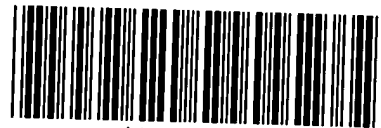


**REGISTERED NUMBER: OC325807**

**REVYSION LLP**  
**FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED**  
**31 MARCH 2018**

FRIDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

**REVYSION LLP**  
**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

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**REVYSION LLP**

**DESIGNATED MEMBERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS**

**Designated members**

R Gray  
GreaseM Limited

**Registered office**

First Floor  
14 Buckingham Street  
London  
WC2N 6DF

**Accountants**

BSG Valentine (UK) LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Lynton House  
7-12 Tavistock Square  
London WC1H 9BQ

**REVYSION LLP**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**31 MARCH 2018**

	Note	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	5	986,636		1,146,825	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>120,749</u>		<u>410,412</u>	
		1,107,385		1,557,237	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6	<u>(1,068,885)</u>		<u>(1,518,737)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			38,500		38,500
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			38,500		38,500
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>(38,500)</u>		<u>(38,500)</u>
<b>Represented by:</b>					
<b>Loans and other debts due to members</b>					
Other amounts	7		<u>38,500</u>		<u>38,500</u>
<b>Members' other interests</b>					
Other reserves			<u>—</u>		<u>—</u>
			38,500		38,500
<b>Total members' interests</b>					
Amounts due from members			(958,856)		(926,825)
Loans and other debts due to members	7		38,500		38,500
Members' other interests			<u>—</u>		<u>—</u>
			<u>(920,356)</u>		<u>(888,325)</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs), the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

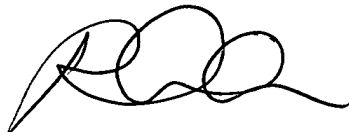
The statement of financial position  
continues on the following page.  
The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**REVYSION LLP**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** *(continued)*

**31 MARCH 2018**

These financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 05/10/18 and are signed on their behalf by:



R Gray  
Designated Member

Registered number: OC325807

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**REVYSION LLP**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

**1. General information**

The LLP is registered in England and Wales.

The address of the registered office is First Floor, 14 Buckingham Street, London, WC2N 6DF.

**2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in January 2017 (SORP 2017).

**3. Accounting policies**

**Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

**Disclosure exemptions**

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102.

(a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the LLP.

(b) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.

(c) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

**Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

**Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

**Members' participation rights**

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits).

## REVYSION LLP

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

##### **Members' participation rights *(continued)***

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with Section 22 of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships'. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the statement of comprehensive income and are equity appropriations in the statement of financial position.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the statement of comprehensive income within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the statement of financial position within 'Members' other interests'.

##### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property	-	2% straight line
Office equipment	-	25% straight line

##### **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the LLP becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

## REVYSION LLP

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

##### Financial instruments *(continued)*

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

##### Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the LLP during the year, including the members with contracts of employment, amounted to Nil (2017: 2).

#### 5. Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	–	220,000
Other debtors	986,636	926,825
	<u>986,636</u>	<u>1,146,825</u>



**REVYSION LLP**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** *(continued)*  
**YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

**6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	1,068,885	1,331,349
Social security and other taxes	–	22,734
Other creditors	–	164,654
	<u>1,068,885</u>	<u>1,518,737</u>

**7. Loans and other debts due to members**

	2018	2017
	£	£
Loans from members	<u>38,500</u>	<u>38,500</u>

**8. Controlling party**

The partnership is under the control of Rob Gray who receives 99% of the profit available for distribution. The remaining 1% is attributable to GreaseM Limited, a related party controlled by Rob Gray.