

I. SURVEILLANCE

Limiting international spread of 2019-nCoV depends on understanding the global epidemiology. Key questions that global surveillance must answer include the following:

- How fast is 2019-nCoV spreading from China to other countries?
- Where are cases exported from and to?
- What types of exposures are reported by travellers originating in Wuhan or in other provinces in China reporting cases and human to human transmission?
- Are individuals symptomatic before travel and potentially detectable through exit or entry screening?
- Is there person-to-person transmission occurring in countries reporting imported cases?
- What is the clinical presentation of illness among travellers?

WHO requests countries to notify WHO of cases following the guidance included in [https://www.who.int/publications-detail/global-surveillance-for-human-infection-with-novel-coronavirus-\(2019-ncov\)](https://www.who.int/publications-detail/global-surveillance-for-human-infection-with-novel-coronavirus-(2019-ncov))

Reported incidence of confirmed 2019-nCoV cases

Table 1. Countries, territories or areas with reported confirmed cases of 2019-nCoV, 26 January 2020

WHO Regional Office	Country/Territory/Area	Confirmed Cases
Western Pacific	China*	1,985
	Japan	3
	Republic of Korea	2
	Viet Nam	2
	Singapore	4
	Australia	4
	Malaysia	3
	Thailand	5
South-East Asia	Nepal	1
Region of the Americas	United States of America	2
European Region	France	3
Total Confirmed cases	Total	2,014

*Confirmed cases in China include cases confirmed in Hong Kong SAR (5 confirmed cases), Macau SAR (2 confirmed cases) and Taipei (3 confirmed cases).