```
    1: // Copyright 2023 Thomas O'Connor
    2: #include "PTree.hpp"
    3:
    4: PTree::PTree(double L, int N) : _L(L), _N(N) {
    5:     if (N < 1 || L <= 0.0) throw std::out_of_range("Invalid arguments");
    6: }
    7:
    8: void PTree::draw(sf::RenderTarget& target, sf::RenderStates states) const
 {
    9:     if (_N) {
   10:         // first square
   11:         RectangleShape base(Vector2f(_L, _L));
   12:         base.setFillColor(sf::Color::Green);
   13:         base.setOrigin(Vector2f(_L/2, _L));
   14:         base.setPosition(Vector2f(_L*3, _L*4));
   15:         target.draw(base);
   16:         // create a pair of Vector2f that locate the upper points
   17:         pair<Vector2f, Vector2f> newPoints;
   18:         newPoints = pair(Vector2f(base.getPosition().x-_L/2, base.getPosi
tion().y-_L),
   19:             Vector2f(base.getPosition().x+_L/2, base.getPosition().y-_L))
;
   20:         // call the recursive draw function with decremented depth and 0
angle
   21:         pTree(target, newPoints, _N-1, 0.0f);
   22:     }
   23: }
   24:
   25: // Recursive draw function
   26: void PTree::pTree(sf::RenderTarget& target,
   27:     pair<Vector2f, Vector2f> newPoints, int depthN,
   28:     float angleR) const {
   29:     // if more depth exists: draw
   30:     if (depthN) {
   31:         // Find object length and object angles
   32:         // drawIndicators(target, newPoints); // shows the points where n
ew squares will be drawn
   33:         double objLength = _L*pow(sqrt(2) / 2, _N-depthN);
   34:         float leftAngleR = angleR - 45.f, rightAngleR = angleR + 45.f;
   35:         // Draw two rectangles given the newPoints
   36:         RectangleShape leftObj(Vector2f(objLength, objLength));
   37:         RectangleShape rightObj(Vector2f(objLength, objLength));
   38:         switch (depthN % 3) {
   39:             case 0:
   40:             leftObj.setFillColor(sf::Color::Red);
   41:             rightObj.setFillColor(sf::Color::Red);
   42:             break;
   43:             case 1:
   44:             leftObj.setFillColor(sf::Color::Yellow);
   45:             rightObj.setFillColor(sf::Color::Yellow);
   46:             break;
   47:             case 2:
   48:             leftObj.setFillColor(sf::Color::Blue);
   49:             rightObj.setFillColor(sf::Color::Blue);
   50:             break;
   51:         }
   52:         leftObj.setOrigin(0, objLength); rightObj.setOrigin(objLength, ob
jLength);
   53:         leftObj.rotate(leftAngleR); rightObj.rotate(rightAngleR);
   54:         leftObj.setPosition(newPoints.first); rightObj.setPosition(newPoi
nts.second);
   55:         target.draw(leftObj); target.draw(rightObj);
   56:
   57:         // Use given information to calculate the location of the next 4
points
```

```
   58:         pair<Vector2f, Vector2f> newPointsL, newPointsR;
   59:         // Get the global bounds of the rectangles
   60:         sf::FloatRect boundsL = leftObj.getGlobalBounds(), boundsR = righ
tObj.getGlobalBounds();
   61:         // Calculate the center point of the rectangles
   62:         Vector2f centerL(boundsL.left + boundsL.width / 2.f, boundsL.top
+ boundsL.height / 2.f);
   63:         Vector2f centerR(boundsR.left + boundsR.width / 2.f, boundsR.top
+ boundsR.height / 2.f);
   64:         // drawIndicator(target, centerL); drawIndicator(target, centerR)
; // shows the centerpoints
   65:
   66:         // Calculate the distance between the center point and each corne
r of the rectangles
   67:         float distance = objLength * sqrt(2.f) / 2.f;
   68:         // Calculate the angle between the center point and each corner o
f the left rectangle
   69:         float angleLeft = atan2(boundsL.top - centerL.y, boundsL.left - c
enterL.x);
   70:         float angleRight = atan2(boundsL.top - centerL.y, boundsL.left +
boundsL.width - centerL.x);
   71:
   72:         // Add the angle of rotation and calculate the coordinates after
rotation
   73:         Vector2f upperLeftL(centerL.x + distance * cos(angleLeft + leftAn
gleR * M_PI / 180.f),
   74:             centerL.y + distance * sin(angleLeft + leftAngleR * M_PI / 18
0.f));
   75:         Vector2f upperRightL(centerL.x + distance * cos(angleRight + left
AngleR * M_PI / 180.f),
   76:             centerL.y + distance * sin(angleRight + leftAngleR * M_PI / 1
80.f));
   77:         // input these new coordinates into pair
   78:         newPointsL = pair(upperLeftL, upperRightL);
   79:
   80:         // Calculate the angle between the center point and the corners o
f the other rectangle
   81:         angleLeft = atan2(boundsR.top - centerR.y, boundsR.left - centerR
.x);
   82:         angleRight = atan2(boundsR.top - centerR.y, boundsR.left + bounds
R.width - centerR.x);
   83:
   84:         // Add the angle of rotation and calculate the coordinates after
rotation
   85:         Vector2f upperLeftR(centerR.x + distance * cos(angleLeft + rightA
ngleR * M_PI / 180.f),
   86:             centerR.y + distance * sin(angleLeft + rightAngleR * M_PI / 1
80.f));
   87:         Vector2f upperRightR(centerR.x + distance * cos(angleRight + righ
tAngleR * M_PI / 180.f),
   88:             centerR.y + distance * sin(angleRight + rightAngleR * M_PI /
180.f));
   89:         // input these new coordinates into pair
   90:         newPointsR = pair(upperLeftR, upperRightR);
   91:
   92:         // Left trees
   93:         pTree(target, newPointsL, depthN-1, leftAngleR);
   94:         // Right trees
   95:         pTree(target, newPointsR, depthN-1, rightAngleR);
   96:     } else {
   97:         return;
   98:     }
   99: }
  100:
  101: // Debugger function
```

```
  102: void drawIndicators(sf::RenderTarget& target, pair<Vector2f, Vector2f> ne
wPoints) {
  103:     sf::CircleShape indicatorPoint(5.f);
  104:     indicatorPoint.setFillColor(sf::Color::Red);
  105:     indicatorPoint.setOrigin(5.f, 5.f);
  106:     indicatorPoint.setPosition(newPoints.first);
  107:     target.draw(indicatorPoint);
  108:     indicatorPoint.setFillColor(sf::Color::Green);
  109:     indicatorPoint.setPosition(newPoints.second);
  110:     target.draw(indicatorPoint);
  111: }
  112:
  113: // Debugger function
  114: void drawIndicator(sf::RenderTarget& target, Vector2f point) {
  115:     sf::CircleShape indicatorPoint(5.f);
  116:     indicatorPoint.setFillColor(sf::Color::Blue);
  117:     indicatorPoint.setOrigin(5.f, 5.f);
  118:     indicatorPoint.setPosition(point);
  119:     target.draw(indicatorPoint);
  120: }
```