

```
In [3]: #Check the number of digits in a given number
    num=int(input())
    n=str(num)
    print(len(n))

1234
    4

In [9]: #Calculate the square root of a given number
    import math
    num=int(input())
    print(math.sqrt(num))

625
25.0
```

Loops

```
In [4]: #Function to print N Natural numbers by using for loop
        def natural(n):
            for i in range(1,n+1):
                 print(i,end=" ")
            print()
             #return
        natural(30)
        natural(10)
        1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
        1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
In [3]: #print a string using while loop
        s=input()
        i=0
        while i<len(s):
             print(s[i])
             i=i+1
        mohini
        m
        0
        h
        i
        n
        i
```

```
In [4]: #print N natural numbers
         def natural(n):
             i=1
             while(i<n+1):</pre>
                  print(i,end=" ")
                  i=i+1
         natural(30)
         1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
         #Function to print the alternate value in range in the same line
In [ ]:
         #range(500,550)--> 500,502,504....549
         #start with inclusive and end with exclusive
In [10]: def alternate(lb,ub):
             for i in range(lb,ub,2):
                  print(i,end=" ")
         alternate(500,550)
         500 502 504 506 508 510 512 514 516 518 520 522 524 526 528 530 532 534 536 5
         38 540 542 544 546 548
         #Function to print reverse of given range in the same line
In [14]:
         def reversee(lb,ub):
             for i in range(ub, lb, -1):
                  print(i,end=" ")
         reversee(500,550)
         550 549 548 547 546 545 544 543 542 541 540 539 538 537 536 535 534 533 532 5
         31 530 529 528 527 526 525 524 523 522 521 520 519 518 517 516 515 514 513 51
         2 511 510 509 508 507 506 505 504 503 502 501
In [15]: #Function to print the odd numbers in reverse order
         def oddreverse(lb,ub):
             for i in range(ub,lb,-1):
                  if(i%2!=0):
                      print(i,end=" ")
         oddreverse(500,550)
         549 547 545 543 541 539 537 535 533 531 529 527 525 523 521 519 517 515 513 5
         11 509 507 505 503 501
In [17]:
         #Function to calculate the sum of numbers in a range
         def sum1(lb,ub):
             sum=0
             for i in range(lb,ub):
                 sum=sum+i
             print(sum)
          sum1(10,30)
         390
```

```
In [18]: #Function to calculate the avg of a given range
         \#(1,5)->3
         def sum1(lb,ub):
             sum=0
             count=0
             for i in range(lb,ub):
                  sum=sum+i
                  count=count+1
             print(sum/count)
         sum1(10,30)
         19.5
In [21]: #Function to generate all leap years in a given time period
         #[2000,2020]->2000 2004 2008 2012 2016 2020
         def leapyears(lb,ub):
             for i in range(lb,ub+1):
                  if(i%400==0 or (i%4==0 and i%100!=0)):
                     print(i)
         leapyears(2000,2020)
         2000
         2004
         2008
         2012
         2016
         2020
In [2]: | #Calculate number of days in a given time period using leap Year logic
         #For every year in the given time period, if the year is not a leap year->add 3
         65 to sum. If leap year add 366 to sum
         def totaldays(lb,ub):
             sum1=0
             for i in range(lb,ub+1):
                  if(i%400==0 or (i%4==0 and i%100!=0)):
                     sum1=sum1+366
                  else:
                      sum1=sum1+365
             print(sum1)
         totaldays(2000,2020)
```

7671

```
In [1]: | #Function to print all numbers divisible by 6
         #and not a factor of 100 in a given range(lb,ub) inclusive
         def divisibleby6(lb,ub):
             for i in range(lb,ub):
                 if(i%6==0 and 100%i!=0):
                     print(i)
         divisibleby6(6,60)
        6
        12
        18
        24
        30
        36
        42
        48
        54
In [3]: #Function to find the avg of cubes of all even numbers
        #in a given range(lb,ub) inclusive
         #1,10->2,4,6,8,10->avg(8,64,216,64*8,1000)
         def cubesofeven(lb,ub):
            num=0
             sum1=0
            for i in range(lb,ub+1):
                 if(i%2==0):
                     sum1=sum1+(i**3)
                     num=num+1
             print(sum1/num)
        cubesofeven(1,10)
        360.0
In [4]:
        #Function to generate the sum of factors for a given number
        #12->1 2 3 4 6 12
         def factorsum(num):
             for i in range(1,num+1):
                 if(num%i==0):
                     print(i)
         factorsum(12)
        1
        2
        3
        4
        6
        12
```

9/12/2019

```
09-sept-2019
In [9]: #Function to check if a given number is Prime
          def prime(num):
              count=0
              for i in range(1,num+1):
                  if(num%i==0):
                      count=count+1
              if(count==2):
                  print("prime")
              else:
                  print("not prime")
          prime(13)
         prime
         #Function to calculate the average of first N prime numbers
In [10]:
          def avg(num):
              sum1=0
              for i in range(1, num):
                  sum1=sum1+i
              print(sum1/num)
          avg(18)
         8.5
         #Iterate the integers from 1 to 50, for multiples of 3 print "Fizz" and for mu
In [14]:
          ltiples of 5 print "Buzz" and for multiples of both 3 and 5 print "FizzBuzz".
          def integers(lb,ub):
              for i in range(lb,ub+1):
                  if(i\%3==0 \text{ and } i\%5==0):
                      print(i, "FizzBuzz")
                  elif(i%3==0):
                      print(i," Fizz")
                  elif(i%5==0):
                      print(i," Buzz")
          integers(3,30)
         3
             Fizz
         5
             Buzz
             Fizz
         6
```

- Fizz 9
- 10 Buzz
- 12 Fizz
- 15 FizzBuzz
- 18 Fizz
- 20 Buzz
- Fizz 21
- 24 Fizz
- 25 Buzz
- 27 Fizz
- 30 FizzBuzz

```
In [15]: #Program to print the multiplication table from range between 10 to 20
         (Ex: 3 \times 10 = 30...)
         def mul(num, lb, ub):
             for i in range(lb,ub+1):
                 print(num,"*",i,"=",num*i)
         mul(5,10,20)
         5 * 10 = 50
         5 * 11 = 55
         5 * 12 = 60
         5 * 13 = 65
         5 * 14 = 70
         5 * 15 = 75
         5 * 16 = 80
         5 * 17 = 85
         5 * 18 = 90
         5 * 19 = 95
         5 * 20 = 100
In [25]: #Function to generate all Perfect numbers in a given range
         #Perfect Number - Sum of all its factors is equal to the number itself
         ##6 - 1, 2, 3.....lb, ub
         def perfect(lb,ub):
             for i in range(lb,ub+1):
                  sum1=0
                 for j in range(1,i):
                      if(i%j==0):
                          sum1=sum1+j
                 if(i==sum1):
                      print(i)
         perfect(1,100)
         6
         28
In [ ]:
```