

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

Registered number: SC312228

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

**Partnership
Accounts**



20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

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20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company has an interest as a General Partner in the 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust SLP.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £29 (2016 - £41).

No dividends have been paid or proposed in the year (2016 - £NIL).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were:

A P Anderson II
Sir George Iacobescu CBE
R J J Lyons

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2017 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 31 August 2018 and signed on its behalf.



J R Garwood
Secretary

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF 20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust GP Limited (the 'company') which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF 20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF 20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- *adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or*
- *the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or*
- *certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or*
- *we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or*
- *the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.*

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.



Simon Letts (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
London, United Kingdom
31 August 2018

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Share of profit from investment in partnership	7	30	42
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		<u>30</u>	<u>42</u>
Tax on profit	6	(1)	(1)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>29</u>	<u>41</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u>29</u>	<u>41</u>

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: SC312228

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	7	755	725
		<u>755</u>	<u>725</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		755	725
Deferred tax	8	(40)	(39)
NET ASSETS		<u>715</u>	<u>686</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9	300	300
Retained earnings		415	386
		<u>715</u>	<u>686</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 31 August 2018.


R J J Lyons
 Director

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2017	300	386	686
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR			
Profit for the year	-	29	29
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	29	29
AT 31 DECEMBER 2017	300	415	715

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2016	300	345	645
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR			
Profit for the year	-	41	41
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	41	41
AT 31 DECEMBER 2016	300	386	686

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust GP Limited is a Scottish Limited Company registered at Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EN.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year and are summarised below:

2.2 Going concern

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Cash flow statement

The company has taken the exemption from preparing the cash flow statement under Section 1.12(b) as it is a member of a group where the parent of the group prepares publicly available consolidated accounts which are intended to give a true and fair view.

2.4 Investments

Investments in partnerships are stated at fair value, with changes recognised in other comprehensive income unless the carrying amount of the investment falls below its original cost, after which the deficit is recognised in the income statement.

Income from investments is recognised as the company becomes entitled to receive payment. Revenue profits and losses in unit trusts and partnerships are recognised on an accruals basis.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Financial Instruments

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 1.12c of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose the summary of financial instruments by the categories specified in paragraph 11.41.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

2.6 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing difference. Deferred tax relating to investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

Where items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity are chargeable to or deductible for tax purposes, the resulting current or deferred tax expense or income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expenses or income.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Valuation of investments

Investments in Partnerships are carried at fair value. The directors have valued the investment at the company's share of the Partnership's net asset value, as adjusted for the fair value of the Partnership's property interest.

4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Auditor's remuneration of £800 (2016 - £800) for the audit of the company has been borne by another group undertaking.

5. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2016 - £NIL).

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

6. TAXATION

	2017 £	2016 £
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
TOTAL CURRENT TAX	-	-
DEFERRED TAX		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	1	3
Changes to tax rates	-	(2)
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX	1	1
TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	1	1

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016 - 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2017 £	2016 £
<i>Profit on ordinary activities before tax</i>	30	42
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016 - 20%)	6	8
EFFECTS OF:		
Changes in tax rate	-	(3)
Group relief	(5)	(4)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) FOR THE YEAR	1	1

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

The tax rate of 19.25% has been calculated by reference to the current corporation tax rate of 19% which was in effect for the final three quarters of the year and the previous rate of 20% which was in effect for the first quarter of the year.

Enacted in the Finance Act (No.2) 2015 is a reduction in the corporation tax rate to 17.0% on 1 April 2020. Deferred tax has been provided by reference to this enacted corporation tax rate.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Investment in partnership £
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 January 2017	725
Share of profit/(loss)	30
At 31 December 2017	<u>755</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2017	<u>755</u>
At 31 December 2016	<u>725</u>

As a general partner, the company has contributed 0.1% of the capital of 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust SLP, a Scottish Limited Partnership established 28 November 2006. The partnership has a minority interest in 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust.

8. DEFERRED TAXATION

	2017 £
At beginning of year	(39)
Charged to profit or loss	(1)
AT END OF YEAR	<u>(40)</u>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Revaluation of investments	(40)	(39)
	<u>(40)</u>	<u>(39)</u>

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST GP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

9. SHARE CAPITAL

	2017 £	2016 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
300 Ordinary shares of £1 each	300	300

10. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 29 March 2018, Stork Holdings Limited, a direct subsidiary of Stork HoldCo L.P., listed its shares on The International Stock Exchange in Jersey and the group headed by Stork Holdings Limited, which includes the company, converted to a REIT. As a consequence of the conversion, it is anticipated that the deferred tax liability will be released.

11. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Investments Limited.

As at 31 December 2017, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings plc. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB.

The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Stork HoldCo LP is registered at 73 Front Street, 5th Floor, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

Stork HoldCo LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other group companies.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP
Registered Number: SL005920

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

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20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

STATEMENT OF GENERAL PARTNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust SLP was registered as a Scottish limited partnership on 28 November 2006 and comprises 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust GP Limited (as 'General Partner') and 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust LP Limited (as 'Limited Partner'). The General Partner and Limited Partner are incorporated in Scotland and are both members of the Canary Wharf Group.

The Limited Partnership Deed dated 28 November 2006 requires that the General Partner prepares financial statements for each financial period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume the Partnership will continue in existence.

The General Partner is also responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are maintained which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership.

The General Partner is responsible for ensuring that the Partnership has complied at all times with its obligations under the Agreement and has a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the Partnership and to *prevent and detect fraud, errors and other irregularities.*

These financial statements have been prepared under Regulation 7 of the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF 20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

Report on the audit of the non-statutory financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the non-statutory financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the Partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement.

We have audited the non-statutory financial statements of 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust SLP ("the Partnership") which comprise:

- the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity;
- the related Notes 1 to 9.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Limited Partnership Agreement.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ('ISAs(UK)') and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the non-statutory financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the non-statutory financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs(UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the partners use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the non-statutory financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the partners have not disclosed in the non-statutory financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the non-statutory financial statements are authorised for issue.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF 20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

Responsibilities of partners

As explained more fully in the statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the non-statutory financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of non-statutory financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the non-statutory financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intend to liquidate the partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the non-statutory financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the non-statutory financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these non-statutory financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the non-statutory financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely for the exclusive use of the partners and solely for the purpose set out in our engagement letter. Our report is not to be used for any other purpose, recited or referred to in any document, copied or made available (in whole or in part) to any other person without prior written express consent. We accept no duty, responsibility or liability to any other party in connection with the report or this engagement.



Deloitte LLP
London,
United Kingdom
31 August 2018

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		Year Ended 31 December 2017	Year Ended 31 December 2016
	Note	£	£
Operating profit	3	–	–
Share of income from investment in Jersey Property Unit Trust	5	27,121	37,968
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		27,121	37,968
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	–	–
Profit for the year		27,121	37,968
Other comprehensive income		–	–
Total comprehensive income		27,121	37,968

Movements in reserves are shown in Note 8 of these financial statements.

All amounts relate to continuing activities in the United Kingdom.

The Notes on pages 7 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	31 December 2017 £	31 December 2016 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	5	489,528	482,764
Current assets			
Debtors	6	1,988	1,996
Cash at bank		199,522	179,158
		201,510	181,154
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(3,534)	(3,535)
Net current assets		197,976	177,619
Total assets less current liabilities		687,504	660,383
Net assets		687,504	660,383
Capital and reserves			
Capital accounts	8	273,560	273,560
Current accounts	8	413,944	386,823
		687,504	660,383

The Notes on pages 7 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Approved by the General Partner on 31 August 2018 and signed on its behalf by:



R J J LYONS
On behalf of 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust GP Limited

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Capital accounts £	Current accounts £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2016	273,560	348,855	622,415
Profit for the financial year	–	37,968	37,968
Total comprehensive income	–	37,968	37,968
At 31 December 2016	273,560	386,823	660,383
Profit for the financial year	–	27,121	27,121
Total comprehensive income	–	27,121	27,121
At 31 December 2017	273,560	413,944	687,504

The Notes on pages 7 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General Information

20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust SLP is a Scottish Limited Partnership registered at 4th floor, Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EN.

The Partnership holds a minority interest in the 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust.

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of certain investments as disclosed below and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Partnership's accounting policies (see Note 2).

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

Going Concern

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the Partnership, the Partners have a reasonable expectation that the Partnership will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Cash flow

The Partnership has taken the exemption from preparing the cash flow statement under Section 1.12(b) as it is a member of a group where the parent of the group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view.

Investments

Investments in unit trusts are stated at fair value, with changes recognised in other comprehensive income unless the carrying amount of the investment falls below its original cost, after which the deficit is recognised in the income statement.

Income from investments is recognised as the Partnership becomes entitled to receive payment. Revenue profits and losses in unit trusts are recognised on an accruals basis.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Valuation of investments

Investments in JPUTs are carried at fair value. The directors have valued the investment at the Partnership's share of the JPUT's net asset value, as adjusted for the fair value of the JPUT's property interest.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

No staff were employed by the partnership during the year or the prior year.

Auditor's remuneration of £800 (2016: £800) for the audit of the partnership has been borne by another group undertaking.

4. TAXATION

No provision for tax has been made as the income earned by the Partnership is taxable in the accounts of the partners.

5. INVESTMENTS

Investment in Jersey Property Unit Trust

At 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016 the Partnership held 0.1% of the units in the JPUT.

	31 December 2017 £	31 December 2016 £
Cost of interest in Jersey Property Unit Trust	273,540	273,540
Share of accumulated profits	215,988	209,224
	<u>489,528</u>	<u>482,764</u>

During the year the Partnership received distributions as follows:

	31 December 2017 £	31 December 2016 £
Share of accumulated profits brought forward	209,224	191,186
Share of income from Jersey Property Unit Trust	27,121	37,968
Distributions received	(20,357)	(19,930)
Share of accumulated profits carried forward	<u>215,988</u>	<u>209,224</u>

20 CABOT SQUARE I UNIT TRUST SLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

6. DEBTORS

	31 December 2017 £	31 December 2016 £
Prepayments and accrued income	<u>1,988</u>	<u>1,996</u>

7. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2017 £	31 December 2016 £
Amount owed to fellow subsidiary undertaking	<u>3,534</u>	<u>3,535</u>

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

8. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

	%	Capital accounts £	Current accounts £	Total £
20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust LP Limited	99.890	273,260	413,490	686,750
20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust GP Limited	0.110	<u>300</u>	<u>454</u>	<u>754</u>
		<u>273,560</u>	<u>413,944</u>	<u>687,504</u>

9. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Partnership's general partner is 20 Cabot Square I Unit Trust GP Limited.

As at 31 December 2017, the smallest group of which the Trust is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings plc. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB.

The largest group of which the Trust is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Stork HoldCo LP is registered at 73 Front Street, 5th Floor, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

Stork HoldCo LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The partners have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 allowing the Partnership not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other wholly-owned group companies.