



Principles of the SymposiumPlanner Instantiations of Rule Responder

Zhili Zhao, Adrian Paschke, Chaudhry Usman Ali, and Harold Boley

Corporate Semantic Web (AG-CSW) Institute for Computer Science, Freie Universitaet Berlin paschke@inf.fu-berlin.de http://www.inf.fu-berlin.de/groups/ag-csw/



Overview of Rule Responder (I)

- Rule Responder is a multi-agent system for collaborative team and community support on the (Semantic) Web
- Enables rule-based collaboration between the distributed human members
- Persons of an organization are assisted by semiautomated rule-based agents, which use rules (and various ontologies) to describe the decision and behavioral logic



Overview of Rule Responder (II)

- Uses Reaction RuleML as the standardized interchange language
- Implemented on top of a Mule-based Enterprise Service Bus (ESB)



What is SymposiumPlanner?

- Is a series of Rule Responder instantiations for the Q&A sections of the official websites of the RuleML Symposia since 2007.
 - Organizational Agent (OA) filters and delegates incoming queries
 - Personal Agents (PAs) assist symposium chairs
 - External Agent (EA) acts as the interface to the organizational agent, i.e. as the single point of entry to support the symposium organization



Why SymposiumPlanner? (I)

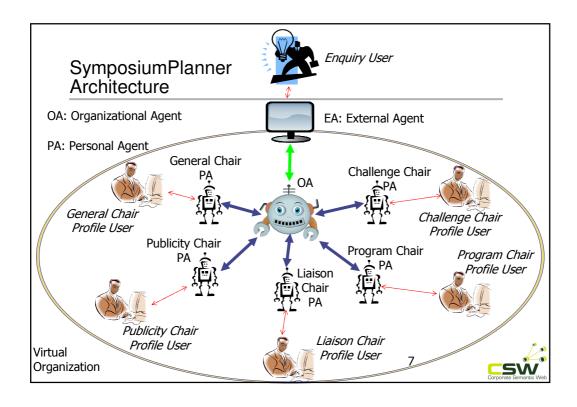
- Coordinating chair responsibilities (responsibility assignment)
- Finding contact information about selected chairs of the symposium
- Helping the program and track chairs with mapping planned paper topics to program and track themes
- Helping the program chair to monitor and possibly move important dates



Why SymposiumPlanner? (II)

- Helping the liaison chair with special events by symposium partners
- Helping the panel chair with managing panel participants
- Helping the publicity chair with sponsoring correspondence
- Answering questions of participants about the conference such as important dates, topics addresses, program schedule etc.





Personal Agents

- Act in a rule-based manner on behalf of symposium chairs
- Work on a profile of FOAF-like facts and FOAF-extending rules that encode 'routine' knowledge of symposium chairs



Organizational Agents

- Represents goals and strategies shared by each member of the Symposium organization
- Contains rule sets that describe the policies, regulations, opportunities, and expertise of its organization



External Agents

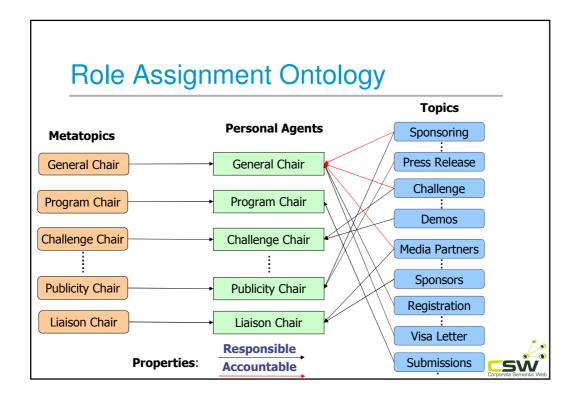
- Exchange messages with (the public interface of) organizational agents, sending queries (requests), receiving answers (results), or interchanging complete rule sets
- Constitute the public interface to the OA of a Symposium's virtual organization through which enquiry users can send queries and receive answers



Query Delegation to Personal Agents

- The Organizational Agent delegates queries to appropriate Personal Agents
- Tasks for the symposium organization are managed via a Role Assignment Matrix
- Defined here by an OWL Lite ontology (alternatives: RDFS, RuleML, ...)
- Assigns (meta) topics to PAs within the virtual organization: ... see next slide ...





Query Answering for Personal Agents

- Some queries have more than one answer
- The PA will send the answers one at a time to the OA
 - Interleaved backtracking and transmission
- When the PA finds no more answers, it sends an end-of-transmission message



Reaction RuleML

- Is a branch of the RuleML family that supports actions and events
- Works as interchange language between agents, where Reaction RuleML messages are sent through the ESB
- The ESB carries RuleML queries (requests), answers (results), and rule bases to/from agents



Example Reaction RuleML Message

```
<RuleML xmlns="http://www.ruleml.org/0.91/xsd"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.ruleml.org/0.91/xsd
http://ibis.in.tum.de/research/ReactionRuleML/0.2/rr.xsd"
xmlns:ruleml2011="http://ibis.in.tum.de/projects/paw#">
   <Message mode="outbound" directive="query-sync">
       <oid> <Ind> RuleML-2011-IJCAI </Ind> </oid>
       cprotocol> <Ind>esb</Ind> 
       <sender> <Ind>User</Ind> </sender>
       <content>
                <Atom>
                        <Rel>getContact</Rel>
                        <Ind> ruleml2011ATijcai_GeneralChair </Ind>
                        <Var>Contact</Var>
                </Atom>
       </content>
  </Message>
</RuleML>
```

Performatives

- The attribute directive="..." specifies the pragmatic performative
 - Message exchange/interaction protocols
- are used to understand the pragmatic context of the message
 - such as: query-sync, answer and etc.



Agent Communication Protocols

- In-Only
 - Message is sent from agent₁ to agent₂; then agent₂ executes performative
- Request-Response
 - Performs above In-Only; then agent₂ sends response to agent₁
- Request-Response-Acknowledge
 - Performs Request-Response; then agent₁ sends an acknowledgement to agent₂
- Workflows
 - Generalizes the above protocols to allow other compositions of message interchange between agents



Translation between Interchange Language and Proprietary Languages

- Each rule engine can use its own rule language
- Agents require the translations between interchange language and proprietary languages



Integration with External Sources

- External data sources are dynamically queried at runtime and used as facts in the internal knowledge base of an agent
 - Such as: calendars, vocabulary definitions, web pages, personal data
- Via query languages such as SQL, SPARQL, etc.





User Client

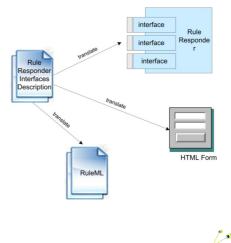
- Ways of issuing queries:
 - Follow a menu to create and fill HTML forms
 - Or use Attempto Controlled English (a rich subset of standard English designed to serve as knowledge representation language)

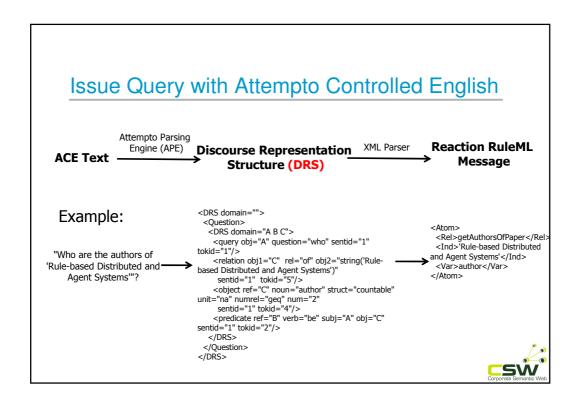
*Attempto Project: http://attempto.ifi.uzh.ch/site/



Queries Defined by Organizational Agent Interfaces

- Describe public interfaces of rule functions with an XML file
- Translate interfaces descriptions to HTML forms
- Construct Reaction
 RuleML queries with interface descriptions and parameter values





Communication Middleware

- Mule Enterprise Service Bus (ESB)
 - Is used to create communication end points at each Personal and Organizational Agent
 - Provides a highly scalable and flexible application messaging framework to communicate synchronously or asynchronously
 - Supports a variety of transport protocols (including HTTP, JMS, JDBC, SOAP, etc.)
 - Is based on a staged event-driven architecture (SEDA)

Rule Engines

- Prova: Prolog + Java
- OO jDREW: Object Oriented java Deductive Reasoning Engine for the Web
- (others: DR-Device, Euler, Drools, ...)



Prova

- is both a rule language and a rule engine
- tight integration of Java and Semantic Web technologies
- separates the logic of data access from computation
- is used to realize mainly the Organizational Agents of Rule Responder



OO jDREW

- OO jDREW is used to realize the Personal agents of Rule Responder
- Implements Hornlog RuleML for agent reasoning (Horn logic rules)
- Supports rules in two formats:
 - POSL: Positional Slotted presentation syntax
 - RuleML: XML interchange syntax (can be generated from POSL:

http://www.ruleml.org/posl/converter.jnlp



Conclusion

- SymposiumPlanner was implemented & tested for various instantiations (http://ruleml.org/SymposiumPlanner/) and deployed for RuleML-2007/.../2011 Q&A
- Its Organizational Agents delegate external queries to topic-assigned Personal Agents acting as committee chairs
- It couples rule engines such as <u>Prova</u> and <u>OOjDREW</u> via ESB middleware and <u>Reaction RuleML</u> interchange format







Questions?

