

Package ‘CohortGenerator’

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Type Package

Title An R Package for Cohort Generation Against the OMOP CDM

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Description

An R package for that encapsulates the functions for generating cohorts against the OMOP CDM.

Depends DatabaseConnector (>= 5.0.0),

R (>= 3.6.0),

R6

Imports bit64,

checkmate,

digest,

dplyr,

lubridate,

ParallelLogger (>= 3.0.0),

readr (>= 2.1.0),

rlang,

RJSONIO,

jsonlite,

SqlRender (>= 1.11.1),

stringi (>= 1.7.6)

Suggests CirceR (>= 1.1.1),

Eunomia,

knitr,

rmarkdown,

ROhdsiWebApi,

testthat,

withr

Remotes ohdsi/CirceR,

ohdsi/Eunomia,

ohdsi/ROhdsiWebApi

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VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://ohdsi.github.io/CohortGenerator/>, <https://github.com/OHDSI/CohortGenerator>

BugReports <https://github.com/OHDSI/CohortGenerator/issues>

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 addCohortSubsetDefinition

Add cohort subset definition to a cohort definition set

Description

Given a subset definition and cohort definition set, this function returns a modified cohortDefinitionSet That contains cohorts that's have parent's contained within the base cohortDefinitionSet

Also adds the columns subsetParent and isSubset that denote if the cohort is a subset and what the parent definition is.

Usage

```
addCohortSubsetDefinition(
  cohortDefinitionSet,
  cohortSubsetDefintion,
  targetCohortIds = NULL,
  overwriteExisting = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

cohortDefinitionSet

data.frame that conforms to CohortDefinitionSet

cohortSubsetDefintion

CohortSubsetDefinition instance

targetCohortIds

Cohort ids to apply subset definition to. If not set, subset definition is applied to all base cohorts in set (i.e. those that are not defined by subsetOperators). Applying to cohorts that are already subsets is permitted, however, this should be done with care and identifiers must be specified manually

overwriteExisting

Overwrite existing subset definition of the same definitionId if present

 checkAndFixCohortDefinitionSetDataTypes

Check if a cohort definition set is using the proper data types

Description

This function checks a data.frame to verify it holds the expected format for a cohortDefinitionSet's data types and can optionally fix data types that do not match the specification.

Usage

```
checkAndFixCohortDefinitionSetDataTypes(
  x,
  fixDataTypes = TRUE,
  emitWarning = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	The cohortDefinitionSet data.frame to check
<code>fixDataTypes</code>	When TRUE, this function will attempt to fix the data types to match the specification. @seealso [createEmptyCohortDefinitionSet()].
<code>emitWarning</code>	When TRUE, this function will emit warning messages when problems are encountered.

Value

Returns a list() of the following form:

```
list( dataTypesMatch = TRUE/FALSE, x = data.frame() )
```

`dataTypesMatch == TRUE` when the supplied data.frame `x` matches the cohortDefinitionSet specification's data types.

If `fixDataTypes == TRUE`, `x` will hold the original data from `x` with the data types corrected. Otherwise `x` will hold the original value passed to this function.

CohortSubsetDefinition

Cohort Subset Definition

Description

Set of subset definitions

Active bindings

`targetOutputPairs` list of pairs of integers - (targetCohortId, outputCohortId)

`subsetOperators` list of subset operations

`name` name of definition

`definitionId` numeric definition id

`subsetIds` vector of subset operator ids

`identifierExpression` expression that can be evaluated from

Methods**Public methods:**

- `CohortSubsetDefinition$new()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$toList()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$toJSON()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$addSubsetOperator()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$getSubsetOperatorById()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$getSubsetQuery()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$getSubsetCohortName()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$setTargetOutputPairs()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$getJSONFileName()`
- `CohortSubsetDefinition$clone()`

Method new():*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$new(definition = NULL)

Arguments:

definition json or list representation of object to List

Method toList(): List representation of object to JSON*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$toList()

Method toJSON(): json serialized representation of object add Subset Operator*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$toJSON()

Method addSubsetOperator(): add subset to class - checks if equivalent id is present Will throw an error if a matching ID is found but reference object is different*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$addSubsetOperator(subsetOperator)

Arguments:

subsetOperator a SubsetOperator instance

overwrite if a subset operator of the same ID is present, replace it with a new definition Get SubsetOperator By Id

Method getSubsetOperatorById(): get a subset operator by its id field*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$getSubsetOperatorById(id)

Arguments:

id Integer subset id get query for a given target output pair

Method getSubsetQuery(): Returns vector of join, logic, having statments returned by subset operations*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$getSubsetQuery(targetOutputPair)

Arguments:

targetOutputPair Target output pair Get name of an output cohort

Method getSubsetCohortName():*Usage:*

```
CohortSubsetDefinition$getSubsetCohortName(
  cohortDefinitionSet,
  targetOutputPair
)
```

Arguments:

cohortDefinitionSet Cohort definition set containing base names

targetOutputPair Target output pair Set the targetOutputPairs to be added to a cohort definition set

Method setTargetOutputPairs():*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$setTargetOutputPairs(targetIds)

Arguments:

targetIds list of cohort ids to apply subsetting operations to Get json file name for subset definition in folder

Method getJsonFileName():*Usage:*

```
CohortSubsetDefinition$getJsonFileName(
  subsetJsonFolder = "inst/cohort_subset_definitions/"
)
```

Arguments:

subsetJsonFolder path to folder to place file

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.*Usage:*

CohortSubsetDefinition\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

CohortSubsetOperator *Cohort Subset Operator*

Description

A subset of type cohort - subset a population to only those contained within defined cohort to List

Super class

[CohortGenerator::SubsetOperator](#) -> CohortSubsetOperator

Active bindings

cohortIds Integer ids of cohorts to subset to

cohortCombinationOperator How to combine the cohorts

negate Inverse the subset rule? TRUE will take the patients NOT in the subset

startWindow The time window to use evaluating the subset cohort start relative to the target cohort

endWindow The time window to use evaluating the subset cohort end relative to the target cohort

Methods

Public methods:

- [CohortSubsetOperator\\$toList\(\)](#)
- [CohortSubsetOperator\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `toList()`: List representation of object

Usage:

```
CohortSubsetOperator$toList()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
CohortSubsetOperator$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

computeChecksum	<i>Computes the checksum for a value</i>
-----------------	--

Description

This is used as part of the incremental operations to hash a value to store in a record keeping file. This function leverages the md5 hash from the digest package

Usage

```
computeChecksum(val)
```

Arguments

`val` The value to hash. It is converted to a character to perform the hash.

Value

Returns a string containing the checksum

createCohortSubset	<i>A definition of subset functions to be applied to a set of cohorts</i>
--------------------	---

Description

A definition of subset functions to be applied to a set of cohorts

Usage

```
createCohortSubset(
  id,
  name,
  cohortIds,
  cohortCombinationOperator,
  negate,
  startWindow,
  endWindow
)
```

Arguments

id	unique integer identifier
name	name of operator
cohortIds	integer - set of cohort ids to subset to
cohortCombinationOperator	"any" or "all" if using more than one cohort id allow a subject to be in any cohort or require that they are in all cohorts in specefied windows
negate	The opposite of this definition - include patients who do NOT meet the specified criteria (NOT YET IMPLEMENTED)
startWindow	A SubsetCohortWindow that patients must fall inside (see createSubsetCohortWindow)
endWindow	A SubsetCohortWindow that patients must fall inside (see createSubsetCohortWindow)

Value

a CohortSubsetOperator instance

createCohortSubsetDefinition	<i>Create Subset Definition</i>
------------------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Create subset definition from subset objects

Usage

```
createCohortSubsetDefinition(
  name,
  definitionId,
  subsetOperators,
  identifierExpression = NULL
)
```

Arguments

name	Name of definition
definitionId	Definition identifier
subsetOperators	list of subsetOperator instances to apply
identifierExpression	Expression (or string that converts to expression) that returns an id for an output cohort the default is <code>dplyr::expr(targetId * 1000 + definitionId)</code>

createCohortTables	<i>Create cohort tables</i>
--------------------	-----------------------------

Description

This function creates an empty cohort table and empty tables for cohort statistics.

Usage

```
createCohortTables(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTableNames = getCohortTableNames(),
  incremental = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails	An object of type <code>connectionDetails</code> as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the <code>DatabaseConnector</code> package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.
connection	An object of type <code>connection</code> as created using the connect function in the <code>DatabaseConnector</code> package. Can be left NULL if <code>connectionDetails</code> is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.
cohortDatabaseSchema	Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example <code>'scratch.dbo'</code> .
cohortTableNames	The names of the cohort tables. See getCohortTableNames for more details.

`incremental` When set to TRUE, this function will check to see if the cohortTableNames exists in the cohortDatabaseSchema and if they exist, it will skip creating the tables.

`createDemographicSubset`

Create createDemographicSubset Subset

Description

Create createDemographicSubset Subset

Usage

```
createDemographicSubset(
  id,
  name,
  ageMin = 0,
  ageMax = 9999,
  gender = NULL,
  race = NULL,
  ethnicity = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	Id number
<code>name</code>	char name
<code>ageMin</code>	The minimum age
<code>ageMax</code>	The maximum age
<code>gender</code>	Gender demographics - concept ID list
<code>race</code>	Race demographics - concept ID list
<code>ethnicity</code>	Ethnicity demographics - concept ID list

`createEmptyCohortDefinitionSet`

Create an empty cohort definition set

Description

This function creates an empty cohort set data.frame for use with generateCohortSet.

Usage

```
createEmptyCohortDefinitionSet(verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`verbose` When TRUE, descriptions of each field in the data.frame are returned

Value

Invisibly returns an empty cohort set data.frame

```
createEmptyNegativeControlOutcomeCohortSet
```

Create an empty negative control outcome cohort set

Description

This function creates an empty cohort set data.frame for use with generateNegativeControlOutcomeCohorts.

Usage

```
createEmptyNegativeControlOutcomeCohortSet(verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

verbose When TRUE, descriptions of each field in the data.frame are returned

Value

Invisibly returns an empty negative control outcome cohort set data.frame

```
createLimitSubset
```

Create Limit Subset

Description

Subset cohorts using specified limit criteria

Usage

```
createLimitSubset(
  id,
  name,
  priorTime,
  followUpTime,
  limitTo,
  calendarStartDate = NULL,
  calendarEndDate = NULL
)
```

Arguments

id	id of operation
name	Name of operation
priorTime	Required prior observation window
followUpTime	Required post observation window
limitTo	character one of: "firstEver" - only first entry in patient history "earliestRemaining" - only first entry after washout set by priorTime "latestRemaining" - the latest remaining after washout set by followUpTime "lastEver" - only last entry in patient history inside Note, when using firstEver and lastEver with follow up and washout, patients with events outside this will be censored. The "firstEver" and "lastEver" are applied first. The "earliestRemaining" and "latestRemaining" are applied after all other limit criteria are applied (i.e. after applying prior/post time and calendar time).
calendarStartDate	End date to allow periods (e.g. 2020/1/1/)
calendarEndDate	Start date to allow period (e.g. 2015/1/1)

createSubsetCohortWindow

A definition of subset functions to be applied to a set of cohorts

Description

A definition of subset functions to be applied to a set of cohorts

Usage

```
createSubsetCohortWindow(startDay, endDay, targetAnchor)
```

Arguments

startDay	The start day for the window
endDay	The end day for the window
targetAnchor	To anchor using the target cohort's start date or end date

Value

a SubsetCohortWindow instance

DemographicSubsetOperator
Criteria Subset

Description

Criteria Subset

Criteria Subset

Super class

[CohortGenerator::SubsetOperator](#) -> DemographicSubsetOperator

Active bindings

ageMin Int between 0 and 9999 - minimum age

ageMax Int between 0 and 9999 - maximum age

gender vector of gender concept IDs

race character string denoting race

ethnicity character string denoting ethnicity

Methods

Public methods:

- [DemographicSubsetOperator\\$toList\(\)](#)
- [DemographicSubsetOperator\\$toJSON\(\)](#)
- [DemographicSubsetOperator\\$isEqualTo\(\)](#)
- [DemographicSubsetOperator\\$getGender\(\)](#)
- [DemographicSubsetOperator\\$getRace\(\)](#)
- [DemographicSubsetOperator\\$getEthnicity\(\)](#)
- [DemographicSubsetOperator\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method toList(): List representation of object

Usage:

DemographicSubsetOperator\$toList()

Method toJSON(): json serialized representation of object

Usage:

DemographicSubsetOperator\$toJSON()

Method isEqualTo(): Compare Subset to another

Usage:

DemographicSubsetOperator\$isEqualTo(criteria)

Arguments:

criteria DemographicSubsetOperator instance

Method getGender(): Gender getter - used when constructing SQL to default NULL to an empty string

Usage:

DemographicSubsetOperator\$getGender()

Method getRace(): Race getter - used when constructing SQL to default NULL to an empty string

Usage:

DemographicSubsetOperator\$getRace()

Method getEthnicity(): Ethnicity getter - used when constructing SQL to default NULL to an empty string

Usage:

DemographicSubsetOperator\$getEthnicity()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

DemographicSubsetOperator\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

dropCohortStatsTables *Drop cohort statistics tables*

Description

This function drops the cohort statistics tables.

Usage

```
dropCohortStatsTables(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTableNames = getCohortTableNames(),
  dropCohortTable = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails	An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.
connection	An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.
cohortDatabaseSchema	Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTableNames

The names of the cohort tables. See [getCohortTableNames](#) for more details.

dropCohortTable

Optionally drop cohort table in addition to stats tables (defaults to FALSE)

exportCohortStatsTables

Export the cohort statistics tables to the file system

Description

This function retrieves the data from the cohort statistics tables and writes them to the inclusion statistics folder specified in the function call.

Usage

```
exportCohortStatsTables(
  connectionDetails,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTableNames = getCohortTableNames(),
  cohortStatisticsFolder,
  snakeCaseToCamelCase = TRUE,
  fileNameInSnakeCase = FALSE,
  incremental = FALSE,
  databaseId = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the [createConnectionDetails](#) function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the [connect](#) function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTableNames

The names of the cohort tables. See [getCohortTableNames](#) for more details.

cohortStatisticsFolder

The path to the folder where the cohort statistics folder where the results will be written

snakeCaseToCamelCase

Should column names in the exported files convert from snake_case to camel-Case? Default is FALSE

fileNameInSnakeCase

Should the exported files use snake_case? Default is FALSE

incremental	If incremental = TRUE, results are written to update values instead of overwriting an existing results
databaseId	Optional - when specified, the databaseId will be added to the exported results

generateCohortSet	<i>Generate a set of cohorts</i>
-------------------	----------------------------------

Description

This function generates a set of cohorts in the cohort table.

Usage

```
generateCohortSet(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema"),
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTableNames = getCohortTableNames(),
  cohortDefinitionSet = NULL,
  stopOnError = TRUE,
  incremental = FALSE,
  incrementalFolder = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails	An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.
connection	An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.
cdmDatabaseSchema	Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.
tempEmulationSchema	Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created.
cohortDatabaseSchema	Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.
cohortTableNames	The names of the cohort tables. See getCohortTableNames for more details.

cohortDefinitionSet	<p>The cohortDefinitionSet argument must be a data frame with the following columns:</p> <p>cohortId The unique integer identifier of the cohort</p> <p>cohortName The cohort's name</p> <p>sql The OHDSI-SQL used to generate the cohort</p> <p>Optionally, this data frame may contain:</p> <p>json The Circe JSON representation of the cohort</p>
stopOnError	If an error happens while generating one of the cohorts in the cohortDefinitionSet, should we stop processing the other cohorts? The default is TRUE; when set to FALSE, failures will be identified in the return value from this function.
incremental	Create only cohorts that haven't been created before?
incrementalFolder	If incremental = TRUE, specify a folder where records are kept of which definition has been executed.

Value

A data.frame consisting of the following columns:

cohortId	The unique integer identifier of the cohort
cohortName	The cohort's name
generationStatus	The status of the generation task which may be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> COMPLETE The generation completed successfully FAILED The generation failed (see logs for details) SKIPPED If using incremental == 'TRUE', this status indicates that the cohort's generation was skipped since it was previously completed.
startTime	The start time of the cohort generation. If the generationStatus == 'SKIPPED', the startTime will be NA.
endTime	The end time of the cohort generation. If the generationStatus == 'FAILED', the endTime will be the time of the failure. If the generationStatus == 'SKIPPED', endTime will be NA.

```
generateNegativeControlOutcomeCohorts
```

Generate a set of negative control outcome cohorts

Description

This function generate a set of negative control outcome cohorts. For more information please see [Chapter 12 - Population Level Estimation](<https://ohdsi.github.io/TheBookOfOhdsi/PopulationLevelEstimation.html>) for more information how these cohorts are utilized in a study design.

Usage

```
generateNegativeControlOutcomeCohorts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  tempEmulationSchema = getOption("sqlRenderTempEmulationSchema"),
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = getCohortTableNames()$cohortTable,
  negativeControlOutcomeCohortSet,
  occurrenceType = "all",
  detectOnDescendants = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cdmDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'. |
| tempEmulationSchema | Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| cohortTable | Name of the cohort table. |
| negativeControlOutcomeCohortSet | The negativeControlOutcomeCohortSet argument must be a data frame with the following columns:
cohortId The unique integer identifier of the cohort
cohortName The cohort's name
outcomeConceptId The concept_id in the condition domain to use for the negative control outcome. |
| occurrenceType | The occurrenceType will detect either: the first time an outcomeConceptId occurs or all times the outcomeConceptId occurs for a person. Values accepted: 'all' or 'first'. |
| detectOnDescendants | When set to TRUE, detectOnDescendants will use the vocabulary to find negative control outcomes using the outcomeConceptId and all descendants via the concept_ancestor table. When FALSE, only the exact outcomeConceptId will be used to detect the outcome. |

Value

Invisibly returns an empty negative control outcome cohort set data.frame

getCohortCounts	<i>Count the cohort(s)</i>
-----------------	----------------------------

Description

Computes the subject and entry count per cohort. Note the cohortDefinitionSet parameter is optional - if you specify the cohortDefinitionSet, the cohort counts will be joined to the cohortDefinitionSet to include attributes like the cohortName.

Usage

```
getCohortCounts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortIds = c(),
  cohortDefinitionSet = NULL,
  databaseId = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails	An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.
connection	An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.
cohortDatabaseSchema	Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.
cohortTable	The name of the cohort table.
cohortIds	The cohort Id(s) used to reference the cohort in the cohort table. If left empty, all cohorts in the table will be included.
cohortDefinitionSet	The cohortDefinitionSet argument must be a data frame with the following columns: cohortId The unique integer identifier of the cohort cohortName The cohort's name sql The OHDSI-SQL used to generate the cohort Optionally, this data frame may contain: json The Circe JSON representation of the cohort
databaseId	Optional - when specified, the databaseId will be added to the exported results

Value

A data frame with cohort counts

```
getCohortDefinitionSet
```

Get a cohort definition set

Description

This function supports the legacy way of retrieving a cohort definition set from the file system or in a package. This function supports the legacy way of storing a cohort definition set in a package with a CSV file, JSON files, and SQL files in the 'inst' folder.

Usage

```
getCohortDefinitionSet(
  settingsFileName = "Cohorts.csv",
  jsonFolder = "cohorts",
  sqlFolder = "sql/sql_server",
  cohortFileNameFormat = "%s",
  cohortFileNameValue = c("cohortId"),
  subsetJsonFolder = "inst/cohort_subset_definitions/",
  packageName = NULL,
  warnOnMissingJson = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

settingsFileName	The name of the CSV file that will hold the cohort information including the cohortId and cohortName
jsonFolder	The name of the folder that will hold the JSON representation of the cohort if it is available in the cohortDefinitionSet
sqlFolder	The name of the folder that will hold the SQL representation of the cohort.
cohortFileNameFormat	Defines the format string for naming the cohort JSON and SQL files. The format string follows the standard defined in the base sprintf function.
cohortFileNameValue	Defines the columns in the cohortDefinitionSet to use in conjunction with the cohortFileNameFormat parameter.
subsetJsonFolder	Defines the folder to store the subset JSON
packageName	The name of the package containing the cohort definitions.
warnOnMissingJson	Provide a warning if a .JSON file is not found for a cohort in the settings file
verbose	When TRUE, extra logging messages are emitted

Value

Returns a cohort set data.frame

getCohortStats

*Get Cohort Inclusion Stats Table Data***Description**

This function returns a data frame of the data in the Cohort Inclusion Tables. Results are organized in to a list with 5 different data frames:

- cohortInclusionTable
- cohortInclusionResultTable
- cohortInclusionStatsTable
- cohortSummaryStatsTable
- cohortCensorStatsTable

These can be optionally specified with the outputTables. See exportCohortStatsTables function for saving data to csv.

Usage

```
getCohortStats(
  connectionDetails,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  databaseId = NULL,
  snakeCaseToCamelCase = TRUE,
  outputTables = c("cohortInclusionTable", "cohortInclusionResultTable",
    "cohortInclusionStatsTable", "cohortInclusionStatsTable", "cohortSummaryStatsTable",
    "cohortCensorStatsTable"),
  cohortTableNames = getCohortTableNames()
)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| connectionDetails | An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided. |
| connection | An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes. |
| cohortDatabaseSchema | Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. |
| databaseId | Optional - when specified, the databaseId will be added to the exported results |
| snakeCaseToCamelCase | Convert column names from snake case to camel case. |

outputTables Character vector. One or more of "cohortInclusionTable", "cohortInclusionResultTable", "cohortInclusionStatsTable", "cohortInclusionStatsTable", "cohortSummaryStatsTable" or "cohortCensorStatsTable". Output is limited to these tables. Cannot export, for, example, the cohort table. Defaults to all stats tables.

cohortTableNames
The names of the cohort tables. See [getCohortTableNames](#) for more details.

getCohortTableNames	<i>Used to get a list of cohort table names to use when creating the cohort tables</i>
---------------------	--

Description

This function creates a list of table names used by [createCohortTables](#) to specify the table names to create. Use this function to specify the names of the main cohort table and cohort statistics tables.

Usage

```
getCohortTableNames(  
  cohortTable = "cohort",  
  cohortInclusionTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion"),  
  cohortInclusionResultTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_result"),  
  cohortInclusionStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_stats"),  
  cohortSummaryStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_summary_stats"),  
  cohortCensorStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_censor_stats")  
)
```

Arguments

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

cohortInclusionTable
Name of the inclusion table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionResultTable
Name of the inclusion result table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionStatsTable
Name of the inclusion stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortSummaryStatsTable
Name of the summary stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortCensorStatsTable
Name of the censor stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

Value

A list of the table names as specified in the parameters to this function.

getRequiredTasks	<i>Get a list of tasks required when running in incremental mode</i>
------------------	--

Description

This function will attempt to check the recordKeepingFile to determine if a list of operations have completed by comparing the keys passed into the function with the checksum supplied

Usage

```
getRequiredTasks(..., checksum, recordKeepingFile)
```

Arguments

...	Parameter values used to identify the key in the incremental record keeping file
checksum	The checksum representing the operation to check
recordKeepingFile	A file path to a CSV file containing the record keeping information.

Value

Returns a list of outstanding tasks based on inspecting the full contents of the record keeping file

getSubsetDefinitions	<i>Get cohort subset definitions from a cohort definition set</i>
----------------------	---

Description

Get the subset definitions (if any) applied to a cohort definition set. Note that these subset definitions are a copy of those applied to the cohort set. Modifying these definitions will not modify the base cohort set. To apply a modification, reapply the subset definition to the cohort definition set data.frame with addCohortSubsetDefinition with 'overwriteExisting = TRUE'.

Usage

```
getSubsetDefinitions(cohortDefinitionSet)
```

Arguments

cohortDefinitionSet	A valid cohortDefinitionSet
---------------------	-----------------------------

Value

list of cohort subset definitions or empty list

insertInclusionRuleNames

Used to insert the inclusion rule names from a cohort definition set when generating cohorts that include cohort statistics

Description

This function will take a cohortDefinitionSet that includes the Circe JSON representation of each cohort, parse the InclusionRule property to obtain the inclusion rule name and sequence number and insert the values into the cohortInclusionTable. This function is only required when generating cohorts that include cohort statistics.

Usage

```
insertInclusionRuleNames(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDefinitionSet,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortInclusionTable = getCohortTableNames()$cohortInclusionTable
)
```

Arguments

- connectionDetails** An object of type connectionDetails as created using the [createConnectionDetails](#) function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.
- connection** An object of type connection as created using the [connect](#) function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.
- cohortDefinitionSet** The cohortDefinitionSet argument must be a data frame with the following columns:
cohortId The unique integer identifier of the cohort
cohortName The cohort's name
sql The OHDSI-SQL used to generate the cohort
 Optionally, this data frame may contain:
json The Circe JSON representation of the cohort
- cohortDatabaseSchema** Schema name where your cohort tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.
- cohortInclusionTable** Name of the inclusion table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

Value

A data frame containing the inclusion rules by cohort and sequence ID

isCamelCase	<i>Used to check if a string is in lower camel case</i>
-------------	---

Description

This function is used check if a string conforms to the lower camel case format.

Usage

```
isCamelCase(x)
```

Arguments

x	The string to evaluate
---	------------------------

Value

TRUE if the string is in lower camel case

isCohortDefinitionSet	<i>Is the data.frame a cohort definition set?</i>
-----------------------	---

Description

This function checks a data.frame to verify it holds the expected format for a cohortDefinitionSet.

Usage

```
isCohortDefinitionSet(x)
```

Arguments

x	The data.frame to check
---	-------------------------

Value

Returns TRUE if the input is a cohortDefinitionSet or returns FALSE with warnings on any violations

`isFormattedForDatabaseUpload`*Is the data.frame formatted for uploading to a database?*

Description

This function is used to check a data.frame to ensure all column names are in snake case format.

Usage

```
isFormattedForDatabaseUpload(x, warn = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A data frame
<code>warn</code>	When TRUE, display a warning of any columns are not in snake case format

Value

Returns TRUE if all columns are snake case format. If `warn == TRUE`, the function will emit a warning on the column names that are not in snake case format.

`isSnakeCase`*Used to check if a string is in snake case*

Description

This function is used check if a string conforms to the snake case format.

Usage

```
isSnakeCase(x)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	The string to evaluate
----------------	------------------------

Value

TRUE if the string is in snake case

isTaskRequired	<i>Is a task required when running in incremental mode</i>
----------------	--

Description

This function will attempt to check the recordKeepingFile to determine if an individual operation has completed by comparing the keys passed into the function with the checksum supplied

Usage

```
isTaskRequired(..., checksum, recordKeepingFile, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

...	Parameter values used to identify the key in the incremental record keeping file
checksum	The checksum representing the operation to check
recordKeepingFile	A file path to a CSV file containing the record keeping information.
verbose	When TRUE, this function will output if a particular operation has completed based on inspecting the recordKeepingFile.

Value

Returns TRUE if the operation has completed according to the contents of the record keeping file.

LimitSubsetOperator	<i>Limit Subset Operator</i>
---------------------	------------------------------

Description

operator to apply limiting subset operations (e.g. washout periods, calendar ranges or earliest entries)

To List

Super class

[CohortGenerator::SubsetOperator](#) -> LimitSubsetOperator

Active bindings

priorTime minimum washout time in days

followUpTime minimum required follow up time in days

limitTo character one of: "firstEver" - only first entry in patient history "earliestRemaining" - only first entry after washout set by priorTime "latestRemaining" - the latest remaining after washout set by followUpTime "lastEver" - only last entry in patient history inside

Note, when using firstEver and lastEver with follow up and washout, patients with events outside this will be censored.

calendarStartDate The calendar start date for limiting by date

calendarEndDate The calendar end date for limiting by date

Methods

Public methods:

- `LimitSubsetOperator$toList()`
- `LimitSubsetOperator$clone()`

Method `toList()`: List representation of object

Usage:

```
LimitSubsetOperator$toList()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
LimitSubsetOperator$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

readCsv

Used to read a .csv file

Description

This function is used to centralize the function for reading .csv files across the HADES ecosystem.

This function will automatically convert from snake_case in the file to camelCase in the data.frame

returned as is the standard described in: https://ohdsi.github.io/Hades/codeStyle.html#Interfacing_between_R_and_SQL

Usage

```
readCsv(file, warnOnCaseMismatch = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`file` The .csv file to read.

`warnOnCaseMismatch`

When TRUE, raise a warning if column headings in the .csv are not in snake_case format

Value

A tibble with the .csv contents

recordTasksDone	<i>Record a task as complete</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

Description

This function will record a task as completed in the recordKeepingFile

Usage

```
recordTasksDone(..., checksum, recordKeepingFile, incremental = TRUE)
```

Arguments

...	Parameter values used to identify the key in the incremental record keeping file
checksum	The checksum representing the operation to check
recordKeepingFile	A file path to a CSV file containing the record keeping information.
incremental	When TRUE, this function will record tasks otherwise it will return without attempting to perform any action

saveCohortDefinitionSet	<i>Save the cohort definition set to the file system</i>
-------------------------	--

Description

This function saves a cohortDefinitionSet to the file system and provides options for specifying where to write the individual elements: the settings file will contain the cohort information as a CSV specified by the settingsFileName, the cohort JSON is written to the jsonFolder and the SQL is written to the sqlFolder. We also provide a way to specify the json/sql file name format using the cohortFileNameFormat and cohortFileNameValue parameters.

Usage

```
saveCohortDefinitionSet(
  cohortDefinitionSet,
  settingsFileName = "inst/Cohorts.csv",
  jsonFolder = "inst/cohorts",
  sqlFolder = "inst/sql/sql_server",
  cohortFileNameFormat = "%s",
  cohortFileNameValue = c("cohortId"),
  subsetJsonFolder = "inst/cohort_subset_definitions/",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

cohortDefinitionSet	The cohortDefinitionSet argument must be a data frame with the following columns: cohortId The unique integer identifier of the cohort cohortName The cohort's name sql The OHDSI-SQL used to generate the cohort Optionally, this data frame may contain: json The Circe JSON representation of the cohort
settingsFileName	The name of the CSV file that will hold the cohort information including the cohortId and cohortName
jsonFolder	The name of the folder that will hold the JSON representation of the cohort if it is available in the cohortDefinitionSet
sqlFolder	The name of the folder that will hold the SQL representation of the cohort.
cohortFileNameFormat	Defines the format string for naming the cohort JSON and SQL files. The format string follows the standard defined in the base sprintf function.
cohortFileNameValue	Defines the columns in the cohortDefinitionSet to use in conjunction with the cohortFileNameFormat parameter.
subsetJsonFolder	Defines the folder to store the subset JSON
verbose	When TRUE, logging messages are emitted to indicate export progress.

 saveCohortSubsetDefinition

Save cohort subset definitions to json

Description

This is generally used as part of saveCohortDefinitionSet

Usage

```
saveCohortSubsetDefinition(
  subsetDefinition,
  subsetJsonFolder = "inst/cohort_subset_definitions/"
)
```

Arguments

subsetDefinition	The subset definition object @seealso CohortSubsetDefinition
subsetJsonFolder	Defines the folder to store the subset JSON

saveIncremental	<i>Used in incremental mode to save values to a file</i>
-----------------	--

Description

When running in incremental mode, we may need to update results in a CSV file. This function will replace the data in fileName based on the key parameters

Usage

```
saveIncremental(data, fileName, ...)
```

Arguments

data	The data to record in the file
fileName	A CSV holding results in the same structure as the data parameter
...	Parameter values used to identify the key in the results file

SubsetCohortWindow	<i>to List</i>
--------------------	----------------

Description

Representation of a time window to use when subsetting a target cohort with a subset cohort

Details

SubsetCohortWindow settings

Active bindings

startDay	Integer
endDay	Integer
targetAnchor	Boolean

Methods

Public methods:

- [SubsetCohortWindow\\$toList\(\)](#)
- [SubsetCohortWindow\\$toJSON\(\)](#)
- [SubsetCohortWindow\\$isEqualTo\(\)](#)
- [SubsetCohortWindow\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method toList(): List representation of object To JSON

Usage:

```
SubsetCohortWindow$toList()
```

Method toJSON(): json serialized representation of object Is Equal to

Usage:

SubsetCohortWindow\$toJSON()

Method isEqualTo(): Compare SubsetCohortWindow to another

Usage:

SubsetCohortWindow\$isEqualTo(criteria)

Arguments:

criteria SubsetCohortWindow instance

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

SubsetCohortWindow\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

SubsetOperator

SubsetOperator

Description

Abstract Base Class for subsets. Subsets should inherit from this and implement their own requirements.

Active bindings

name name of subset operation - should describe what the operation does e.g. "Males under the age of 18", "Exposed to Celecoxib"

id id of subset operation - must be unique (to design) int

Methods

Public methods:

- [SubsetOperator\\$new\(\)](#)
- [SubsetOperator\\$classname\(\)](#)
- [SubsetOperator\\$getQueryBuilder\(\)](#)
- [SubsetOperator\\$publicFields\(\)](#)
- [SubsetOperator\\$isEqualTo\(\)](#)
- [SubsetOperator\\$toList\(\)](#)
- [SubsetOperator\\$toJSON\(\)](#)
- [SubsetOperator\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new():

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$new(definition = NULL)

Arguments:

definition json character or list - definition of subset operator

Returns: instance of object Class Name

Method classname(): Class name of object Return query builder instance

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$classname()

Method getQueryBuilder(): Return query builder instance Public Fields

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$getQueryBuilder()

Method publicFields(): Publicly settable fields of object Is Equal to

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$publicFields()

Method isEqualTo(): Compare Subsets - are they identical or not? Checks all fields and settings

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$isEqualTo(subsetOperatorB)

Arguments:

subsetOperatorB A subset to test equivalence to To list

Method toList(): convert to List representation To Json

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$toList()

Method toJSON(): convert to json serialized representation

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$toJSON()

Returns: list representation of object as json character

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

SubsetOperator\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

CohortSubsetOperator

DemographicSubsetOperator

LimitSubsetOperator

`writeCsv`*Used to write a .csv file*

Description

This function is used to centralize the function for writing .csv files across the HADES ecosystem. This function will automatically convert from camelCase in the data.frame to snake_case column names in the resulting .csv file as is the standard described in: https://ohdsi.github.io/Hades/codeStyle.html#Interfacing_b

This function may also raise warnings if the data is stored in a format that will not work with the HADES standard for uploading to a results database. Specifically file names should be in snake_case format, all column headings are in snake_case format and where possible the file name should not be plural. See `isFormattedForDatabaseUpload` for a helper function to check a data.frame for rules on the column names

Usage

```
writeCsv(  
  x,  
  file,  
  append = FALSE,  
  warnOnCaseMismatch = TRUE,  
  warnOnFileNameCaseMismatch = TRUE,  
  warnOnUploadRuleViolations = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A data frame or tibble to write to disk.
<code>file</code>	The .csv file to write.
<code>append</code>	When TRUE, append the values of x to an existing file.
<code>warnOnCaseMismatch</code>	When TRUE, raise a warning if columns in the data.frame are NOT in camel-Case format.
<code>warnOnFileNameCaseMismatch</code>	When TRUE, raise a warning if the file name specified is not in snake_case format.
<code>warnOnUploadRuleViolations</code>	When TRUE, this function will provide warning messages that may indicate if the data is stored in a format in the .csv that may cause problems when uploading to a database.

Value

Returns the input x invisibly.

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