2022-2026-CSE-B

#### Aim:

The addNodes() function creates a new list and adds elements to the list until delimiter -1 is occurred.

Fill in the missing code in the below functions  $\begin{bmatrix} addNodes(NODE\ first,\ int\ x) \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} traverseList(NODE\ first) \end{bmatrix}$  in the file  $\begin{bmatrix} CreateAndAddNodes.c \end{bmatrix}$ .

### **Source Code:**

## SingleLL1.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include "CreateAndAddNodes.c"
void main() {
  NODE first = NULL;
   int x;
   printf("Enter elements up to -1 : ");
   scanf("%d", &x);
   while (x != -1) {
      first = addNodes(first, x);
      scanf("%d", &x);
   }
   if (first == NULL) {
      printf("Single Linked List is empty\n");
   } else {
      printf("The elements in SLL are : ");
      traverseList(first);
   }
}
```

### CreateAndAddNodes.c

```
struct node {
   int data;
   struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE createNode() {
  NODE temp;
    temp=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    temp->next=NULL;
    return temp;
}
NODE first =NULL;
NODE addNodes(NODE first, int x) {
    NODE temp;
    temp=createNode();
    temp->data=x;
    if(first==NULL)
```

```
{
      first=temp;
    }
   else
   {
      NODE lastNode = first;
      while(lastNode->next!=NULL)
         lastNode=lastNode->next;
      lastNode->next=temp;
   return first;
void traverseList(NODE first) {
    if(first==NULL)
      printf("List is empty");
    }
    else
      NODE temp=first;
      while(temp!=NULL)
         printf("%d --> ",temp->data);
         temp=temp->next;
      printf("NULL\n");
    }
}
```

# Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

```
Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter elements up to -1 : 9 18 27 36 45 -1
The elements in SLL are : 9 --> 18 --> 27 --> 36 --> 45 --> NULL
```

```
Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter elements up to -1 : 12 1<u>4 19 23 -1</u>
The elements in SLL are : 12 --> 14 --> 19 --> 23 --> NULL
```