











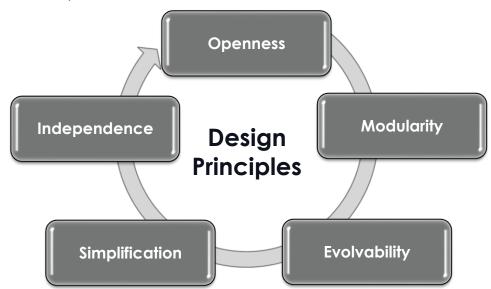
Program Slide Deck

OCORA Release R5 - OnePager

https://github.com/OCORA-Public/Publication

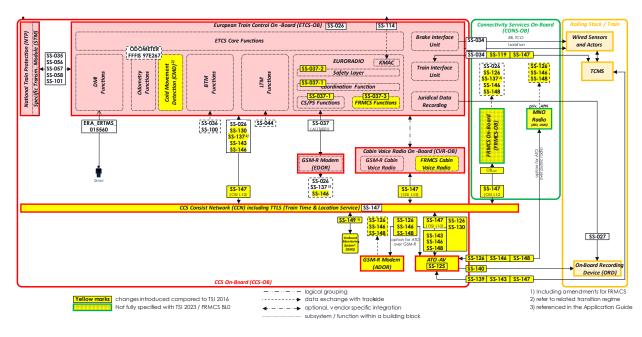
OCORA, the "Open CCS On-board Reference Architecture" initiative, whose signatory founding Members are NS, SNCF, DB, SBB and ÖBB, has reached a next important milestone with the **Release R5** of the specifications of the OCORA architecture.

OCORA aims to reduce life-cycle costs and facilitate the introduction of innovation and digital technologies beyond the current proprietary interfaces, by establishing a modular, upgradeable, reliable and secure CCS on-board architecture.





The OCORA Release R5 descripts CCS On-board and includes sector feedback, especially from the exchange with EU-Rail's System Pillar. It is defining the OCORA position for System- & Innovation-Pillar and provides results from SS-149 Proof of Concept.



OCORA deliverables are published under the European Union Public **License** (EUPL) and are consequently available for all stakeholders. The OCORA Release R6 is planned for mid of 2024. It is expected to be reduced by the already transferred EU-Rail activities.



Program Slide Deck











Content

- Problem Statements
- Key Principles
- OCORA History
- Roadmap
- Migration
- Alliances
- Release Overview
- Methodology & Tooling
- Economic Model
- Sector Dialogue
- EuroSpec Working Group: Control-Command and Signalling



Problem Statements - Current ETCS On-board solutions...











- 1. are built on incomplete, not fully standardized, and sometimes ambiguous specifications;
- 2. do not have a reasonable total cost of ownership;
- 3. are difficult to be integrated into existing vehicles;
- 4. are costly and time consuming to adapt/change/update/upgrade:
 - In case of patching and error corrections in non-SIL and SIL areas (e.g. cyber- security patching);
 - In case of baseline upgrades (e.g. ETCS baseline 2 to 3);
 - In case of functional enhancements (e.g. adding ATO);
 - > In case of adaptation to new technologies (e.g. upgrade to FRMCS);
- 5. do not respect different life-cycles profiles of the different vehicle-based constituents (e.g. vehicle vs. ETCS vs. connectivity);
- 6. are difficult to maintain (e.g. monitoring, diagnosis, configuration, and maintenance possibilities very limited no remote functionality);
- are lacking built-in cyber security;
- 8. are performing below expected quality levels.

In addition:

- The benefit of ETCS On-board only pays off, if the ERTMS rollout progresses in Europe on large scale.
- The ETCS On-board functions as such also need some improvements (e.g. braking curve, odometry accuracy, etc.) to serve current operational needs.
- Difficult, expensive and time consuming ETCS On-board fitments in general, are delaying national deployment plans, impacting trackside investments, and postponing ERTMS rollouts.



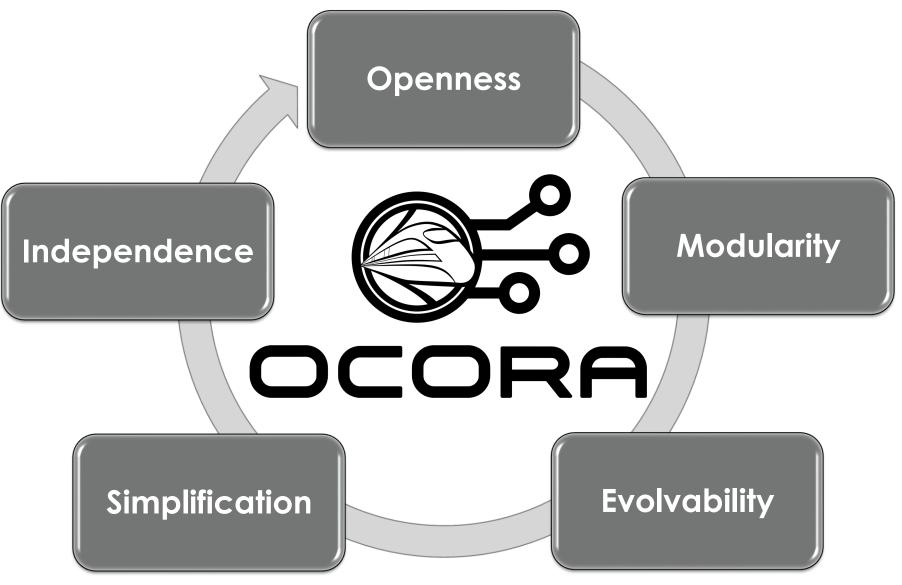














OCORA - History











OCORA IS...

... open cooperation

... a set of public specifications

.. for the On-Board CCS

OCORA IS NOT...

... a representative Body/Organisation

... a product

... for trackside CCS

March 2019

- •Memorandum of Understanding 5 founding members (NS, SNCF, SBB, ÖBB, DB)
- •OCORA is a collaborative platform gathering engineering resources working on ERTMS and beyond

October 2019

- OCORA Governance in place, with an active Steering Committee
- •Open to railway companies willing to contribute to the collaboration

11/2019 till 07/2021

- •OCORA Releases Alpha, Beta, Gamma and Delta, first publications
- •From the Who, the How and the Why, over first sector dialogue till TSI-2022 inputs

December 2021

- •OCORA Release R1, updated CCS On-board description, including Sector / Industry feedback
- •Prepares for Europe's Rail Joint Undertakings and TSI-2023 input.

July 2022

- •OCORA Release R2, updated CCS On-board description, including industry feedback from System-Pillar Ramp Up
- •Serves as input for EU-Rail System- & Innovation-Pillar.

Decembe

- •OCORA Release R3, updated CCS On-board description
- •Add operational input for EU-Rail and provided the concept on Configuration Management

July 2023

- •OCORA Release R4, updated CCS On-board description
- •defining the OCORA position for System- & Innovation-Pillar and the next steps towards harmonized tender artefacts

July 2023

- •OCORA Release R5, updated CCS On-board description
- •defining the OCORA position for System- & Innovation-Pillar and results from SS-149 Proof of Concept



Road Map

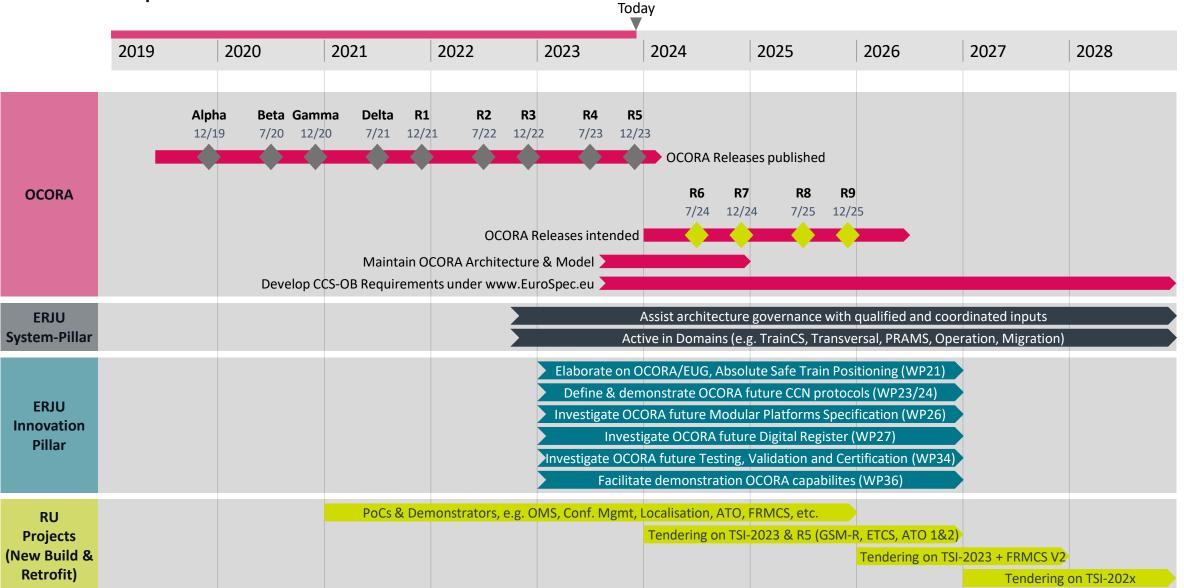














Migration

(3)







Stepwise Approach

1. Current situation

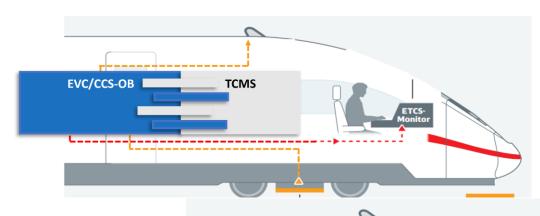
- Monolithic CCS (Command, Control & Signalling).
- EVC/CCS-OB tightly integrated with TCMS.
- CCS-OB replacements requires understanding of individual, manufacturer specific TCMS.

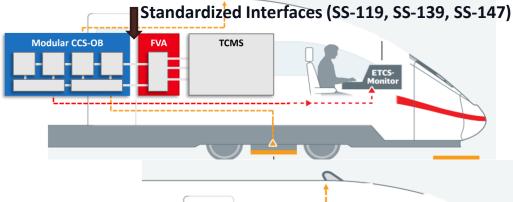
2. OCORA Functional Vehicle Adapter

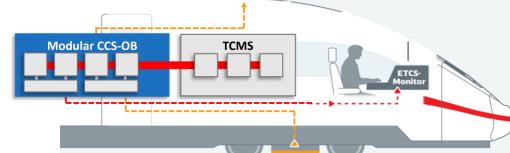
- Modular, upgradeable CCS-OB architecture.
- CCS-OB communicates with TCMS via standardized interfaces (SS-119, SS-139, SS-147). Non-compliant TCMSs are adapted to the standardized interfaces through a Functional Vehicle Adapter (FVA).
- CCS-OB upgrades/replacements do not require a detailed understanding of the TCMS systems anymore.

3. OCORA Long Term perspective

- Comprehensive next-gen Communication Network for connecting all train control and safety systems (TCMS and CCS). TCMSs are compliant with the standardized interfaces. The need for an FVA vanishes.
- Separation of HW and SW via Computing Platform.











Alliances











Ongoing OCORA liaisons

Sector interest group	Collaboration area	Liaison in place
CCS SG (CER)	Preparing TSI revisions Setting sector governance for CCS architecture	OCORA experts sharing achievements for endorsement
TWG Train Modular Architecture (ERA)	Sounding TSI-CCS On-board preparation	OCORA experts present as CER speakers
FRMCS (UIC)	On-board telecommunication architecture Safe and secure communication capabilities Migration from GSM-R	Coordination done through experts involved in both initiatives.
Localisation WG (EUG)	Mission requirement for onboard localisation Interface for localisation peripherals	Coordination done through experts involved in both initiatives.
X2Rail-4 (Shift2Rail)	ATO Architecture	Alignment and collaboration ongoing

OCORA assumes that a frequent, well-structured and open, unbiased exchange of views and ideas with its suppliers is fundamental to initiate customer oriented product and service development. Formalised liaisons with suppliers and industry interest groups (e.g. UNIFE/UNISIG) are therefore a sensible objective for OCORA collaboration.



Release Overview











OCORA Business and Technical Workstreams, Work Packages and RU Projects

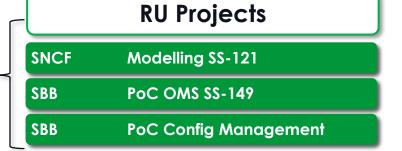
Business Workstreams BWS01 Core Team BWS02 Stakeholder Management BWS03-4 Introduction and Problem Statements BWS05-6 Procurements, Roadmap and Planning **BWS06 Business Objectivs, Economic Model**

TWS01	System Architecture	
TWS02	CCS Communication Network	
TWS04	Functional Vehicle Adapter	
EuroSpec	Requirements CCS Onboard	
TWS07	Modular Safety, CENELEC, RAM	
TWS08	MDCM	

Technical Workstreams

Architecture Work Packages		
WP00	CCS-OB Architecture	
WP01	ATP-OB Architecture	
WP02	LOC-OB Architecture	
WP03	ATO-OB Architecture	
WP10	MBSE Preparation	
WP11	System Capabilities	
WP12	Connectivity	

TWS15 Prototyping





Release Overview



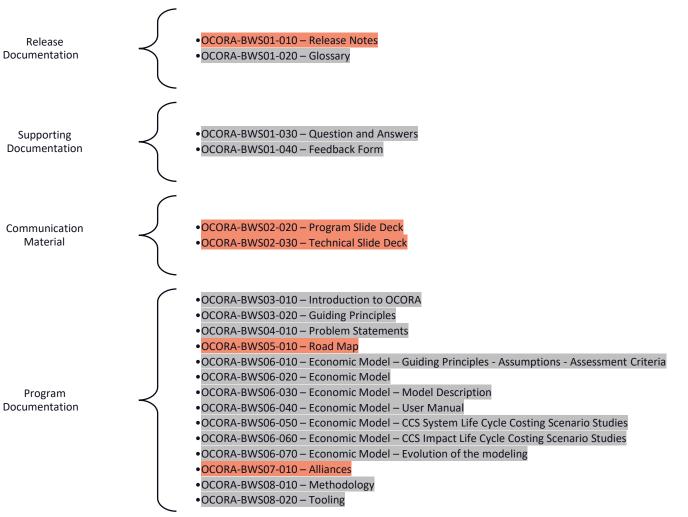








Program Content



Release Highlights Program Documents are:

- Updated Communication Material
- Updated Road Map
- Updated Alliances document

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Doc. Title

New document or document with significantly new/additional content.

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Updated document with major enhancements

Doc. Title

Unchanged content only with minor improvements



Release Overview

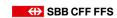
Technical Content

Technical Documentation

- OCORA-TWS01-010 Design Requirements
- OCORA-TWS01-020 Operational & System Analysis
- OCORA-TWS01-025 Modularisation Roadmap Proposal
- OCORA-TWS01-030 System Architecture
- OCORA-TWS01-035 CCS On-Board (CCS-OB) Architecture
- OCORA-TWS01-040 Capella Modelling
- OCORA-TWS01-041 MBSE Modelling Guidelines
- OCORA-TWS01-050 Capella Model Export
- OCORA-TWS01-100 Localisation On-Board (LOC-OB) Introduction
- •OCORA-TWS01-101 Localisation On-Board (LOC-OB) Requirements (incl. EUG 22E126 LOC-OB System Definition & Operational Context and EUG 22E135 LOC-OB Risk Analysis)
- OCORA-TWS01-112 Automated Train Protection On-Board (ATP-OB) MLM Interface Analysis
- OCORA-TWS01-201 Train Display System Discussion Paper
- OCORA-TWS01-210 Train Display System SS-121 Modelling Repor
- OCORA-TWS02-010 CCS Communication Network Evaluation
- OCORA-TWS02-020 CCS Communication Network Proof of Concept (PoC)
- OCORA-TWS02-030 Addendum to SUBSET-147
- OCORA-TWS03-010 SCP Whitepaper Computing Platform for Railway Applications
- OCORA-TWS03-020 SCP High-Level Requirements
- OCORA-TWS03-030 SCP Specification of the PI API between Application and Platform
- OCORA-TWS04-010 Functional Vehicle Adapter Introduction
- OCORA-TWS04-011 Functional Vehicle Adapter Requirements
- OCORA-TWS04-012 TCMS Standard Communication Interface Specification
- OCORA-TWS04-015 OCORA Addendum to SUBSET-119
- OCORA-TWS04-016 OCORA Addendum to SUBSET-139
- OCORA-TWS05-010 Requirements Management Guideline
- OCORA-TWS05-020 Stakeholder Requirements
- OCORA-TWS05-021 Program Requirements
- OCORA-TWS07-010 RAMS Modular Safety Strategy
- OCORA-TWS07-020 RAMS Evolution Management
- OCORA-TWS07-030 RAMS SRAC/AC Management
- OCORA-TWS07-040 RAMS Optimised Approval Process
- OCORA-TWS07-050 RAMS RAM Strategy
- OCORA-TWS07-060 Configuration Management Concept
- OCORA-TWS07-100 CENELEC Phase 1 Concept
- OCORA-TWS07-202 QRAMSS Plan
- OCORA-TWS07-203 RAMSS Policy
- OCORA-TWS08-010 MDCM-OB Introduction
- OCORA-TWS08-030 MDCM-OB SRS
- OCORA-TWS09-010 Testing Strategy
- OCORA-TWS09-011 Testing Requirements
- OCORA-TWS09-050 Testing Cybersecurity Testing Strategy
- OCORA-TWS09-110 Train Adapter Block Integration Plan
- OCORA-TWS09-111 Testing Testplan Functional Vehicle Adapter
- OCORA-TWS15-040 CCS-OB Retrofit Guideline for Projects
- OCORA-TWS15-050 PoC OMS SS-149 Concept
- OCORA-TWS15-051 PoC OMS SS-149 Results
- OCORA-TWS15-060 PoC Configuration Management Concept











Release Highlights Technical Documents are:

- Updated Modularisation Roadmap Proposal
- Updated Architecture Documentation
- Addendum SS-147, incl. Time Synchronization
- New Addendums for SS-119 and SS-139, based on TSI-2023 incl. recommendations for a product approach
- · Results of PoC OMS SS-149
- Updated Specification for Configuration Management

Color Legend:

Doc. Title

New document or document with significantly new/additional content.

Doc. Title

Updated document with major enhancements

Doc. Title

Unchanged content only with minor improvements













Methodology:

- OCORA is developing based on topical workstreams
- OCORA is releasing continuously
- OCORA makes a use of Best Practice
- OCORA uses the OSI model for interface specifications
- OCORA is using Model Based System Engineering based on Arcadia methodology
- OCORA deliverables are in compliance with the CENELEC phases
- OCORA deliverables are following the V cycle

Tooling:

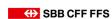
- OCORA uses MsTeams for telcos
- OCORA uses a public repository for publications: https://github.com/OCORA-Public
- OCORA uses an internal repository for work in progress
- OCORA uses Polarion for requirements engineering and management
- OCORA uses Capella for Model Based System Engineering



Economic Model



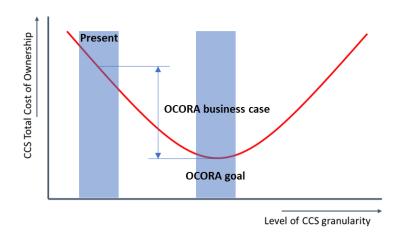


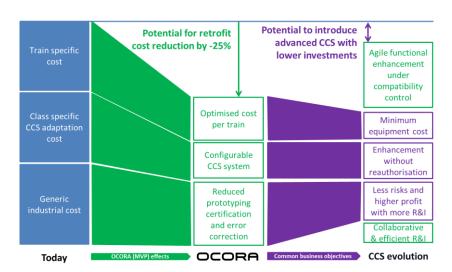






An economic model to discuss the optimal level of granularity

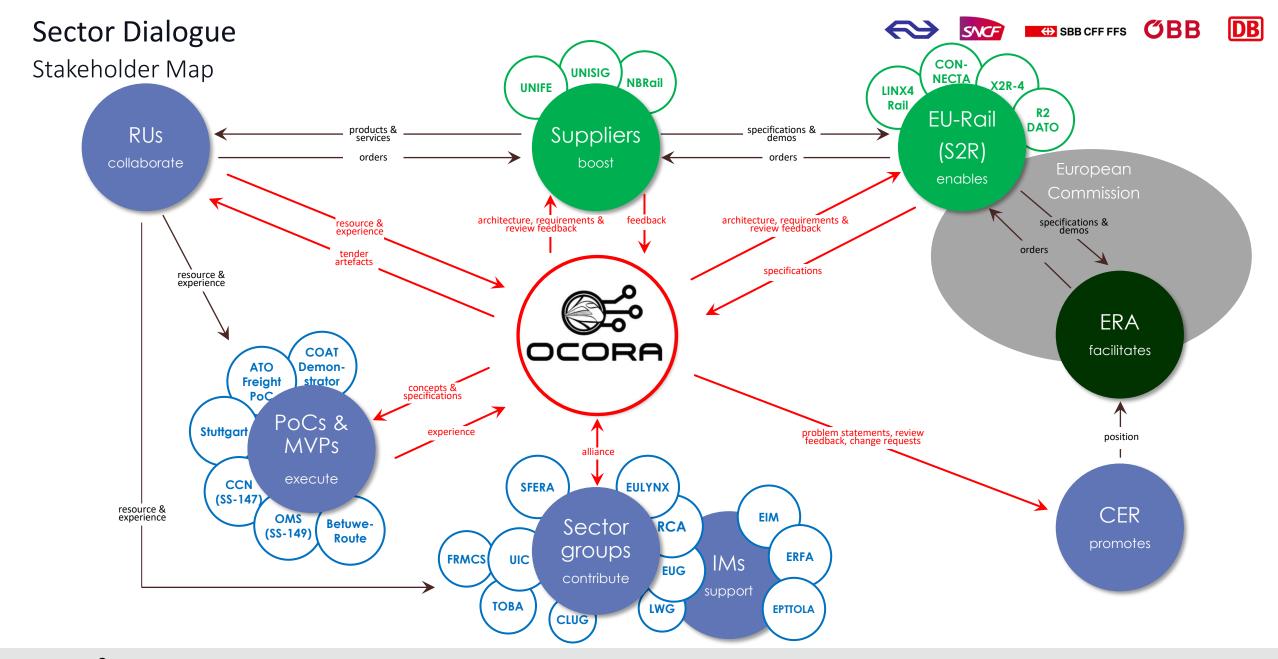




The development of the OCORA economic model, intends to provide tools for:

- Getting a clear view on the economic driver for the modularization of the on-board. To this end the model focus on 3 cost categories:
 - Generic industrial cost for developing certified CCS onboard sub systems
 - Cost for authorising operation with a new CCS configuration in a class of vehicle
 - Train specific cost for fitting or upgrading CCS building blocks
- Studying the impact of technology life cycle on the total cost of ownership.
 To this end scenario are defined for comparison purpose:
 - Todays situation with slow deployment and small project size, based on reference values derived from EC studies on ERTMS.
 - OCORA MVP scenario to model the economic impact of the modularisation of CCS onboard architecture
 - CCS evolution scenarios allowing to investigate impact of larger market, enhanced functionalities and accelerated upgrade scheme
- Optimising the contribution of OCORA breakthrough to common business objectives. An open dialogue with the industry creates mutual benefit.





Introduction DB OCORA Approach **OCORA** Results for Tenders Sector ERA, UNISIG/Unife, EU-Rail, S2R (LINX4Rail, CONNECTA, X2Rail-4, Tauro), EUG-LWG, UIC (FRMCS, TOBA), SFERA Sector work (EU Rail) **Legal Framework Harmonised CCS-OB Agreed CCS-OB** architecture proposal TSI-CCS, TSI-LOC&PAS, etc. architecture for future TSIs (EU Rail) Standards (e.g. EN, UIC, IEEE) TSI relevant **Agreed CCS-OB Harmonised CCS-OB** specifications **System Pillar Documents** requirement proposals for future TSIs (EU Rail) Harmonised TSI-CCS addendum TSI-CCS addendum proposals **EuroSpec** TSI relevant **Harmonised CCS-OB** tender artefacts <u>EuroSpec</u> **Harmonized Referenz** Reference Architecture Reflection in Sector (UNISIG, Suppliers) **Architecture for Tenders** Harmonized CCS-OB Reference for Tenders Architecture



Non

Harmonised CCS-OB

Requirements for

Tenders



OCORA TSI-CCS addendum

Harmonized CCS-OB Requirements

(functionality + PRAMSS)

Harmonized Requirements

for Tenders

Control-Command and Signalling Working Group

Introduction

Motivation – Benefits – Scope









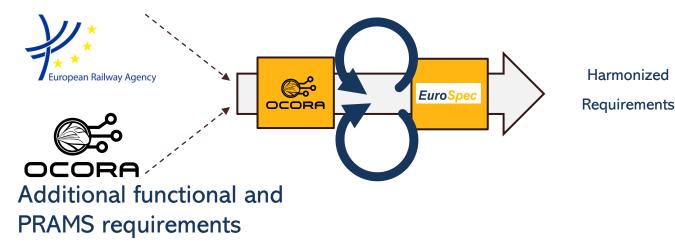




OCORA and EuroSpec have joint their forces for CCS-OB Requirements

Harmonised CCS-OB Procurement Requirements :

TSI 2023 & other Standards

















Reason for Cooperation of OCORA & EuroSpec

Same vision and objectives

To align train operator's needs to reduce the whole life cycle cost of the train, shorten the delivery time and speed up the innovation cycle and the deployment of innovations.

Use of already existing framework

- Established platform for discussion of requirements with Industry.
- EuroSpec requirements already used in procurements.

Fill a gap in EuroSpec publication category

EuroSpec is currently not covering CCS On-Board requirements.













★ SBB CFF FFS

Harmonized requirements increase the attractiveness of railways

- Harmonized requirements help the industry to reduce product variety This leads to less development and maintenance efforts
- Harmonized requirements help the RUs to operate more standardised vehicles This leads in a long term to less operational costs (documentation, training, maintenance, etc.)
- Harmonized requirements help the industry to simplify the offering Harmonized requirements catalogues help the industry to answer requests for tenders with less effort
- Harmonized requirements help the RUs to simplify the procurement Formalised requirements help the RU to compile their requirements catalogue. This is especially helpful for smaller RUs with limited resources/knowledge
- The EuroSpec CCS-OB requirements are aligned with respective specifications Requirements are built on or extend already existing standards (e.g. TSI, UIC, EN) and are updated regularly





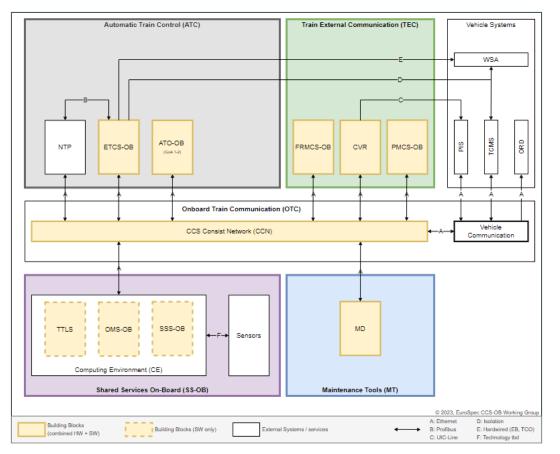








EuroSpec CCS-OB Scope & Document Structure



Scope

- CCS On-Board building blocks as per the graphic to the left (yellow marked blocks)
 - > Yellow marked blocks with solid outline: combined hardware/software building blocks
 - > Yellow marked blocks with dashed outline: Software building blocks/services
- Focus on functional and RAMSS requirements
- Building on or extending already existing standards (TSI, UIC, EN, etc.)
- Eventually extending the scope to RU centralised systems needed for CCS-OB operations (e.g. Online Monitoring System, Remote Maintenance System, etc.)

Structure

The CCS-OB EuroSpec requirements structure allows for procuring every building block separately







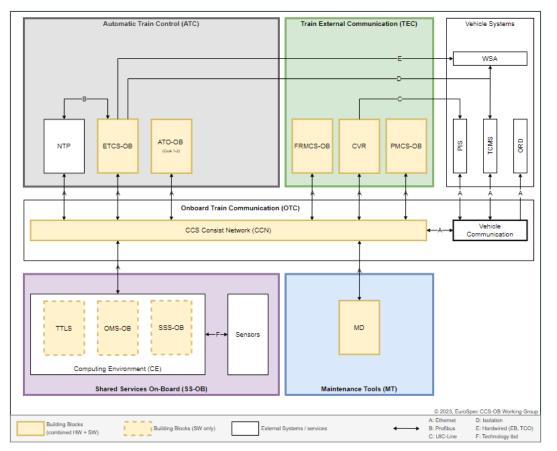






← SBB CFF FFS

1st Release CCS-OB Euro Spec in Q1/2024



- First version of the requirements for ETCS-OB, ATO-OB,
 FRMCS-OB, CCN, and TTLS can be expected in Q1/2024.
- Based on TSI-CCS:2023
- Requirements to include FRMCS in the procurements
- Requirements to overwrite the transition regime in some cases (SS-147, SS-119, etc.)
- Requirements to close gaps in the TSI-CCS:2023
 - ➤ SUBSET-147 (CCS Consist Network Communication Layers): closing gaps in communication layer and train time and location service specifications. See also OCORA addendum to SS-147, v2.0*
 - ➤ SUBSET-119 (ETCS-TCMS Interface): refer to OCORA addendum to SS-119, v1.0*
 - SUBSET-139 (ATO-TCMS Interface): refer to OCORA addendum to SS-119, v1.0*













^{*} publication expected in December 2023

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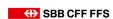




Sector Dialogue











OCORA Release Imprint

- Publisher: OCORA Cooperation
- Channel: OCORA publishes exclusively over https://github.com/OCORA-Public/Publication
- Any feedback for OCORA is welcome!
 If you would like to attend a workshop or give a feedback, please contact <u>luca.de_libero@sbb.ch</u>.
 For specific feedback the OCORA-BWS01-040 Feedback Form shall be used.
- For active collaboration (within the OCORA framework) the OCORA Code of Conduct must be accepted and signed. In case of interest for active collaboration and you are eligible to become a partner according to the OCORA Code of conduct, please drop a "interest of becoming a OCORA member by mail" to luca.de libero@sbb.ch.
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