



FOSS4G in the frame of Lifewatch biodiversity research infrastructure

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An European e-infrastructure for biodiversity and ecosystem research

- Lead by Spain, the Netherlands and Italy
- Belgium is an important contributor
 - VLIZ, INBO, ANTABIS, ULg and UCL

- Organized in Virtual Research Environments
 - Alien species
 - Marine
 - Terrestrial and Freshwater







Empowering biodiversity research



Open data



Access

Retrieve and access data resources holding marine biodiversity and ecosystem data. A range of data systems offering data on species names, traits, distribution and genes.

Open softwares

Analyze

Online tools that facilitate data analysis of marine biodiversity and ecosystem data. Analysis is performed on data from known data resources and/or data uploaded by the user.



ITC infrastructure for further developments



Develop

Build your own marine virtual lab making use of a range of available web services that access and process data. Service catalogues and 'how to' manuals help you to develop your own system.







Lifewatch/Wallonia-Brussels

- Open data about land cover dynamics
 - Vegetation greenness, snow and fire
 - Temporal analysis up to 15 years in Europe
 - Long term mean or probabilities from CCI land cover
 - Monthly updated anomalies
- Development of a new type of database
 - Designed for modellers
 - Purpose of fit tested by habitat modellers
 - Current prototype for the Walloon region

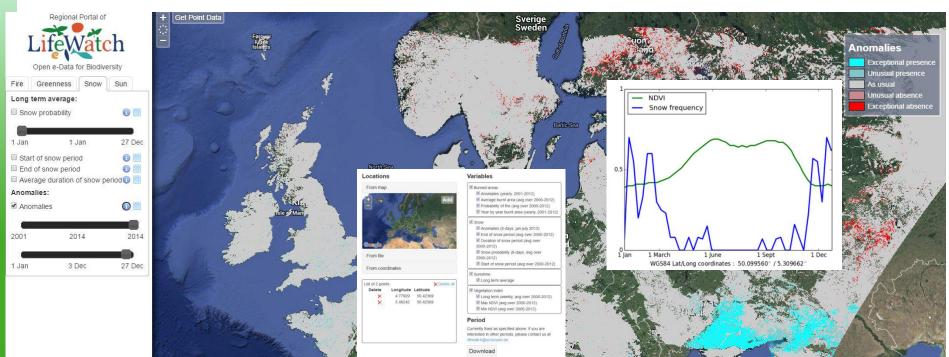




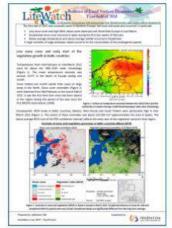


Data distribution through the Web

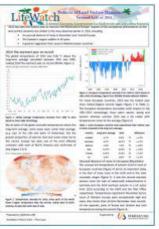
- WMS including GetFeatureInfo from MapServer
- OpenLayer portal
 - Visualization, profile tool and extraction tool
- Data available for download



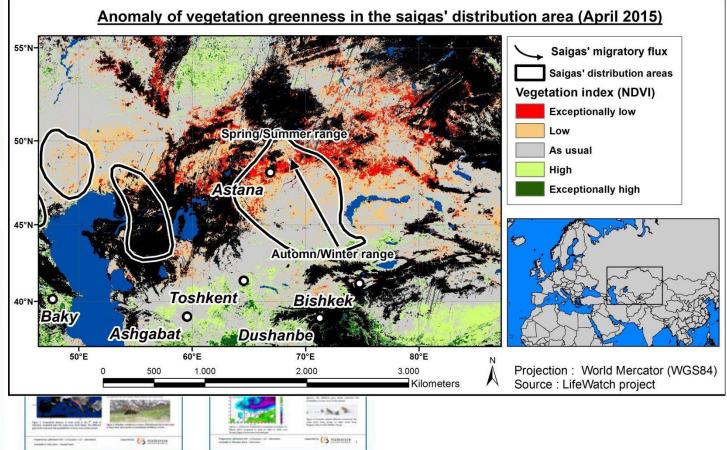
Information on exceptional ecological events published in semestrial bulletin



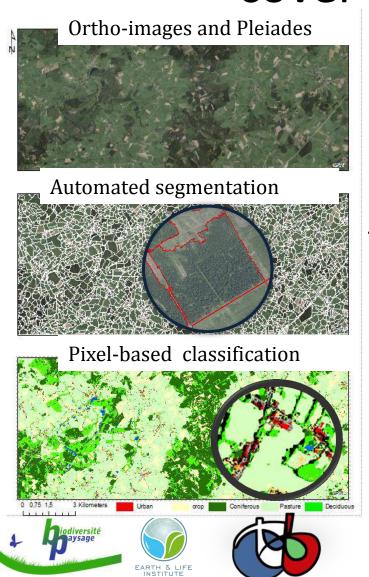
Bulletin mid-2015 New!



Subscribe on uclouvain.be/lifewatch

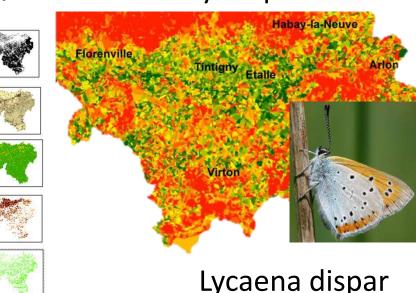


Object database with quantitative land cover characterisation



2 meter resolution50 + attribute fields used as model inputs

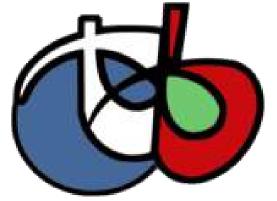
Thematic layers Suitability map

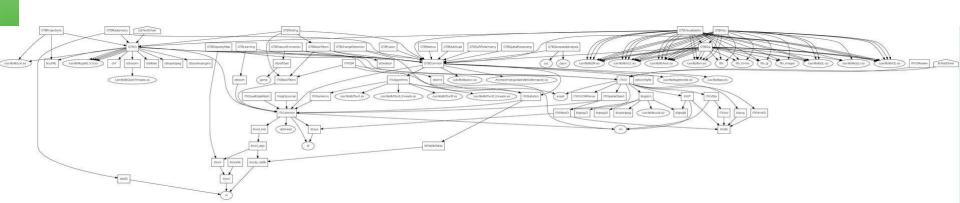




OTB for RS image processing

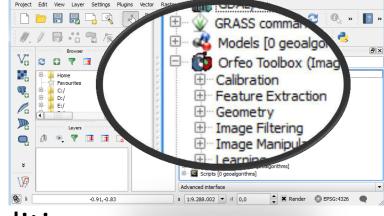
- Orfeo Toolbox is a C++ Library
- CeCILL v2 (similar to GNU GPL)
 - Copyleft
- Launched by CNES in the frame ORFEO program





Multiplatform solution for different user levels

- Source code for developer
 - Software guide + doxygen
- OTB Applications
 - Command line or GUI
 - OTB cookbook for functionalities
 - Embedded in, e.g., Python and QGIS
- Monteverdi interface











Example

- Otbcli_BandMath
 - Input: list of images (multi and/or monoband)
 - Output : one monoband image
 - Expression: most mathematical functions and logical operators are supported
 - Image and band indexing starting at 1
- NDVI (vegetation index)
- >> otbcli_BandMath -il in.tif -out out.tif -exp
 « (im1b4-im1b3)/(im1b4+im1b3) »







Why we use OTB?

- Built on ITK and gdal
 - Recently upgraded to ITK V4
- Among the first to propose large data handling
 - Multithreading
 parallel processing
 - Streaming → No size limits
- Many recent algorithms have been implemented
- Use of generic programming







What we do with OTB?

- Time series processing
 - Time series analysis for MODIS, SPOT/VGT, MERIS and PROBA-V archives
- Supervised classification
 - Orthophotos of the walloon region
- Spatial analysis tools
 - Efficient map algebra based on muParser
 - « home made » tabulate area and zonal statistics
- Contribute with our own filters
 - Bayesian data fusion for image pansharpening







What we don't do with OTB?

- Image segmentation
 - Sorry, but the best software is not open source
 - Or is it?
- Accessing large stripes of images
 - E.g. topographic shadow, pixel area computation
 - GDAL has better memory handling for that purpose







Other projects using OTB at UCL

- SEN2AGRI (open source toolbox development, with CESBIO and CS)
- ESA Land Cover CCI (OTB part of classif workflow and conditions processing)





Conclusion

- Lifewatch aims at boosting biodiversity research through the distribution of open data and softwares
- OTB allowed us to process big data from remote sensing in order to tune thematic products for biodiversity models



