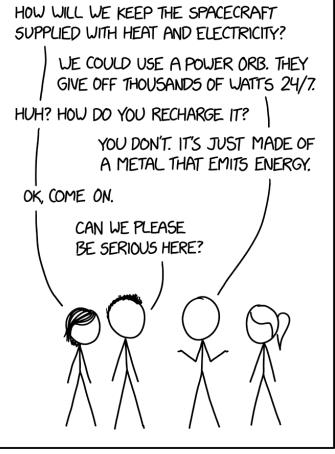
Architecting Ag Data Dreams

Bounded Context in Time and Space

Aaron Ault
OATS Center
at Purdue University



FOR SOMETHING THAT'S REAL, PLUTONIUM IS SO UNREALISTIC.



Interoperability



"I don't have to spend time messing with anything."



Interoperability



"I don't have to spend time messing with anything."



"We all use the same data model."



Interoperability



"I don't have to spend time messing with anything."





"We all use the same data model."

EQUALS

API Connections



Concepts for Industry-Wide Data Sharing API's



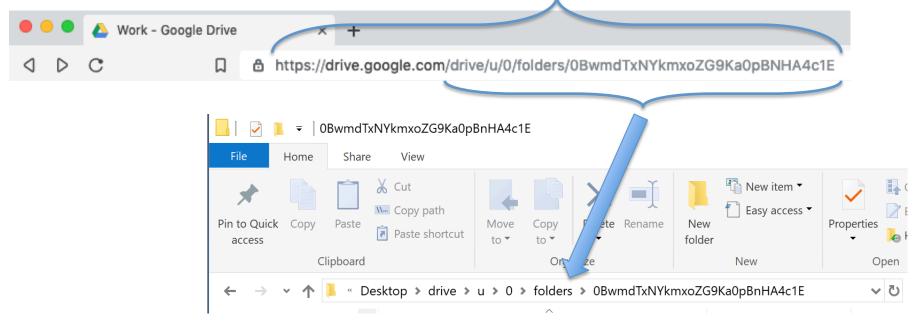
API's identify Resources with URL's



What does this part look like?



API's identify Resources with URL's



Filesystem!



API's Identify Resources with URL's

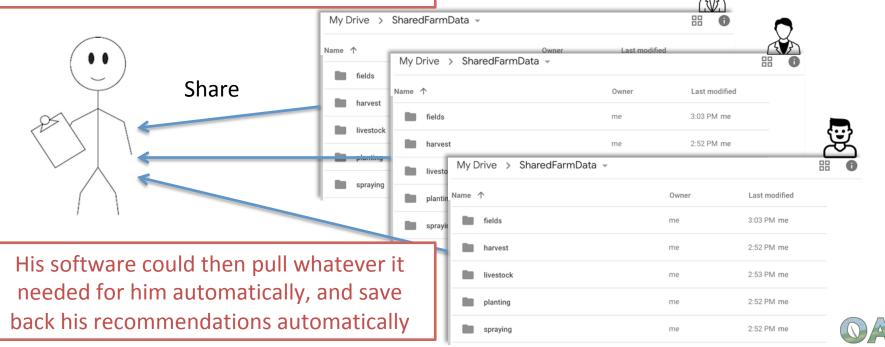
OADA URL's use Links to form a graph (like a filesystem + symbolic links)



Now imagine if an agronomist had 3 different farmer clients share their Google Drive folders with him, and they all use the same folder structure and filenames

sources with URL's

inks to form a graph



API's identify Resources with URL's

OADA URL's use Links to form a graph

Graph structure has many roles:
Semantic: organizing content by type,
Sharing: organizing content by privacy,
Indexing: organizing content for querying,

Streaming/Updating/Versioning/Concurrency/Caching (the hard stuff)



Role 1: Semantic

```
/fields
/machines
/certifications
/spraying
/harvest
/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps
/...
```

Defines "Categories" of data



Role 2: Sharing

```
/fields
/machines
/certifications
/spraying
/harvest
/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018
/...
```

Group items into trees (folders) to share with others. Like here, this allows sharing only 2018's yield maps.

Remember the Google Drive example earlier?



Role 2: Sharing

```
/fields
                                    Problem:
/machines
                              You shared this node
/certifications
/spraying
/harvest
/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018
      But recipient lost this
       semantic structure
```

Group items into trees (folders) to share with others.

Need Content Types and Traveling Context
Sharing a Filtered Graph is sometimes a better fit.



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv

If there are 13 rows in this data set, no problem. Just put them in one resource because the client can always pull them all.

				mass	moisture	area
id	time	lat	lon	(bu)	(%)	(ac)
1	1550957130	41.06496	-86.216011	14	19.7	0.07
2	1550957131	41.06596	-86.214011	14.3	19.4	0.07
3	1550957132	41.06696	-86.212011	14.1	19.9	0.07
4	1550957133	41.06796	-86.210011	15.8	19.4	0.07
5	1550957134	41.06896	-86.208011	15.8	19.7	0.07
6	1550957135	41.06996	-86.206011	18.2	19.7	0.07
7	1550957136	41.07096	-86.204011	14.7	19.4	0.07
8	1550957137	41.07196	-86.202011	14	19.9	0.07
9	1550957138	41.07296	-86.200011	14	19.9	0.07
10	1550957139	41.07396	-86.198011	16.1	19.7	0.07
11	1550957140	41.07496	-86.196011	16.1	19.4	0.07
12	1550957141	41.07596	-86.194011	14.7	19.7	0.07
13	1550957142	41.07696	-86.192011	14	19.9	0.07



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv

130M rows, problem!

Databases FTW!

				mass	moisture	area
id	time	lat	lon	(bu)	(%)	(ac)
1	1550957130	41.06496	-86.216011	14	19.7	0.07
2	1550957131	41.06596	-86.214011	14.3	19.4	0.07
3	1550957132	41.06696	-86.212011	14.1	19.9	0.07
4	1550957133	41.06796	-86.210011	15.8	19.4	0.07
5	1550957134	41.06896	-86.208011	15.8	19.7	0.07

. . .

135654013	1550957140	41.07496	-86.196011	16.1	19.4	0.07
135654014	1550957141	41.07596	-86.194011	14.7	19.7	0.07
135654015	1550957142	41.07696	-86.192011	14	19.9	0.07



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv

A database builds an Index to find <u>some things</u> without needing to look at <u>everything</u>

				mass	moisture	area
id	time	lat	lon	(bu)	(%)	(ac)
1	1550957130	41.06496	-86.216011	14	19.7	0.07
2	1550957131	41.06596	-86.214011	14.3	19.4	0.07
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. . .

135654013	1550957140	41.07496	-86.196011	16.1	19.4	0.07
135654014	1550957141	41.07596	-86.194011	14.7	19.7	0.07
135654015	1550957142	41.07696	-86.192011	14	19.9	0.07

Dataset

lat 41.06496 10 A1 OCEOC 41.06796 41.05896 41.06991 41.06996 41.07096 41.07196 41.07296 41.07496 41.07596 13 41.07694 41.07696

If index is sorted, can find ranges



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv

A database builds an Index to find <u>some things</u> without needing to look at <u>everything</u>

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv?lat=40.0798&lon=-86.2913

API's sometimes handle these indexes with special query parameters on the end of the URL like this





/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv

A database builds an Index to find <u>some things</u> without needing to look at <u>everything</u>

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv?lat=40.0798&lon=-86.2913

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/lat/40.079/lon/-86.2913/points.csv

But this is really the same as just making it part of the graph structure



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv

A database builds an Index to find <u>some things</u> without needing to look at <u>everything</u>

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/points.csv?lat=40.0798&lon=-86.2913

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/lat/40.079/lon/-86.2913/points.csv

Turns out this was an index, too (limits the dataset to 1 particular year)



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/fields/Back40/points.csv

				mass	moisture	area
id	time	lat	Ion	(bu)	(%)	(ac)
1	1550957130	41.06496	-86.216011	14	19.7	0.07
2	1550957131	41.06596	-86.214011	14.3	19.4	0.07
3	1550957132	41.06696	-86.212011	14.1	19.9	0.07
4	1550957133	41.06796	-86.210011	15.8	19.4	0.07
5	1550957134	41.06896	-86.208011	15.8	19.7	0.07

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/fields/Front40/points.csv

id	time	lat	lon	mass (bu)	moisture (%)	area (ac)
1	1550957130	41.06496	-86.216011	14	19.7	0.07
2	1550957131	41.06596	-86.214011	14.3	19.4	0.07
3	1550957132	41.06696	-86.212011	14.1	19.9	0.07
4	1550957133	41.06796	-86.210011	15.8	19.4	0.07
5	1550957134	41.06896	-86.208011	15.8	19.7	0.07

You have now Graph Indexed a large dataset into smaller "buckets"



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/fields/Back40/points.csv

You have committed a
Cardinal Sin
and broke everything

					mass	moisture	area
	4				IIIdass		
id	time		lat	lon	(bu)	(%)	(ac)
1	1550957	0	41.06496	-86.216011	14	19.7	0.07
	45500	31	41.06596	-86.214011	14.3	19.4	0.07
- 3	15509571	32	41.06696	-86.212011	14.1	19.9	0.07
4	122022	33	41.06796	-86.210011	15.8	19.4	0.07
5	1550957	4	41.06896	-86.208011	15.8	19.7	0.07

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/fields/Front40/points.csv

These field names are arbitrary, non-unique, and mutable. Yet the Ag software industry has chosen them as their core indexing, causing no end of headaches for farmers trying to manage their data over time.

		mass	moisture	area
	Ion	(bu)	(%)	(ac)
96	-86.216011	14	19.7	0.07
96	-86.214011	14.3	19.4	0.07
96	-86.212011	14.1	19.9	0.07
96	-86.210011	15.8	19.4	0.07
96	-86.208011	15.8	19.7	0.07



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/fields/Back40/points.csv

You always get 1 index for free. (You have to store the data somewhere.)

Make it count.

Make it immutable.

Make it non-ambiguous.



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/years/2018/fields/Back40/points.csv

You always get 1 index for free.

Make it count.

Make it immutable.

Make it non-ambiguous

GOGT Data!

Graph-structured

OADA-delivered

Geohash-indexed

Time-indexed



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv

Time-indexed

Geohash-indexed (7-character = \approx 2.5 ac/tile in Midwest US)

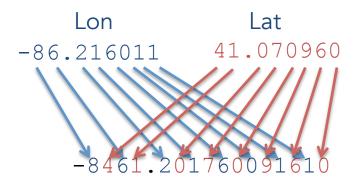


/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv

Time-indexed

Geohash-indexed (7-character = \approx 2.5 ac/tile in Midwest US)

Geohash: a way to "tile" GPS points



Geohash-like string (real geohashes interleave binary)

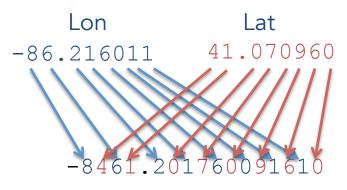


/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv

Time-indexed

Geohash-indexed (7-character = \approx 2.5 ac/tile in Midwest US)

Geohash: a way to "tile" GPS points



Geohash-like string (real geohashes interleave binary)

Some Nice Properties for Indexing:

$$2D => 1D$$

≈Immutable (on non-geologic timescales)

Unambiguous

Purely Functional

Fewer bits = Bigger Tiles

Close in "number" ≈ Close in "space"



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv

GOGT is a great option for a lot of Ag-related Spatial Data: As-planted

As-harvested

As-applied

LiDAR Elevations

...etc...

Soil tests

Weather Stations

Geohash:

-86.21

Lor

Geohash-like string (real ones interleave binary) Purely Functional

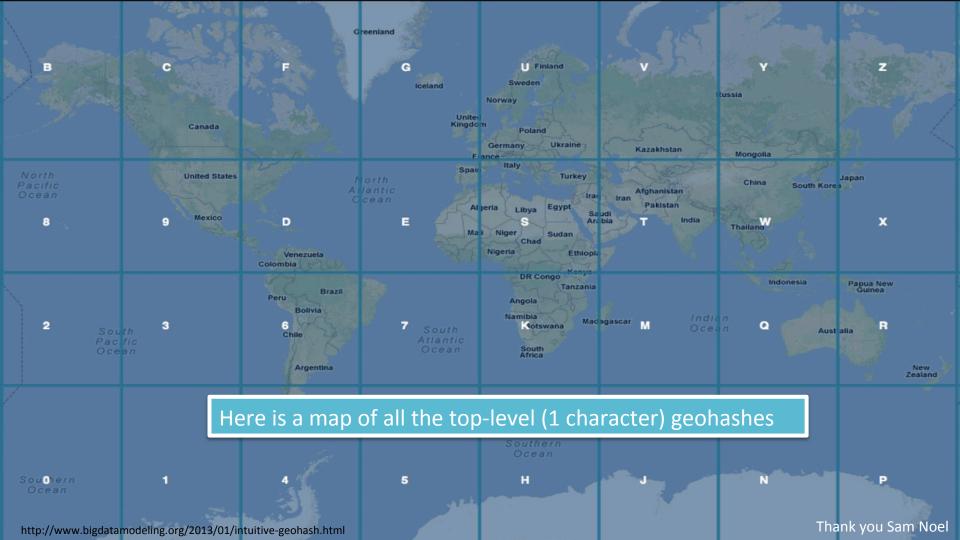
Fewer bits = Bigger Tiles

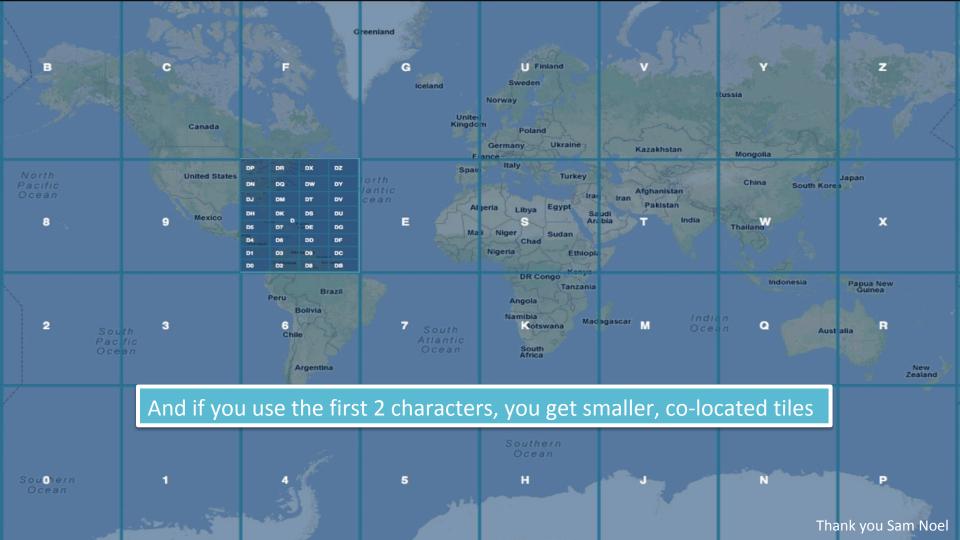
Close in "number" ≈ Close in "space"

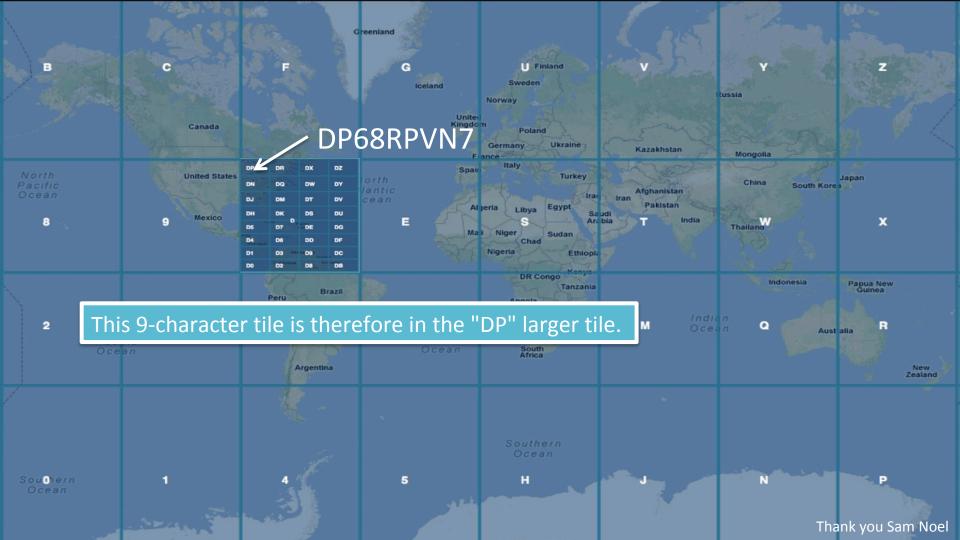


Midwest US)

lexing:







/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv

Dynamic Index: build deeper trees as data grows

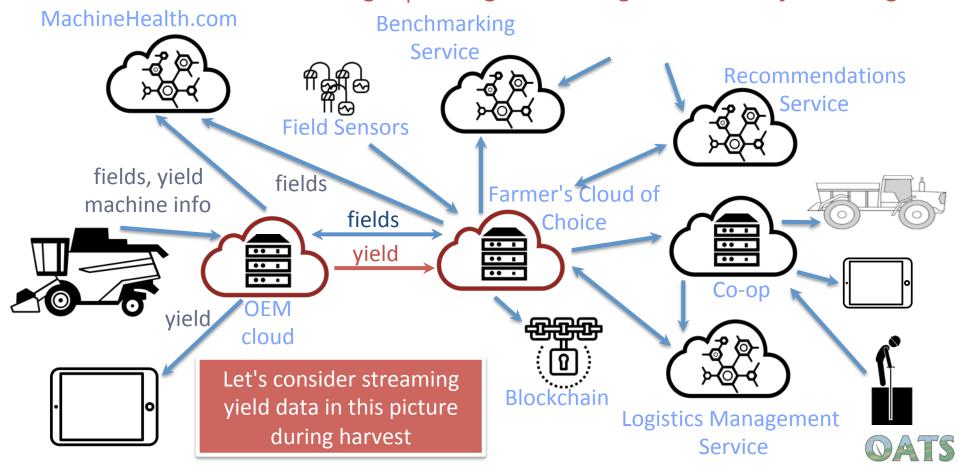
solves pagination problems allows lazy-loaded complexity

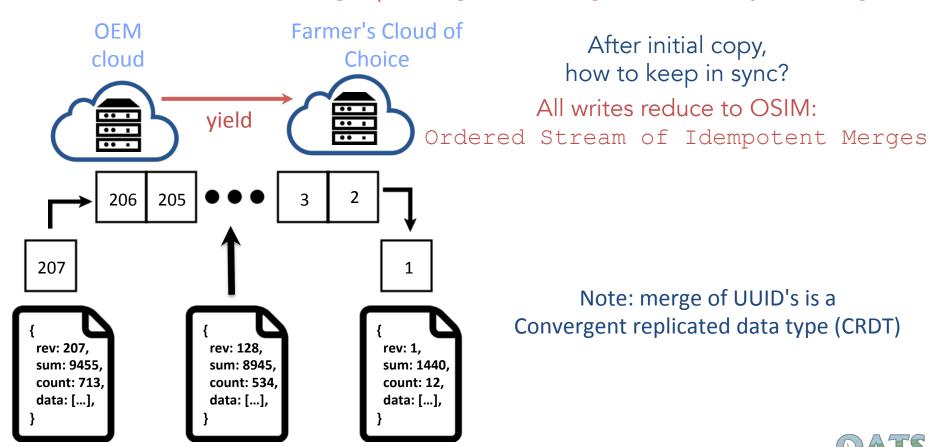
Downside: shifts much burden to clients, but can scale infinitely even in edge cases

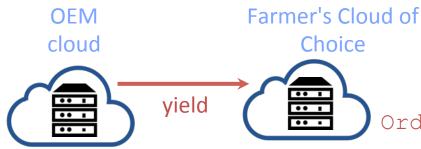
Dynamic Alphabetical Index (for arbitrary strings):

DynamoDB-style hash ring







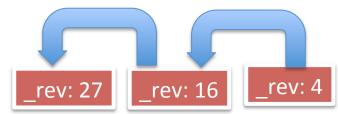


After initial copy, how to keep in sync?

All writes reduce to OSIM:

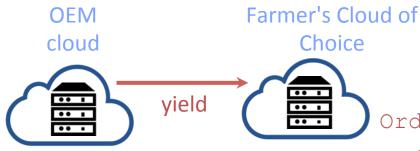
Ordered Stream of Idempotent Merges

Changes "bubble up" Versioned Links



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv





After initial copy, how to keep in sync?

All writes reduce to OSIM:

Ordered Stream of Idempotent Merges

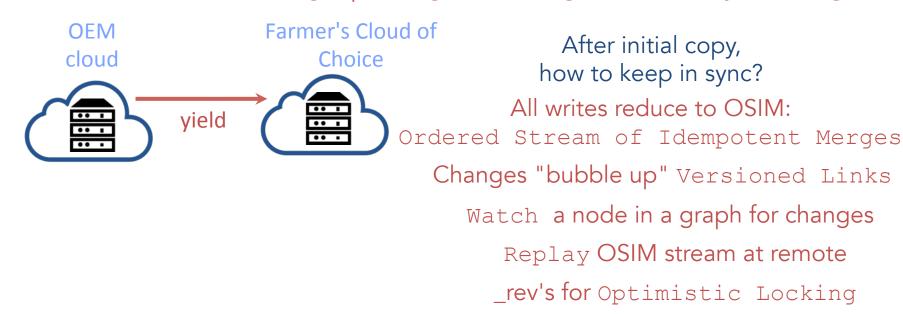
Changes "bubble up" Versioned Links

Watch a node in a graph for changes
Replay OSIM stream at remote



/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv



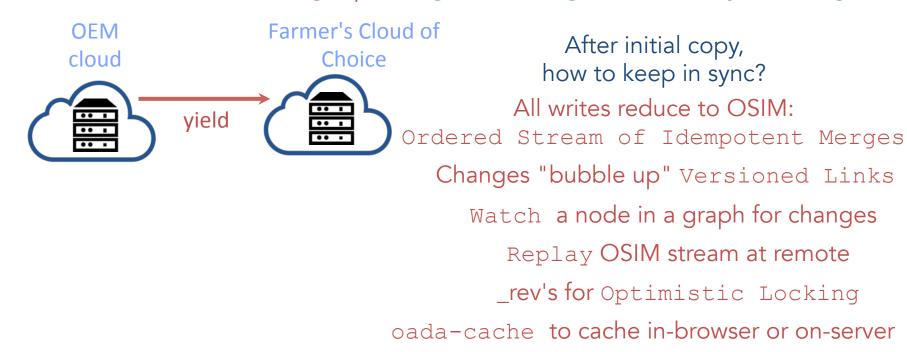


"Only write this data if _rev is still 4"

/harvest/as-harvested/yield-maps/year-index/2018/geohash-index/dp69whe/points.csv



Role 4: Streaming/Updating/Versioning/Concurrency/Caching





Role 4: Streaming/Updating/Versioning/Concurrency/Caching





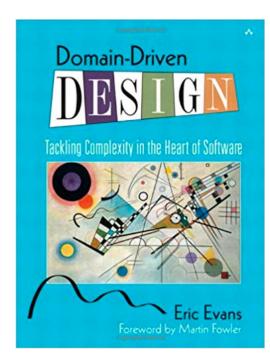
We have too many requirements for one graph structure to solve them all



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"Total unification of the domain model for a large system will not be feasible or cost-effective"

- Eric Evans, Domain Driven Design, p332, circa 2004



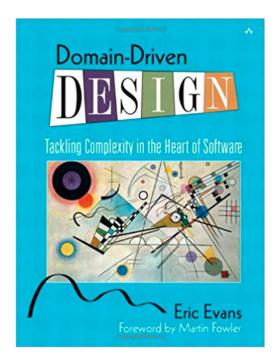
We have too many requirements for one graph structure to solve them all

"Total unification of the domain model for a large system will not be feasible or cost-effective"

- Eric Evans, Domain Driven Design, p332, circa 2004

and that's ok...

-- Aaron Ault, OATS Conf. 2019

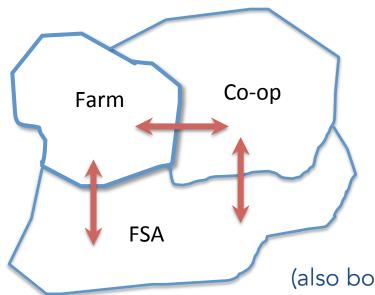


Bounded Context



Bounded Context

Translation is likely across boundaries

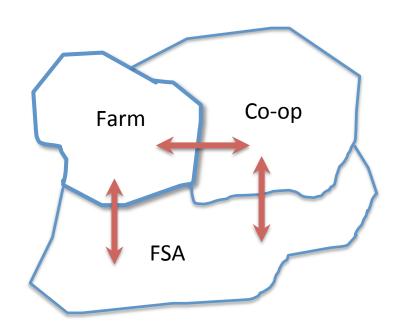


Example: Grower Farm Field



(also bounded contexts likely inside each bubble)

Bounded Context



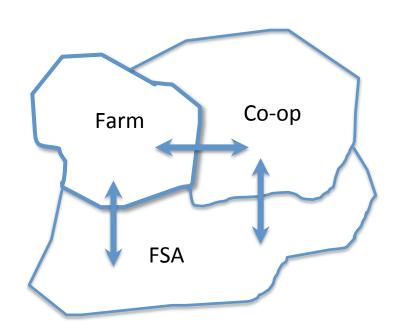
Translation is likely across boundaries

$$Pr(success) \propto \frac{1}{area}$$

You can't build it if you can't bound it



Bounded Context



Aggregates

Field

Order

Note

Certification

Operation

Machine

Organization

Operator

• •



Dealing With Complexity: Microservices

Monoliths are the enemy -- Circa 2012

It's ok to have copies! Use the tool that fits



Dealing With Complexity: Microservices

Monoliths are the enemy -- Circa 2012

It's ok to have copies! Use the tool that fits

Database per service

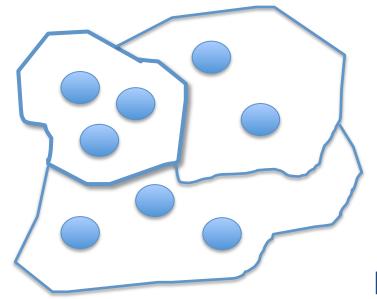
Pub/Sub Event Queues



Dealing With Complexity: Microservices

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It's ok to have copies! Use the tool that fits

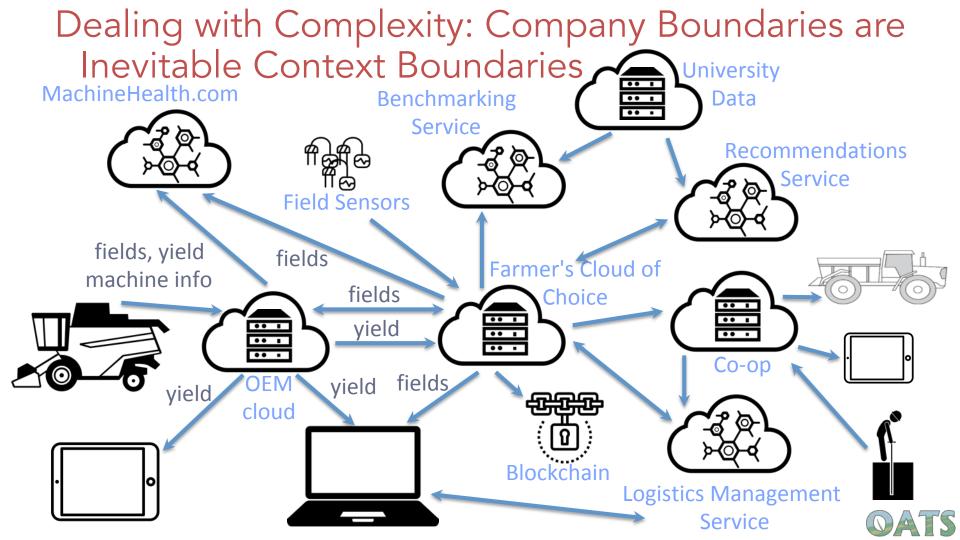


Database per service

Pub/Sub Event Queues

Multiple services per bounded context





Dealing with Complexity

Event Sourcing the new old frontier

What events need to move across your company's context boundaries?



Thank you!

https://oatscenter.org

