Introduction to RSpec

Our Goals

- Understand Test-Driven Development as a concept
- Understand the benefits and importance of TDD
- Understand the TDD process
- To be able to write basic RSpec tests

History of TDD

- Ada Lovelace
- Mercury Space Program punch cards from 1959 -1963
- Gerry Weinberg punch cards
- Kent Beck SUnit, jUnit, Extreme Programming, Test
 Driven Development by Example
- 24/07/2004 Rails

Why do we need it?

- We are in a battle
- We need certainty
- We need it to help us find bugs
- We need it to be able to refactor with confidence
- We need it to help us work in teams
 - The Agile methodology all but relies on it

The benefits

- Less software defects
- Helps reveal design flaws
- Immediate feedback to the programmer
- Increased confidence
- Assists the refactoring process
- Cleaner and simpler designs

The types

- Unit testing
 - Tests one piece at a time
- Integration testing
 - Tests the way that pieces work together
- Regression testing
 - Check that new features don't break existing ones
- Performance testing
 - Does the system do its job quickly enough

Is there only TDD?

No!

- TDD
- ATDD (Acceptance test driven development)
- **BDD** (Behavior driven development)
- MDD (Mortgage driven development)

The Approach

- Write a failing test
- Run the test to make sure it fails
- Write the code
- Run the test to make sure it passes
- Refactor the code
- Run the test again to make sure it still passes
- Repeat as necessary

The Red, Green, Refactor Cycle

Ruby and Testing

- Ruby developers are very in to testing
 - Rails was one of the first frameworks to actually include it by default
- RSpec is the most popular testing library in Ruby

Conventions

- Test the smallest possible pieces of granularity
 - A single function or class for example
- Write as little code as possible to make the test pass
- Seperate common logic
- Treat your tests with respect
- Make your tests expressive
 - Aim to make them self-documenting

Test Structure

- Setup
- Execution
- Validation
- Cleanup

Important Links

- The RSpec Website
- RSpec on Github
- RSpec Documentation
- BetterSpecs

Naming conventions

- Class methods
 - describe ".new" do ... end
- Instance methods
 - describe "#admin?" do ... end

Let's have a go of RSpec

```
gem install rspec
rspec --init
```

How to break tests up

- **Describe** Creates a group of examples
- **Context** Creates a state
- *It* Creates a single example