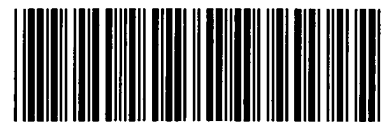


**LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED
(FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)**

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

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LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Mr R J Livingstone Mr R N Luck Mr L Sebastian
Secretary	Mr R N Luck
Company number	04411316
Registered office	Quadrant House, Floor 6 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW
Independent Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6RH

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

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LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 30 September 2017.

On 21 June 2017 the company changed its name from London & Regional (Baker Street) Limited to London & Regional (Baker Street) Holdings Limited.

Principal activities, review of the business and future developments

The company now acts as a holding company. Previously it acted as a property investment company until it transferred its sole investment property to an indirect subsidiary on 31 July 2017. It made a loss of £3.3m for the year ended 30 September 2017 (2016: profit of £68.5m). Net assets were £513.5m at the year end (2016: £516.8m).

The directors consider the financial position and future prospects at 30 September 2017 to be satisfactory.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to the fact that the company operates within a highly competitive market place. The directors of the group have reviewed the group's exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and cashflow risk. These risks and uncertainties are discussed in the company's ultimate parent's group annual report which does not form part of this report.

Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk, cash flow risk and liquidity risk. Further discussion of the financial risk management objectives and policies, in the context of the group as a whole, are discussed in the company's ultimate parent's group annual report which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators

The company is managed by the directors in accordance with the group strategies of its ultimate parent company, Loopsign Limited. For this reason, the directors believe that key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. These strategies and key performance indicators are discussed in the company's ultimate parent's group annual report which does not form part of this report.

By order of the board



.....
Mr R N Luck

Secretary

20th December 2017

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr R J Livingstone
Mr R N Luck
Mr L Sebastian

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2016: £nil).

The business review and financial risk management are included in the strategic report.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

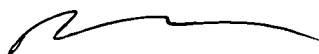
Independent Auditors

The Independent Auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of disclosure to Independent Auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's Independent Auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's Independent Auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the board



.....
Mr R N Luck

Secretary

20th December 2017

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board



.....
Mr R N Luck

Secretary

20th December 2017

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, London & Regional (Baker Street) Holdings Limited's (Formerly London & Regional (Baker Street) Limited) financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 30 September 2017; the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity for the period then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on, or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED) (CONTINUED)

Reporting on other information (continued)

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 30 September 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report:

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**TO THE MEMBERS OF LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED
(FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED) (CONTINUED)**

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.



Suzanne Woolfson (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London

20 December 2017

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED
(FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

	Notes	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Turnover	3	29,120	35,145
Cost of sales		(5,102)	(6,519)
Gross profit		24,018	28,626
Administrative expenses		(926)	(1,181)
Other operating income		41	37
Provision for impairment in value of investments		(332,660)	-
Fair value gains on investment properties	10	-	67,000
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(309,527)	94,482
Interest receivable and similar income	5	442,519	-
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(10,870)	(13,059)
Loss on disposal of investment properties	8	(203,600)	-
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(81,478)	81,423
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	9	78,140	(12,943)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(3,338)	68,480
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year		(3,338)	68,480

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

	Notes	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investment properties	10	-	798,000
Investments	11	257,200	-
		<u>257,200</u>	<u>798,000</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	12	261,485	162,518
Cash at bank and in hand		-	3,248
		<u>261,485</u>	<u>165,766</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(5,223)	(368,826)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		<u>256,262</u>	<u>(203,060)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>513,462</u>	<u>594,940</u>
Provisions for liabilities	14	-	(78,140)
Net assets		<u><u>513,462</u></u>	<u><u>516,800</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	16	1	1
Share premium account		16,040	16,040
Retained earnings		497,421	500,759
Total equity		<u><u>513,462</u></u>	<u><u>516,800</u></u>

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20th December 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr R N Luck
Director

Company Registration No. 04411316

**LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED
(FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)**

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017**

	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 October 2015	1	16,040	432,279	448,320
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	68,480	68,480
Balance at 30 September 2016	1	16,040	500,759	516,800
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the financial year	-	-	(3,338)	(3,338)
Balance at 30 September 2017	1	16,040	497,421	513,462

Included within retained earnings is an amount of £nil (2016: £434,993,649) relating to investment property revaluations and associated deferred tax which was non-distributable.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

General information

London & Regional (Baker Street) Holdings Limited (formerly London & Regional (Baker Street) Limited) is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Quadrant House, Floor 6, 4 Thomas More Square, London, E1W 1YW.

1.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

1.2 Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investment properties. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £'000.

1.3 Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemption if certain conditions have been complied with, including notification of and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders. A qualifying entity is defined as a member of a group that prepares publicly available financial statements, which give a true and fair view, in which that member is consolidated. The company is a qualifying entity as its results are consolidated into the financial statements of Loopsign Limited which are publicly available.

As a qualifying entity, the company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from the requirement to prepare a statement of cash flows as required by paragraph 3.17 (d) of FRS 102; and
- from the requirement to present financial instruments disclosures, as required by FRS 102 paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A, paragraph 12.26 and 12.29.

1.4 Exemption from consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated financial statements. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

London & Regional (Baker Street) Holdings Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Loopsign Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The results of London & Regional (Baker Street) Holdings Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Loopsign Limited, which are available from Quadrant House, Floor 6, 4 Thomas More Square, London, E1W 1YW.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Turnover

Turnover represents rental income and recoverable expenses, net of value added tax. Rental income is recognised over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis. The aggregate cost of incentives is deducted from the rental income and allocated to the profit and loss account over the lease term. The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity, wholly undertaken in the UK.

Deferred income

Income from properties is allocated in the year to which it relates, with payments received in advance held as deferred income and credited to the profit and loss when earned.

1.6 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible assets.

1.7 Investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

(Continued)

Recoverability of debtors and amounts due from fellow group undertakings

Valuation of investment properties

Investment properties are professionally valued annually using a yield methodology. This uses market rental values capitalised at a market capitalisation rate but there is an inevitable degree of judgement involved in that each property is unique and value can only ultimately be reliably tested in the market itself.

Impairment of investments

The company assesses the carrying value of investments at the end of each reporting period. Where an indication of impairment is identified the estimate of recoverable value requires estimation of the future cash flows from each investment and selection of appropriate discount rates in order to calculate the net present value of those cash flows.

Recoverability of debtors and amounts due from fellow group undertakings

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of its debtors and amounts due from fellow group undertakings. When carrying out the assessment directors consider factors including the aging profile of the debtors, historic experience and performance of debtors business.

3 Turnover

An analysis of the company's turnover is as follows:

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Net rental income		
Rental income	24,013	29,250
Recoverable property expenses	5,107	5,895
Turnover	29,120	35,145
Net property outgoings	5	(624)
Recoverable property expenses	(5,107)	(5,895)
Property outgoings	(5,102)	(6,519)
Net rental income	24,018	28,626

4 Operating (loss)/profit

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Operating (loss)/profit for the year is stated after charging:		
Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's financial statements	-	-
Provision for impairment in value of investments	332,660	-

Auditors' remuneration has been borne by London & Regional Properties Limited.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

5 Interest receivable and similar income

	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Interest on bank deposits	2	-
Income from shares in group undertakings	442,517	-
	<u>442,519</u>	<u>-</u>

6 Directors' remuneration

The directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the company (2016: £nil). The company has no employees (2016: nil) other than the directors.

The above details of directors' emoluments do not include the emoluments which are paid by a fellow subsidiary and recharged to the company as part of a management charge. This management charge, which in 2017 amounted to £734,175 (2016: £877,507), also includes a recharge of administration costs borne by the fellow subsidiary on behalf of the company and it is not possible to identify separately the amount of the directors' emoluments. Mr Livingstone and Mr Luck are directors of the ultimate parent company and a number of fellow subsidiary companies whilst Mr Sebastian is an employee of a fellow subsidiary. The total emoluments of Mr Livingstone and Mr Luck are included in the aggregate of directors' emoluments included in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company. The total emoluments of Mr Sebastian are included in the aggregate of employee wages and salaries included in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company.

7 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Interest payable to group undertakings	10,827	13,000
Other interest payable	43	59
	<u>10,870</u>	<u>13,059</u>

8 Loss on disposal of investment properties

	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Loss on disposal of investment properties	203,600	-

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

9 Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits for the current year	-	2,347
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(669)
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,678</u>
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	11,265
Transfer of deferred tax on disposal of investment properties	(78,140)	-
	<u>(78,140)</u>	<u>11,265</u>
Total tax (credit)/charge	<u>(78,140)</u>	<u>12,943</u>

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

From 1 April 2017 the rate of corporation tax has reduced from 20% to 19%, giving a blended average rate for the current year of 19.5% (2016: 20%).

The actual (credit)/charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected (credit)/charge for the year based on the profit or loss and the blended/standard rate of tax as follows:

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	<u>(81,478)</u>	<u>81,423</u>
Expected tax charge based on the blended/standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.50% (2016: 20.00%)	(15,888)	16,285
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	104,570	-
Tax effect of income not taxable in determining taxable profit	(86,291)	(13,400)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	(669)
Permanent capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(365)	(538)
Utilisation of tax losses	(2,026)	-
Transfer of deferred tax on disposal of investment properties	(78,140)	11,265
Tax (credit)/charge	<u>(78,140)</u>	<u>12,943</u>

The corporation tax (credit)/charge was reduced by £2,026,411 (2016: £nil) because of losses surrendered by fellow subsidiary undertakings. No payment for this surrender was made by the company.

Factors that may affect future tax charges

With effect from 1 April 2020, the UK corporation tax rate will be reduced to 17%. This change, which was announced in March 2015 budget and affirmed in March 2016 budget, will have no significant impact on these financial statements.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

10 Investment properties

	2017 £'000
Fair value	
At 1 October 2016	798,000
Disposals	(798,000)
	<u> </u>
At 30 September 2017	<u> </u>

For the year ended 30 September 2016, the investment property was valued by the directors after taking advice from a professional valuer on an open market value. The valuation was made in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in the United Kingdom.

11 Investments

	Note	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Investments in subsidiaries	17	257,200	-
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Movements in investments

	Shares in group undertakings £'000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 October 2016	-
Additions	589,860
	<u> </u>
At 30 September 2017	<u>589,860</u>
Impairment	
At 1 October 2016	-
Impairment losses	332,660
	<u> </u>
At 30 September 2017	<u>332,660</u>
Carrying amount	
At 30 September 2017	<u>257,200</u>
	<u> </u>
At 30 September 2016	<u> </u>

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

12 Debtors

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Trade debtors	20	174
Amounts due from fellow group undertakings	261,465	161,641
Prepayments and accrued income	-	703
	<u>261,485</u>	<u>162,518</u>

The amounts due from fellow group undertakings are interest free, repayable on demand and unsecured.

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Trade creditors	527	869
Amounts due to fellow group undertakings	444	353,755
Corporation tax	2,347	2,347
Other taxation and social security	-	735
Other creditors	-	6
Accruals and deferred income	1,905	11,114
	<u>5,223</u>	<u>368,826</u>

Amounts due to fellow group undertakings are interest free, repayable on demand and unsecured.

14 Provisions for liabilities

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Deferred tax liabilities	-	78,140

15 Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	Liabilities 2017 £'000	Liabilities 2016 £'000
Balances:		
Investment property	-	78,140

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

15	Deferred tax	(Continued)
		2017
		£'000
	Movements in the year:	
	Liability at 1 October 2016	78,140
	Transfer on disposal of investment property	(78,140)
		<hr/>
	Balance at 30 September 2017	-
		<hr/> <hr/>

16	Called up share capital	2017	2016
		£'000	£'000
	Ordinary share capital		
	Authorised		
	1,000 (2016: 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
		<hr/>	<hr/>
	Issued and fully paid		
	1,000 (2016: 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
		<hr/>	<hr/>

17 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 September 2017 are as below. Each of the subsidiaries has the registered address of Quadrant House, 4 Thomas More Square, London E1W 1YW.

Name of undertaking	Country of incorporation	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held	
				Direct	Indirect
LR Baker St Mezz Holdco Ltd	England and Wales	Holding company	Ordinary	100	
LR Baker St Mezz Borrower Ltd	England and Wales	Financing company	Ordinary		100
LR Baker St Senior Holdco Ltd	England and Wales	Holding company	Ordinary		100
London & Regional (Baker Street) Ltd	England and Wales	Property investment	Ordinary		100

18 Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Loopsign Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 33.1A of FRS102 from disclosing transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group.

LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY LONDON & REGIONAL (BAKER STREET) LIMITED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

19 Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is London & Regional Group Investments Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking is Loopsign Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

London & Regional Group Holdings Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements as at 30 September 2017. Loopsign Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 30 September 2017. The consolidated financial statements of Loopsign Limited can be obtained from the company secretary at Quadrant House, Floor 6, 4 Thomas More Square, London E1W 1YW.

The ultimate controlling parties are I.M. Livingstone and R.J. Livingstone through their joint ownership of Loopsign Limited.