# Лабораторная работа №9

## Задание 3

```
A = [0 1 0 0;
-1 0 0 0;
0 0 0 8;
0 0 -8 0]
```

```
B = [0; 7; 0; 6]
```

```
B = 4×1
0
7
0
6
```

$$C = [0 \ 4 \ 1 \ 0]$$

## Определяем собственные числа

## eig(A)

ans = 4×1 complex 0.0000 + 1.0000i 0.0000 - 1.0000i 0.0000 + 8.0000i 0.0000 - 8.0000i

Выберем различные значения желаемой степени устойчивости α

```
a_1 = 7
```

a\_1 = 7

 $a_2 = 2$ 

$$a_3 = 0.05$$

 $a_3 = 0.0500$ 

#### Далее решаем неравенства Ляпунова

$$x_0 = [1; 1; 1; 1]$$

```
m = 25
cvx begin sdp
variable 0(4, 4)
variable Y(4, 1)
variable P(4, 4)
variable Y1(1, 4)
variable m
minimize m
Q > 0.00001*eye(4);
Warning: The use of strict inequalities in CVX is strongly discouraged,
   because solvers treat them as non-strict inequalities. Please
   consider using ">=" instead.
Warning: This linear matrix inequality appears to be unsymmetric. This is
very likely an error that will produce unexpected results. Please check
the LMI; and, if necessary, re-enter the model.
%P > 0.00001*eye(4);
A'*Q + Q*A + 2*a_3*Q + C'*Y'+Y*C <= 0;
Warning: This linear matrix inequality appears to be unsymmetric. This is
very likely an error that will produce unexpected results. Please check
the LMI; and, if necessary, re-enter the model.
P*A' + A*P + 2*a 3*P + Y1'*B' + B*Y1 <= 0;
%[P \times 0;
    x_0' 1 > 0;
%[P Y1';
  Y1 m] > 0;
cvx end
Calling SDPT3 4.0: 41 variables, 6 equality constraints
 num. of constraints = 6
 \dim. of sdp var = 8, num. of sdp blk = 2
 dim. of free var = 21 *** convert ublk to lblk
*************************
  SDPT3: Infeasible path-following algorithms
**************************
 version predcorr gam expon scale_data
  HKM 1 0.000 1
                            0
it pstep dstep pinfeas dinfeas gap
                                    prim-obj
                                                dual-obj
                                                            cputime
______
 0|0.000|0.000|1.9e+01|1.2e+02|7.6e+04| 1.151562e-09 0.000000e+00| 0:0:00| chol 1 1
 1|1.000|0.690|1.4e-04|3.7e+01|5.8e+03|-3.996753e+00 2.114563e-05| 0:0:00| chol 1
 2|1.000|0.907|1.5e-04|3.5e+00|1.8e+02|-7.311278e+00 1.955106e-06| 0:0:00| chol 1
 3|1.000|0.181|2.3e-05|3.6e+00|2.0e+02|-2.360179e+02 1.587137e-06| 0:0:00| chol 1 1
 4|1.000|0.223|3.5e-05|2.8e+00|2.1e+02|-4.023365e+03 1.223228e-06| 0:0:00| chol 1 1
 5|1.000|0.023|2.1e-06|3.5e+00|2.0e+06|-6.448467e+06 1.194653e-06|0:0:00| chol 1 1
 6|1.000|0.004|1.1e-04|4.3e+00|7.2e+07|-1.195940e+08 7.475224e-07| 0:0:00| chol 1 1
 7|1.000|0.053|7.8e-06|4.9e+00|7.0e+08|-8.562726e+08 1.180751e-06| 0:0:00| chol 1 1
 8|1.000|0.322|1.9e-05|3.3e+00|1.0e+09|-4.265991e+09 5.323317e-07| 0:0:00| chol 1 1
 9|1.000|0.171|1.8e-05|3.5e+00|3.9e+10|-1.229234e+11 5.575711e-07| 0:0:00| chol 1 1
10|1.000|0.070|2.0e-05|4.1e+00|1.1e+12|-2.099016e+12 6.223356e-07| 0:0:00| chol 1 2
11|1.000|0.132|3.6e-04|4.3e+00|1.1e+13|-1.762831e+13 3.557674e-07| 0:0:00| chol 2 2
```

```
12|1.000|0.126|1.6e-02|4.6e+00|8.7e+13|-1.191202e+14 4.665500e-07| 0:0:00| chol 2 2
13|1.000|0.336|7.6e-03|3.1e+00|1.0e+14|-6.789586e+14 2.082412e-07|0:0:00| chol 2 2
 stop: primal infeas has deteriorated too much, 1.7e-01
14|1.000|0.114|7.6e-03|3.1e+00|1.0e+14|-6.789586e+14 2.082412e-07| 0:0:00|
 prim inf, dual inf, relgap = 7.58e-03, 3.06e+00, 1.50e-01
 sqlp stop: dual problem is suspected of being infeasible
 _____
number of iterations = 14
residual of dual infeasibility
certificate X = 1.88e-06
reldist to infeas. <= 3.82e-08
Total CPU time (secs) = 0.13
CPU time per iteration = 0.01
termination code = 2
DIMACS: 3.5e-05 0.0e+00 3.4e+00 0.0e+00 -1.0e+00 5.2e-02
Status: Unbounded
Optimal value (cvx_optval): -Inf
%m
```

#### И находим матриу реглятора К:

```
%K = Y1*inv(P)
L = inv(Q)*Y
L = 4×1
```

0.2086 -0.5418

-1.1200

-0.4154

### Далее определим корни матрицы А+ВК:

```
LC = eig(A+L*C)

LC = 4×1 complex
-1.0617 + 0.8574i
-1.0617 - 0.8574i
-0.5818 + 8.0303i
-0.5818 - 8.0303i

%BK = eig(A+B*K)
```