


Agenda

- LP reformulation
- Portfolio least squares
- Questions

Logistics Friend 006

- Midterm Thursday 1:30 - 2:50 (005 will start at 12:30)
- 1 page cheat sheet
- Up to lecture 9 or
 - Not including equivalence theorem or anything on extreme points/vertices/basic feasible solutions

Formulate the following problem as an LP

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \sum_{i=1}^m \max(0, \mathbf{a}_i^\top \mathbf{x} + b_i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}} & \quad \mathbf{1}^\top \mathbf{y} \\ \text{s.t. } & \quad y_j \geq 0 \quad j=1, \dots, m \\ & \quad y_j \geq \mathbf{a}_j^\top \mathbf{x} + b_j \quad j=1, \dots, m \end{aligned}$$

goal: $y_i = \max(0, \mathbf{a}_i^\top \mathbf{x} + b_i)$

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}} & \quad \sum_{i=1}^m y_i \\ \text{s.t. } & \quad y_i = \max(0, \mathbf{a}_i^\top \mathbf{x} + b_i) \quad i=1, \dots, m \\ & \quad y_i \geq 0, \quad y_i \geq \mathbf{a}_i^\top \mathbf{x} + b_i \end{aligned}$$

Things to remove

- max
- $\|\cdot\|_1 \rightarrow \|\cdot\|_1$
- $\|\cdot\|_\infty$

Portfolio Problem

- Current portfolio: $h^{\text{curr}} \leftarrow$ amount invested in n assets $h^{\text{curr}} \in \mathbb{R}^n$
 - Current total value is $\Pi^T h^{\text{curr}}$
 - $h - h^{\text{curr}}$ is the trade vector
 - n assets divided into m industry sectors ^{tech, pharma}
 - $s \in \mathbb{R}^m$ denotes the dollar value sector exposure
- $s = Sh$ $S \in \mathbb{R}^{m,n}$ $s_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if asset } j \text{ in sector } i \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$
- New portfolio must have a given sector exposure $s^{\text{des}} \in \mathbb{R}^m$
 - Minimize the trading cost, given by

$$\sum_{i=1}^n k_i (h_i - h_i^{\text{curr}})^2 \quad (k_i > 0)$$
 - Explain how to find h using constrained least squares

$$S = \begin{matrix} \text{Tech} \\ \text{FB} \\ \text{Google} \\ \text{Kellogg} \end{matrix} \quad \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \quad \downarrow m \quad (* \text{ sectors})$$

← n →
(* assets)

HW: Illumination

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{I, P} \quad & \| I - I^{\text{des}} \|_2^2 + \lambda \| P - \frac{1}{2} \|_2^2 \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & 0 \leq P \leq I \\ & I = AP \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n K_i (h_i - h_i^{curr})^2, \quad S = Sh$$

$$\text{current total value} = \mathbb{I}^T h^{curr}$$

Min this

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min_h & \sum_{i=1}^n K_i (h_i - h_i^{curr})^2 \\ \text{s.t.} & S^{des} = Sh \quad (m) \\ & \mathbb{I}^T h = \mathbb{I}^T h^{curr} \quad (1) \end{array}$$

$$h \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$\|Ax - b\|_2^2 = (Ax - b)^T (Ax - b)$$

Constrained LS

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min_x & \|Ax - b\|_2^2 \\ \text{s.t.} & Cx = d \end{array}$$

$$\min_h \|Kh - Kh^{curr}\|_2^2$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{s.t.} & \left(\begin{array}{c|c} S & \\ \hline \mathbb{I}^T & \end{array} \right) h = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} S^{des} & \\ \hline \mathbb{I}^T h^{curr} & \end{array} \right) \\ & \left(\begin{array}{c|c} C & \\ \hline D & \end{array} \right) \end{array}$$

$$y \geq -x$$

$$y \geq x$$

$$y \geq 0, y_i \geq \alpha_i^T x + b_i$$

$$\|h - h^{curr}\|_2^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (h_i - h_i^{curr})^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n K_i (h_i - h_i^{curr})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (\sqrt{K_i} h_i - \sqrt{K_i} h_i^{curr})^2$$

$$\sqrt{K}^T h - \sqrt{K}^T h^{curr}$$

$$K = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{K_1} & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots \\ 0 & \sqrt{K_n} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K^T K = \begin{pmatrix} K_1 & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots \\ 0 & K_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h^T K^T K h = \|Kh\|_2^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (\sqrt{K_i} h_i)^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n K_i (h_i - h_i^{curr})^2 = \|Kh - \underbrace{Kh^{curr}}_b\|_2^2$$

$$h \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$\|Ax - b\|_2^2 = (Ax - b)^T (Ax - b)$$

$$= x^T A^T A x - 2b^T A x + b^T b$$

Constrained LS

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min_x & \|Ax - b\|_2^2 \\ \text{s.t.} & Cx = d \end{array}$$

- Suppose you want to include a penalty on shorting assets.
How might you include this as a linear constraint?

- $h_i < 0$
- penalty v_i ($v_i > 0$)

If $h_i < 0$ then you must pay }
 $v_i |h_i| \$$

If $h_i \geq 0$ then no penalty

$$\min_h \sum_{i=1}^n K_i (h_i - h_i^{curr})^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n \max(-v_i h_i, 0)$$

s.t. $S^{des} = Sh$ (m)

$$\mathbb{I}^T h = \mathbb{I}^T h^{curr}$$
 (1)

self-financing

$$\mathbb{I}^T h + \sum_{i=1}^n \max(-v_i h_i, 0) \leq \mathbb{I}^T h^{curr}$$

KKT to solve $\min_x \|Ax - b\|_2^2$
 s.t. $Cx = d$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2A^T A & C^T \\ C & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2A^T b \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$