

# DARSHAN ACADEMY, MEERUT

Sawan Ashram, West End Road, Meerut

## **A Practical Record File**

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1) To write a Python program to create a Series to store 5 students Percentage Using dictionary and print all the elements that are above 75 percentage.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd
dic={1:'Apple',2:'Google',3:'Microsoft',4:'Meta',5:'Nvidia',6:'Amazon'|}
Ser=pd.Series(dic)
print(Ser)
```

```
1 Apple
2 Google
3 Microsoft
4 Meta
5 Nvidia
6 Amazon
dtype: object
```

2) To write a Python program to create a Series object that stores the Initial budget allocated (50000/- each) for the four quarters of the year: Qtr1, Qtr2, Qtr3 and Qtr4.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd
Ser=pd.Series(50000,index=['Qtr1','Qtr2','Qtr3','Qtr4'])
print(Ser)
```

Qtr1	50000
Qtr2	50000
Qtr3	50000
Qtr4	50000
dtype:	int64

3) To write a Python program to create a Series object that stores the Employee names as index and their Salary as values.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

Emp_name=['Amit', 'Raghav', 'Ramesh', 'Suresh']
Emp_salary=[50000,65000,45500,60000]
Ser=pd.Series(Emp_salary,index=Emp_name)
print(Ser)
```

Amit	50000
Raghav	65000
Ramesh	45500
Suresh	60000
dtype:	int64

4) To Write a Python program to create a Series object with Employee names as the index and their salaries as values. Accept the name of the employee whose salary needs to be changed, along with the new salary, and update it in the Series.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

Emp_name=['Amit','Raghav','Ramesh','Suresh']
Emp_salary=[50000,65000,45500,60000]
Ser=pd.Series(Emp_salary,index=Emp_name)

print(Ser)

name=input('\nEnter the name of employee whose salary needs to change: ')
if name in Ser:
    salary=int(input('Enter the salary: '))
    Ser[name]=salary
    print()
    print('Employee Salary updated successfully!!!!')
    print(Ser)
else:
    print('Employee name not found!')
```

```
Amit
          50000
          65000
Raghav
Ramesh
          45500
Suresh
          60000
dtype: int64
Enter the name of employee whose salary needs to change: Amit
Enter the salary: 70000
Employee Salary updated successfully!!!!
Amit
          70000
Raghav
          65000
Ramesh
          45500
Suresh
          60000
dtype: int64
```

Amit 50000
Raghav 65000
Ramesh 45500
Suresh 60000
dtype: int64

Enter the name of employee whose salary needs to change: Disha Employee name not found!

- 5) To create two series S1 and S2, to perform following mathematical Operations on Two Series objects:
- (i) Addition (ii) Subtraction (iii) Multiplication (iv) Division Also show the result.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

ind=['A','B','C','D']
data=[56,65,45.5,60]
S1=pd.Series(data,index=ind)

ind=['A','B','C','D']
data=[76,97,35,98.7]
S2=pd.Series(data,index=ind)

print('ADDITION of two Series')
print(S1+S2)

print('\nSUBTRACTION of two Series')
print(S1-S2)

print('\nMULTIPLICATION of two Series')
print(S1*S2)

print('\nDIVISION of two Series')
print(S1/S2)
```

```
ADDITION of two Series
    132.0
В
    162.0
С
    80.5
D 158.7
dtype: float64
SUBTRACTION of two Series
   -20.0
A
В
   -32.0
С
   10.5
D -38.7
dtype: float64
MULTIPLICATION of two Series
    4256.0
В
   6305.0
С
    1592.5
   5922.0
D
dtype: float64
DIVISION of two Series
A 0.736842
В
   0.670103
   1.300000
   0.607903
dtype: float64
```

6) To write a Python program to create two series i.e. population and average income of Four Zones, and then calculate per capita income storing in third pandas series print it.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

zones=['North','South','East','West']
population=[23498,78659,23412,34098]
avg_salary=[2364000,1674000,1290000,4506900]

population_sr=pd.Series(population,index=zones)
avgsalary_sr=pd.Series(avg_salary,index=zones)

per_capita_income=avgsalary_sr/population

print("Per capita Income")
print()
print(per_capita_income)
```

```
Per capita Income

North 9.958294

South 2.123088

East 5.125577

West 13.399613

dtype: float64
```

7) To write a Python program to create a Series using list and display the following attributes of the Series: (i) index (ii) dtype (iii) size (iv) shape (v) hasnans

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

ls=[34,89,76,56,90]
Sr=pd.Series(ls)

print('Index of Series')
print(Sr.index)

print('\ndtype of Series')
print(Sr.dtype)

print('\nSize of Series')
print(Sr.size)

print('\nShape of Series')
print(Sr.shape)

print('\nSeries has nans values')
print(Sr.hasnans)
```

```
Index of Series
RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)

dtype of Series
int64

Size of Series
5

Shape of Series
(5,)

Series has nans values
False
```

8) To write a Python program to create a Series using list of Marks of 10 students and display first 5 Students' marks and Last 2 Students' marks from Series object.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

marks=[76,89,79,67,90,79,73,99,93,78]
ind=['Student'+str(i) for i in range(1,11)]

Ser=pd.Series(marks,index=ind)

print('First 5 students')
print(Ser.head())

print('\nLast 2 students')
print(Ser.tail(2))
```

```
First 5 students
Student1
           76
Student2
            89
Student3
            79
Student4
           67
Student5
            90
dtype: int64
Last 2 students
Student9
             93
Student10
             78
dtype: int64
```

9) To write a Python program to create a panda's Data Frame for the following table Using Nested list:

	Name	Age
Stu1	Arun	21
Stu2	Bala	23
Stu3	Mukesh	22

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

data=[['Arun',21],['Bala',23],['Mukesh',22]]
ind=['Stul','Stu2','Stu3']
columns=['Name','Age']

Df=pd.DataFrame(data,columns=columns,index=ind)
print(Df)
```

	Name	Age
Stu1	Arun	21
Stu2	Bala	23
Stu3	Mukesh	22

10) To write a Python program to create a panda's DataFrame called DF for the following table Using Dictionary of List and perform the following operations:

	Toys	Books	Uniform	Shoes
AP	7916	61896	610	8810
OD	8508	8208	508	6798
MP	7226	6149	611	9611
UP	7617	6157	457	6457

- (i) To Display only column 'Toys' from DataFrame DF.
- (ii) To Display the row details of 'AP' and 'OD' from DataFrame DF.
- (iii) To Display the column 'Books' and 'Uniform' for 'M.P' and 'U.P' from DataFrame DF.
- (iv) To Display consecutive 3 rows and 3 columns from DataFrame DF.

#### **Source Code:**

```
Display only column 'Toys' from DataFrame DF
     7916
AΡ
OD
     8508
MP
     7226
     7617
UP
Name: Toys, dtype: int64
Display the row details of 'AP' and 'OD' from DataFrame DF
   Toys Books Uniform Shoes
AP 7916 61896
                   610
                        8810
OD 8508 8208
                    508
                         6798
Display the column 'Books' and 'Uniform' for 'M.P' and 'U.P' from DataFrame DF
   Books Uniform
           611
    6149
MP
UP 6157
              457
Display consecutive 3 rows and 3 columns from DataFrame DF
   Toys Books Uniform
AP 7916 61896
                   610
                    508
OD 8508 8208
MP 7226 6149
                    611
```

11) To write a Python program to create a panda's DataFrame called DF for the following table Using Dictionary of List and perform the following operations:

	Toys	Books	Uniform	Shoes
AP	7916	61896	610	8810
OD	8508	8208	508	6798
MP	7226	6149	611	9611
UP	7617	6157	457	6457

- (i) Insert a new column "Bags" with values as [5891, 8628, 9785, 4475].
- (ii) Delete the row details of M.P from DataFrame DF.

#### **Source Code:**

```
Inserting a new column 'Bags'
   Toys Books Uniform Shoes
                                Bags
AP 7916 61896
                    610 8810
                                5891
OD
   8508
          8208
                     508
                          6798
                                8628
   7226
          6149
                     611
                          9611
                                9785
MP
   7617
                     457
                          6457
                                4475
UP
          6157
Deleting the row details of M.P
   Toys Books Uniform Shoes
                                Bags
   7916
         61896
                     610
                          8810
                                5891
AΡ
OD
   8508
          8208
                     508
                          6798
                                8628
UP
    7617
           6157
                     457
                          6457
                                4475
```

- 12) To write a Python program to create a pandas DataFrame to analyze number of Government and Private medical college and their Total seats, Fees statewise details using the dataset available at www.data.gov.in. Also, perform the following operations.
- (i) To Change the name of the state AP to Andhra.
- (ii) To Count and Display Non-NaN values of each column.
- (iii) To Count and Display Non-NaN values of each row.
- (iv) To Increase the fees of all colleges by 5%
- (v) To Replace all NaN values with 0.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
S1 = pd.Series([17, 30, 7150, 25000], index=['GC', 'PC', 'TS', 'Fees']) # AP

S2 = pd.Series([6, np.NaN, 726, 33000], index=['GC', 'PC', 'TS', 'Fees']) # Assam

S3 = pd.Series([np.NaN, 1, 100, 27000], index=['GC', 'PC', 'TS', 'Fees']) # Sikkin

S4 = pd.Series([22, 24, 46, 23000], index=['GC', 'PC', 'TS', 'Fees']) # TN

S5 = pd.Series([7, np.NaN, 673, 15000], index=['GC', 'PC', 'TS', 'Fees']) # AIIMS
df = pd.DataFrame({'AP': S1, 'Assam': S2, 'Sikkim': S3, 'TN': S4, 'AIIMS': S5})
print('original Dataframe')
print(df)
df=df.rename(columns={'AP':'Andhra'})
print(df)
print('\nCount non-Nan values in each column')
print(df.count())
print('\nCount non-Nan values in each row')
print(df.count(1))
df.loc['Fees']+=df.loc['Fees']*5*10**-2
print(df)
print('\nFilling NaN values by 0')
df=df.fillna(0)
print(df)
```

## Output:

Fees

origi	nal Data	aframe			
		Assam	Sikkim	TN	AIIMS
GC	17	6.0	NaN	22	7.0
PC	30	NaN	1.0	24	NaN
TS	7150	726.0	100.0	46	673.0
Fees	25000	33000.0	27000.0	23000	15000.0
Colum	n Name o	of AP char	nged to Ar	ndhra	
	Andhra	Assam	Sikkim	TN	AIIMS
GC	17	6.0	NaN	22	7.0
PC	30	NaN	1.0	24	NaN
TS	7150	726.0	100.0	46	673.0
Fees	25000	33000.0	27000.0	23000	15000.0
Count	non-Nar	n values i	in each co	olumn	
Andhr	a 4				
Assam	. 3				
Sikki	m 3				
TN	4				
AIIMS	3				
dtype	: int64				
		ı values :	in each ro	OW	
GC	4				
PC					
TS	5				
	5				
dtype	: int64				
_		,			
incre		es by 5%		TENT	BITMC
pipi		Assam			
GC		6.0			7.0
PC	30		1.0		
TS		726.0			
rees	20250	34650.0	20350.0	24150	15/50.0
F4114	ner NaM-r	values by	0		
FILLL	_	varues by Assam		TM	AIIMS
GC	Andrea 17		0.0		
PC		0.0			
TS		726.0			
1.3	1130	720.0	100.0	40	0/5.0

26250 34650.0 28350.0 24150 15750.0

13) To write a Python program to create a panda's DataFrame called DF for the following table using Dictionary of List and display the details of students whose Percentage is more than 85.

	Stu_Name	Degree	Percentage
S1	Anu	MBA	90
S2	Arun	MCA	85
S3	Bala	ME	91
S4	Charan	M.Sc.	76
S5	Mannu	MCA	84

#### **Source Code:**

```
Stu_Name Degree Percentage
S1 Anu MBA 90
S3 Bala ME 91
```

14) To write a Python program to create a DataFrame using Dictionary of list and display the following attributes of the DataFrame: (i) index (ii) columns (iii) axes (iv) dtypes (v) shape (vi) dimension (vii) T

#### Source Code:

```
import pandas as pd
data={'Name':['Anu','Arun','Bala','Charan','Mannu'],
      'Degree':['MBA','MCA','ME','M.Sc','MCA'],
      'Percentage': [90,85,91,76,84]}
Df=pd.DataFrame(data,index=['S1','S2','S3','S4','S5'])
print('DataFrame')
print(Df)
print('\nIndex')
print(Df.index)
print('\nColumns')
print(Df.columns)
print('\nAxes')
print(Df.axes)
print('\ndtype')
print(Df.dtypes)
print('\nShape')
print(Df.shape)
print('\nDimension')
print(Df.ndim)
print('\nTranspose')
print(Df.T)
```

```
DataFrame
     Name Degree Percentage
             MBA
      Anu
             MCA
     Arun
     Bala
             ME
S4 Charan M.Sc
   Mannu
            MCA
                          84
Index
Index(['S1', 'S2', 'S3', 'S4', 'S5'], dtype='object')
Columns
Index(['Name', 'Degree', 'Percentage'], dtype='object')
[Index(['S1', 'S2', 'S3', 'S4', 'S5'], dtype='object'), Index(['Name', 'Degree', 'Percentage'], dtype='object')]
dtype
             object
Name
Degree
             object
             int64
Percentage
dtype: object
Shape
Dimension
Transpose
            S1 S2
                        s3
                               S4
                                      S5
                      Bala Charan Mannu
Name
           Anu Arun
Degree
           MBA
                        ME
                             M.Sc
                                     MCA
Percentage 90
```

15) To write a Python program to create a panda's DataFrame called Students for the following table and demonstrate iterrows and iteritems.

	Stu_Name	Degree	Percentage
S1	Anu	MBA	90
S2	Arun	MCA	85
S3	Bala	ME	91
S4	Charan	M.Sc.	76
S5	Mannu	MCA	84

#### **Source Code:**

#### iteritems:

```
import pandas as pd

index = ["s" + str(i) for i in range(1, 6)]
data = {
    'Stu_Name': ['Anu', 'Arun', 'Bala', 'Charan', 'Mannu'],
    'Degree': ['MBA', 'MCA', 'ME', 'M.Sc.', 'MCA'],
    'Percentage': [90, 85, 91, 76, 84]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data, index=index)

for column_name, series in df.items():
    print(f"Column: {column_name}")
    print(series)
    print()
```

#### iterrows:

```
import pandas as pd

index = ["s" + str(i) for i in range(1, 6)]
data = {
    'Stu_Name': ['Anu', 'Arun', 'Bala', 'Charan', 'Mannu'],
    'Degree': ['MBA', 'MCA', 'ME', 'M.Sc.', 'MCA'],
    'Percentage': [90, 85, 91, 76, 84]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data, index=index)

for index, row in df.iterrows():
    print(f"Index: {index}")
    print(row)
    print()
```

#### **Output:**

#### iteritems:

```
Column: Stu Name
s1
        Anu
        Arun
s2
s3
        Bala
s4
      Charan
ສ5
      Mannu
Name: Stu Name, dtype: object
Column: Degree
s1
       MBA
s2
        MCA
s3
        ME
s4
     M.Sc.
ສ5
       MCA
Name: Degree, dtype: object
Column: Percentage
s1
      90
s2
      85
s3
      91
      76
s4
ສ5
      84
Name: Percentage, dtype: int64
```

#### iterrows:

Index: s1 Stu\_Name Anu Degree MBA MBA Percentage 90 Name: s1, dtype: object Index: s2 Stu\_Name Arun MCA Degree Degree MCA Percentage 85 Name: s2, dtype: object Index: s3 Stu\_Name Bala Degree ME Percentage 91 Name: s3, dtype: object Index: s4 Stu\_Name Charan Percentage M.Sc. Name: s4, dtype: object Index: s5 Stu\_Name Mannu Degree MCA Percentage 84 MCA Name: s5, dtype: object 16) To Write a Python program to store the details of Employees' such as Empno, Name, Salary into a Employee.csv file. Also, write a code to read employee details from csv file.

#### **Source Code:**

	Empno	Emp_name	Salary
0	1001	_ Amit	56000
1	1002	Rahul	98000
2	1003	Vansh	56000
3	1004	Varun	50000

17) To write a Python program to plot a Line chart to depict the changing weekly Onion and Brinjal prices for four weeks. Also, give appropriate axes labels, title and keep marker style as Diamond and marker edge color as 'red' for Onion

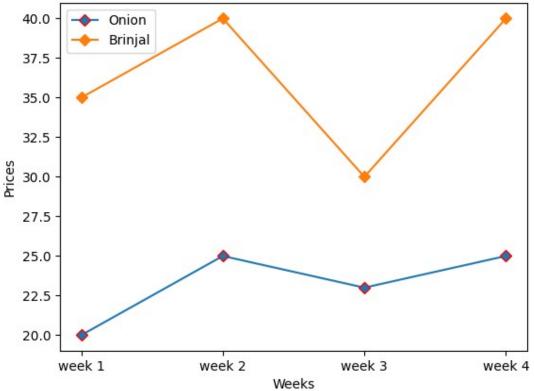
#### **Source Code:**

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

weeks=['week 1','week 2','week 3','week 4']
onion_price=[20,25,23,25]
brinjal_price=[35,40,30,40]

plt.plot(weeks,onion_price,label='Onion',marker='D',markeredgecolor='red')
plt.plot(weeks,brinjal_price,label='Brinjal',marker='D')|
plt.xlabel('Weeks')
plt.ylabel('Prices')
plt.title('Change in Prices of Onion & Brinjal in four weeks')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





18) To write a Python program to create a DataFrame for subject-wise average, save it to a CSV file, and then draw a bar chart using Matplotlib with a width of each bar as 0.25, specifying different colors for each bar. Additionally, provide a proper title and axes labels for the bar chart.

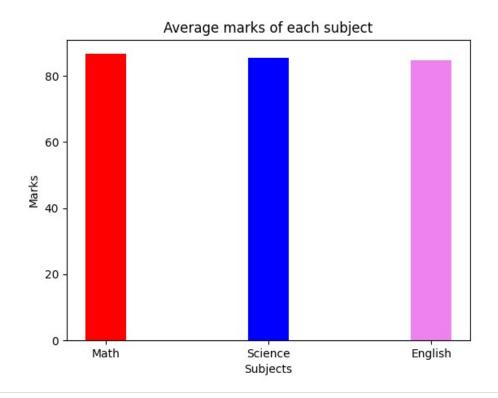
#### **Source Code:**

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

data = {
    'Student': ['Anu', 'Arun', 'Bala', 'Charan', 'Mannu'],
    'Math': [85, 90, 78, 88, 92],
    'Science': [88, 84, 91, 79, 85],
    'English': [82, 87, 90, 84, 80]
}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)

df_avg=df[['Math', 'Science', 'English']].mean()
df_avg.to_csv('subject_averages.csv')

plt.bar(df_avg.index,df_avg.values,width=0.25,color=['red','blue','violet'])
plt.title('Average marks of each subject')
plt.xlabel('Subjects')
plt.ylabel('Marks')
plt.show()|
```



19) To write a Python program to plot a multiple bar chart From CSV file using Matplotlib for subject wise Scores of Class A, Class B, and Class C. Different colors represent each class, and subjects include English, Accountancy, Economics, BST and IP. Proper labels, a title and a legend are displayed on the chart.

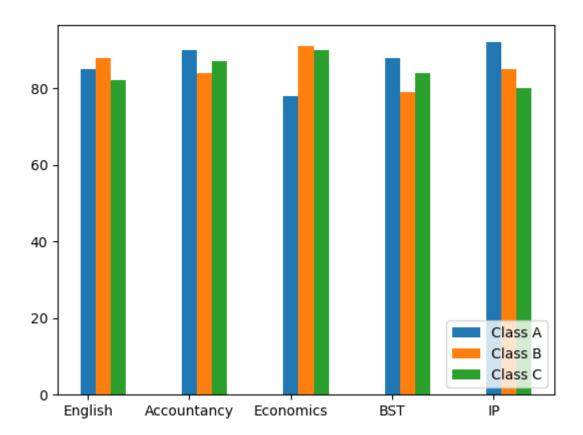
#### **Source Code:**

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

scores=pd.read_csv('subject_averages.csv')
print(scores)

w=0.15

plt.bar(scores['Subjects'], scores['Class A'], width=w, label='Class A')
plt.bar([x + w for x in range(len(scores))], scores['Class B'], width=w, label='Class B')
plt.bar([x + 2*w for x in range(len(scores))], scores['Class C'], width=w, label='Class C')
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.show()
```



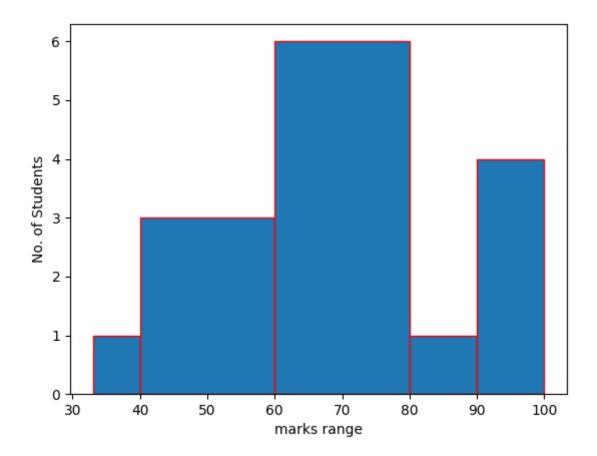
20) To write a Python program to plot a Histogram for the following class interval or range. Also, give appropriate axes name, title and edege color as 'red'.

#### **Source Code:**

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

marks=[78,67,98,67,56,34,45,67,76,78,98,54,87,23,11,90,95]

plt.hist(marks,bins=[33,40,60,80,90,100],edgecolor='red')
plt.xlabel('marks range')
plt.ylabel('No. of Students')
plt.show()
```



21) To write Queries for the following Questions based on the given table:

EmpID	Name	Gender	Age	Dept	DOJ	Salary	City
1	Praveen	M	25	Sales	1989-06-08	20000	Chennai
2	Arun	M	29	Marketing	1989-09-26	22000	Chennai
3	Usha	F	27	Finance	1994-08-09	25000	Bangalor
							e
4	Bala	M	31	Sales	1990-03-23	27000	NULL
5	Rani	F	28	Marketing	1990-04-23	27000	Mumbai
6	Nisha	F	26	NULL	1991-02-24	18000	Bangalor
							e
7	Manoj	M	32	Finance	1982-05-06	30000	Goa

- (a) Write a Query to Create a new database in the name of "EMPS".
- (b) Write a Query to Open the database EMPS.
- (c) Write a Query to create the above table called: Info
- (d) Write a Query to list all the existing database names
- (e) Write a Query to List all the tables that exists in the current database.
- (f) Write a Query to insert all the rows of above table into Info table.
- (g) Write a Query to display all the details of the Employees from the above table 'INFO'.

#### Queries:

- a) CREATE DATABASE EMPS;
- b) use EMPS;
- c) CREATE TABLE Info

(EmpID INT(8) PRIMARY KEY,

Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,

Gender char(1),

Dept varchar(20),

DOJ Date,

Salary DECIMAL(10, 2),

City varchar(10));

- d) SHOW DATABASES;
- e) SHOW TABLES;
- f) Insert into Info(EmpID,Name,Gender,Dept,DOJ,Salary,City)

Values

(1, 'Praveen', 'M', 25, 'Sales', '1989-06-08', 20000, 'Chennai'), (

- (2, 'Arun', 'M', 29, 'Marketing', '1989-09-26', 22000, 'Chennai'),
- (3, 'Usha', 'F', 27, 'Finance', '1994-08-09', 25000, 'Bangalore'),
- (4, 'Bala', 'M', 31, 'Sales', '1990-03-23', 27000, NULL),
- (5, 'Rani', 'F', 28, 'Marketing', '1990-04-23', 27000, 'Mumbai'),
- (6, 'Nisha', 'F', 26, NULL, '1991-02-24', 18000, 'Bangalore'),
- (7, 'Manoj', 'M', 32, 'Finance', '1982-05-06', 30000, 'Goa');
- g) SELECT \* from Info;

22) To write Queries for the following Questions based on the given table:

EmpID	Name	Gender	Age	Dept	DOJ	Salary	City
1	Praveen	M	25	Sales	1989-06-08	20000	Chennai
2	Arun	M	29	Marketing	1989-09-26	22000	Chennai
3	Usha	F	27	Finance	1994-08-09	25000	Bangalor
							e
4	Bala	M	31	Sales	1990-03-23	27000	NULL
5	Rani	F	28	Marketing	1990-04-23	27000	Mumbai
6	Nisha	F	26	NULL	1991-02-24	18000	Bangalor
							e
7	Manoj	M	32	Finance	1982-05-06	30000	Goa

- (a) Write a Query to Display Employees' name and City from the above table.
- (b) Write a Query to Display all details of Employees who are living in Chennai.
- (c) Write a Query to get the name and salary of the employee whose salary is above 15000 and gender is not male.
- (d) Write a query to update increase 10% Salary of an employee whose City is 'CHENNAI' and Gender is 'MALE'.
- (e) Write a Query to delete the details of Employee Id 6.
- a) SELECT Name, City FROM Info;
- b) SELECT \* FROM Info WHERE City = 'Chennai';
- c) SELECT Name, Salary FROM Info WHERE Salary > 15000 AND Gender != 'M';
- d) UPDATE Info

```
SET Salary = Salary * 1.10
```

WHERE City = 'Chennai' AND Gender = 'M';

e) DELETE FROM Info WHERE EmpID = 6;

### (Aggregate Functions, Order By, Group By, Having Clause)

23) To write Queries for the following Questions based on the given table:

EmpID	Name	Gender	Age	Dept	DOJ	Salary	City
1	Praveen	M	25	Sales	1989-06-08	20000	Chennai
2	Arun	M	29	Marketing	1989-09-26	22000	Chennai
3	Usha	F	27	Finance	1994-08-09	25000	Bangalor
							e
4	Bala	M	31	Sales	1990-03-23	27000	NULL
5	Rani	F	28	Marketing	1990-04-23	27000	Mumbai
6	Nisha	F	26	NULL	1991-02-24	18000	Bangalor
							e
7	Manoj	M	32	Finance	1982-05-06	30000	Goa

- (a) Write a Query to list names of Employees in Descending order.
- (b) Write a Query to find a total salary of all employees.
- (c) Write a Query to display maximum salary and minimum salary of employees.
- (d) Write a Query to count the number of employees earning more than 25000.
- (e) Write a query to display sum of salary of the employees grouped by department wise.
- (f) Write a query to display the department names where number of employees are greater than or equal to 2.
- a) SELECT Name FROM Info

ORDER BY Name DESC;

- b) SELECT SUM(Salary) AS Total\_Salary FROM Info;
- c) SELECT MAX(Salary) AS Max\_Salary, MIN(Salary) AS Min\_Salary FROM Info;
- d) SELECT COUNT(\*) AS Employees\_Above\_25000 FROM Info WHERE Salary > 25000;
- e) SELECT Dept, SUM(Salary) AS Total\_Salary FROM Info GROUP BY Dept;
- f) SELECT Dept FROM Info

GROUP BY Dept

HAVING COUNT(\*) >= 2;

#### (Mathematical Functions)

24) To write Queries for the following Questions based on the given table:

Rollno	Name	Gender	AGE	DEPT	DOA	Percentage
1	Arun	M	16	CS	1997-01-10	97.8
2	ANKIT	M	17	IP	1998-06-24	95.2
3	ANU	F	15	HINDI	1996-07-12	81
4	BALA	F	17	IP	1999-07-01	75.5
5	CHARAN	M	16	HINDI	1997-06-27	92.13
6	DEEPA	F	16	HISTORY	1997-06-27	60.54
7	DINESH	M	15	CS	1996-08-25	82

- (a) Write a Query to Display square of age that got admission in the month of August.
- (b) Write a Query to display Remainder of column Percentage divide by 3.
- (c) Write a Query to display Student names and their Percentage in round figure.
- (d) Display Name, Percentage and round up the remainder marks up to 2 decimal places.

- a) SELECT Name, AGE \* AGE AS Age\_Square FROM StudentsWHERE MONTH(DOA) = 8;
- b) SELECT Name, Percentage % 3 AS Remainder FROM Students;
- c) SELECT Name, ROUND(Percentage) AS Rounded\_Percentage FROM Students;
- d) SELECT Name, Percentage, ROUND(Percentage % 3, 2) AS Remainder\_Rounded FROM Students;

#### (Text Functions)

25) To write Queries for the following Questions based on the given table:

Rollno	Name	Gender	AGE	DEPT	DOA	Percentage
1	Arun	M	16	CS	1997-01-10	97.8
2	ANKIT	M	17	IP	1998-06-24	95.2
3	ANU	F	15	HINDI	1996-07-12	81
4	BALA	F	17	IP	1999-07-01	75.5
5	CHARAN	M	16	HINDI	1997-06-27	92.13
6	DEEPA	F	16	HISTORY	1997-06-27	60.54
7	DINESH	M	15	CS	1996-08-25	82

- (a) Write a Query to display Department name in lower case letters.
- (b) Write a Query to display department name and its respective number of characters in Dept column.
- (c) Write a Query to display first 2 characters of the column Name.
- (d) Write a Query to display first 2 characters of the column Name.
- (e) Write a query to display the names of all students and extract five characters from the third position of the 'Name' field.
- a) SELECT LOWER(DEPT) AS Department\_Lower\_Case FROM Students;
- b) SELECT DEPT, LENGTH(DEPT) AS Dept\_Character\_Count FROM Students;
- c) SELECT SUBSTRING(Name, 1, 2) AS First\_Two\_Characters FROM Students;
- d) SELECT SUBSTRING(Name, 1, 2) AS First\_Two\_Characters FROM Students;
- e) SELECT Name, SUBSTRING(Name, 3, 5) AS Extracted\_Characters FROM Students;

#### (Date Functions)

26) To write Queries for the following Questions based on the given table:

Rollno	Name	Gender	AGE	DEPT	DOA	Percentage
1	Arun	M	16	CS	1997-01-10	97.8
2	ANKIT	M	17	IP	1998-06-24	95.2
3	ANU	F	15	HINDI	1996-07-12	81
4	BALA	F	17	IP	1999-07-01	75.5
5	CHARAN	M	16	HINDI	1997-06-27	92.13
6	DEEPA	F	16	HISTORY	1997-06-27	60.54
7	DINESH	M	15	CS	1996-08-25	82

- (a) Write a Query to display student name and month of date of admission of all students.
- (b) Write a Query to display Student name and day name of the students' DOA of the table STU.
- (c) Write a query to display the joining year of IP students.
- (d) Write a Query to Display the month for the date\_of\_birth of all students.
- (e) Write a query to display the names of the students who joined in the month of June.

- a) SELECT Name, MONTH(DOA) AS Admission\_Month FROM Students;
- b) SELECT Name, DAYNAME(DOA) AS Day\_Of\_Admission FROM Students;
- c) SELECT Name, YEAR(DOA) AS Joining\_Year FROM Students WHERE DEPT = 'IP';
- d) SELECT Name, MONTH(DOA) AS Birth\_Month FROM Students;
- e) SELECT Name FROM Students WHERE MONTH(DOA) = 6;