Registration number: 09027292

Auto-Plas (International) Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Brian Nuttgens Accountants Ltd Chartered Certified Accountants 1007 London Road Leigh On Sea Essex SS9 3JY

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Company Information

Directors Mr Reshad Shamtally

Mrs Rita Gray

Registered office 1007 London Road

Leigh on Sea

Essex SS9 3JY

Accountants Brian Nuttgens Accountants Ltd

Chartered Certified Accountants

1007 London Road Leigh On Sea Essex SS9 3JY

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(Registration number: 09027292) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	104,447	3,097
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	346,346	186,452
		450,793	189,549
Current assets			
Stocks	$\frac{6}{7}$	82,843	194,423
Debtors	<u>?</u>	159,340	167,552
Cash at bank and in hand		27	1,461
		242,210	363,436
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(265,387)	(479,796)
Net current liabilities		(23,177)	(116,360)
Total assets less current liabilities		427,616	73,189
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(507,998)	(176,816)
Net liabilities		(80,382)	(103,627)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Profit and loss account		(80,482)	(103,727)
Total equity		(80,382)	(103,627)

For the financial year ending 31 May 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{10}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 09027292) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2018

Approved and authorised	by the Board on 7 February 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Reshad Shamtally	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{10}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 1007 London Road Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 3JY England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 7 February 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ircland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Plant and machinery

20% on reducing balance

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Intangible assets

Separately acquired trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost.

Trademarks, licences (including software) and customer-related intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date.

Trademarks, licences and customer-related intangible assets have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate
Patents At cost

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 14 (2017 - 14).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Trademarks, patents and licenses	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 June 2017	-	3,097	3,097
Revaluations	101,350	<u> </u>	101,350
At 31 May 2018	101,350	3,097	104,447
Amortisation			
Carrying amount			
At 31 May 2018	101,350	3,097	104,447
At 31 May 2017		3,097	3,097

The aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised as an expense during the period is £Nil (2017 - £Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

5 Tangible assets

	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 June 2017	211,821	211,821
Additions	162,644	162,644
At 31 May 2018	374,465	374,465
Depreciation		
At 1 June 2017	25,369	25,369
Charge for the year	2,750	2,750
At 31 May 2018	28,119	28,119
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2018	346,346	346,346
At 31 May 2017	<u>186,452</u>	186,452
6 Stocks		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Other inventories	82,843	194,423
7 Debtors		
	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	152,461	161,142
Other debtors	6,879	6,410
	159,340	167,552

8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

		Note	2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year				
Bank loans and overdrafts		<u>+0</u>	70	-
Trade creditors			146,725	122,632
Amounts owed to group undertakings and un company has a participating interest	dertakings in which the	<u>11</u>	-	52,055
Taxation and social security			68,618	88,155
Other creditors			49,974	216,954
			265,387	479,796
Creditors: amounts falling due after more	than one year			
·	·		2018	2017
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		10	507,998	176,816
9 Share capital				
_				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	2010		2017	
	2018 No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
10 Loans and borrowings				
			2018 £	2017 £
Non-current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			-	9,167
Finance lease liabilities			199,048	88,015
Other borrowings			308,950	79,634
			507,998	176,816

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

	2018 £	2017 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts		
11 Related party transactions		
Directors' remuneration		
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Remuneration	18,494	15,106
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.