CS 325 Project 3: Linear Programming

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Problem 1

Problem 1 Part A Problem Statement

Determine the number of refrigerators to be shipped from plants to warehouses, and then warehouses to retailers to minimize the cost.

Problem 1 Part A Solution

- In all 1000 units will travel through the network at a minimum cost of \$17100.
- Ship 150 units from plant #1 to warehouse #1 at a cost of \$1500.
- Ship 200 units from plant #2 to warehouse #1 at a cost of \$2200.
- Ship 250 units from plant #2 to warehouse #2 at a cost of \$2000.
- Ship 150 units from plant #3 to warehouse #2 at a cost of \$1200.
- Ship 100 units from plant #3 to warehouse #3 at a cost of \$ 900.
- Ship 150 units from plant #4 to warehouse #3 at a cost of \$1200.
- Ship 100 units from warehouse #1 to retailer #1 at a cost of \$ 500.
- Ship 150 units from warehouse #1 to retailer #2 at a cost of \$ 900.
- Ship 100 units from warehouse #1 to retailer #3 at a cost of \$ 700.
- Ship 200 units from warehouse #2 to retailer #4 at a cost of \$1600.
- Ship 200 units from warehouse #2 to retailer #5 at a cost of \$2000.

- Ship 150 units from warehouse #3 to retailer #6 at a cost of \$1800.
- Ship 100 units from warehouse #3 to retailer #7 at a cost of \$ 600.
- 150 total units will leave plant #1 (capacity is 150).
- 450 total units will leave plant #2 (capacity is 450).
- 250 total units will leave plant #3 (capacity is 250).
- 150 total units will leave plant #4 (capacity is 150).
- 350 total units will enter warehouse #1, 350 units will leave.
- 400 total units will enter warehouse #2, 400 units will leave.
- 250 total units will enter warehouse #3, 250 units will leave.
- 100 total units will enter retailer #1 (demand is 100).
- 150 total units will enter retailer #2 (demand is 150).
- 100 total units will enter retailer #3 (demand is 100).
- 200 total units will enter retailer #4 (demand is 200).
- 200 total units will enter retailer #5 (demand is 200).
- 150 total units will enter retailer #6 (demand is 150).
- 100 total units will enter retailer #7 (demand is 100).

Problem 1 Part A Linear Program Formulation

- 1. Overall idea of problem
 - Refrigerators moving from n=4 plants to q=3 warehouses to m=7 retailers.
 - Not all plants deliver to all warehouses.
 - Not all warehouses deliver to all retailers.
 - Costs of shipping from plants to warehouses vary by pair.
 - Costs of shipping from warehouses to retailers vary by pair.
 - Each plant has a capacity in terms of number of refrigerators it can supply.
 - Each retailer has a capacity in terms of number of refrigerators it demands.
- 2. What is the goal? What are you trying to achieve?

- Determine optimal shipping routes (n to q and q to m).
- Determine number of refrigerators moving along each route (n to q and q to m).
- Satisfy the demand of the retailers.
- Minimize the cost.

3. Identify variables

- $cp_{ij} = cost$ of moving a refrigerator between plant i and warehouse j
 - ex. $cp_{32} = 8 = \cos t$ of moving from plant 3 to warehouse 2
 - 9 variables
- $cw_{jk} = \cos t$ of moving a refrigerator between warehouse j and retailer k
 - ex. $cp_{14} = 10 = \cos t$ of moving from warehouse 1 to retailer 4
 - 12 variables
- $s_i = \text{capacity (supply) of each plant}$
 - ex. $s_2 = 450 =$ number of refrigerators that plant 2 can supply
 - 4 variables
- $d_k = \text{capacity (demand) of each retailer}$
 - ex. $d_6 = 150 = \text{number of refrigerators that plant 6 demands}$
 - 7 variables
- np_{ij} = number of refrigerators shipped from plant i to warehouse j
 - 9 variables
- nw_{jk} = number of refrigerators shipped from warehouse j to retailer k
 - 12 variables

4. Identify constraints

- $s_1 \le 150$
- $s_2 \le 450$
- $s_3 \le 250$
- $s_4 \le 150$
- $d_1 \ge 100$
- $d_2 \ge 150$
- $d_3 \ge 100$
- $d_4 \ge 200$
- $d_5 \ge 200$
- $d_6 \ge 150$
- $d_7 \ge 100$

- $np_{11} + np_{21} + np_{31} = nw_{11} + nw_{12} + nw_{13} + nw_{14}$
- $np_{12} + np_{22} + np_{32} + np_{42} = nw_{23} + nw_{24} + nw_{25} + nw_{26}$
- $np_{33} + np_{43} = nw_{34} + nw_{35} + nw_{36} + nw_{37}$
- $s_1 = np_{11} + np_{12}$
- \bullet $s_2 = np_{21} + np_{22}$
- $\bullet \ \ s_3 = np_{31} + np_{32} + np_{33}$
- $s_4 = np_{42} + np_{43}$
- $d_1 = nw_{11}$
- $d_2 = nw_{12}$
- $d_3 = nw_{13} + nw_{23}$
- $\bullet \ d_4 = nw_{14} + nw_{24} + nw_{34}$
- $d_5 = nw_{25} + nw_{35}$
- $d_6 = nw_{26} + nw_{36}$
- $d_7 = nw_{37}$
- $np_{11} \ge 0$
- $np_{12} \ge 0$
- $np_{21} \ge 0$
- $np_{22} \ge 0$
- $np_{31} \ge 0$
- $np_{32} \ge 0$
- $np_{33} \ge 0$
- $np_{42} \ge 0$
- $np_{43} \ge 0$
- $nw_{11} \ge 0$
- $nw_{12} \ge 0$
- $nw_{13} \ge 0$
- $nw_{14} \ge 0$
- $nw_{23} \ge 0$
- $nw_{24} \ge 0$
- $nw_{25} \ge 0$
- $nw_{26} \ge 0$
- $nw_{34} \ge 0$
- $nw_{35} \ge 0$
- $nw_{36} \ge 0$

• $nw_{37} \ge 0$

5. Identify inputs and outputs that you can control

- \bullet np_{ij}
- nw_{jk}
- \bullet cost

6. Specify all quantities mathematically

- Many have been defined above already. A few more will be added here.
- $cost = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{q} np_{ij} * cp_{ij} + \sum_{j=1}^{q} \sum_{k=1}^{m} nw_{jk} * cw_{jk}$
- $cp_{11} = 10$
- $cp_{12} = 15$
- $cp_{21} = 11$
- $cp_{22} = 8$
- $cp_{31} = 13$
- $cp_{32} = 8$
- $cp_{33} = 9$
- $cp_{42} = 14$
- $cp_{43} = 8$
- $cw_{11} = 5$
- $cw_{12} = 6$
- $cw_{13} = 7$
- $cw_{14} = 10$
- $cw_{23} = 12$
- $cw_{24} = 8$
- $cw_{25} = 10$
- $cw_{26} = 14$
- $cw_{34} = 14$
- $cw_{35} = 12$
- $cw_{36} = 12$
- $cw_{37} = 6$

7. Check the model for completeness and correctness

• All variables are positive.

Problem 1 Part A Matlab Code

```
2 % reference: array index to variable mapping
3 % -----
  % (1) np11
5 % (2) np12
6 % (3) np21
7 % (4) np22
8 % (5) np31
9 % (6) np32
10 % (7) np33
11 % (8) np42
12 % (9) np43
13 % (10) nw11
14 % (11) nw12
15 % (12) nw13
16 % (13) nw14
17 % (14) nw23
18 % (15) nw24
19 % (16) nw25
20 % (17) nw26
21 % (18) nw34
22 % (19) nw35
23 % (20) nw36
24 % (21) nw37
25 % (22) s1
26 % (23) s2
27 % (24) s3
28 % (25) s4
29 % (26) d1
30 % (27) d2
31 % (28) d3
32 % (29) d4
33 % (30) d5
34 % (31) d6
35 % (32) d7
37 % -----
  % lower bounds vector
39 % note matlab arrays/vectors start at index 1 (not 0)
41 lb = zeros(32,1);
42 \text{ lb}(26) = 100; % d1
               % d2
13 \text{ lb}(27) = 150;
44 1b(28) = 100;
               % d3
45 	 1b(29) = 200;
                % d4
46 1b(30) = 200;
                % d5
47 	 lb(31) = 150;
               % d6
18 \text{ lb}(32) = 100;
               % d7
```

```
51 % upper bounds vector
52 % note matlab arrays/vectors start at index 1 (not 0)
_{54} ub = Inf(32,1);
ub(1) = 150; % np11
ub(2) = 150; % np12
_{57} ub (3) = 450;
                   % np21
ub(4) = 450;
                  % np22
ub(5) = 250;
                  % np31
60 \text{ ub}(6) = 250;
                  % np32
                  % np33
a_1 ub(7) = 250;
                  % np42
62 \text{ ub } (8) = 150;
63 \text{ ub } (9) = 150; \% \text{ np43}
64 \text{ ub}(22) = 150;
                  % s1
ub(23) = 450;
                   % s2
                  % s3
66 \text{ ub}(24) = 250;
_{67} ub (25) = 150;
                  % s4
70 % linear inequality matrix and vector
71 % note matlab arrays/vectors start at index 1 (not 0)
73 A = [];
74 b = [];
75
76 % -----
77 % linear equality matrix and vector
78 % note matlab arrays/vectors start at index 1 (not 0)
79 % 14 equations in 32 variables
   % -----
81 Aeq = zeros (14, 32);
82 \text{ beq} = zeros(14, 1);
83 %np11 + np21 + np31
                          = nw11 + nw12 + nw13 + nw14
84 %np11 + np21 + np31 - nw11 - nw12 - nw13 - nw14 = 0
85 Aeq(1,[1,3,5,10,11,12,13]) = [1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1];
86 \text{ %np12} + \text{np22} + \text{np32} + \text{np42} =
                                               nw23 + nw24 + nw25 + nw26
87 \text{ %np12} + \text{np22} + \text{np32} + \text{np42} - \text{nw23} - \text{nw24} - \text{nw25} - \text{nw26} = 0
88 Aeq(2,[2,4,6,8,14,15,16,17]) = [1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1];
                 np33 + np43 =
                                                       nw34 + nw35 + nw36 + nw37
90 \text{ %np33} + \text{np43} - \text{nw34} - \text{nw35} - \text{nw36} - \text{nw37} = 0
91 Aeq(3, [7, 9, 18, 19, 20, 21]) = [1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1];
92 %s1 = np11 + np12
93 \% s1 - np11 - np12 = 0
94 Aeq(4,[22,1,2]) = [1,-1,-1];
95 %s2 = np21 + np22
96 \% s2 - np21 - np22 = 0
97 Aeq(5,[23,3,4]) = [1,-1,-1];
98 \% s3 = np31 + np32 + np33
99 %s3 - np31 - np32 - np33 = 0
100 Aeq(6, [24, 5, 6, 7]) = [1, -1, -1, -1];
101 \% s4 = np42 + np43
102 \% s4 - np42 - np43 = 0
103 Aeq(7,[25,8,9]) = [1,-1,-1];
104 \% d1 = nw11
```

```
105 \% d1 - nw11 = 0
106 \text{ Aeq}(8,[26,10]) = [1,-1];
   %d2 = nw12
108 \% d2 - nw12 = 0
109 \text{ Aeq}(9,[27,11]) = [1,-1];
110 %d3 = nw13 + nw23
111 \% d3 - nw13 - nw23 = 0
112 Aeq(10, [28, 12, 14]) = [1, -1, -1];
113 %d4 = nw14 + nw24 + nw34
114 \% d4 - nw14 - nw24 - nw34 = 0
115 Aeq(11, [29, 13, 15, 18]) = [1, -1, -1, -1];
116 %d5 =
            nw25 + nw35
117 \% d5 - nw25 - nw35 = 0
118 Aeq(12, [30, 16, 19]) = [1, -1, -1];
   %d6 =
                nw26 + nw36
120 %d6 - nw26 - nw36 = 0
121 Aeq(13,[31,17,20]) = [1,-1,-1];
122 %d7 =
123 %d7 - nw37 = 0
Aeq(14, [32, 21]) = [1, -1];
125
126
   % objective function vector
127
   % note matlab arrays/vectors start at index 1 (not 0)
129
  f = zeros(32,1);
130
131 f(1) = 10;
                % np11(value in f is cp11)
132 f(2) = 15;
                 % np12(value in f is cp12)
133 f(3) = 11;
                 % np21(value in f is cp21)
134 f(4) = 8;
                  % np22(value in f is cp22)
135 f(5) = 13;
                 % np31(value in f is cp31)
136 f(6) = 8;
                 % np32(value in f is cp32)
                 % np33(value in f is cp33)
137 f(7) = 9;
                % np42(value in f is cp42)
138 f(8) = 14;
                 % np43(value in f is cp43)
139 f(9) = 8;
140 f(10) = 5;
                 % nw11(value in f is cw11)
                  % nw12(value in f is cw12)
141 f(11) = 6;
142 f(12) = 7;
                  % nw13(value in f is cw13)
143 f(13) = 10;
                 % nw14(value in f is cw14)
144 f(14) = 12;
                 % nw23(value in f is cw23)
145 f(15) = 8;
                  % nw24(value in f is cw24)
146 f(16) = 10;
                 % nw25(value in f is cw25)
147 f(17) = 14;
                 % nw26(value in f is cw26)
148 f(18) = 14;
                 % nw34(value in f is cw34)
149 f(19) = 12;
                  % nw35(value in f is cw35)
150 f(20) = 12;
                 % nw36(value in f is cw36)
  f(21) = 6;
                 % nw37(value in f is cw37)
151
152
153
   % call solver and obtain solution
   % -----
155
   [x \text{ fval}] = linprog(f, A, b, Aeq, beq, lb, ub);
156
157
```

```
% print the optimum shipping routes and min cost
   § ______
160
   fileID = fopen('partA.out','w');
161
   fprintf(fileID, '-----
   fprintf(fileID, 'Project 3 Problem 1 Part A Solution\n');
   fprintf(fileID, '-----
   fprintf(fileID, '\n');
165
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
166
       'a cost of \$4.0f.\n', x(1), 1, 1, x(1) * f(1);
167
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
168
       'a cost of \$4.0f.\n', x(2), 1, 2, x(2) * f(2);
169
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
170
       'a cost of \%4.0f.\n', x(3), 2, 1, x(3) * f(3);
171
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
172
       'a cost of \$\$4.0f.\n', x(4), 2, 2, x(4) * f(4);
173
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
       'a cost of \$4.0f.\n', x(5), 3, 1, x(5) * f(5));
175
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
176
       'a cost of %4.0f.\n', x(6), 3, 2, x(6) * f(6);
177
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
178
       'a cost of %4.0f.\n', x(7), 3, 3, x(7) * f(7);
179
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
180
       'a cost of %4.0f.\n', x(8), 4, 2, x(8) * f(8);
181
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from plant #%d to warehouse #%d at ', ...
182
       'a cost of 4.0f.\n', x(9), 4, 3, x(9) * f(9));
183
   fprintf(fileID, '\n');
184
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
185
       'at a cost of \$4.0f.\n', x(10), 1, 1, x(10) * f(10);
186
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
187
       'at a cost of %4.0f.\n', x(11), 1, 2, x(11) * f(11);
188
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
189
       'at a cost of 4.0f.\n', x(12), 1, 3, x(12) * f(12);
190
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
191
       'at a cost of 4.0f.\n', x(13), 1, 4, x(13) * f(13);
192
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
193
       'at a cost of \$4.0f.\n', x(14), 2, 3, x(14) * f(14);
194
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
195
       'at a cost of %4.0f.\n', x(15), 2, 4, x(15) * f(15));
196
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
197
       'at a cost of $%4.0f.\n', x(16), 2, 5, x(16) * f(16));
198
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
199
       'at a cost of $%4.0f.\n', x(17), 2, 6, x(17) * f(17));
200
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
201
       'at a cost of 4.0f.\n', x(18), 3, 4, x(18) * f(18);
202
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
203
       'at a cost of %4.0f.\n', x(19), 3, 5, x(19) * f(19);
204
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
205
       'at a cost of %4.0f.\n', x(20), 3, 6, x(20) * f(20));
206
   fprintf(fileID, 'Ship %3.0f units from warehouse #%d to retailer #%d ', ...
207
       'at a cost of 4.0f.\n', x(21), 3, 7, x(21) * f(21);
208
   fprintf(fileID, '\n');
209
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will leave plant #%d (capacity is ', ...
210
       '%3.0f).n', x(1) + x(2), 1, x(22));
211
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will leave plant #%d (capacity is ', ...
```

```
'%3.0f).n', x(3) + x(4), 2, x(23));
213
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will leave plant #%d (capacity is ', ...
214
       '%3.0f).\n', x(5) + x(6) + x(7), 3, x(24));
215
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will leave plant #%d (capacity is ', ...
216
       '%3.0f).\n', x(8) + x(9), 4, x(25));
217
   fprintf(fileID, '\n');
218
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter warehouse #%d, %3.0f ', ...
219
        'units will leave. n', x(1) + x(3) + x(5), 1, ...
220
       x(10) + x(11) + x(12) + x(13);
221
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter warehouse #%d, %3.0f ', ...
222
        'units will leave. n', x(2) + x(4) + x(6) + x(8), 2,
223
       x(14) + x(15) + x(16) + x(17));
224
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter warehouse #%d, %3.0f ', ...
225
       'units will leave.\n', x(7) + x(9), 3, ...
226
       x(18) + x(19) + x(20) + x(21);
227
   fprintf(fileID, '\n')
228
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter retailer #%d (demand ', ...
229
       'is %3.0f).\n', x(10), 1, x(26));
230
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter retailer #%d (demand ', ...
231
       'is %3.0f).\n', x(11), 2, x(27));
232
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter retailer #%d (demand ', ...
233
234
       'is 3.0f).\n', x(12) + x(14), 3, x(28));
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter retailer #%d (demand ', ...
235
       'is 3.0f).\n', x(13) + x(15) + x(18), 4, x(29));
236
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter retailer #%d (demand ', ...
237
       'is 3.0f).\n', x(16) + x(19), 5, x(30));
238
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter retailer #%d (demand ', ...
239
       'is 3.0f).\n', x(17) + x(20), 6, x(31));
240
   fprintf(fileID, '%3.0f total units will enter retailer #%d (demand ', ...
       'is %3.0f).\n', x(21), 7, x(32));
242
   fprintf(fileID, '\n')
   total = x(22) + x(23) + x(24) + x(25);
244
   fprintf(fileID, 'In all %3.0f units will travel through the network ', ...
       'at a minimum cost of $%5.0f.\n', total, fval);
246
   fclose(fileID);
```

Problem 2

Part A

Determine the combination of ingredients that minimizes calories but meets all nutritional requirements.

i. Formulate the problem as a linear program with an objective function and all constraints.

We can formulate this problem as the following linear program:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & 21 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 16 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 40 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 41 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 585 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 120 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 164 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 884 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \\ \\ \text{subject to} & -0.85 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 1.62 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 2.86 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 0.93 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 23.4 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 16 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 9 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 0 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq -15, \\ \\ & -0.33 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 0.2 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 0.39 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 0.24 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 48.7 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 5 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 2.6 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 100 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq -2, \\ \\ & 0.33 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 0.2 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 0.39 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.24 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 48.7 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 5 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 2.6 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 100 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq 8, \\ \\ & - 4.64 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 2.37 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 3.63 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 9.58 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 15 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 3 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 27 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 0 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq -4, \\ \\ & 9 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 28 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 65 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 69 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 3.8 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 120 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 78 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 0 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq 200, \\ \\ & 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 0.6 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 0.6 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq 0, \\ \\ & - w_{\text{tomato}} \leq 0 \\ \\ & - w_{\text{spinach}} \leq 0 \\ \\ & - w_{\text{oil}} \leq 0 \\ \\ & - w_{\text{oil}} \leq 0 \\ \\ \\ & - w_{\text{oil}} \leq 0 \\ \\ \\ & - w_{\text{oil}} \leq 0 \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$$

where the w parameters are the weight of each ingredient, in 100's of grams. The equations, from top to bottom, are:

- 1) Minimize total calories
- 2) Subject to total protein ≥ 15 grams
- 3) Subject to total fat ≥ 2 grams
- 4) Subject to total fat ≤ 8 grams

- 5) Subject to total carbohydrates ≥ 4 grams
- 6) Subject to total sodium ≤ 200 milligrams
- 7) Subject to total leafy green mass $\geq 40\%$ of total mass
- 8) Subject to individual ingredient weights ≥ 0
- ii. Determine the optimal solution for the linear program using any software you want. Include a copy of the code/file in the report.

The following MATLAB code was used to generate the solution:

where X stores the resulting weights of ingredients (in 100's of grams), FVAL stores the minimized number of calories, and EXITFLAG stores the status of the linprog optimization.

iii. What is the cost of the low calorie salad?

The optimal low calorie salad contains the following weights of ingredients (in 100's of grams):

```
w_{
m tomato} pprox 0
w_{
m lettuce} pprox 0.5855
w_{
m spinach} pprox 0
w_{
m carrot} pprox 0
w_{
m sunflower seed} pprox 0
w_{
m smoked tofu} pprox 0.8782
w_{
m chickpea} pprox 0
w_{
m oil} pprox 0
```

The optimal low calorie salad costs approximately \$2.33. It contains approximately 114.75 kcal

Part B

Veronica realizes that it is also important to minimize the cost associated with the new salad. Unfortunately some of the ingredients can be expensive. Determine the combination of ingredients that minimizes cost.

i. Formulate the problem as a linear program with an objective function and all constraints. We can formulate this problem as the following linear program:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & 1 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 0.75 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 0.5 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.5 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 0.45 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 2.15 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 0.95 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 2.00 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \\ \end{array} \\ \text{subject to} & - 0.85 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 1.62 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 2.86 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 0.93 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 23.4 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 16 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 9 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 0 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq -15, \\ & - 0.33 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 0.2 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 0.39 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 0.24 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 48.7 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 5 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 2.6 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 100 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq -2, \\ & 0.33 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 0.2 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 0.39 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.24 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 48.7 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 5 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 2.6 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 100 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq 8, \\ & - 4.64 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 2.37 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 3.63 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 9.58 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 15 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 3 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 27 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 0 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq -4, \\ & 9 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 28 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 65 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 69 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 3.8 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 120 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 78 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 0 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq 200, \\ & 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 0.6 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 0.6 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{oil}} \leq 0, \\ & - w_{\text{tomato}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{tomato}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{smoked tofu}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{smoked tofu}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{smoked tofu}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{chickpea}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{chickpea}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{oil}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{chickpea}} \leq 0$$

where the w parameters are the weight of each ingredient, in 100's of grams. The equations, from top to bottom, are:

- 1) Minimize total cost
- 2) Subject to total protein ≥ 15 grams
- 3) Subject to total fat ≥ 2 grams
- 4) Subject to total fat ≤ 8 grams
- 5) Subject to total carbohydrates > 4 grams
- 6) Subject to total sodium ≤ 200 milligrams
- 7) Subject to total leafy green mass $\geq 40\%$ of total mass
- 8) Subject to individual ingredient weights ≥ 0
- ii. Determine the optimal solution for the linear program using any software you want. Include a copy of the code/file in the report.

The following MATLAB code was used to generate the solution:

where X stores the resulting weights of ingredients (in 100's of grams), FVAL stores the minimized number of calories, and EXITFLAG stores the status of the linprog optimization.

iii. How many calories are in the low cost salad?

The optimal low cost salad contains the following weights of ingredients (in 100's of grams):

```
w_{
m tomato}pprox 0
w_{
m lettuce}pprox 0
w_{
m spinach}pprox 0.8323
w_{
m carrot}pprox 0
w_{
m sunflower\ seed}pprox 0.0961
w_{
m smoked\ tofu}pprox 0
w_{
m chickpea}pprox 1.1524
w_{
m oil}pprox 0
```

The optimal low calorie salad costs approximately \$2.33. It contains approximately 278.49 kcal

Part C

Compare the results from part A and B. Veronicas goal is to create a Very Veggie Salad that is both low calorie and low cost. She would like to sell the salad for \$5.00 and still have a profit of at least \$3.00. However if she can advertise that the salad has under 250 calories then she may be able to sell more.

i. Suggest some possible ways that she select a combination of ingredients that is near optimal for both objectives. This is a type of multi-objective optimization.

What Veronica should do is attempt to find a "pareto optimal" solution that accounts for both calories and cost. In order to do this, she should introduce a new parameter λ to her optimization formulation. In essence, she would like to:

minimize
$$(1 - \lambda) \cdot \text{CALORIES} + \lambda \cdot \text{PRICE}$$

subject to CONSTRAINTS

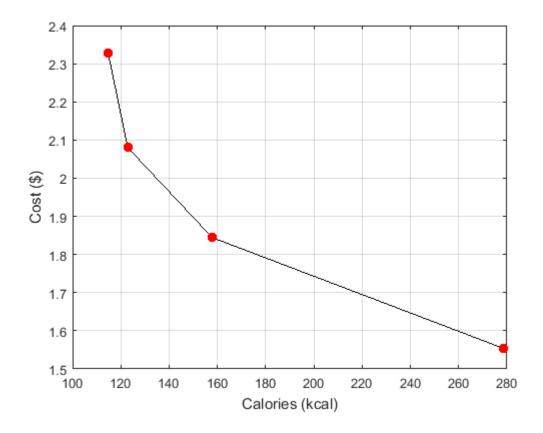
for values of λ between 0 and 1. When $\lambda=0$, she will be finding the minimum calorie combination of ingredients. When $\lambda=1$, she will be finding the minimum price combination of ingredients. For all values of λ inbetween, she will be finding the "pareto optimal" combination of ingredients. So, she should solve the optimization problem for values of λ between 0 and 1. She can then examine these pareto optimal combinations of ingredients to determine which would best meet her goals of \$3.00 profit and under 250 calories.

We can express this as the following linear program:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & (1-\lambda) \cdot (21 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 16 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 40 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 41 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 585 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 120 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 164 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 884 \cdot w_{\text{oii}}) \\ & + \lambda \cdot (1 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 0.75 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 0.5 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.5 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 0.45 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 2.15 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 0.95 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 2.00 \cdot w_{\text{oii}}) \\ & \text{subject to} & - 0.85 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 1.62 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 2.86 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 0.93 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 23.4 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 16 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 9 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 0 \cdot w_{\text{oii}} \leq -15, \\ & - 0.33 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 0.2 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 0.39 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 0.24 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 48.7 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 5 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 2.6 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 100 \cdot w_{\text{oii}} \leq -2, \\ & 0.33 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 0.2 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 0.39 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.24 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 48.7 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 5 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 2.6 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 100 \cdot w_{\text{oii}} \leq 8, \\ & - 4.64 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 2.37 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 3.63 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} - 9.58 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & - 15 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} - 3 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} - 27 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} - 0 \cdot w_{\text{oii}} \leq -4, \\ & 9 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} + 28 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} + 65 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 69 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 3.8 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 120 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 78 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 0 \cdot w_{\text{oii}} \leq 200, \\ & 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{tomato}} - 0.6 \cdot w_{\text{lettuce}} - 0.6 \cdot w_{\text{spinach}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{carrot}} \\ & + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{sunflower seed}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{smoked tofu}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{chickpea}} + 0.4 \cdot w_{\text{oii}} \leq 0, \\ & - w_{\text{tomato}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{spinach}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{smoked tofu}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{smoked tofu}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{sunflower seed}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{chickpea}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{oii}} \leq 0 \\ & - w_{\text{oii}}$$

ii. What combination of ingredient would you suggest and what is the associated cost and calorie.

Varying λ between 0 and 1, and solving the resulting optimization problems, we obtain the following pareto optimal combinations of total calories and total price:



Based on this result, I would suggest the following combination of ingredients:

$$w_{
m tomato} pprox 0$$
 $w_{
m lettuce} pprox 0$
 $w_{
m spinach} pprox 0.5346$
 $w_{
m carrot} pprox 0$
 $w_{
m sunflower seed} pprox 0.0865$
 $w_{
m smoked tofu} pprox 0.7154$
 $w_{
m chickpea} pprox 0$
 $w_{
m oil} pprox 0$

This pareto optimal salad costs approximately \$1.84. It contains approximately 157.86 kcal. This meets both of Veronicas goals.

iii. Note: There is not one right answer. Discuss how you derived your solution.

The following MATLAB code was used to derive the answer, based on the discussion above.

```
1 lambda = 0:0.0005:1;
```

17

```
3 for j = 1:numel(lambda)
       L = lambda(j);
       f1 = [21, 16, 40, 41, 585, 120, 164, 884];
5
       f2 = [1, 0.75, 0.5, 0.5, 0.45, 2.15, 0.95, 2.0];
       f = (1 - L) * f1 + L * f2;
8
       A = [-0.85, -1.62, -2.86, -0.93, -23.4, -16, -9, 0]
10
           -0.33, -0.2, -0.39, -0.24, -48.7, -5, -2.6, -100;
11
           0.33, 0.2, 0.39, 0.24, 48.7, 5, 2.6, 100;
12
           -4.64, -2.37, -3.63, -9.58, -15, -3, -27, 0;
13
           9, 28, 65, 69, 3.8, 120, 78, 0;
           0.4, -0.6, -0.6, 0.4, 0.4, 0.4, 0.4, 0.4;
15
           -eye(8)];
16
17
       b = [-15; -2; 8; -4; 200; 0; zeros(8,1)];
19
       [X, FVAL, EXITFLAG] = linprog(f, A, b);
20
21
       calories_per_ingredient = [21, 16, 40, 41, 585, 120, 164, 884];
       cost_per_ingredient = [1, 0.75, 0.5, 0.5, 0.45, 2.15, 0.95, 2];
23
       if (EXITFLAG == 1)
           cost(j) = cost_per_ingredient * X;
26
           calories(j) = calories_per_ingredient * X;
27
       else
28
           cost(j) = NaN;
           calories(j) = NaN;
30
31
       end
32 end
34 figure(1)
35 title('Cost vs. Calorie Optimization')
36 plot(calories, cost, 'k-')
37 hold on
38 plot(calories, cost, 'r.', 'markersize', 25)
39 grid on
40 xlabel('Calories (kcal)')
41 ylabel('Cost ($)')
```

Problem 3

- a) What are the lengths of the shortest paths from vertex a to all other vertices?
- b) If a vertex z is added to the graph for which there is no path from vertex a to vertex z, what will be the result when you attempt to find the lengths of shortest paths as in part a).
- c) What are the lengths of the shortest paths from each vertex to vertex m? How can you solve this problem with just one linear program?

d) Suppose that all paths must pass through vertex i. How can you calculate the length of the shortest path from any vertex x to vertex y that pass through vertex i (for all $x, y \in V$)? Calculate the lengths of these paths for the given graph. (Note: for some vertices x and y, it may be impossible to pass through vertex i).