



Analyzing the Performance of ICN Forwarders on the Wire

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Motivation

- Many ICN papers focus on forwarding performance
 - Few focus explicitly on evaluation methodology

 Existing materials do not take a detailed, practical approach

Contribution

 Provide a series of behavioral microbenchmarks to evaluate ICN forwarders in a rigorous way

- Analyze two well-known ICN forwarders to show efficacy of microbenchmarks
- Detail synthetic workload generation and other practical concerns for experimentation

Key Focuses

 Probe the forwarding behavior of the core ICN forwarding data structures (PIT, FIB, CS)

 Minimize the effect of other data structures not being interrogated

 Reveal subtle interactions in forwarding behavior without instrumenting forwarder

Synthetic Workflow

Cisco Umbrella top 1 million domain names

Convert to hierarchical ICN name

- Add padding to achieve average URL length
- Sample names with Zipf distribution alpha = 0.64, 0.84 [RFC 7945]

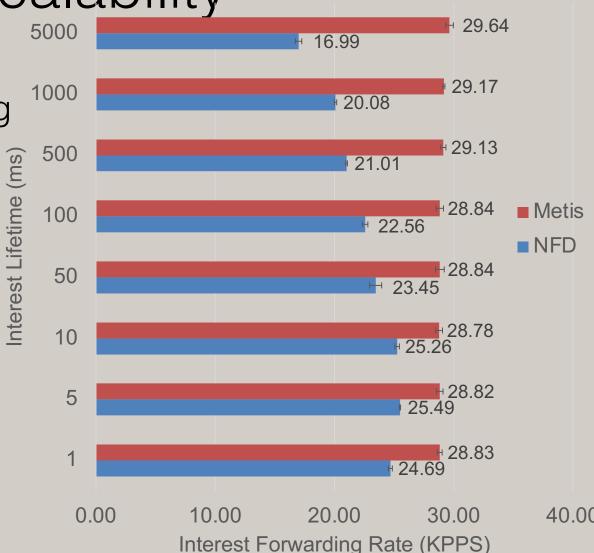
Synthetic Workflow Example

```
prod.ftl.netflix.com

/com/netflix/ftl/prod
/com/netflix/ftl/prod/<padding>
```

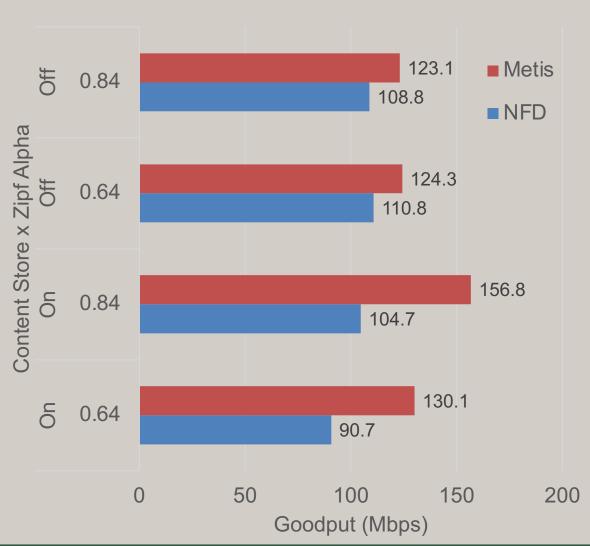
Probing PIT scalability

- Microbenchmark:
 - Interest forwarding only; no data
 - Small packets,
 measuring packet
 forwarding rate
 - Minimize affect of FIB and CS
- PIT performance drops as interest lifetimes increase (NFD)



Probing the Content Store

- Microbenchmark:
 - Interest/data exchange
 - Large packets, measuring goodput
- 50% hit rate isn't enough
 - Can't break even with cost of enabling content store for NFD



Future Work & Conclusion

- Future work:
 - Improve name distribution of the synthetic workload
 - Add/refine microbenchmarks
- Specified the steps for synthetic workload generation
- Provided microbenchmarks to illustrate forwarding behavior for key ICN data structures

Thank you

Questions?