

OCORA

Open CCS On-board Reference Architecture

Problem Statements

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References

Reader's note: please be aware that the numbers in square brackets, e.g. [1], as per the list of referenced documents below, is used throughout this document to indicate the references to external documents. Wherever a reference to a TSI-CCS SUBSET is used, the SUBSET is referenced directly (e.g. SUBSET-026). OCORA always reference to the latest available official version of the SUBSET, unless indicated differently.

- [1] OCORA-BWS01-010 Release Notes
- [2] OCORA-BWS01-020 Glossary
- [3] OCORA-BWS01-030 Question and Answers
- [4] OCORA-BWS01-040 Feedback Form
- [5] OCORA-BWS03-010 Introduction to OCORA







1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of the document

The purpose of this document is to describe the existing problems to overcome with the OCORA collaboration.

This document is addressed to experts in the CCS domain and to any other person, interested in the OCORA concepts for on-board CCS. The reader is invited to provide feedback to the OCORA collaboration and can, therefore, engage in shaping OCORA. Feedback to this document and to any other OCORA documentation can be given by using the feedback form [4].

If you are a railway undertaking, you may find useful information to compile tenders for OCORA compliant CCS building blocks, for tendering complete on-board CCS system, or also for on-board CCS replacements for functional upgrades or for life-cycle reasons.

If you are an organization interested in developing on-board CCS building blocks according to the OCORA standard, information provided in this document can be used as input for your development.

1.2 Applicability of the document

The document is currently considered informative. Its focus is on CCS On-board.

1.3 Context of the document

This document is published as part of the OCORA Release, together with the documents listed in the release notes [1]. Before reading this document, it is recommended to read the Release Notes [1]. If you are interested in the context and the motivation that drives OCORA we recommend to read the Introduction to OCORA [5]. The reader should also be aware of the Glossary [2] and the Question and Answers [3].







2 Problem Statements

The scope of the following problem statements is focusing on CCS On-board in general. In order to develop/compile the problem statements RUs have collected issues on current ETCS On-board solutions. In addition, foreseeable challenges such as the game changer developments have been considered in order to determine the gap between the existing and the future solutions.

Current ETCS On-board solutions:

- 1. are built on incomplete, not fully standardized, and sometimes ambiguous specifications
- 2. do not have a reasonable total cost of ownership
- 3. are difficult to be integrated into existing vehicles
- 4. are costly and time consuming to adapt/change/update/upgrade
 - In case of patching and error corrections in non SIL and SIL areas (e.g. cyber- security patching)
 - In case of baseline upgrades (e.g. ETCS baseline 2 to 3)
 - In case of functional enhancements (e.g. adding ATO)
 - In case of adaptation to new technologies (e.g. upgrade to FRMCS)
- 5. do **not respect different life-cycles profiles** of the different vehicle based constituents (e.g. vehicle vs. ETCS vs. connectivity)
- 6. are **difficult to maintain** (e.g. monitoring, diagnosis, configuration, and maintenance possibilities very limited no remote functionality)
- 7. are lacking built-in cyber security
- 8. are performing below expected quality levels

In addition:

- The benefit of ETCS On-board only pays off, if the ERTMS rollout progresses in Europe on large scale.
- The ETCS On-board functions as such also need some improvements (e.g. braking curve, odometry accuracy, etc.) to serve current operational needs.
- Difficult, expensive and time consuming ETCS On-board fitments in general, are delaying national deployment plans, impacting trackside investments, and postponing ERTMS rollouts.







OCORA Actions 3

The following list aligns high level Business Objectives to identified action fields. It is expected that the list will grow in future mainly in the dimension of identified action fields. Nevertheless, over time, additional Business Objectives could emerge as well.

Business Objectives:	OCORA Actions:
Ensure easier Access to Interoperability	 Perform formal functional modelling on selected subsets together with the industry to improve and complete TSI subset specifications Establish common test center / reference system facilities including trackside and on-board end to end testing, off production.
Reduction of one-off efforts increase standardization	 Establish modular safety by design in line with current standards Automate generic and specific safety case documentation and process Address existing fleet while introducing a standardized gateway Perform investigation in Acceptance of global standards Separate SIL from NonSIL functionality
From Project to Product, increase batch size	 Define, and promote OCORA as common tendering base Encapsulate all vehicle specific configuration and adaptation in the functional vehicle adapter, FVA Introduce an ethernet based network technology to standardize peripheral device interfaces
Introduce Modularity and precisely defined Interfaces to ensure Upgradeability	 Introduce a common, open architecture and identify a balanced amount of building blocks Structure EVC monolith into functional blocks, separate ETCS core from other functions Allow both, designs with a deployment on multiple hardware, as well as multiple functionalities on the same hardware platform Promote standardized interfaces between building blocks on all OSI layers to allow for plug-and-play like replaceability/upgradeability Elaborate test methods and set requirements to ensure exchangeability
Improve Product Maturity (maintenance, monitoring, diagnose, performance)	 Introduce remote maintenance, monitoring and diagnostics to reduce operational cost and improve reaction / correction time Follow a stepwise approach, use gained upgradeability to serve individual migration strategies and set the basis for a faster ERTMS rollout in Europe Collect and analyse performance issues of whole ETCS system, define steps to improve these Introduce state-of-the-art (cyber-) security by design

Figure 1 **OCORA** Actions



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