

Package ‘CohortAlgebra’

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Type Package

Title Cohort Algebra to create new cohort(s) from existing cohorts

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Description An R package that creates new cohort(s) from previously instantiated cohorts.

Depends DatabaseConnector (>= 5.0.0),
R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports checkmate,
clock,
CohortGenerator,
dplyr,
lifecycle,
ParallelLogger,
rlang,
SqlRender

Suggests Eunomia,
remotes,
rmarkdown,
knitr,
testthat,
withr

Remotes ohdsi/CohortGenerator,
ohdsi/Eunomia,
ohdsi/ParallelLogger

License Apache License

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VignetteBuilder knitr

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URL <https://ohdsi.github.io/CohortAlgebra/>, <https://github.com/OHDSI/CohortAlgebra>

BugReports <https://github.com/OHDSI/CohortAlgebra/issues>

R topics documented:

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| | |
|-------------|---|
| copyCohorts | <i>Copy cohorts from one table to another</i> |
|-------------|---|

Description

Copy cohorts from one table to another table.

[Stable]

Usage

```
copyCohorts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  oldToNewCohortId,
  sourceCohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  targetCohortDatabaseSchema = sourceCohortDatabaseSchema,
  sourceCohortTable,
  targetCohortTable,
  purgeConflicts = FALSE,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| oldToNewCohortId | A data.frame object with two columns. oldCohortId and newCohortId. Both should be integers. The oldCohortId are the cohorts that are the input cohorts that need to be transformed. The newCohortId are the cohortIds of the corresponding output after transformation. If the oldCohortId = newCohortId then the data corresponding to oldCohortId will be replaced by the data from the newCohortId. |
| sourceCohortDatabaseSchema | The database schema of the source cohort table. |
| targetCohortDatabaseSchema | The database schema of the source cohort table. |
| sourceCohortTable | The name of the source cohort table. |
| targetCohortTable | The name of the target cohort table. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |

Examples

```
## Not run:
CohortAlgebra::copyCohorts(
  connection = connection,
  sourceCohortDatabaseSchema = cohortDatabaseSchema,
  targetCohortDatabaseSchema = cohortDatabaseSchema,
  sourceCohortTable = tableName,
  targetCohortTable = tableName,
  purgeConflicts = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

copyCohortsToTempTable

Copy cohorts to temp table

Description

Copy cohorts to temp table. This function is not exported.

[Stable]

Usage

```
copyCohortsToTempTable(
  connection = NULL,
  oldToNewCohortId,
  sourceCohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  sourceCohortTable,
  targetCohortTable = "#cohort_rows",
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)
```

Arguments

connection An object of type connection as created using the [connect](#) function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

oldToNewCohortId A data.frame object with two columns. oldCohortId and newCohortId. Both should be integers. The oldCohortId are the cohorts that are the input cohorts that need to be transformed. The newCohortId are the cohortIds of the corresponding output after transformation. If the oldCohortId = newCohortId then the data corresponding to oldCohortId will be replaced by the data from the newCohortId.

sourceCohortDatabaseSchema The database schema of the source cohort table.

sourceCohortTable The name of the source cohort table.

targetCohortTable A temp table to copy the cohorts from the source table.

tempEmulationSchema Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created.

deleteCohort

Delete cohort

Description

Delete all records for a given set of cohorts from the cohort table. Edit privileges to the cohort table is required.

[Stable]

Usage

```
deleteCohort(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
```

```

    tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema"),
    cohortIds
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |
| cohortIds | A vector of one or more Cohort Ids. |

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| eraFyCohorts | <i>Era-fy cohort(s)</i> |
|--------------|-------------------------|

Description

Given a table with cohort_definition_id, subject_id, cohort_start_date, cohort_end_date execute era logic. This will delete and replace the original rows with the cohort_definition_id(s). edit privileges to the cohort table is required.

[Stable]

Usage

```

eraFyCohorts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  oldToNewCohortId,
  eraconstructorpad = 0,
  cdmDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema"),
  purgeConflicts = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| oldToNewCohortId | A data.frame object with two columns. oldCohortId and newCohortId. Both should be integers. The oldCohortId are the cohorts that are the input cohorts that need to be transformed. The newCohortId are the cohortIds of the corresponding output after transformation. If the oldCohortId = newCohortId then the data corresponding to oldCohortId will be replaced by the data from the newCohortId. |
| eraconstructorpad | Optional value to pad cohort era construction logic. Default = 0. i.e. no padding. |
| cdmDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |

| | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| generateBaseCohorts | <i>Generate Base Cohorts</i> |
|---------------------|------------------------------|

Description

Generates a set of cohorts that are commonly used in cohort algebra functions. Four cohorts will be generated with the cohort_definition_id of 0, -1, -2, -3 for Observation Period, Visits all, Visits Inpatient, Visits Emergency Room.

[Experimental]

Usage

```
generateBaseCohorts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "CohortsBase",
  incremental,
  incrementalFolder = NULL,
  purgeConflicts,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cdmDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| incremental | Create only cohorts that haven't been created before? |
| incrementalFolder | If incremental = TRUE, specify a folder where records are kept of which definition has been executed. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |

Examples

```
## Not run:
CohortAlgebra::generateBaseCohorts(
  connection = connection,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cdmDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = tableName,
```

```

    incremental = TRUE,
    incrementalFolder = incrementalFolder,
    purgeConflicts = TRUE
  )

  ## End(Not run)

```

```
getBaseCohortDefinitionSet
```

Base cohort, cohort definition set.

Description

Base cohort, cohort definition set.

Usage

```
getBaseCohortDefinitionSet()
```

```
getCohortIdsInCohortTable
```

Get cohort ids in table

Description

Get cohort ids in table

[Stable]

Usage

```

getCohortIdsInCohortTable(
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cohortTable,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| intersectCohorts | <i>Intersect cohort(s)</i> |
|------------------|----------------------------|

Description

Find the common cohort period for persons present in all the cohorts. Note: if subject is not found in any of the cohorts, then they will not be in the final cohort.

[Stable]

Usage

```
intersectCohorts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortIds,
  newCohortId,
  purgeConflicts = FALSE,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| cohortIds | A vector of one or more Cohort Ids. |
| newCohortId | The cohort id of the result cohort. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |

Examples

```
## Not run:
intersectCohorts(
  connectionDetails = Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails(),
  cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortIds = c(1, 2, 3),
  newCohortId = 9,
  purgeConflicts = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| keepCohortOverlaps | <i>Keep records in cohort that overlap with another cohort</i> |
|--------------------|--|

Description

Keep records in cohort that overlap with another cohort. Given a Cohort A, check if the records of subjects in cohort A overlaps with records for the same subject in cohort B. If there is overlap then only keep those records in Cohort A. All non overlapping records in Cohort A will be removed. Overlap is defined as $b.cohort_end_date \geq a.cohort_start_date$ AND $b.cohort_start_date \leq a.cohort_end_date$. The overlap logic maybe offset by using a `startDayOffSet` (applied on cohort A's `cohort_start_date`) and `endDayOffSet` (applied on Cohort A's `cohort_end_date`). If while applying offset, the window becomes such that $(a.cohort_start_date + startDayOffSet) > (a.cohort_end_date + endDayOffSet)$ that record is ignored and thus deleted.

By default we are looking for atleast one day of overlap. We can change this to look for any number of overlap days e.g. 2 days of overlap in the window. The overlap days are calculated as the total number of days between maximum of `cohort_start_date`'s of both cohorts, and minimum of `cohort_end_date`'s of both cohorts, using offset when used.

Overlap formula is $(\min(a.cohort_end_date, b.cohort_end_date) - \max(a.cohort_start_date, b.cohort_start_date)) + 1$. Note the use of +1, i.e. the lowest number of days of overlap is 1 day.

[Experimental]

Usage

```
keepCohortOverlaps(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  firstCohortId,
  secondCohortId,
  newCohortId,
  offsetCohortStartDate = 0,
  offsetCohortEndDate = 0,
  minimumOverlaDays = 1,
  purgeConflicts = FALSE,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| firstCohortId | The cohort id of the cohort whose records will be retained after the operation. |
| secondCohortId | The cohort id of the cohort that will be used to check for the presence of overlap. |
| newCohortId | The cohort id of the result cohort. |
| offsetCohortStartDate | (Default = 0) If you want to offset cohort start date, please provide a integer number. |
| offsetCohortEndDate | (Default = 0) If you want to offset cohort start date, please provide a integer number. |
| minimumOverlaDays | (Default = 1) The minimum number of days of overlap. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |

Examples

```
## Not run:
keepCohortOverlaps(
  connectionDetails = Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails(),
  cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  firstCohortId = 1,
  secondCohortId = 2,
  newCohortId = 9,
  purgeConflicts = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

minusCohorts

Minus cohort(s)

Description

Given two cohorts, subtract (minus) the dates from the first cohort, the dates the subject also had on the second cohort.

[Stable]

Usage

```
minusCohorts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  firstCohortId,
  secondCohortId,
  newCohortId,
  purgeConflicts = FALSE,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| firstCohortId | The cohort id of the cohort from which to subtract. |
| secondCohortId | The cohort id of the cohort that is used to subtract. |
| newCohortId | The cohort id of the result cohort. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |

Examples

```
## Not run:
minusCohorts(
  connectionDetails = Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails(),
  cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  firstCohortId = 1,
  secondCohortId = 2,
  newCohortId = 9,
  purgeConflicts = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

| | |
|--------------|----------------------|
| modifyCohort | <i>Modify cohort</i> |
|--------------|----------------------|

Description

Modify cohort by censoring, padding, limiting cohorts periods. Censoring: Provide a date for right, left, both censoring. All cohorts will be truncated to the given date. Pad days: Add days to either cohort start or cohort end dates. Maybe negative numbers. Final cohort will not be outside the persons observation period. Limit cohort periods: Filter the cohorts to a given date range of cohort start, or cohort end or both.

cdmDataSchema is required when eraConstructorPad is > 0. eraConstructorPad is optional.

[Experimental]

Usage

```
modifyCohort(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  oldCohortId,
  newCohortId = oldCohortId,
  cohortStartCensorDate = NULL,
  cohortEndCensorDate = NULL,
  cohortStartFilterRange = NULL,
  cohortEndFilterRange = NULL,
  cohortStartPadDays = NULL,
  cohortEndPadDays = NULL,
  filterGenderConceptId = NULL,
  filterByAgeRange = NULL,
  firstOccurrence = FALSE,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema"),
  purgeConflicts = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cdmDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| oldCohortId | The cohort id of the cohort that needs to be modified. |
| newCohortId | The cohort id of the result cohort. |
| cohortStartCensorDate | the minimum date for the cohort. All rows with cohort start date before this date will be censored to given date. |
| cohortEndCensorDate | the maximum date for the cohort. All rows with cohort end date after this date will be censored to given date. |
| cohortStartFilterRange | A range of dates representing minimum to maximum to filter the cohort by its cohort start date e.g c(as.Date('1999-01-01'), as.Date('1999-12-31')) |
| cohortEndFilterRange | A range of dates representing minimum to maximum to filter the cohort by its cohort end date e.g c(as.Date('1999-01-01'), as.Date('1999-12-31')) |
| cohortStartPadDays | An integer value to pad the cohort start date. Default is 0 - no padding. The final cohort will have no days outside the observation period dates of the initial observation period. If negative padding, then cohortStartDate will not shift to before corresponding observationPeriodStartDate, it will be forced to be equal to observationPeriodStartDate. If positive padding, then cohortStartDate will not shift beyond observationPeriodEndDate, it will be forced to be equal to observationPeriodEndDate. Also cohortStartDate will not be more than cohortEndDate - it will be forced to be equal to cohortEndDate. |
| cohortEndPadDays | An integer value to pad the cohort start date. Default is 0 - no padding. The final cohort will have no days outside the observation period dates of the initial observation period. If negative padding, then cohortEndDate will not shift to before corresponding observationPeriodEndDate, it will be forced to be equal to observationPeriodEndDate. If positive padding, then cohortEndDate will not shift beyond observationPeriodStartDate, it will be forced to be equal to observationPeriodStartDate. Also cohortEndDate will not be less than cohortStartDate - it will be forced to be equal to cohortStartDate. |

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| filterGenderConceptId | Provide an array of integers corresponding to conceptId to look for in the gender_concept_id field of the person table. |
| filterByAgeRange | Provide an array of two values, where second value is >= first value to filter the persons age on cohort_start_date. Age is calculated as YEAR(cohort_start_date) - person.year_of_birth |
| firstOccurrence | Do you want to restrict the cohort to the first occurrence per person? |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |

Examples

```
## Not run:
CohortAlgebra::modifyCohort(
  connection = connection,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = tableName,
  oldCohortId = 3,
  newCohortId = 2,
  cohortEndFilterRange = c(as.Date("2010-01-01"), as.Date("2010-01-09")),
  purgeConflicts = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

removeOverlappingSubjects

Remove subjects in cohort that overlap with another cohort

Description

Remove subjects in cohort that overlap with another cohort. Given a Cohort A, check if the records of subjects in cohort A overlaps with records for the same subject in cohort B. If there is overlap then remove all records of that subject from Cohort A. Overlap is defined as $b.cohort_end_date \geq a.cohort_start_date$ AND $b.cohort_start_date \leq a.cohort_end_date$. The overlap logic maybe offset by using a startDayOffset (applied on cohort A's cohort_start_date) and endDayOffset (applied on Cohort A's cohort_end_date). If while applying offset, the window becomes such that $(a.cohort_start_date + startDayOffset) > (a.cohort_end_date + endDayOffset)$ that record is ignored and thus deleted.

[Experimental]

Usage

```
removeOverlappingSubjects(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortId,
  newCohortId,
  cohortsWithSubjectsToRemove,
  offsetCohortStartDate = -99999,
  offsetCohortEndDate = 99999,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  purgeConflicts = FALSE,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema")
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortId | The cohort id of the cohort whose subjects will be removed. |
| newCohortId | The cohort id of the result cohort. |
| cohortsWithSubjectsToRemove | An array of one or more cohorts with subjects to remove from given cohorts. |
| offsetCohortStartDate | (Default = 0) If you want to offset cohort start date, please provide a integer number. |
| offsetCohortEndDate | (Default = 0) If you want to offset cohort start date, please provide a integer number. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| purgeConflicts | If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |

Examples

```
## Not run:
removeOverlappingSubjects(
```



```

    connection = connection,
    cohortDatabaseSchema = cohortDatabaseSchema,
    cohortId = 1,
    newCohortId = 9,
    cohortsWithSubjectsToRemove = c(3),
    purgeConflicts = FALSE,
    cohortTable = tableName
)

## End(Not run)

```

| | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| unionCohorts | <i>Union cohort(s)</i> |
|--------------|------------------------|

Description

Given a specified array of cohortIds in a cohort table, perform cohort union operator to create new cohorts.

[Stable]

Usage

```

unionCohorts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  oldToNewCohortId,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema"),
  purgeConflicts = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | The name of the cohort table. |
| oldToNewCohortId | A data.frame object with two columns. oldCohortId and newCohortId. Both should be integers. The oldCohortId are the cohorts that are the input cohorts |

that need to be transformed. The newCohortId are the cohortIds of the corresponding output after transformation. If the oldCohortId = newCohortId then the data corresponding to oldCohortId will be replaced by the data from the newCohortId.

tempEmulationSchema

Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created.

purgeConflicts

If there are conflicts in the target cohort table i.e. the target cohort table already has records with newCohortId, do you want to purge and replace them with transformed. By default - it will not be replaced, and an error message is thrown.

Examples

```
## Not run:
unionCohorts(
  connectionDetails = Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails(),
  cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  oldToNewCohortId = dplyr::tibble(
    oldCohortId = c(1, 2, 3),
    newCohortId = c(9, 9, 9)
  ),
  purgeConflicts = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

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