

1 source language \mathcal{T}

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &::= n \in \mathcal{N} \\
 e &::= n \mid \text{true} \mid \text{false} \mid () \mid x \\
 &\quad \mid e + e \mid e - e \mid e * e \mid e / e \\
 &\quad \mid e = e \mid e < e \mid e \geq e \mid \text{not } e \\
 &\quad \mid \text{if } e \text{ then } e \text{ else } e \\
 &\quad \mid \text{let } x = e \text{ in } e \mid \text{let rec } x \ x = e \text{ in } e \mid \text{fun } x \rightarrow e \mid e \ e
 \end{aligned}$$

2 Virtual Machine specificatoin

2.1 closure representation

$$Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle$$

I is instruction sequense, C is constant table, F is closure table and Um is just an information, to create upvalues, composed of index and *meta* index, which of the former represents current register value and the latter does the upvalue index.

2.2 machine state

$$S = \langle Q, pc, U, R \rangle$$

ps is program counter which points nth instruction of I , U is upvalues table and R is register list.

2.3 values

$$v ::= \text{null} \mid () \mid i \in \mathcal{N} \mid \text{true} \mid \text{false} \mid \text{clos}(Q, U)$$

2.4 Instructions

- | | |
|--|---|
| • Load(a, kx)
set $C[kx]$ to $R[a]$ | • Sub(a, b, c)
set $R[b] - R[c]$ to $R[a]$ |
| • SetBool(a, x, p)
set boolean $x > 0$ to $R[a]$; if $p = 1$ then $pc++$ | • Mul(a, b, c)
set $R[b] * R[c]$ to $R[a]$ |
| • Unit(a)
set $()$ to $R[a]$ | • Div(a, b, c)
set $R[b] / R[c]$ to $R[a]$ |
| • Clos(a, cx, p)
create $U' = U @ \{u \mid i_u \in Um \wedge u = R[i_u]\}$ and
set $\langle F[cx], 0, U', R' \rangle$ with environment to $R[a]$ if
$p=1$ then the closure is recursive | • Eq(a, b)
if $R[a] == R[b]$ then $pc++$ |
| • Upval(a, ux)
set $U[rx]$ to $R[a]$ | • Lt(a, b)
if $R[a] < R[b]$ then $pc++$ |
| • Add(a, b, c)
set $R[b] + R[c]$ to $R[a]$ | • Ge(a, b)
if $R[a] \geq R[b]$ then $pc++$ |
| | • Test(a, p) |

if $p > 0 \ \&\& \ R[a] \ \ p \leq 0 \ \&\& \ !R[a]$ then pc++	call closure $R[a]$ with argument $R[b]$ and set return value to $R[a]$
• Jump(x) pc += x	• Return(a) exit closure evaluation and return $R[a]$
• Move(a, b) set $R[b]$ to $R[a]$	• TailCall(a, b) call closure $R[a]$ with argument $R[b]$ and exit closure evaluation and return $R[a]$
• Call(a, b)	

3 compilation: translate source language program to VM initial state (input bytecode)

$$\text{relation } \llbracket \mathcal{T}, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = Q', \Sigma'$$

Σ is an environment from source language variable to register index.

$$Q_{init}(e) = \llbracket e, [], \langle [], [], [] \rangle \rrbracket$$

3.1 auxiliary function

We define an auxiliary function to get last used register and rest instructions by pattern match.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{mtch}(I; \text{Return}(a)) &= (a, I) \\ \text{mtch}(I; \text{TailCall}(a, b)) &= (a, I; \text{Call}(a, b)) \\ \text{mtch}(_) &= \text{undefined} \end{aligned}$$

3.2 compilation rules

$$\frac{\text{a and kx are fresh}}{\llbracket n, \Sigma, \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I; \text{Load}(a, kx); \text{Return}(a), C, F, Um \rangle, \Sigma'} \quad (\text{INT})$$

$$\llbracket (), \Sigma, \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I; \text{Unit}(a); \text{Return}(a), C, F, Um \rangle, \Sigma' \quad (\text{UNIT})$$

$$\llbracket \text{true}, \Sigma, \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I; \text{SetBool}(a, 1); \text{Return}(a), C, F, Um \rangle, \Sigma' \quad (\text{TRUE})$$

$$\llbracket \text{false}, \Sigma, \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I; \text{SetBool}(a, 0); \text{Return}(a), C, F, Um \rangle, \Sigma' \quad (\text{FALSE})$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\ \llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \\ \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'') \end{array}}{\llbracket e_1 + e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{Add}(a, r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}); \text{Return}(a), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{ADD})$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\ \llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \\ \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'') \end{array}}{\llbracket e_1 - e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{Sub}(a, r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}); \text{Return}(a), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{SUB})$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\ \llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \\ \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'') \end{array}}{\llbracket e_1 * e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{Mul}(a, r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}); \text{Return}(a), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{MUL})$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\
\frac{\llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \quad \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'')}{\llbracket e_1 / e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{Div}(a, r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}); \text{Return}(a), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{DIV})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\
\frac{\llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \quad \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'')}{\llbracket e_1 = e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{Eq}(r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}); \text{SetBool}(a, 1); \text{SetBool}(a, 0); \text{Return}(a), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{EQ})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\
\frac{\llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \quad \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'')}{\llbracket e_1 < e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{Lt}(r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}); \text{SetBool}(a, 1); \text{SetBool}(a, 0); \text{Return}(a), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{LT})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\
\frac{\llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \quad \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'')}{\llbracket e_1 \geq e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{Ge}(r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}); \text{SetBool}(a, 1); \text{SetBool}(a, 0); \text{Return}(a), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{GE})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a is fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\
\frac{\llbracket e, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_e, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_e) = (r_e, I')}{\llbracket \text{not } e, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I'; \text{Test}(r_e, 0); \text{SetBool}(a, 1); \text{SetBool}(a, 0); \text{Return}(a), C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma'} \quad (\text{NOT})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a and cx are fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \quad fv = FV(\text{fun } x \rightarrow e) \quad \Sigma_0 = \{(x = i_r) \mid (x = i_r) \in \Sigma \wedge x \in fv\} \\
\Sigma' = \{(x = -(i + 1)) \mid (x = i_r) \text{ as } xi \in \Sigma_0 \wedge xi \text{ is } i\text{th element of } \Sigma_0\} \quad Um' = \{i \mid (_ = i) \in \Sigma'\} \\
Q_{init}(e) = \llbracket e, \Sigma_e, \langle I_e, C_e, F_e, _ \rangle \rrbracket \quad \Sigma'_e = \Sigma_e; x = 0 \quad \llbracket e, \Sigma'_e, \langle I_e, C_e, F_e, Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I'_e, C'_e, F'_e, _ \rangle, \Sigma''_e \\
Clos = \langle I'_e, C'_e, F'_e, Um @ Um' \rangle \\
\hline
\llbracket \text{fun } x \rightarrow e, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I; \text{Clos}(a, cx, 0); \text{Return}(a), C, F; cx = Clos, Um \rangle, \Sigma \quad (\text{FUN})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \quad \llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \\
\frac{\llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_2}, C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma'' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_2}) = (r_{e_2}, I'')}{\llbracket e_1 \text{ e}_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I''; \text{TailCall}(r_{e_1}, r_{e_2}), C'', F'', Um'' \rangle, \Sigma''} \quad (\text{CALL})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\Sigma[x] = i \wedge i \geq 0 \\
\hline
\llbracket x, \Sigma, \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I; \text{Move}(a, i); \text{Return}(a), C, F, Um \rangle, \Sigma' \quad (\text{VARLOCAL})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\Sigma[x] = i \wedge i < 0 \\
\hline
\llbracket x, \Sigma, \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I; \text{Upval}(a, -i - 1); \text{Return}(a), C, F, Um \rangle, \Sigma' \quad (\text{VARUPVAL})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a and b are fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\
\frac{\llbracket e_1, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = \langle I_{e_1}, C', F', Um' \rangle, \Sigma' \quad \text{mtch}(I_{e_1}) = (r_{e_1}, I') \quad \llbracket e_2, \Sigma'; x = a, \langle I'; \text{Move}(b, a), C', F', Um' \rangle \rrbracket = Q', \Sigma''}{\llbracket \text{let } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2, \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = Q', \Sigma''} \quad (\text{LET})
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{a and cx are fresh} \quad Q = \langle I, C, F, Um \rangle \\
fv = (FV(e_1) \setminus \{x\} \cap FV(e_2)) \setminus \{f\} \quad \Sigma_0 = \{(x = i_r) \mid (x = i_r) \in \Sigma \wedge x \in fv\} \cap \{f = a\} \\
\Sigma' = \{(x = -(i+1)) \mid (x = i_r) \text{ as } xi \in \Sigma_0 \wedge xi \text{ is } i\text{th element of } \Sigma_0\} \\
Um' = \{i \mid (_ = i) \in \Sigma'\} \quad Q_{init}(e_1) = \llbracket e_1, \Sigma_{e1}, \langle I_{e1}, C_{e1}, F_{e1}, _ \rangle \rrbracket \quad \Sigma'_{e1} = \Sigma_{e1}; x = 0 \\
\llbracket e_1, \Sigma'_{e1}, \langle I_{e1}, C_{e1}, F_{e1}, Um' \rangle \rrbracket = \langle I'_{e1}, C'_{e1}, F'_{e1}, _ \rangle, \Sigma''_{e1} \quad Clos = \langle I_{e1}', C'_{e1}, F'_{e1}, Um @ Um' \rangle \\
I' = I; Clos(a, cx, 1) \quad F' = F; cx = Clos \quad \Sigma' = Sigma; f = a \quad \llbracket e_2, \Sigma', \langle I', C, F', Um \rangle \rrbracket = Q', \Sigma'' \\
\hline
\llbracket \text{let rec f x = e1 in e2, } \Sigma, Q \rrbracket = Q', \Sigma''
\end{array}$$

(LETRECFUN)

$FV(e)$ means a set of free variables in e

4 Evaluation: VM state transition rules