AJM ENGINEERING LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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Watling-Read

95 Winsley Hill Limpley Stoke Bath Wiltshire BA2 7JL



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AJM ENGINEERING LTD Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2017

Registered number: 1581154

Registered number: 1301134	-	·		•	
		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				4 •	
Tangible Assets	3 ,	• .	1,639,374	• •	1,973,860
we will be a second of the sec		· · · · · ·	1,639,374	• .	1,973,860
CURRENT ASSETS	_			-	
Stocks	4	34,400		75,089	
Debtors	5	930,154		888,925	
Cash at bank and in hand		429,135	•	194,469	
	-	1,393,689		1,158,483	•
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(726,455)		(847,905)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			667,234		310,578
		•		-	- · ·
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,306,608	_	2,284,438
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7		(252,965)		(464,080)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		•		-	
Deferred Taxation			(171,199)		(203,704)
NET ASSETS			1,882,444	_	1,616,654
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•		·	
Called up share capital	9		48		48
Capital redemption reserve			52		52
Profit and Loss Account			1,882,344	-	1,616,554
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,882,444	_	1,616,654

AJM ENGINEERING LTD Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2017

For the year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Richard May

18/04/2018

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

AJM ENGINEERING LTD Notes to the Unaudited Accounts For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and form the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover form the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 10% on cost
Motor Vehicles 14.28% on cost
Fixtures & Fittings 14.28% on cost
Computer Equipment 33.33% on cost

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

AJM ENGINEERING LTD Notes to the Unaudited Accounts (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

				2017	2016
Office and administration	•			11	10
Manufacturing	*			24	25
			H.	35	35
3. Tangible Assets					
	•	••	Plant & Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
			£	£	£.
Cost					
As at 1 January 2017			4,834,866	158,953	4,993,819
Additions	•		20,133	2,191	22,324
As at 31 December 2017		**	4,854,999	` 161,144	5,016,143
Depreciation					
As at 1 January 2017			2,935,520	84,439	3,019,959
Provided during the period			339,193	17,617	356,810
As at 31 December 2017			3,274,713	102,056	3,376,769
Net Book Value					
As at 31 December 2017			1,580,286	59,088	1,639,374
As at 1 January 2017			1,899,346	74,514	1,973,860

AJM ENGINEERING LTD Notes to the Unaudited Accounts (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

4. Stocks		
	2017	2016
	.; → £	.
Stock - materials and work in progress	34,400	75,089
	34,400	75,089
5. Debtors	· · · · · ·	*
	2017	2016
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	921,510	882,602
Prepayments and accrued income	8,644	6,323
·	930,154	888,925
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
•	2017	2016
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	211,115	212,817
Trade creditors	366,118	267,408
Corporation tax	27,491	-
VAT	127,533	127,670
Accruals and deferred income	(5,902)	-
Director's loan account	100	240,010
	726,455	847,905
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
7. Cleartons. Amounts raining Due Arter Piore Than One Tear	2017	2016
•	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	252,965	464,080
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8. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase	2017	2016
	£	2010 £
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:	E	Ŀ
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	211,115	212,817
Between one and five years	252,965	464,080
	464,080	676,897
	464.000	676 007
·	464,080	676,897

AJM ENGINEERING LTD Notes to the Unaudited Accounts (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

9. Share Capital

•	Value	Number	2017	2016
Allotted, called up and fully paid	£ .		£	£
Ordinary shares	1.000	48	48	48

10. General Information

AJM ENGINEERING LTD is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 1581154. The registered office is PARK LANE INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, PARK LANE, CORSHAM, WILTSHIRE, SN13 9LG.