$$ln[1]:= C = \{-\alpha/(1-\gamma^2), -\alpha, -i\alpha\gamma/(1-\gamma^2)\}$$

Out[1]=
$$\left\{-\frac{\alpha}{1-\gamma^2}, -\alpha, -\frac{\gamma \dot{\mathbb{1}}\alpha}{1-\gamma^2}\right\}$$

$$ln[2]:= C1 = D[C, \alpha]$$

Out[2]=
$$\left\{-\frac{1}{1-\gamma^2}, -1, 0\right\}$$

$$ln[3] := c2 = D[c, \gamma]$$

$$\text{Out}[3] = \left\{ -\frac{2 \alpha \gamma}{\left(1 - \gamma^2\right)^2}, 0, -\frac{2 \gamma^2 \pm \alpha}{\left(1 - \gamma^2\right)^2} - \frac{\pm \alpha}{1 - \gamma^2} \right\}$$

$$\ln[7] = \alpha = \omega p / \omega^{\wedge} 2 / (1 + i v / \omega)^{\wedge} 2$$

Out[7]=
$$\frac{\omega p}{\left(1 + \frac{i \cdot v}{\omega}\right)^2 \omega^2}$$

In[8]:=
$$d\alpha 1 = D[\alpha, \omega]$$

$$\text{Out[8]=} \ \frac{2 \ \dot{\mathbb{1}} \ \lor \omega p}{\left(1 + \frac{\dot{\mathbb{1}} \ \lor}{\omega}\right)^3 \ \omega^4} - \frac{2 \ \omega p}{\left(1 + \frac{\dot{\mathbb{1}} \ \lor}{\omega}\right)^2 \ \omega^3}$$

In[13]:= Simplify [d α 1]

Out[13]=
$$-\frac{2 i \omega p}{(v - i \omega)^3}$$

In[10]:=
$$\gamma = \Omega / \omega / (1 + i \nu / \omega)$$

Out[10]=
$$\frac{\Omega}{\omega \left(1 + \frac{i\nu}{\omega}\right)}$$

In[11]:=
$$d\gamma 1 = D[\gamma, \omega]$$

Out[11]=
$$\frac{\Omega \dot{\mathbb{1}} V}{\omega^3 \left(1 + \frac{\dot{\mathbb{1}} V}{\omega}\right)^2} - \frac{\Omega}{\omega^2 \left(1 + \frac{\dot{\mathbb{1}} V}{\omega}\right)}$$

Out[12]=
$$-\frac{\Omega}{(\omega + i \nabla)^2}$$