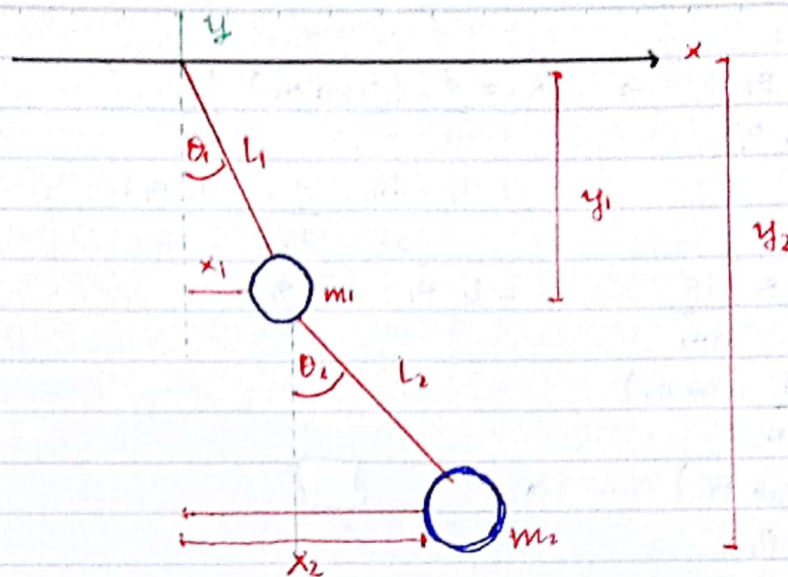


menyeh mutammah' ; kammaludin hardiansyah² ; Nuri cornelia B³.



Tinjau m_2

$$x_2 = x_1 + l_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$= l_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$\ddot{x}_2 = \frac{d}{dt} (l_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \sin \theta_2)$$

$$= l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1 + l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_2$$

$$y_2 = y_1 - l_2 \cos \theta_2$$

$$= -l_1 \cos \theta_1 - l_2 \cos \theta_2$$

$$\ddot{y}_2 = \frac{d}{dt} (-l_1 \cos \theta_1 - l_2 \cos \theta_2)$$

$$= l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$V = m_1 \cdot g \cdot y_1 + m_2 \cdot g \cdot y_2$$

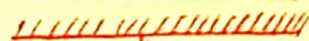
$$= m_1 \cdot g (-l_1 \cos \theta_1) + m_2 \cdot g (-l_1 \cos \theta_1 - l_2 \cos \theta_2)$$

$$= -m_1 \cdot g l_1 \cos \theta_1 - m_2 \cdot g l_1 \cos \theta_1 - m_2 \cdot g l_2 \cos \theta_2$$

$$= -(m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \cos \theta_1 - m_2 g l_2 \cos \theta_2$$

Praktikum Fisika

"Resonansi Smol."



Pers. Lagrange

$$L = T - V$$

Tinjau an m_1

$$x_1 = l_1 \sin \theta_1 \rightarrow \dot{x} = \frac{d}{dt} (l_1 \sin \theta_1) \frac{d\theta}{d\theta_1}$$

$$y_1 = -l_1 \cos \theta_1$$

$$\downarrow = l_1 \frac{d\theta_1}{dt} \frac{d}{d\theta} (\sin \theta_1)$$

$$\dot{y} = \frac{d}{dt} (-l_1 \cos \theta_1) \frac{d\theta}{d\theta_1} = l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1$$

$$= -l_1 \frac{d\theta_1}{dt} \frac{d}{d\theta_1} (\cos \theta_1)$$

$$= -l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 (-\sin \theta_1)$$

$$= l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1$$

Sumbu x

$$x_1 = l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1 + l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_2$$

Sumbu y

$$\dot{y}_1 = l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1$$

$$\dot{y}_2 = l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$V = -(m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \cos \theta_1 - m g l_2 \cos \theta_2 \rightarrow \text{potensial}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

- Analisis Energi mekanik (T) sistem

$$T = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{y}_1^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}_1^2 + \dot{y}_1^2) + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}_2^2 + \dot{y}_2^2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m [(l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1)^2 + (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1)^2] + \frac{1}{2} m [(l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1 + l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_2)^2 + (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2)^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m [l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \cos^2 \theta_1 + l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin^2 \theta_1 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cos^2 \theta_2 + 2(l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2) + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cos^2 \theta_2 + l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin^2 \theta_1 + 2(l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2) + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin^2 \theta_2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m [l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 (\sin^2 \theta_1 + \cos^2 \theta_1)] + [l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 (\sin^2 \theta_2 + \cos^2 \theta_2)] + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 (\cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 + \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2)]$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} m_1 [l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2] + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos (\theta_1 - \theta_2))$$

$$L = T - V \rightarrow \text{Lagrange}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m_1 (l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2) + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos (\theta_1 - \theta_2)) + ((m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \cos \theta_1 - m g l_2 \cos \theta_2)$$

Tentukan fungsi terkecil $(\dot{\theta}_1, \dot{\theta}_2, \theta_1, \theta_2)$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_i} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_i} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = m_1 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + 2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_1} = -m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \sin \theta_1$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} \right) = m_1 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \cdot (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} m_1 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2) \\ m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \sin \theta_1 = 0 \\ (m_1 + m_2) l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \\ = m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \sin \theta_1 = 0 \\ (m_1 + m_2) l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \\ + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - (m_1 + m_2) g \sin \theta_1 = 0 \\ (m_1 + m_2) l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - (m_1 + m_2) g \sin \theta_1 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 m l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 - (2m) g \sin \theta_1 = 0$$

$$2 m l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 - 2 m g \sin \theta_1 = 0$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)) + (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \sin \theta_1 + m_2 g l_2 \sin \theta_1$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = m_2 l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_2} = -m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 g l_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right) = m_2 l_2^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \cdot (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$m_1 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_1 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_1 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_1 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_1 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_1 g l_1 \sin \theta_1 = 0$$

$$m_2 l_2^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 g \sin \theta_2 = 0$$

$$m_1 l_1 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_1 l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_1 l_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_1 g \sin \theta_2 = 0$$

$$m l \ddot{\theta}_1 + m l \ddot{\theta}_1 - m g \theta_1 = 0$$

$$m (l \ddot{\theta}_2 + l \ddot{\theta}_1 - g \theta) = 0$$