OIM3690 - Web Technologies



Publishing your website

Process of publishing a static website

- 1. Create pages locally
 - i. .html files, images, styles, scripts folders
 - ii. test and validate pages
- 2. Select a web hosting service
- 3. Register a domain name
- 4. Transfer and maintain pages
- 5. Search engine optimization (SEO)

Prepare your web pages

Test and validate pages

- Use HTML validator and CSS validator
- Test with different browsers
 - Chrome, Firefox, Edge, Safari
 - other browsers
- Remove or correct broken links
 - Link Checker (after website is published)

Improve performance

- Code your website for quality and speed
- Optimize images
- Make the page simple and clean
- Load JavaScript asynchronously
- Try a CDN

Add metadata in <head>

- Use appropriate <title> for each page
- <meta> elements
 - name and content attributes
 - name specifies the type of meta element it is; what type of information it contains
 - content specifies the actual meta content
 - many for SEO
- Visit the homepage of your favoriate website, view page source or inspect
 - what <meta> do you find?

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Common <meta> elements.

- description:
 - short description of the page
 - <meta name="description" content="...">
 - Google your favoriate website, then read the search result
- keywords
 - comma delimited list of search terms
 - <meta name="keywords" content="...">
- author
 - the author of the page
 - <meta name="author" content="...">

<meta> for social networking sites

- Open Graph Data
 - a metadata protocol that Facebook invented to provide richer metadata for website
 - © Example: <meta property="og:image" content="..."</pre>
 - Read more about the Open Graph protocol
- Twitter Cards
 - you can attach rich photos, videos and media experiences to Tweets, helping to drive traffic to your website
 - Read more about Optimizing Tweets with Cards

Select a web hosting service

Evaluate web hosting services

- Price
- Storage and transaction limits
- Technical features
- E-Commerce features
- Customer service features
- Reliability

Web hosting providers

- Some web hosting providers:
 - Godaddy
 - bluehost
 - HostGator
- Cheap (or free) **cloud** alternatives for small websites
 - Heroku
 - Amazon Web Services (AWS)
 - Google Cloud Platform
 - DigitalOcean
- GitHub Pages (We will be using this for project.)

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Register domain name

- Web hosting service may bundle domain name registration
 - recommended if you have paid for web hosting
- Check your desired names on domain registrars
 - for best recognition, aim for .com or .org
 - other top-level domains (TLD):
 - .us (located in the U.S.)
 - .co (Columbia, but open to public and seems like .com)
 - .info, .me, .name (good for personal website)
- Domain privacy

WHOIS babson.edu

Domain Name: BABSON.EDU

Registrant:

Babson College Horn Computer Center Babson Park, MA 02457 USA

Administrative Contact:

Babson Dns
Babson College
Horn Computer Center
Babson Park, MA 02457
USA
+1.7812396483
dns@babson.edu

Technical Contact:

Domain Admin
Babson College
Horn Computer Center
Babson Park, MA 02457
USA
+1.7812396483
dns@babson.edu

Name Servers:

NS0.DNSMADEEASY.COM NS2.DNSMADEEASY.COM NS4.DNSMADEEASY.COM NS1.DNSMADEEASY.COM NS3.DNSMADEEASY.COM

Domain record activated: 07-Oct-1992
Domain record last updated: 29-Jun-2021
Domain expires: 31-Jul-2022

Transfer files

- Use FTP client to upload files
 - o many web hosting website also provide web-based file transfer

Search Engine Optimization (SEO)

- Google's Search Engine Optimization Starter Guide
- Lynda course Danny Sullivan on SEO
- YouTube: SEO For Beginners

SEO: Keywords

- Keywords are those words/phrases that
 - describe your web site
 - users type in to search the web
 - your competitors are using
- You can
 - use keywords in internal links
 - o use keywords in alt attribute tag
 - place keywords in <h> tags
 - o use keywords multiple times in a page

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Questions?

