S.No: 19

Write a program to implement stack using linked lists.

```
Sample Input and Output:
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element: 33
    Successfully pushed.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 22
    Successfully pushed.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 55
    Successfully pushed.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 66
    Successfully pushed.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 3
    Elements of the stack are : 66 55 22 33
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 2
    Popped value = 66
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 2
    Popped value = 55
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 3
    Elements of the stack are : 22 33
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 5
    Peek value = 22
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option: 4
    Stack is not empty.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 6
```

Source Code:

```
StackUsingLL.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "StackOperationsLL.c"

int main() {
```

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```
int op, x;
   while(1) {
      printf("1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit\n");
      printf("Enter your option : ");
      scanf("%d", &op);
      switch(op) {
         case 1:
            printf("Enter element : ");
            scanf("%d", &x);
            push(x);
            break;
         case 2:
            pop();
            break;
         case 3:
            display();
            break;
         case 4:
            isEmpty();
            break;
         case 5:
            peek();
            break;
         case 6:
            exit(0);
      }
   }
}
```

StackOperationsLL.c

```
struct node
   int info;
   struct node *next;
};
struct node *top=NULL;
void push(int key)
{
   struct node *temp;
   temp=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
   temp->info=key;
   if(top==NULL)
   temp->next=NULL;
   else
  temp->next=top;
   top=temp;
   printf("Successfully pushed.\n");
}
void pop()
   struct node *temp;
   temp=top;
   if(temp==NULL)
   printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
```

```
else
   {
      printf("Popped value = %d\n",temp->info);
      top=top->next;
      free(temp);
   }
}
void display()
   struct node *temp;
   int count=0;
   temp=top;
   if(temp==NULL)
   printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   else
   {
      printf("Elements of the stack are : ");
      while(temp!=NULL)
         printf("%d ",temp->info);
         temp=temp->next;
      printf("\n");
   }
}
void isEmpty()
   if(top==NULL)
   printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   else
   printf("Stack is not empty.\n");
}
void peek()
   struct node*temp;
   temp=top;
   if(temp==NULL)
   printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
   printf("Peek value = %d\n",top->info);
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1 User Output 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1 Enter your option : 1 Enter element : 33 Successfully pushed. 1 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1 Enter your option : 1 Enter element : 22 Successfully pushed. 1

1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1 Enter your option : 1 Enter element : 55 Successfully pushed. 1 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1 Enter your option : 1 Enter element : 66 Successfully pushed. 3 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3 Enter your option : 3 Elements of the stack are : 66 55 22 33 2 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2 Enter your option : 2 Popped value = 662 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2 Enter your option : 2 Popped value = 55 3 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3 Enter your option : 3 Elements of the stack are : 22 33 5 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5 Enter your option : 5 Peek value = 224 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4 Enter your option : 4 Stack is not empty. 6 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 6 Enter your option : 6

Test Case - 2
User Output
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Stack is underflow. 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3
Enter your option : 3
Stack is empty.5
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5
Enter your option : 5
Stack is underflow. 4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4
Enter your option : 4
Stack is empty.1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 23
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 24

Successfully pushed. 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3
Enter your option : 3
Elements of the stack are : 24 23 5
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5
Enter your option : 5
Peek value = 24 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 24 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 23 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Stack is underflow. 4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4
Enter your option : 4
Stack is empty. 6
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 6
Enter your option : 6