# Amy Mathews Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 April 2018

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## **Financial Statements**

## Year ended 30 April 2018

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## **Statement of Financial Position**

## 30 April 2018

		201	2017	
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5		1,672,132	1,857,945
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	7,702 423,678 431,380		14,742 469,910 484,652
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	1,829,296		2,179,769
Net current liabilities			1,397,916	1,695,117
Total assets less current liabilities			274,216	162,828
Net assets			274,216	162,828
Capital and reserves Called up share capital		^	100	100
Profit and loss account			274,116	162,728
Shareholders funds			274,216	162,828

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 April 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Financial Position (continued)

## 30 April 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 January 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Ms A Houldsworth

Director

Mr M Houldsworth

Director

Mr R Houldswort

Director

Company registration number: 03038196

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## Year ended 30 April 2018

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Pear Tree Farm, Farnley, Otley, LS21 2QH.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts are prepared on the going concern basis. In view of the net current liabilities, the directors consider this to be wholly appropriate given their continuing support, and the future prospects of the company.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services to customers outside the company net of returns and sales allowances (and VAT).

Revenue from services is recognised at the point the company fulfils its commercial obligations to the customer, the revenue and costs in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably and collectability is reasonably assured.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 30 April 2018

## 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2017: 3).

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 30 April 2018

## 5. Tangible assets

			Land and buildings £
	Cost At 1 May 2017 Disposals		1,857,945 (185,813)
	At 30 April 2018		1,672,132
	Depreciation At 1 May 2017 and 30 April 2018		_
	Carrying amount At 30 April 2018		1,672,132
	At 30 April 2017		1,857,945
6.	Debtors		
	Trade debtors Other debtors	2018 £ 6,021 1,681	2017 £ 7,840 6,902
		7,702	14,742
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors Accruals and deferred income	80 11,650	54,683
	Corporation tax	13,540	4,364
	Social security and other taxes	3,120	-
	Director loan accounts Other creditors	105,386 1,695,520	125,203 1,995,519
	Other creditors		
		1,829,296	2,179,769

#### 8. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

The directors loan account remained in credit throughout the current year. There were no guarantees in the year.

#### 9. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr R Houldsworth throughout the current and previous year. Mr R Houldsworth is the managing director.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 102.