### Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

for

**Downtown Leisure Limited** 

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### **Downtown Leisure Limited**

## Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

**DIRECTORS:** 

Mr D M Cox Miss V A Cox

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

19 Queen Elizabeth Street

London SE1 2LP

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

01601884 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Gibsons Financial Limited Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Foresters Hall

25/27 Westow Street

Upper Norwood

London SE19 3RY

### Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2018.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company in the year under review were those of operating restaurants and property development.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results for the year and the company's position at the Balance Sheet are as disclosed in the annexed financial statements.

### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the year under review were:

Mr A W James - resigned 7 July 2017 Mrs E J James - resigned 7 July 2017 Mr D M Cox - appointed 7 July 2017 Miss V A Cox - appointed 7 July 2017

The directors holding office as at 31 March 2018 did not have a direct interest in the company's issued share capital as at 31 March 2018 or the date of appointment.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

### Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Gibsons Financial Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Miss V A Cox - Director

12 December 2018

### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Downtown Leisure Limited

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Downtown Leisure Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Downtown Leisure Limited

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Downtown Leisure Limited

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Christopher Ogunsola FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Gibsons Financial Limited

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Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditors
Foresters Hall
25/27 Westow Street

Upper Norwood London

SE19 3RY

12 December 2018

# Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

		31/3/18	31/3/17
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		2,370,957	42,000
Cost of sales		(2,109,361)	
GROSS PROFIT		261,596	42,000
Administrative expenses		(114,421)	(25,639)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	147,175	16,361
Interest receivable and similar in	come	2,262	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATIO	N	149,437	16,361
Tax on profit	4	(19,953)	(4,996)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCI	AL		
YEAR		129,484	11,365

### Balance Sheet 31 March 2018

		31/3/18	31/3/17
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	-	512,935
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	6	9,419,181	170,347
Debtors	7	3,284,817	14,975
Cash at bank		831,040	10,055
<b>CDDD</b>		13,535,038	195,377
CREDITORS	•	(12 000 000)	(100.010)
Amounts falling due within one year	8	(13,088,290)	(108,819)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		446,748	86,558
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		446,748	599,493
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	10	<u> </u>	(15,000)
NET ASSETS		446,748	584,493
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	1,000	1,000
Revaluation reserve	12	<u>-</u>	267,229
Retained earnings	12	445,748	316,264
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		446,748	584,493
			<del></del>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 December 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

Miss V A Cox - Director

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Downtown Leisure Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

### Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires the directors to note judgements and estimates that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported profits for the financial year.

Valuation of stock - Stock relating to owned properties under construction for eventual disposal on the open market are carried at the lower of cost and net reaslisable value. Deciding on the realisable value of properties involves some estimation concerning expected gross proceeds and costs to complete.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents income from property sales and services rendered, net of value added tax.

#### Stocks

Stocks, comprising land held for development, and work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes an appropriate proportion of overheads.

### Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and; trade and other creditor and; bank loans.

Debt instruments which are payable or receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of cash consideration expected to be paid or received.

Debt instruments which are payable or receivable after more than one year are initially measured at the fair value of the cash consideration and thereafter at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

### **Taxation**

Taxation for the period relates to current tax which is recognised in the Income Statement. Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Cash

Cash is represented by cash in hand and funds held with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of no more than twenty-four hours.

#### **OPERATING PROFIT** 3.

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	31/3/18	31/3/17
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	-	21,231
TAVATION		

#### 4. TAXATION

### Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the	e year was as follows:		
		31/3/18 £	31/3/17 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax		34,953	4,996
Deferred tax		(15,000)	
Tax on profit		19,953	4,996

UK corporation tax has been charged at 19% (2017 - 20%).

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Э.	I ANGIDLE FIXED ASSETS	T 1 11	T: .	
		Freehold	Fixtures	TD = 4 = 1 =
		property	& fittings	Totals
	COST	£	£	£
	COST	505.050	620 571	1 144 520
	At 1 April 2017	505,959	638,571	1,144,530
	Disposals	(505.050)	(638,571)	(638,571)
	Reclassification/transfer	(505,959)		(505,959)
	At 31 March 2018	-	-	-
	DEPRECIATION			
		85,000	546,595	631,595
	At 1 April 2017	83,000	(546,595)	(546,595)
	Eliminated on disposal	(95,000)	(340,393)	
	Reclassification/transfer	(85,000)		(85,000)
	At 31 March 2018	<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2018	-	-	-
	At 31 March 2017	420,959	91,976	512,935
6.	STOCKS			
	21331		31/3/18	31/3/17
			£	£
	Property		·	169,868
	Stock		-	479
	Work-in-progress		9,419,181	-
		•		150.045
			9,419,181	170,347
_				
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WIT	HIN ONE YEAR	21/2/10	21/2/17
			31/3/18	31/3/17
	m 1 11.		£	£
	Trade debtors		2 050 500	14,975
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		3,279,589	-
	VAT		5,228	
		•	3,284,817	14,975
			-	

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

		for the Year End	led 31 March 2018		
8.	CREDITOR	S: AMOUNTS FALLING DU	E WITHIN ONE YEAR		
				31/3/18 £	31/3/17 £
	Bank loans a	nd overdrafts		9,821,045	-
	Trade credito	ors		1,927,960	179
	Taxation			34,953	4,978
	VAT			-	1,960
	Other credito	rs		1,270,000	67,000
	Accruals	rent accounts		34,332	10,883 23,819
	Directors cui	Tent accounts			23,019
				13,088,290	108,819
9.	SECURED I	DEBTS			
			Li.,		
	The followin	g secured debts are included wit	nin creditors:		
				31/3/18	31/3/17
				£	£
	Bank loans			9,821,045	
	The company	's bank borrowings are secured	on its development project	s.	
10.	PROVISION	NS FOR LIABILITIES			
				31/3/18	31/3/17
				£	£
	Deferred tax			-	<u>15,000</u>
					Deferred
					tax
	Balance at 1	April 2017			£ 15,000
		ints reversed during year			(15,000)
	Chasea amo	mis reversed daring year			
	Balance at 31	March 2018			
11.	CALLED U	P SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issu	ed and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31/3/18 £	31/3/17 £
	1,000	Ordinary	£1	1,000	1,000

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

### 12. RESERVES

RESERVES	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	Totals £
At 1 April 2017	316,264	267,229	583,493
Profit for the year	129,484		129,484
Revaluation adjustment	<u>-</u>	(267,229)	(267,229)
At 31 March 2018	445,748	_	445,748