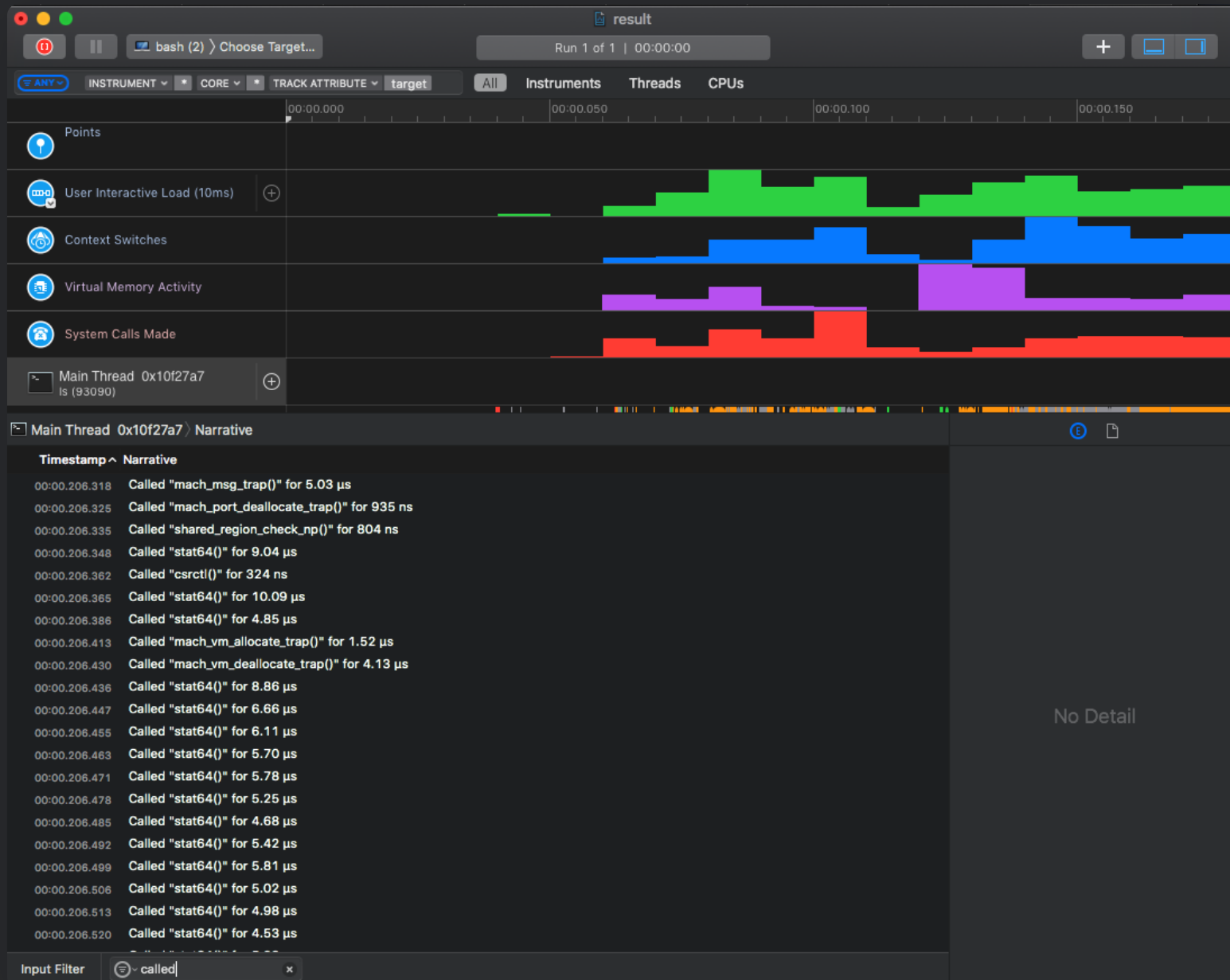


# How To Trace Your System Calls On Mac OS

2019-01-10



# DTruss

DTruss is analog of strace in linux and uses DTrace for it. It allows you to trace system calls from a running process or run a process with tracing.

## Note

But from past versions of Mac OS, some paths are protected by SIP(System Integrity Protection) (i.e. /usr/bin) and cannot be traced. But there is a workaround, to change settings in recovery mode but I would not recommend it to you. Then you can trace only applications which are not under SIP protection.

## Examples

run and examine the “df -h” command

```
dtruss df -h
```

examine PID 1871

```
dtruss -p 1871
```

examine all processes called “tar”

```
dtruss -n tar
```

run test.sh and follow children

```
dtruss -f test.sh
```

run the “date” command and print elapsed and on cpu times,

```
dtruss -eo date
```

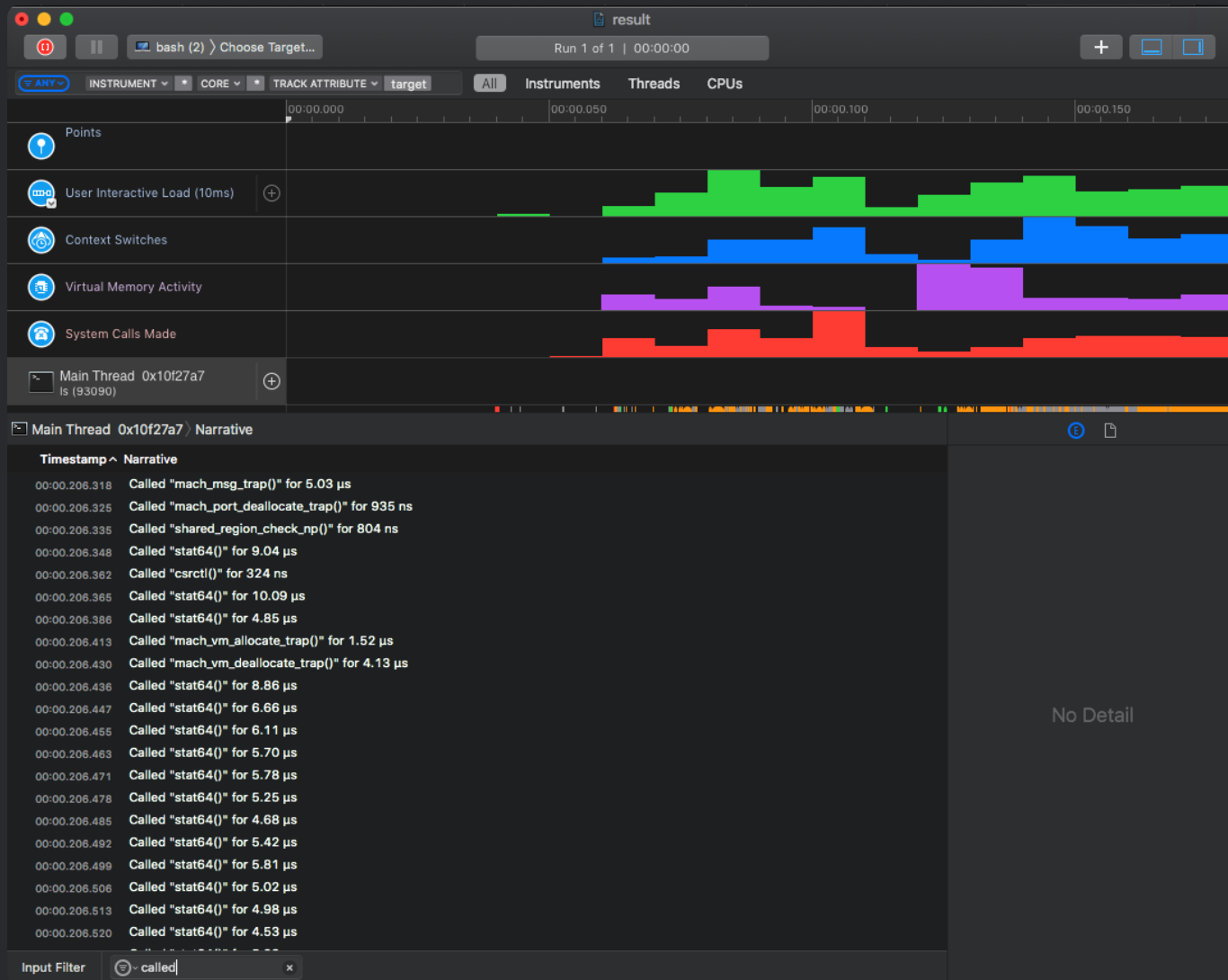
If you need to dive deeper you can check DTrace directly. DTrace is a powerful tool for real-time profiling applications and kernel. You can check it [here](#)

# Instruments

As an alternative, you can try to use Instruments which is an XCode application ([Manual](#)).

Trace system calls and saves it in `result.trace`

```
instruments -d result.trace -t 'System Trace' /bin/ls  
open result.trace
```



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