

## **Manual for using Jarvis system**

Reference paper: “Jarvis: Large-scale Server  
Monitoring with Adaptive Near-Data  
Processing”

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## Introduction

This document contains the instructions to run our system Jarvis on your local machine as well as on AWS. It provides detailed instructions on how to reproduce our measurements from experiments in the paper titled “Jarvis: Large-scale Server Monitoring with Adaptive Near-Data Processing”. For running Jarvis, you need to be familiar with Apache NiFi, Apache MiNiFi and RxJava. If you want to run Jarvis on AWS, following are the technologies you would need to be familiar with: AWS EC2, CodeDeploy, RunCommand, AutoScaling Group, Elastic Load Balancing

**Latest steps/instructions for all the content in this document can also be found at**

**[https://github.com/chopark/CodeDeploy\\_NiFi](https://github.com/chopark/CodeDeploy_NiFi)**

**Latest version of Jarvis code can be found at [https://gitlab.engr.illinois.edu/sandur2/jarvis-local/-/tree/cleaned\\_up\\_code](https://gitlab.engr.illinois.edu/sandur2/jarvis-local/-/tree/cleaned_up_code)**

## Understand config files for Jarvis MiNiFi data source and Jarvis NiFi stream processor

Please see sample MiNiFi and NiFi config files in supplementary\_material.zip folder as reference. More config files are also available at:

### Environment variable: "\$HOME="/home/ubuntu"

- On local machine after unzipping edge\_processor.zip and cloud\_processor.zip
  - Sample Jarvis MiNiFi config file on local machine: edge-processor/nifi-edge-processors/\*.cfg
  - Sample Jarvis NiFi config file on local machine: cloud-processor/nifi-cloud-processors/\*.cfg
- After deployment of NiFi/MiNiFi on AWS
  - Jarvis MiNiFi config file location on AWS: \$HOME/deploy-minifi/minifi/minifi\_custom.cfg
  - Jarvis NiFi config file location on AWS: \$HOME/jarvis\_nifi/nifi\_custom.cfg

### Relevant Jarvis MiNiFi config entries

- **isTestPhase**: yes if on local machine and no if on AWS
- **"inputFile"**: path to the monitoring input file to process on each data source node
- **"warmUpTime"**: system warm up time in seconds
- **"warmUpInputScaleFactor"**: input data rate during warm up time. E.g. 10 sends 1/10<sup>th</sup> data in each epoch
- **"regularInputScaleFactor"**: scaling factor for the input per epoch during experiment time. 1 by default
- **"groupingReductionFraction"**: if doing grouping, number of groups as a fraction of input data records
- **"workload"**: Workload to run. Can be: PingMeshQuery1, PingMeshQuery1HalfSrc, WordCountQuery1, ChainMapQuery1, AllSpQuery, JoinProfile1, ToRlpQueryStatsSummary, ToRlpQueryCountProbe, DnnLogUtilQuery, AllSpQueryDnnLog, FilterSrcDnnLogUtilQuery
- **"filterOutAnomaly"**: filter out anomalies (i.e. more data passed to next operator) or not
- **"numQueryInstances"**: to execute multiple queries, provides the number of query instances to run concurrently. Default value is 1.
- **"numSubepochs"**: number of sub-epochs per epoch
- **"joinTableSize"**: in case of join operator, static table size
- **"joinKeyStart"**: starting join key ID
- **"drainedRecordsFractionThreshold"**: threshold fraction for drained records to flag congestion
- **"idleToEpochTimeRatioThreshold"**: threshold idle to epoch duration ratio for detecting idle state
- **"idleTimeDeltaRatioThreshold"**: threshold for change in idle time across epochs to detect idle state
- **"firstEpochToStartRuntime"**: first epoch when Jarvis runtime starts
- **"detectionEpochs"**: number of detection epochs before adaptation starts
- **"maxNumAdaptations"**: maximum number of adaptations allowed in an experiment run
- **"coolDownIterations"**: number of epochs to wait before triggering next adaptation
- **"beginLoadFactor"**: load factor of operators in query at beginning of adaptation. Relevant if initializeLoadFactor is set to Custom
- **"initializeLoadFactor"**: load factors to initialize for operators when adaptation begins. Can be LP (initialize with output of LP solver), 1, 0, Custom or Bootstrap (load factors just before adaptation began)
- **"partitioningConfig"**: Can be AllSP, AllSrc, HalfSrc, OP or Adapt
- **"toDrain"**: whether draining should be enabled in control proxies

### Relevant Jarvis NiFi config entries

- **isTestPhase**: yes if on local machine and no if on AWS

- “joinTableSize”: in case of join operator, static table size
- “joinKeyStart”: starting join key ID
- “workload”: Workload to run. Can be: PingMeshQuery1, WordCountQuery1, ChainMapQuery1, JoinProfile1, ToRlpQueryProfile, DnnLogUtilQuery

## Section 6 experiments on AWS

### Prerequisites

- Stream processor node is deployed in EC2 and clones the following repositories
  - Master repository called **CodeDeploy\_NiFi** ([link](#)): this is the location from where all deployment and experiment commands are issued.
  - Jarvis stream processor code **jarvis\_nifi** ([link](#)): contains NiFi code for Jarvis stream processor
  - Code that gets deployed on each data source node instance **deploy\_minifi** ([link](#)): location where MiNiFi code to deploy on each data source node can be changed or updated.
  - AWS CodeDeploy repository from where data source code is deployed **CodeDeploy\_MiNiFi** ([link](#)): pulls code from **deploy\_minifi** repository above and packages it so that it can be deployed on each data source node
  - Scripts to manage AWS deployment **autoscale\_scripts** ([link](#)): contains scripts for creating auto scale groups in AWS and deploying data source instances
- AWS deployment setup is done (follow steps in Chapter “Deploying Jarvis on AWS”)

### Deploying data source nodes

If you made code changes to Jarvis data source and have deployed it to EC2 stream processor node (following steps in chapter “Deploying Jarvis setup on AWS”), then

- Your new code will be in `deploy_minifi` folder
- Run `$ bash update_minifi.sh`
- Run `$ bash push_it.sh <commit message>`
- Copy the latest commit ID from `CodeDeploy_MiNiFi` folder/repository to `autoscale_scripts/deploy_single_test_scaleup.sh` file in `autoscale_scripts` folder. Link to line: [https://gitlab.com/pch8286/autoscale\\_scripts/-/blob/master/deploy\\_single\\_test\\_scaleup.sh#L8](https://gitlab.com/pch8286/autoscale_scripts/-/blob/master/deploy_single_test_scaleup.sh#L8)

### Running experiments

- Environment variable: “\$HOME="/home/ubuntu”
- Log into EC2 stream processor node.
- From `autoscale_scripts` folder, run
  - `$ bash set_max.sh (the number of groups) (the number of edges)//`
    - E.g. `$ bash set_max.sh 6 4`
    - Above command deploys 6 groups 4 edges (total 24 edges, 4 edges / port)
  - `$ bash start_test_scaleup.sh`
- Verify the Jarvis config files for stream processor and data source look good at the following locations-
  - Stream processor config file is located at `$HOME/jarvis_nifi/nifi_custom.cfg`
  - Data source config file is located at `$HOME/deploy-minifi/minifi/minifi_custom.cfg`
    - If you make changes just to this config file, and not any Jarvis MiNiFi code, you don’t need to re-deploy the whole setup. You can copy the new config file to all data source nodes by running
 

```
$ bash update_minifi_config_file.sh
```

- If you need to change network bandwidth, set the network bandwidth limit using 'network\_limit.sh' in CodeDeploy\_Nifi folder.
  - \$ bash network\_limit.sh 20000 25
  - Above commands sets network bandwidth to 20000 Kbps across 25 target groups
- From CodeDeploy\_NiFi folder, run
  - \$ bash run\_exp.sh <interactive shell?> <experiment time> <the number of target edge group> <number of nodes per group> <number of seconds for system warm up> <CPU resource after 1 minute> <CPU resource after 3 minutes> <CPU resource after 5 minutes>
  - Wait for experiment to finish
  - Getting the metrics from the output logs:
    - Search for “Actual number of finished flowfiles by pipeline: \d+”. The number is the number of input flowfiles processed by the pipeline
    - Search for “log analysis duration in seconds: \d+”. This is the duration during which above input flowfiles were processed
    - Multiple number of flowfiles by the size of each flowfile (e.g. for PingMesh dataset size is 26.2 Mb). Divide the two to get throughput
    - Per-epoch processing latency can be found by searching “latency: (,\*) and nifi proc latency is: (,\*) , for wm: \d+”
  - To get the convergence time during adaptation of each MiNiFi instance on data source node
    - Go to location of MiNiFi log files that were copied in to stream processor node. The default location in the scripts is set to `$HOME/temp-jarvis/minifi_logs`
    - Open one of the log files and look for the search term: “[Runtime.run] New run. Runtime current state: (,\*) and prev runtime state:(,\*)”
    - The sequence of runtime current state values in the log lines above will give the states that Jarvis runtime was in with each epoch
  - Stop the setup using 'bash stop\_test\_scaleup.sh' in autoscale\_scripts folder

## Running Jarvis code on local machine

### Locating the code

- Jarvis code can be found in the compressed files (edge-processor.zip and cloud-processor.zip). The latest version is also hosted at [https://gitlab.engr.illinois.edu/sandur2/jarvis-local/-/tree/cleaned\\_up\\_code](https://gitlab.engr.illinois.edu/sandur2/jarvis-local/-/tree/cleaned_up_code)
- Data source code is in edge-processor.zip and stream processor code is in cloud-processor.zip
- In the [Jarvis-Local](#) repository, stream processor code can be found at jarvis-local/myprocessor/cloud-processor. Data source code can be found at jarvis-local/myprocessor/edge-processor.

### Running Jarvis

Tests to run Jarvis end-to-end on your local machine:

- First run data source test in edge-processor package: test name is "com.jarvis.processors.edge.MyProcessorTest.TestIntegration". You will need to change the path to the folder for writing output flowfiles after executing this test so that stream processor can continue processing, i.e., replace the path `"/home/athuls89/Desktop/OSL/msr/calcite/myprocessor/"` stored in "outFlowFileFolder" variable inside the test, so it points to the folder `"cloud-processor/nifi-cloud-processors/testInput"` on your local machine.
- After above test completes, run the following test for stream processor which is located in cloud-processor package:  
"com.jarvis.processors.cloud.MyProcessorTest.TestIntegrationPingMesh".
- Validating correctness- the test input file contained 148545 records and the grouping operator has a relay ratio of 0.1 so the output record count should be 14854. To verify the output, run the stream processor test above and view contents of "temp" file under "cloud-processor/nifi-cloud-processors/temp". It should contain the output columns of S2SProbe query with 14854 records and a final watermark record.



## Deploying Jarvis setup on AWS

### Deploying new NiFi/MiNiFi dataflow

If you change MiNiFi dataflow, follow the instructions at <https://nifi.apache.org/minifi/getting-started.html> to get the xml file.

- Download xml from Web UI of NiFi.
- Replace test.xml in deploy-minifi/minifi\_conf/script with new xml file.
- Run buildingup\_ports\_id.sh with argument as ID of first port “From MiNiFi” in the template file deploy-minifi/minifi\_conf/script/conf/ from-minifi0

NiFi dataflow can be changed by following instructions at [this link](#).

To deploy to AWS, you can go to step “Deploying data source nodes” in Chapter “Section 6 experiments on AWS”

### Deploying new Jarvis code from local machine to AWS

If you change the Jarvis MiNiFi or NiFi code in [jarvis-local](#) repository, you need to redeploy your code by running script [build-nars.sh](#) in the submitted compressed file. You can also find the script in Jarvis-Local repository (jarvis-local/myprocessor)

- When running the script, you can provide the destination folder where the compiled binaries need to be sent in EC2 stream processor. So, the first argument is the path to the location on stream processor \$HOME/jarvis\_nifi/lib

- The second argument is the path to the location on EC2 stream processor where Jarvis data source code needs to go i.e., \$HOME/deploy-minifi/minifi/minifi-0.5.0/lib

### Initial Setup (when deploying AWS setup for first time)

- Install AWS CLI and setup AWS CLI with `aws configure`
- Create AWS Auto Scaling Groups by running 'create\_autoscale.sh' in autoscale\_scripts folder
- Setup AWS IAM groups named 'CodeDeployRole' in AWS console
- Create AWS CodeDeploy Groups by running 'create\_deploy\_group.sh' in autoscale\_scripts folder
- Create and setup repository for AWS CodeDeploy (e.g. Add GitLab token to AWS)
- Setup AWS CodeDeploy repository in deploy\_setup.sh of deploy\_MiNiFi folder (Directory location)
- Push AWS CodeDeploy repository manually or by push\_it.sh in deploy\_MiNiFi
- Get commit id and replace it in deploy\_test\_scaleup.sh in autoscale\_scripts folder
- Install openJDK 1.8.0\_222 in Cloud side machine