Registered number: 07654543

J. TOMES LIMITED
UNAUDITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

RPG CROUCH CHAPMAN LLP Chartered Accountants 62 Wilson Street London EC2A 2BU



COMPANIES HOUSE

J. TOMES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07654543

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

| | Note | | 2018 £ | | 2017 £ |
|--|------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Fixed assets | , | | ~ | | ~ |
| Tangible fixed assets | | | 420 | | 579 |
| | | • | 420 | | 579 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 5 | 795 | | - | |
| Bank & cash balances | | 7,839 | | 5,357 | |
| | _ | 8,634 | _ | 5,357 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 6 | (8,213) | | (5,337) | |
| Net current assets | _ | | 421 | | 20 |
| Net assets | | - | 841 | • | 599 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 7 | | 1 | | 1 |
| Profit and loss account | | | 840 | | 598 |
| | | - | 841 | • | 599 |
| | | : | | | |

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

J. Tomes

10/12/2018

J. Tomes
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

| | Called up share capital £ | Profit and loss account £ | Total equity £ |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| At 1 April 2016 | 1 | (1,104) | (1,103) |
| Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year | | 9,702 | 9,702 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends: Equity capital | - | 9,702 (8,000) | 9,702 (8,000) |
| At 1 April 2017 | 1 | 598 | 599 |
| Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year | - | 14,042 | 14,042 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends: Equity capital | - | 14,042 (13,800) | 14,042 (13,800) |
| At 31 March 2018 | 1 | 840 | 841 |

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

J. Tomes Limited (07654543) is a company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 62 Wilson Street, London, EC2A 2BU.

The company's principal activity is that of television camera services.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Equipment

- 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2017 -1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4. Tangible fixed assets

| | | | Equipment £ |
|----|---|-----------|----------------|
| | Cost or valuation At 1 April 2017 | | 1,311 |
| | At 31 March 2018 | | 1,311 |
| | <u>Depreciation</u> At 1 April 2017 Charge for the year on owned assets | | 732 159 |
| | At 31 March 2018 | | 891 |
| | Net book value | | |
| | At 31 March 2018 | | 420 |
| | At 31 March 2017 | | 579 ———— |
| 5. | Debtors | | |
| | | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
| | Trade debtors Other debtors | 792 3 | - |
| 6. | Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | | |
| | | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
| | Corporation tax | 3,331 | 2,282 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 2,213 | 914 |
| | Other creditors Accruals and deferred income | 929 | 441 1 700 |
| | Acordais and deletted income | 1,740 | 1,700 |
| | | 8,213 | 5,337 |
| | | | |

Included in other creditors is the amount of £0 due to the director (2017: £154). This loan was interest free and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

7. Share capital

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|
| | £ | £ |
| Allotted, called up and fully paid | | |
| 1 (2017 -1) Ordinary share of £1.00 | 1 | 1 |
| | | |