







Sound Ocean Ltd

Spatio-temporal monitoring of blast-fishing in Tanzania: recent trend & impact of governance and enforcement efforts
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Blast-fishing refers to the use of explosives by fishers to catch fish for food



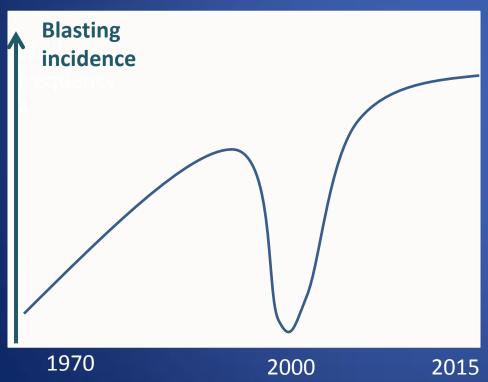
Impact on eco-systems & fisheries productivity poorly studied in Tanzania but likely to be substantial



Situation 2 years ago at last WIOMSA symposium, 2015

By 2015, a 12-13 year rising trend with relatively little effective enforcement and **little or no systematic, quantitative information** on spatio-temporal patterns of blasting

Indicative historic trend of blast fishing in Tanzania



Drop in blast fishing from 1997-2002 followed Navy *Operation Pweza* and subsequent deployment of Navy camps in Tanga.

Navy personnel were recalled to permanent bases in 2002 which immediately led to a resurgence in blast fishing, starting in Tanga.

TANZANIA BLAST MONITORING NETWORK

- 1) Operational launch on 01 May 2016
- 2) Objective to address information gap by generating information to support efforts to eliminate blast-fishing by Govt authorities
- 3) Implemented by a coalition of 3 NGOs with extensive experience with coastal communities & 2 technical partners
- 4) Built on lessons from 3 month pilot by Mwambao in Tanga











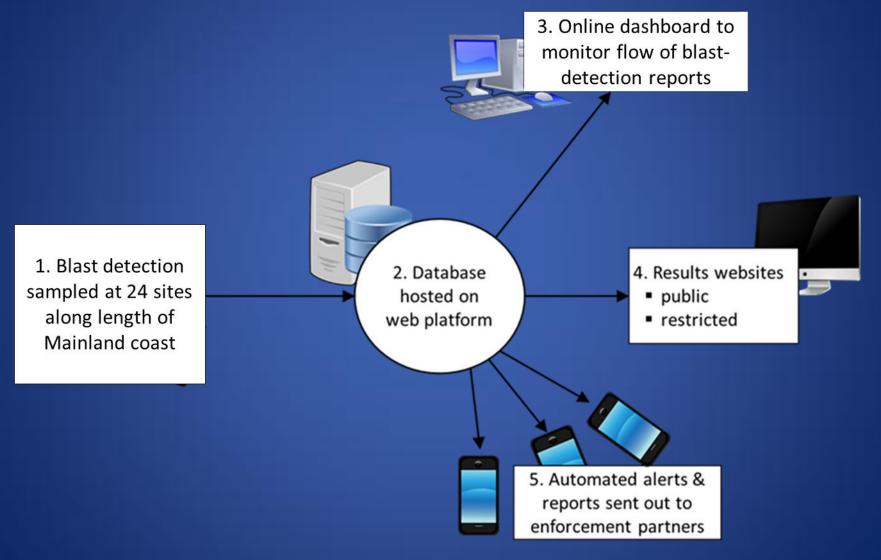
STUDY OBJECTIVES:

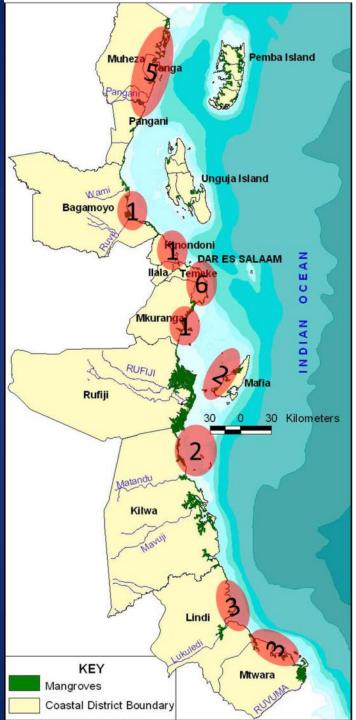
- 1. Monitor spatial and temporal patterns in incidence of blast-fishing along Mainland coast of Tanzania
- 2. Assess impact of enforcement or other interventions aimed at reducing or eliminating blast-fishing



METHODOLOGY 1

5 elements of blast-monitoring information system





- 1 = Mkinga1
- 2 = Mkinga2
- 3 = Muheza/TACMP1
- 4 = Muheza/TACMP2
- 5 = Pangani1
- 6 = Bagamoyo1
- 7 = Kinondoni1
- 8 = Kigamboni1
- 9 = Kigamboni2
- 10 = Kigamboni3
- 11 = Kigamboni4
- 12 = Kigamboni5
- 13 = Kigamboni6
- 14 = Mkuranga1
- 15 = Mafia1
- 16 = Mafia2
- 17 = Kilwa1
- 18 = Kilwa2
- 19 = Lindi1
- 20 = Lindi2
- **21** = Lindi**3**
- 22 = Mtwara1
- 23 = Mtwara2
- **24 = Mtwara3**

Distribution of 24 blast-detection locations

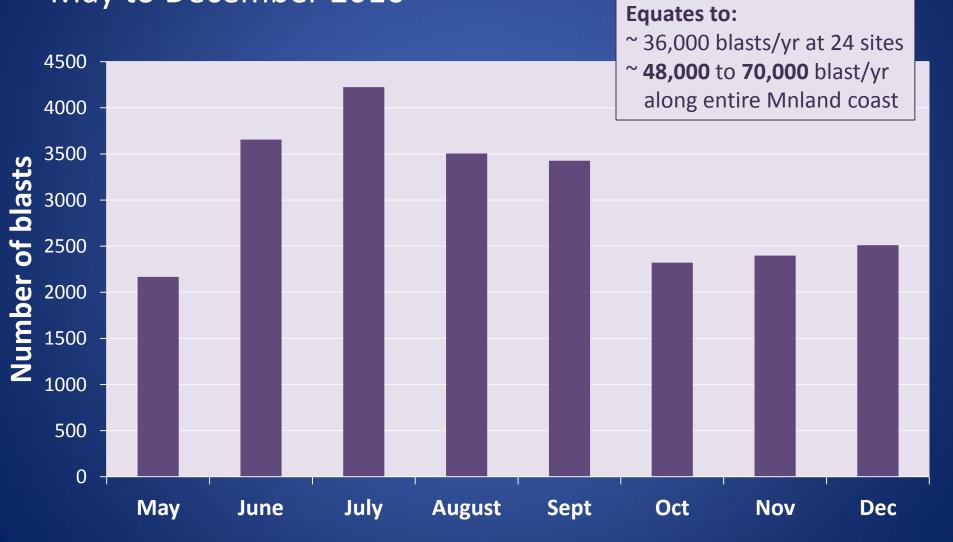
METHODOLOGY 2

Consultations on reasons for trends

- 1. Community informants
- 2. Ministry of Livestock & Fisheries
- 3. Vice-President's Office
- 4. Multi-Agency Task Team (MATT)
- 5. District Fisheries Officers
- 6. Coastal tourism operators

RESULTS - Situation to Dec 2016

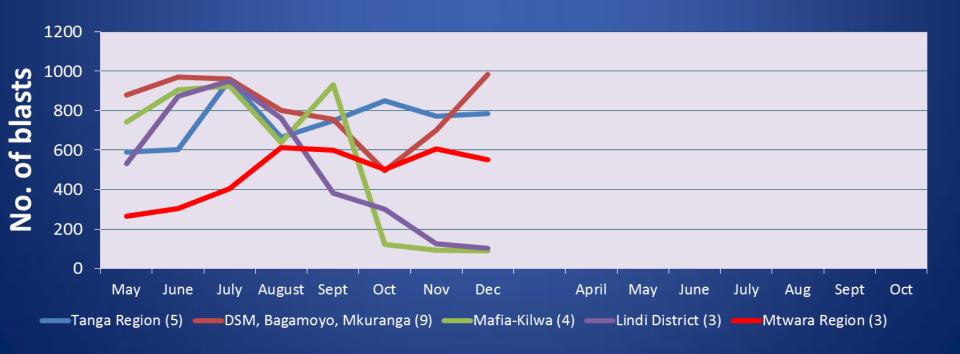
Estimated total blasts per month at 24 sites May to December 2016



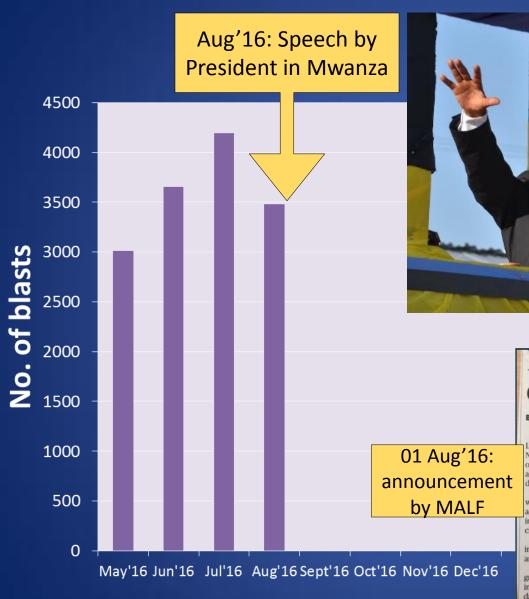
Possible sources of error and/or variation

- 1. detection range/coverage
- 2. seasonal factors, esp. sea conditions
- 3. sampling frequency

Above factors not likely to be significant in assessing overall trends across sites over 18 months



Public intervention by State House



Marine security urged to control counter piracy in Indian Ocean

By Correspondent James Kandova

DEPUTY Minister for Agricultural. Livestock and Fisheries William Ole Nasha has ordered marine security organs to establish surveillance patrols along the Indian Ocean to control dynamite fishing

He issued the directive at the weekend when he visited the aquaculture projects owned by private individuals at Kigamboni suburb in the

He said dynamite fishing had adverse impacts to the environment, tourism and the people as well.

Ole Nasha said recently several groups of people had been engaging in the illegal business which was dangerous to the life of people and nature of the aquatic animals.

GWARDIAN 1/8/2016

He insisted that unless stern protecting the environment so that the measures were taken the problem would far from solving it.

"I call upon Police marine to collaborate with the navy unit to ensure day to day patrols along the Indian Ocean. Stern measure should be taken to those involved in such type of fishing which is dangerous to our health and aquatic animals," he said.

The deputy minister said that there are speculations that some fishermen use explosives near the ferry fish market, and that they are known. He ordered authorities to arrest them.

He said the fisheries sector had a great contribution in the nation's economy if all people were involved in the management of the sea resources.

Ole Nasha explained that we should

next generation can also benefit from

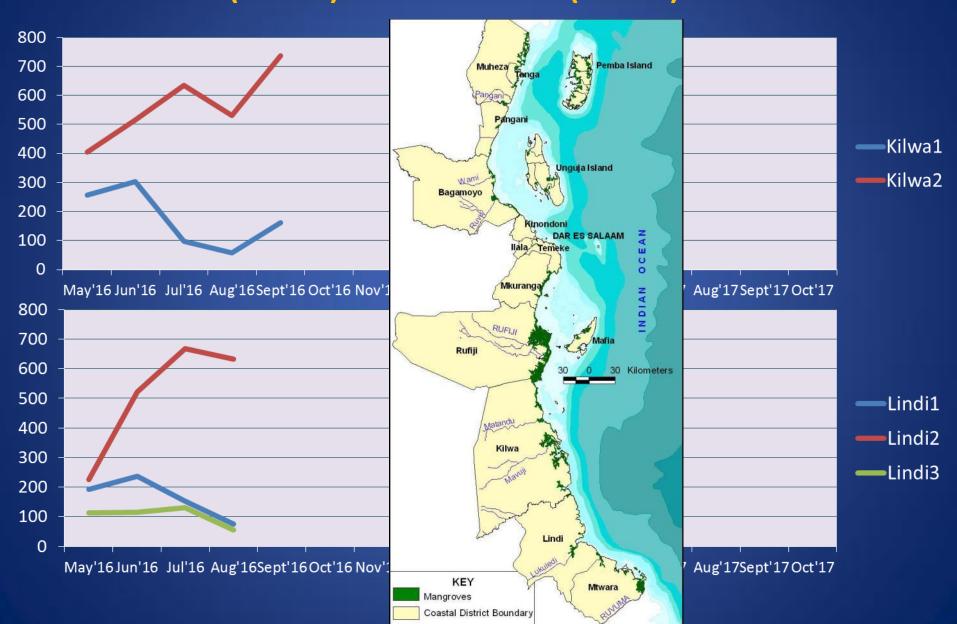
Abdu Kamugisha and other people who practice aquaculture in Kigamboni District said that they were currently facing a number of challenges including high prices of animal fish feeds.

"I call on the government to set a subsidy in fish feeds as in the agroinputs like fertilizers and seeds in order to attract more aquaculture and reduce operational

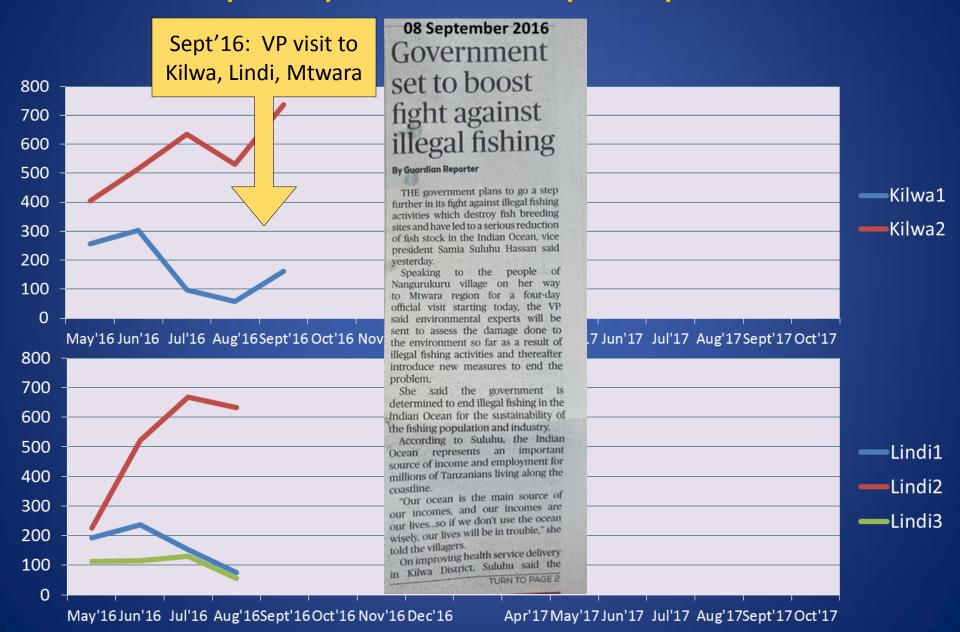
Kigamboni district commissioner Hashim Mgandilwa urged the community to reveal all those people enganged in illegal fishing.

He said plans were underway in the teach the citizenry on importance of district to open a fish market.

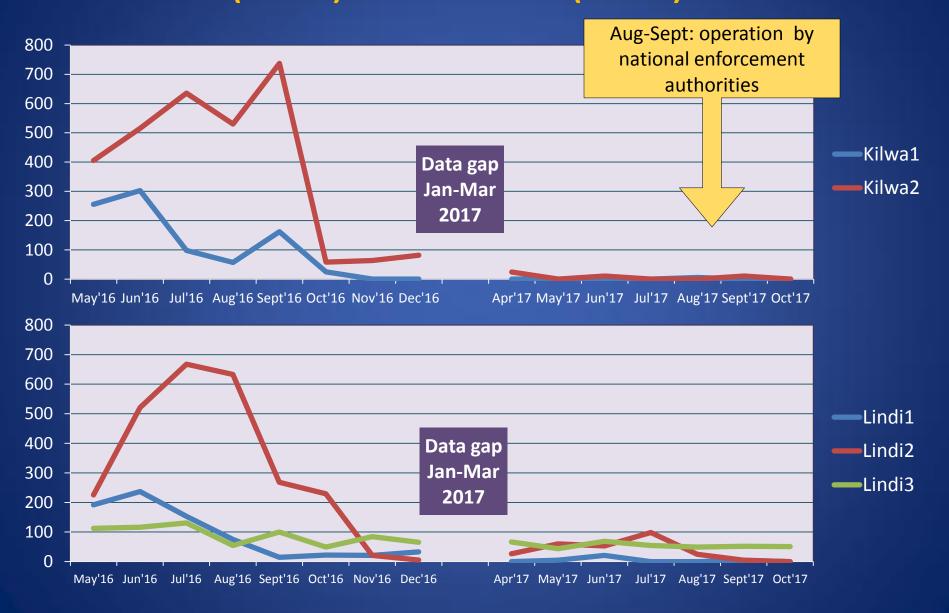
Trends in estimated total blasts per month, May'16 to Oct'17 Kilwa District (2 sites) & Lindi District (3 sites)



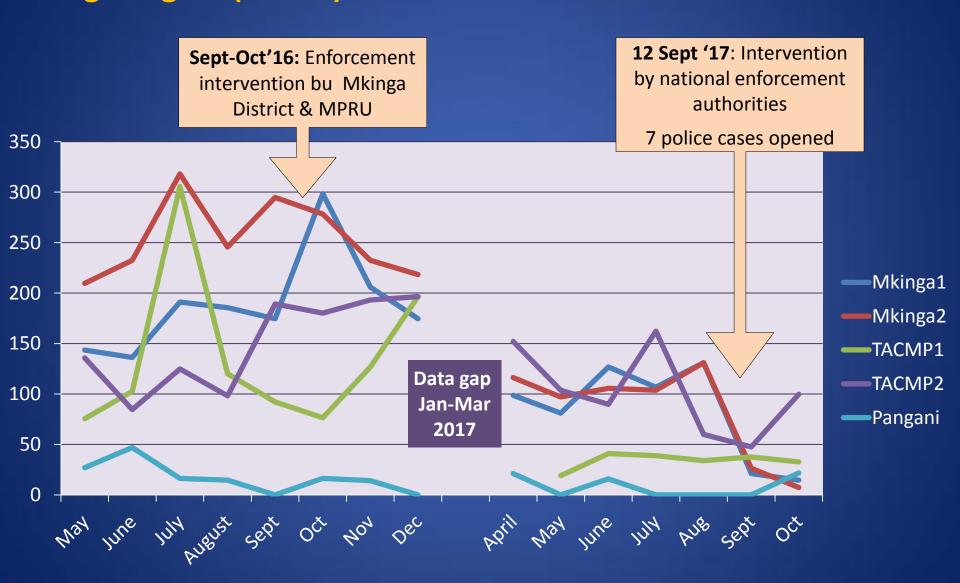
Trends in estimated total blasts per month, May'16 to Oct'17 Kilwa District (2 sites) & Lindi District (3 sites)



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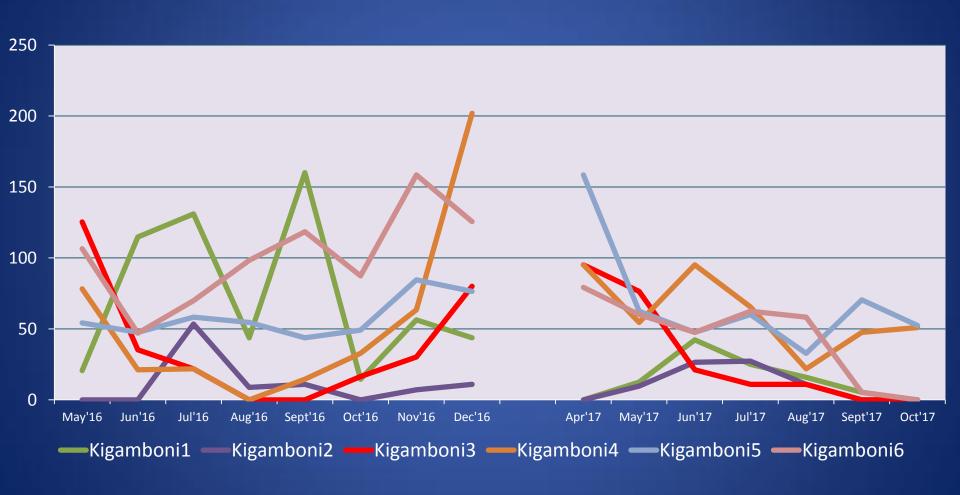
Trends in estimated total blasts per month, May'16 to Oct'17 Tanga Region (5 sites)



Trends in estimated total blasts per month, May'16 to Oct'17 Mtwara Region (3 sites)



Trends in estimated total blasts per month, May'16 to Oct'17 Kigamboni District (6 sites)



Trends in estimated total blasts per month, May'16 to Oct'17 **Kigamboni District (6 sites)** Jan-Mar '17: Operations by **DAILY NEWS** national enforcement authorities Sinda to Mapanya Islands Minister orders arrest of criminals 9 arrests & 6 cases opened engaged in dynamite fishing 250 Jul-aug '17: Operations x2 by national enforcement authorities 200 28 arrests & 16 cases opened 16 vessels confiscated 150 100 50 0 Jul'16 Aug'16 Oct'16 Nov'16 Jun'17 -Kigamboni1 — Kigamboni2 — Kigamboni3 — Kigamboni4 — Kigamboni5 — Kigamboni6





Tizeba condemns dynamite fishing as serious threat

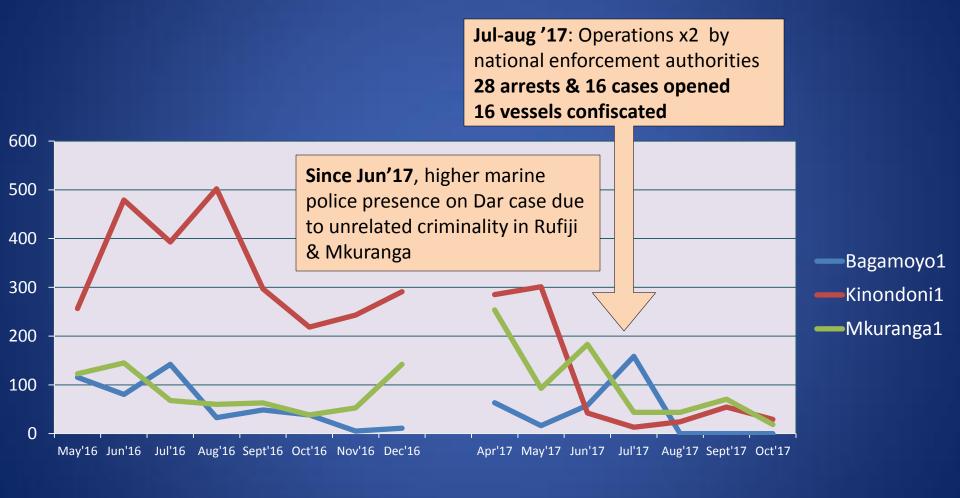
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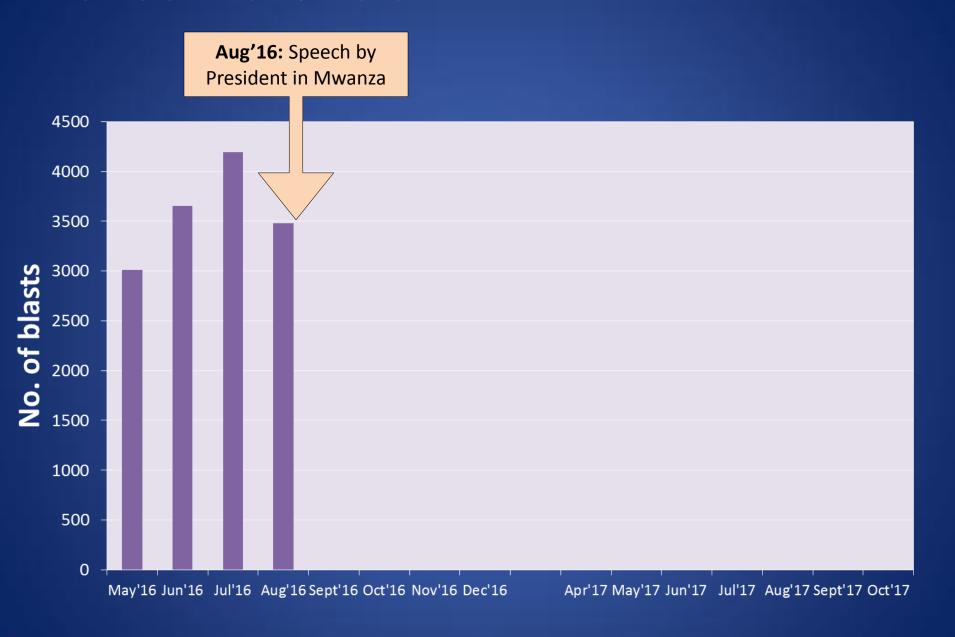
Dr Tizeba warned fishermen who champion the outlawed explosive fishing in the country's waters, saying deterrent legal measures await the culprits.

He sounded the warning while officiating at the World Fisheries Day at Ferry Fish Market in Dar es Salaam, adding that blast fishing was equally dangerous to all living organisms in the ocean. The Fisheries Day is celebrated yearly on November 21 throughout the world by the fishing stakeholders.

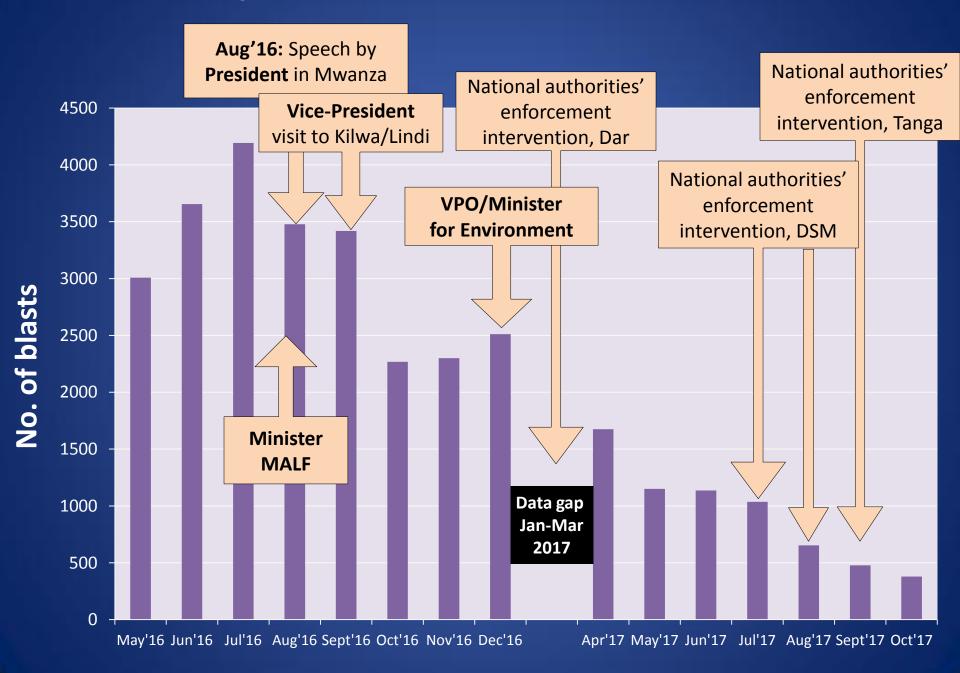
Trends in estimated total blasts per month, May'16 to Oct'17 Coast Region - other (3 sites)



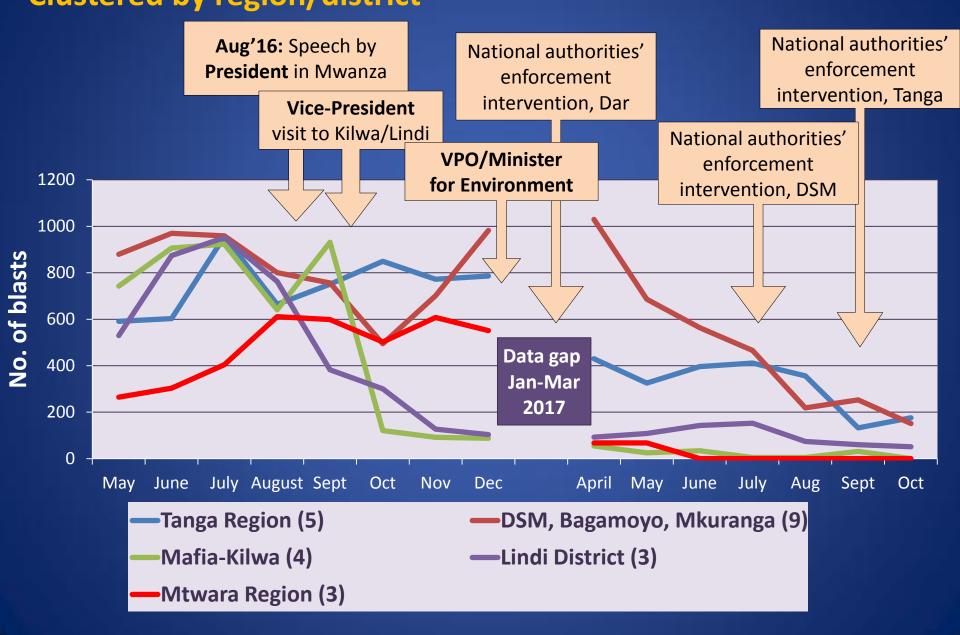
Timeline of interventions



Timeline of key interventions



Trends in estimated total blasts per month May'16 to Oct'17 Clustered by region/district



Situation now

No. of blasts

Estimated total blasts per month at 24 sites May 2016 to October 2017 **Sept-Oct data equates to:** 4500 ~ **5,000** blasts/yr at 24 sites ~ **7,000 to 10,000** blast/yr 4000 along entire Mnland coast 3500 3000 2500 2000 1500 Data gap 1000 Jan-Mar 2017 500 May'16 Jun'16 Jul'16 Aug'16 Sept'16 Oct'16 Nov'16 Dec'16 Apr'17 May'17 Jun'17 Jul'17 Aug'17 Sept'17 Oct'17

CONCLUSIONS

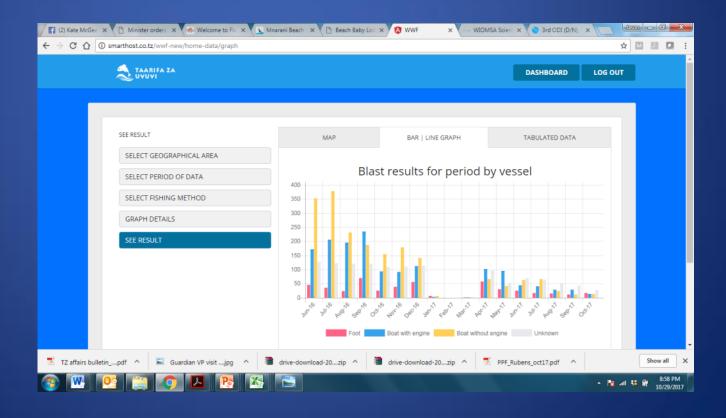
- Importance of high level political will particularly in mobilising and co-ordinating action at regional & district level
- Credibility of current Govt on governance, compared with past
- 3. Power of assertion of authority by regional & district authorities, even without applying force
- 4. Physical enforcement has also played a key role as in 1997-8 and takes time to mobilise

CONCLUSIONS contd

- 5. Mobility of blast-fishing effort: some blast fishers will relocate to less scrutinised areas in response to enforcement
- 6. No room for complacency: still very early days since reduction in blasting. Blastfishing practices are deeply entrenched. Sustained political will, enforcement efforts and monitoring needed to avoid resurgence in 2002 which occurred after 4-5 years of no blasting.

Future plans

- 1. Continued monitoring
- 2. Verification of data using acoustics
- 3. Public launch of monitoring website



Oct'17: Bumper catches of red snappers in Songosongo, attributed by fishers to zero blastfishing since Oct'16



Acknowledgements

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INFORMATION-SHARING:

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