

OVP Guide to Using Processor Models

Model specific information for ARM_ARM1176JZ-S

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Model Release Status

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Overview

This document provides the details of an OVP Fast Processor Model variant.

OVP Fast Processor Models are written in C and provide a C API for use in C based platforms. The models also provide a native interface for use in SystemC TLM2 platforms.

The models are written using the OVP VMI API that provides a Virtual Machine Interface that defines the behavior of the processor. The VMI API makes a clear line between model and simulator allowing very good optimization and world class high speed performance. Most models are provided as a binary shared object and also as source. This allows the download and use of the model binary or the use of the source to explore and modify the model.

The models are run through an extensive QA and regression testing process and most model families are validated using technology provided by the processor IP owners. There is a companion document (OVP Guide to Using Processor Models) which explains the general concepts of OVP Fast Processor Models and their use. It is downloadable from the OVPworld website documentation pages.

1.1 Description

ARM Processor Model

1.2 Licensing

Usage of binary model under license governing simulator usage.

Note that for models of ARM CPUs the license includes the following terms:

Licensee is granted a non-exclusive, worldwide, non-transferable, revocable licence to:

If no source is being provided to the Licensee: use and copy only (no modifications rights are granted) the model for the sole purpose of designing, developing, analyzing, debugging, testing, verifying, validating and optimizing software which: (a) (i) is for ARM based systems; and (ii) does not incorporate the ARM Models or any part thereof; and (b) such ARM Models may not be used

to emulate an ARM based system to run application software in a production or live environment.

If source code is being provided to the Licensee: use, copy and modify the model for the sole purpose of designing, developing, analyzing, debugging, testing, verifying, validating and optimizing software which: (a) (i) is for ARM based systems; and (ii) does not incorporate the ARM Models or any part thereof; and (b) such ARM Models may not be used to emulate an ARM based system to run application software in a production or live environment.

In the case of any Licensee who is either or both an academic or educational institution the purposes shall be limited to internal use.

Except to the extent that such activity is permitted by applicable law, Licensee shall not reverse engineer, decompile, or disassemble this model. If this model was provided to Licensee in Europe, Licensee shall not reverse engineer, decompile or disassemble the Model for the purposes of error correction.

The License agreement does not entitle Licensee to manufacture in silicon any product based on this model.

The License agreement does not entitle Licensee to use this model for evaluating the validity of any ARM patent.

Source of model available under separate Imperas Software License Agreement.

1.3 Limitations

Instruction pipelines are not modeled in any way. All instructions are assumed to complete immediately. This means that instruction barrier instructions (e.g. ISB, CP15ISB) are treated as NOPs, with the exception of any undefined instruction behavior, which is modeled. The model does not implement speculative fetch behavior. The branch cache is not modeled.

Caches and write buffers are not modeled in any way. All loads, fetches and stores complete immediately and in order, and are fully synchronous (as if the memory was of Strongly Ordered or Device-nGnRnE type). Data barrier instructions (e.g. DSB, CP15DSB) are treated as NOPs, with the exception of any undefined instruction behavior, which is modeled. Cache manipulation instructions are implemented as NOPs, with the exception of any undefined instruction behavior, which is modeled.

Real-world timing effects are not modeled: all instructions are assumed to complete in a single cycle.

TLBs are architecturally-accurate but not device accurate. This means that all TLB maintenance and address translation operations are fully implemented but the cache is larger than in the real device.

1.4 Verification

Models have been extensively tested by Imperas. ARM11 models have been successfully used by customers to simulate Linux and Nucleus on ArmIntegrator virtual platforms.

1.5 Features

The precise set of implemented features in the model is defined by ID registers. Use overrides to modify these if required (for example override_PFR0 or override_AA64PFR0_EL1).

1.5.1 Core Features

Thumb instructions are supported.

Trivial Jazelle extension is implemented.

Vectored Interrupt Controller Port (VIC port) is implemented.

1.5.2 Memory System

FCSE extension is implemented.

Security extensions are implemented (also known as TrustZone). Non-secure accesses can be made visible externally by connecting the processor to a 41-bit physical bus, in which case bits 39..0 give the true physical address and bit 40 is the NS bit.

VMSA secure and non-secure address translation is implemented.

TLB behavior is controlled by parameter ASIDCacheSize. If this parameter is 0, then an unlimited number of TLB entries will be maintained concurrently. If this parameter is non-zero, then only TLB entries for up to ASIDCacheSize different ASIDs will be maintained concurrently initially; as new ASIDs are used, TLB entries for less-recently used ASIDs are deleted, which improves model performance in some cases (especially when 16-bit ASIDs are in use). If the model detects that the TLB entry cache is too small (entry ejections are very frequent), it will increase the cache size automatically. In this variant, ASIDCacheSize is 8

2 ITCMs are implemented.

2 DTCMs are implemented.

For each TCM, a corresponding bus port is present. If parameter "useInternalTCMs" is True, TCMs are modelled internally and the port is a target port, allowing TCM contents to be examined and updated externally. Otherwise, if parameter "useInternalTCMs" is False, the corresponding port is an initiator port to which an external TCM memory model must be connected.

1.6 Debug Mask

It is possible to enable model debug features in various categories. This can be done statically using the "override_debugMask" parameter, or dynamically using the "debugflags" command. Enabled debug features are specified using a bitmask value, as follows:

Value 0x004: enable debugging of MMU/MPU mappings.

Value 0x080: enable debugging of all system register accesses.

Value 0x100: enable debugging of all traps of system register accesses.

Value 0x200: enable verbose debugging of other miscellaneous behavior (for example, the reason why a particular instruction is undefined).

Value 0x400: enable debugging of Performance Monitor timers

Value 0x800: enable dynamic validation of TLB entries against in-memory page table contents (finds some classes of error where page table entries are updated without a subsequent flush of affected TLB entries).

All other bits in the debug bitmask are reserved and must not be set to non-zero values.

1.7 AArch32 Unpredictable Behavior

Many AArch32 instruction behaviors are described in the ARM ARM as CONSTRAINED UN-PREDICTABLE. This section describes how such situations are handled by this model.

1.7.1 Equal Target Registers

Some instructions allow the specification of two target registers (for example, double-width SMULL, or some VMOV variants), and such instructions are CONSTRAINED UNPREDICTABLE if the same target register is specified in both positions. In this model, such instructions are treated as UNDEFINED.

1.7.2 Floating Point Load/Store Multiple Lists

Instructions that load or store a list of floating point registers (e.g. VSTM, VLDM, VPUSH, VPOP) are CONSTRAINED UNPREDICTABLE if either the uppermost register in the specified range is greater than 32 or (for 64-bit registers) if more than 16 registers are specified. In this model, such instructions are treated as UNDEFINED.

1.7.3 Floating Point VLD[2-4]/VST[2-4] Range Overflow

Instructions that load or store a fixed number of floating point registers (e.g. VST2, VLD2) are CONSTRAINED UNPREDICTABLE if the upper register bound exceeds the number of implemented floating point registers. In this model, these instructions load and store using modulo 32 indexing (consistent with AArch64 instructions with similar behavior).

1.7.4 If-Then (IT) Block Constraints

Where the behavior of an instruction in an if-then (IT) block is described as CONSTRAINED UNPREDICTABLE, this model treats that instruction as UNDEFINED.

1.7.5 Use of R13

In architecture variants before ARMv8, use of R13 was described as CONSTRAINED UNPRE-DICTABLE in many circumstances. From ARMv8, most of these situations are no longer considered unpredictable. This model allows R13 to be used like any other GPR, consistent with the ARMv8 specification.

1.7.6 Use of R15

Use of R15 is described as CONSTRAINED UNPREDICTABLE in many circumstances. This model allows such use to be configured using the parameter "unpredictableR15" as follows:

Value "undefined": any reference to R15 in such a situation is treated as UNDEFINED;

Value "nop": any reference to R15 in such a situation causes the instruction to be treated as a NOP:

Value "raz_wi": any reference to R15 in such a situation causes the instruction to be treated as a RAZ/WI (that is, R15 is read as zero and write-ignored);

Value "execute": any reference to R15 in such a situation is executed using the current value of R15 on read, and writes to R15 are allowed (but are not interworking).

Value "assert": any reference to R15 in such a situation causes the simulation to halt with an assertion message (allowing any such unpredictable uses to be easily identified).

In this variant, the default value of "unpredictable R15" is "undefined".

1.7.7 Unpredictable Instructions in Some Modes

Some instructions are described as CONSTRAINED UNPREDICTABLE in some modes only (for example, MSR accessing SPSR is CONSTRAINED UNPREDICTABLE in User and System modes). This model allows such use to be configured using the parameter "unpredictableModal", which can have values "undefined" or "nop". See the previous section for more information about the meaning of these values.

In this variant, the default value of "unpredictableModal" is "nop".

1.8 Integration Support

This model implements a number of non-architectural pseudo-registers and other features to facilitate integration.

1.8.1 Memory Transaction Query

Three registers are intended for use within memory callback functions to provide additional information about the current memory access. Register transactPL indicates the processor execution level of the current access (0-3). Note that for load/store translate instructions (e.g. LDRT, STRT)

the reported execution level will be 0, indicating an EL0 access. Register transactAT indicates the type of memory access: 0 for a normal read or write; and 1 for a physical access resulting from a page table walk. Register atomicType indicates whether the current instruction has any special atomic constraints (0 indicates no constraint, 1 indicates atomic, 2 indicates exclusive access).

1.8.2 Page Table Walk Query

A banked set of registers provides information about the most recently completed page table walk. There are up to six banks of registers: bank 0 is for stage 1 walks, bank 1 is for stage 2 walks, and banks 2-5 are for stage 2 walks initiated by stage 1 level 0-3 entry lookups, respectively. Banks 1-5 are present only for processors with virtualization extensions. The currently active bank can be set using register PTWBankSelect. Register PTWBankValid is a bitmask indicating which banks contain valid data: for example, the value 0xb indicates that banks 0, 1 and 3 contain valid data.

Within each bank, there are registers that record addresses and values read during that page table walk. Register PTWBase records the table base address, register PTWInput contains the input address that starts a walk, register PTWOutput contains the result address and register PTWPgSize contains the page size (PTWOutput and PTWPgSize are valid only if the page table walk completes). Registers PTWAddressL0-PTWAddressL3 record the addresses of level 0 to level 3 entries read, respectively. Register PTWAddressValid is a bitmask indicating which address registers contain valid data: bits 0-3 indicate PTWAddressL0-PTWAddressL3, respectively, bit 4 indicates PTWBase, bit 5 indicates PTWInput, bit 6 indicates both PTWOutput and PTWPgSize. For example, the value 0x73 indicates that PTWBase, PTWInput, PTWOutput, PTWPgSize and PTWAddressL0-L1 are valid but PTWAddressL2-L3 are not. Register PTWAddressNS is a bitmask indicating whether an address is in non-secure memory: bits 0-3 indicate PTWAddressL0-PTWAddressL3, respectively, bit 4 indicates PTWBase, bit 6 indicates PTWOutput (PTWInput is a VA and thus has no secure/non-secure info). Registers PTWValueL0-PTWValueL3 contain page table entry values read at level 0 to level 3. Register PTWValueValid is a bitmask indicating which value registers contain valid data: bits 0-3 indicate PTWValueL0-PTWValueL3, respectively.

1.8.3 Artifact Page Table Walks

Registers are also available to enable a simulation environment to initiate an artifact page table walk (for example, to determine the ultimate PA corresponding to a given VA). Register PTWI_EL1S initiates a secure EL1 table walk for a fetch. Register PTWD_EL1S initiates a secure EL1 table walk for a load or store (note that current ARM processors have unified TLBs, so these registers are synonymous). Registers PTW[ID]_EL1NS initiate walks for non-secure EL1 accesses. Registers PTW[ID]_EL2 initiate EL2 walks. Registers PTW[ID]_S2 initiate stage 2 walks. Registers PTW[ID]_EL3 initiate AArch64 EL3 walks. Finally, registers PTW[ID]_current initiate current-mode walks (useful in a memory callback context). Each walk fills the query registers described above.

1.8.4 MMU and Page Table Walk Events

Two events are available that allow a simulation environment to be notified on MMU and page table walk actions. Event mmuEnable triggers when any MMU is enabled or disabled. Event

page Table Walk triggers on completion of any page table walk (including artifact walks).

1.8.5 Artifact Address Translations

A simulation environment can trigger an artifact address translation operation by writing to the architectural address translation registers (e.g. ATS1CPR). The results of such translations are written to an integration support register artifactPAR, instead of the architectural PAR register. This means that such artifact writes will not perturb architectural state.

1.8.6 TLB Invalidation

A simulation environment can cause TLB state for one or more address translation regimes in the processor to be flushed by writing to the artifact register ResetTLBs. The argument is a bitmask value, in which non-zero bits select the TLBs to be flushed, as follows:

Bit 0: EL0/EL1 stage 1 secure TLB

Bit 1: EL0/EL1 stage 1 non-secure TLB

1.8.7 Halt Reason Introspection

An artifact register HaltReason can be read to determine the reason or reasons that a processor is halted. This register is a bitfield, with the following encoding: bit 0 indicates the processor has executed a wait-for-event (WFE) instruction; bit 1 indicates the processor has executed a wait-for-interrupt (WFI) instruction; and bit 2 indicates the processor is held in reset.

1.8.8 System Register Access Monitor

If parameter "enableSystemMonitorBus" is True, an artifact 32-bit bus "SystemMonitor" is enabled for each PE. Every system register read or write by that PE is then visible as a read or write on this artifact bus, and can therefore be monitored using callbacks installed in the client environment (use opBusReadMonitorAdd/opBusWriteMonitorAdd or icmAddBusReadCallback/icmAddBusWriteCallback, depending on the client API). The format of the address on the bus is as follows:

bits 31:26 - zero

bit 25 - 1 if AArch64 access, 0 if AArch32 access

bit 24 - 1 if non-secure access, 0 if secure access

bits 23:20 - CRm value

bits 19:16 - CRn value

bits 15:12 - op2 value

bits 11:8 - op1 value

bits 7:4 - op0 value (AArch64) or coprocessor number (AArch32)

bits 3:0 - zero

As an example, to view non-secure writes to writes to CNTFRQ_EL0 in AArch64 state, install a write monitor on address range 0x020e0330:0x020e0333.

1.8.9 System Register Implementation

If parameter "enableSystemBus" is True, an artifact 32-bit bus "System" is enabled for each PE. Slave callbacks installed on this bus can be used to implement modified system register behavior (use opBusSlaveNew or icmMapExternalMemory, depending on the client API). The format of the address on the bus is the same as for the system monitor bus, described above.

Configuration

2.1 Location

This model's VLNV is arm.ovpworld.org/processor/arm/1.0.

The model source is usually at:

\$IMPERAS_HOME/ImperasLib/source/arm.ovpworld.org/processor/arm/1.0

The model binary is usually at:

\$IMPERAS_HOME/lib/\$IMPERAS_ARCH/ImperasLib/arm.ovpworld.org/processor/arm/1.0

2.2 GDB Path

The default GDB for this model is: \$IMPERAS_HOME/lib/\$IMPERAS_ARCH/gdb/arm-none-eabi-gdb.

2.3 Semi-Host Library

The default semi-host library file is arm.ovpworld.org/semihosting/armNewlib/1.0

2.4 Processor Endian-ness

This is a LITTLE endian model.

2.5 QuantumLeap Support

This processor is qualified to run in a QuantumLeap enabled simulator.

2.6 Processor ELF code

The ELF code supported by this model is: 0x28.

All Variants in this model

This model has these variants

Variant	Description
ARMv4T	
ARMv4xM	
ARMv4	
ARMv4TxM	
ARMv5xM	
ARMv5	
ARMv5TxM	
ARMv5T	
ARMv5TExP	
ARMv5TE	
ARMv5TEJ	
ARMv6	
ARMv6K	
ARMv6T2	
ARMv6KZ	
ARMv7	
ARM7TDMI	
ARM7EJ-S	
ARM720T	
ARM920T	
ARM922T	
ARM926EJ-S	
ARM940T	
ARM946E	
ARM966E	
ARM968E-S	
ARM1020E	
ARM1022E	
ARM1026EJ-S	
ARM1136J-S	
ARM1156T2-S	

ARM1176JZ-S	(described in this document)
Cortex-R4	(
Cortex-R4F	
Cortex-R52MPx1	
Cortex-R52MPx2	
Cortex-R52MPx3	
Cortex-R52MPx4	
Cortex-R52+MPx1	
Cortex-R52+MPx2	
Cortex-R52+MPx3	
Cortex-R52+MPx4	
Cortex-R82MPx1	
Cortex-R82MPx2	
Cortex-R82MPx2 Cortex-R82MPx3	
Cortex-R82MPx4	
Cortex-R82MPx5	
Cortex-R82MPx6	
Cortex-R82MPx7	
Cortex-R82MPx8	
Cortex-A5UP	
Cortex-A5MPx1	
Cortex-A5MPx2	
Cortex-A5MPx3	
Cortex-A5MPx4	
Cortex-A8	
Cortex-A9UP	
Cortex-A9MPx1	
Cortex-A9MPx2	
Cortex-A9MPx3	
Cortex-A9MPx4	
Cortex-A7UP	
Cortex-A7MPx1	
Cortex-A7MPx2	
Cortex-A7MPx3	
Cortex-A7MPx4	
Cortex-A15UP	
Cortex-A15MPx1	
Cortex-A15MPx2	
Cortex-A15MPx3	
Cortex-A15MPx4	
Cortex-A17MPx1	
Cortex-A17MPx2	
Cortex-A17MPx3	
Cortex-A17MPx4	
AArch32	
111101102	

AArch64	
Cortex-A32MPx1	
Cortex-A32MPx2	
Cortex-A32MPx3	
Cortex-A32MPx4	
Cortex-A35MPx1	
Cortex-A35MPx2	
Cortex-A35MPx3	
Cortex-A35MPx4	
Cortex-A53MPx1	
Cortex-A53MPx2	
Cortex-A53MPx3	
Cortex-A53MPx4	
Cortex-A55MPx1	
Cortex-A55MPx2	
Cortex-A55MPx3	
Cortex-A55MPx4	
Cortex-A57MPx1	
Cortex-A57MPx2	
Cortex-A57MPx3	
Cortex-A57MPx4	
Cortex-A72MPx1	
Cortex-A72MPx2	
Cortex-A72MPx3	
Cortex-A72MPx4	
Cortex-A73MPx1	
Cortex-A73MPx2	
Cortex-A73MPx3	
Cortex-A73MPx4	
Cortex-A75MPx1	
Cortex-A75MPx2	
Cortex-A75MPx3	
Cortex-A75MPx4	
MultiCluster	

Table 3.1: All Variants in this model

Bus Master Ports

This model has these bus master ports.

Name	min	max	Connect?	Description
ITCM0	13	13	optional	instruction TCM
ITCM1	13	13	optional	instruction TCM
DTCM0	13	13	optional	data TCM
DTCM1	13	13	optional	data TCM
INSTRUCTION	32	41	mandatory	
DATA	32	41	optional	

Table 4.1: Bus Master Ports

Bus Slave Ports

This model has no bus slave ports.

Net Ports

This model has these net ports.

Name	Type	Connect?	Description	
EVENTI	input	optional	Event input signal, active on rising edge	
EVENTO	output	optional	Event output signal, active on rising edge	
reset	input	optional	Processor reset, active high	
fiq	input	optional	FIQ interrupt, active high (negation of	
			nFIQ)	
irq	input	optional	IRQ interrupt, active high (negation of	
			nIRQ)	
sei	input	optional	System error interrupt, active on rising	
			edge (negation of nSEI)	
haltReason	output	optional	Indicates why core is halted	
AXI_SLVERR	input	optional	AXI external abort type (DECERR=0,	
			SLVERR=1)	
CP15SDISABLE	input	optional	CP15SDISABLE (active high)	
DMAIRQ	output	optional	DMA nonsecure interrupt (active high)	
DMASIRQ	output	optional	DMA secure interrupt (active high)	
DMAEXTERRIRQ	output	optional	DMA error (active high)	
PMUIRQ	output	optional	Performance monitor event (active high)	
VALRESET	output	optional	Validation reset interrupt (active high)	
VALIRQ	output	optional	Validation IRQ interrupt (active high)	
VALFIQ	output	optional	Validation FIQ interrupt (active high)	
VALDEBUG	output	optional	Validation Debug interrupt (active high)	
VICACK	output	optional	VIC Port acknowledge (active high)	
VICADDR	input	optional	VIC Port Address (32 bit value)	
updateTimer	output	optional	Internal timer update	

Table 6.1: Net Ports

FIFO Ports

This model has no FIFO ports.

Formal Parameters

Name	Type	Description			
verbose	Boolean	Specify verbosity of output			
suppressCPSWarnings	Boolean	Suppress duplicate warnings generated using			
		ARM_CP_CPSI or ARM_CP_CPSD message identi-			
		fiers			
showHiddenRegs	Boolean	Show hidden registers during register tracing			
UAL	Boolean	Disassemble using UAL syntax			
enableSystemBus	Boolean	Add 32-bit artifact System bus port, allowing system reg-			
		isters to be externally implemented			
enable System Monitor Bus	Boolean	Add 32-bit artifact SystemMonitor bus port, allowing sys-			
		tem register accesses to be externally monitored			
compatibility	Enumeration	Specify compatibility mode			
	ISA				
	gdb				
	nopSVC				
unpredictableR15	Enumeration	Specify behavior for UNPREDICTABLE uses of AArch32 R15 register			
	undefined				
	nop				
	raz_wi				
	execute				
	assert				
${\it unpredictable Modal}$	Enumeration	Specify behavior for UNPREDICTABLE instructions in certain AArch32 modes (for example, MRS using SPSR in System mode)			
	undefined				
	nop				
	assert				
maxSIMDUnroll	Uns32	If SIMD operations are supported, specify the maximum number of parallel SIMD operations to unroll (unrolled operations can be faster, but produce more verbose JIT code)			
override_debugMask	Uns32	Specifies debug mask, enabling debug output for model components			
ASIDCacheSize	Uns32	Specifies the number of different ASIDs for which TLB entries are cached; a value of 0 implies no limit			
thumbNoCond	Boolean	Specify whether trapped Thumb instructions set CV=1 and COND field in syndrome (if False, both are zero)			
enableHostAtomics	Boolean	Enable use of host atomic instructions to emulate load-/store exclusive operations (not architecturally accurate, accellerates parallel simulation)			

override_fcsePresent	Boolean	Specifies that FCSE is present (if true)		
override_physicalBits	Uns32	Specifies the implemented physical bus bits (defaults to		
•		connected physical bus width)		
override_SCTLR_V	Boolean	Override SCTLR.V with the passed value (enables high		
		vectors; also configurable using VINITHI pin)		
override_SCTLR_IE	Boolean	Override SCTLR.IE with the passed value (configures in-		
		struction endianness; also configurable using CFGIE pin)		
override_SCTLR_EE	Boolean	Override SCTLR.EE with the passed value (configures ex-		
		ception data endianness; also configurable using CFGEE		
		pin)		
override_SCTLR_TE	Boolean	Override SCTLR.TE with the passed value (configures		
Override as of Breat E	Boolean	Thumb state for exception handling; also configurable us-		
		ing TEINIT pin)		
override_SCTLR_NMFI	Boolean	Override SCTLR.NMFI with the passed value (configures		
OVERTIGE_SC I EIG_IVIVII I	Doolcan	NMFI state for exception handling; also configurable us-		
		ing CFGNMFI pin)		
override_SCTLR_CP15BEN_Present	Boolean	Enable ARMv7 SCTLR.CP15BEN bit (CP15 barrier en-		
override_SCILR_CPI3DEN_Present	Doolean	able)		
override_MIDR	Uns32	Override MIDR/MIDR_EL1 register		
override_MIDR override_CTR				
	Uns32	Override CTR/CTR_EL0 register		
override_TLBTR	Uns32	Override TLBTR register		
override_CLIDR	Uns32	Override CLIDR/CLIDR_EL1 register		
override_TCMTR	Uns32	Override TCMTR register		
override_AIDR	Uns32	Override AIDR/AIDR_EL1 register		
override_PFR0	Uns32	Override ID_PFR0/ID_PFR0_EL1 register		
override_PFR1	Uns32	Override ID_PFR1/ID_PFR1_EL1 register		
override_DFR0	Uns32	Override ID_DFR0/ID_DFR0_EL1 register		
override_AFR0	Uns32	Override ID_AFR0/ID_AFR0_EL1 register		
override_MMFR0	Uns32	Override ID_MMFR0/ID_MMFR0_EL1 register		
override_MMFR1	Uns32	Override ID_MMFR1/ID_MMFR1_EL1 register		
override_MMFR2	Uns32	Override ID_MMFR2/ID_MMFR2_EL1 register		
override_MMFR3	Uns32	Override ID_MMFR3/ID_MMFR3_EL1 register		
override_ISAR0	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR0/ID_ISAR0_EL1 register		
override_ISAR1	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR1/ID_ISAR1_EL1 register		
override_ISAR2	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR2/ID_ISAR2_EL1 register		
override_ISAR3	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR3/ID_ISAR3_EL1 register		
override_ISAR4	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR4/ID_ISAR4_EL1 register		
override_ISAR5	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR5/ID_ISAR5_EL1 register		
override_ERG	Uns32	Specifies exclusive reservation granule		
override_STRoffsetPC12	Boolean	Specifies that STR/STR of PC should do so with 12:byte		
Override_511tonsett C12	Doolcan	offset from the current instruction (if true), otherwise an		
		8:byte offset is used		
override_fcseRequiresMMU	Boolean	Specifies that FCSE is active only when MMU is enabled		
override_icsertequiresiviivi o	Doolean	(if true)		
override_ignoreBadCp15	Boolean	Specifies whether invalid coprocessor 15 access should be		
override_ignoreDadCp15	Doolean	ignored (if true) or cause Invalid Instruction exceptions		
: 1- CCID:11-	D1	(if false)		
override_SGIDisable	Boolean	Override whether GIC SGIs may be disabled (if true) or		
.1 111 1 2 1	D '	are permanently enabled (if false)		
$override_condUndefined$	Boolean	Force undefined instructions to take Undefined Instruc-		
., ,		tion exception even if they are conditional		
override_deviceStrongAligned	Boolean	Force accesses to Device and Strongly Ordered regions to		
		be aligned		
override_Control_V	Boolean	Override SCTLR.V with the passed value (deprecated,		
		use override_SCTLR_V)		
override_MainId	Uns32	Override MIDR register (deprecated, use override_MIDR)		

override_CacheType	Uns32	Override CTR register (deprecated, use override_CTR)				
override_TLBType	Uns32	Override TLBTR register (deprecated, use over-				
		ride_TLBTR)				
override_InstructionAttributes0	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR0 register (deprecated, use over-				
		ride_ISAR0)				
override_InstructionAttributes1	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR1 register (deprecated, use over-				
		ride_ISAR1)				
override_InstructionAttributes2	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR2 register (deprecated, use over-				
		ride_ISAR2)				
override_InstructionAttributes3	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR3 register (deprecated, use over-				
		ride_ISAR3)				
override_InstructionAttributes4	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR4 register (deprecated, use over-				
		ride_ISAR4)				
override_InstructionAttributes5	Uns32	Override ID_ISAR5 register (deprecated, use over-				
		ride_ISAR5)				

Table 8.1: Parameters that can be set in: CPU

8.1 Parameter values and limits

These are the formal parameter limits and actual parameter values

Name	Min	Max	Default	Actual
(Others)				
variant				ARM1176JZ-S
verbose			t	t
suppressCPSWarnings			f	f
showHiddenRegs			f	f
UAL			t	t
enableSystemBus			f	f
enableSystemMonitorBus			f	f
compatibility			ISA	ISA
unpredictableR15			undefined	undefined
unpredictableModal			nop	nop
maxSIMDUnroll	1	16	2	2
override_debugMask	0	0xffffffff	0	0
ASIDCacheSize	0	0x100	8	8
thumbNoCond			f	f
enableHostAtomics			f	f
endian			none	none
override_fcsePresent			f	f
override_physicalBits	32	41	32	32
override_SCTLR_V			f	f
override_SCTLR_IE			f	f
override_SCTLR_EE			f	f
override_SCTLR_TE			f	f
override_SCTLR_NMFI			f	f
override_SCTLR_CP15BEN_Present			f	f
override_MIDR	0	0xffffffff	0x410fb764	0x410fb764

override_CTR	0	0xffffffff	0x1d152152	0x1d152152
override_TLBTR	0	0xfffffff	0x800	0x800
override_CLIDR	0	0xffffffff	0	0
override_TCMTR	0	0xffffffff	0x20002	0x20002
override_AIDR	0	0xffffffff	0	0
override_PFR0	0	0xffffffff	0x111	0x111
override_PFR1	0	0xffffffff	17	17
override_DFR0	0	0xffffffff	0	0
override_AFR0	0	0xffffffff	0	0
override_MMFR0	0	0xffffffff	0x1130003	0x1130003
override_MMFR1	0	0xfffffff	0x10030302	0x10030302
override_MMFR2	0	0xffffffff	0x1222100	0x1222100
override_MMFR3	0	0xffffffff	0	0
override_ISAR0	0	0xffffffff	0x140011	0x140011
override_ISAR1	0	0xffffffff	0x12002111	0x12002111
override_ISAR2	0	0xfffffff	0x11231121	0x11231121
override_ISAR3	0	0xffffffff	0x1102131	0x1102131
override_ISAR4	0	0xffffffff	0x1141	0x1141
override_ISAR5	0	0xffffffff	0	0
override_ERG	3	11	3	3
override_STRoffsetPC12			t	t
override_fcseRequiresMMU			f	f
override_ignoreBadCp15			f	f
override_SGIDisable			f	f
override_condUndefined			f	f
$override_deviceStrongAligned$			f	f
override_Control_V			f	f
override_MainId	0	0xffffffff	0x410fb764	0x410fb764
override_CacheType	0	0xffffffff	0x1d152152	0x1d152152
override_TLBType	0	0xffffffff	0x800	0x800
override_InstructionAttributes0	0	0xfffffff	0x140011	0x140011
override_InstructionAttributes1	0	0xffffffff	0x12002111	0x12002111
override_InstructionAttributes2	0	0xffffffff	0x11231121	0x11231121
override_InstructionAttributes3	0	0xffffffff	0x1102131	0x1102131
override_InstructionAttributes4	0	0xfffffff	0x1141	0x1141
override_InstructionAttributes5	0	0xffffffff	0	0

Table 8.2: Parameter values and limits

Execution Modes

Mode	Code
User	16
FIQ	17
IRQ	18
Supervisor	19
Monitor	22
Abort	23
Undefined	27
System	31

Table 9.1: Modes implemented in: CPU

Exceptions

Exception	Code
Reset	0
Undefined	1
SupervisorCall	2
SecureMonitorCall	3
PrefetchAbort	5
DataAbort	6
IRQ	8
FIQ	9

Table 10.1: Exceptions implemented in: CPU

Hierarchy of the model

A CPU core may be configured to instance many processors of a Symmetrical Multi Processor (SMP). A CPU core may also have sub elements within a processor, for example hardware threading blocks.

OVP processor models can be written to include SMP blocks and to have many levels of hierarchy. Some OVP CPU models may have a fixed hierarchy, and some may be configured by settings in a configuration register. Please see the register definitions of this model.

This model documentation shows the settings and hierarchy of the default settings for this model variant.

11.1 Level 1: CPU

This level in the model hierarchy has 6 commands.

This level in the model hierarchy has 14 register groups:

Group name	Registers
Core	16
Control	3
User	7
FIQ	8
IRQ	3
Supervisor	3
Monitor	3
Undefined	3
Abort	3
Coprocessor_32_bit	124
Coprocessor_32_bit_secure	19
Coprocessor_32_bit_non_secure	19
Coprocessor_64_bit	4
Integration_support	28

Table 11.1: Register groups

This level in the model hierarchy has no children.

Model Commands

A Processor model can implement one or more **Model Commands** available to be invoked from the simulator command line, from the OP API or from the Imperas Multiprocessor Debugger.

12.1 Level 1: CPU

12.1.1 debugflags

show or modify the processor debug flags

Argument	Type	Description
-get	Boolean	print current processor flags value
-mask	Boolean	print valid debug flag bits
-set	Int32	new processor flags (only flags 0x000003e4 can
		be modified)

Table 12.1: debugflags command arguments

12.1.2 dumpTLB

report TLB contents

Argument	Type	Description
-all	Boolean	show the contents of all TLBs (if False, show
		just the current TLB)

Table 12.2: dumpTLB command arguments

12.1.3 isync

specify instruction address range for synchronous execution

Argument	Type	Description
-addresshi	Uns64	end address of synchronous execution range
-addresslo	Uns64	start address of synchronous execution range

Table 12.3: isync command arguments

12.1.4 itrace

enable or disable instruction tracing

Argument	Type	Description
-access	String	show memory accesses by this instruction. Ar-
		gument can be any combination of X (execute),
		A (load or store access) and S (system)
-after	Uns64	apply after this many instructions
-enable	Boolean	enable instruction tracing
-full	Boolean	turn on all trace features
-instructioncount	Boolean	include the instruction number in each trace
-memory	String	(Alias for access). show memory accesses by this
		instruction. Argument can be any combination
		of X (execute), A (load or store access) and S
		(system)
-mode	Boolean	show processor mode changes
-off	Boolean	disable instruction tracing
-on	Boolean	enable instruction tracing
-processorname	Boolean	Include processor name in all trace lines
-registerchange	Boolean	show registers changed by this instruction
-registers	Boolean	show registers after each trace

Table 12.4: itrace command arguments

12.1.5 listSysRegsAA32

12.1.5.1 Argument description

List all AArch32 system registers

12.1.6 validateTLB

check TLB contents against page tables in memory and report incoherent entries

Argument	Type	Description
-all	Boolean	check all TLBs (if False, validate just the current
		TLB)
-verbose	Boolean	show all TLB entries (if False, show only inco-
		herent entries)

Table 12.5: validateTLB command arguments

Registers

13.1 Level 1: CPU

13.1.1 Core

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Core

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
r0	32	0	rw	
r1	32	0	rw	
r2	32	0	rw	
r3	32	0	rw	
r4	32	0	rw	
r5	32	0	rw	
r6	32	0	rw	
r7	32	0	rw	
r8	32	0	rw	
r9	32	0	rw	
r10	32	0	rw	
r11	32	0	rw	frame pointer
r12	32	0	rw	
sp	32	0	rw	stack pointer
lr	32	0	rw	
pc	32	0	rw	program counter

Table 13.1: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Core

13.1.2 Control

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Control

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
fps	32	0	rw	archaic FPSCR view (for gdb)
cpsr	32	1d3	rw	
spsr	32	0	rw	

Table 13.2: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Control

13.1.3 User

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:User

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
r8_usr	32	0	rw	
r9_usr	32	0	rw	
r10_usr	32	0	rw	
r11_usr	32	0	rw	
r12_usr	32	0	rw	
sp_usr	32	0	rw	
lr_usr	32	0	rw	

Table 13.3: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:User

13.1.4 FIQ

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:FIQ

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
r8_fiq	32	0	rw	
r9_fiq	32	0	rw	
r10_fiq	32	0	rw	
r11_fiq	32	0	rw	
r12_fiq	32	0	rw	
sp_fiq	32	0	rw	
lr_fiq	32	0	rw	
spsr_fiq	32	0	rw	

Table 13.4: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:FIQ

13.1.5 IRQ

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:IRQ

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
sp_irq	32	0	rw	
lr_irq	32	0	rw	
spsr_irq	32	0	rw	

Table 13.5: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:IRQ

13.1.6 Supervisor

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Supervisor

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
sp_svc	32	0	rw	
lr_svc	32	0	rw	
spsr_svc	32	0	rw	

Table 13.6: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Supervisor

13.1.7 Monitor

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Monitor

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
------	------	-------------	----	-------------

sp_mon	32	0	rw	
lr_mon	32	0	rw	
spsr_mon	32	0	rw	

Table 13.7: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Monitor

13.1.8 Undefined

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Undefined

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description					
sp_undef	32	0	rw						
lr_undef	32	0	rw						
spsr_undef	32	0	rw						

Table 13.8: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Undefined

13.1.9 Abort

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Abort

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
sp_abt	32	0	rw	
lr_abt	32	0	rw	
spsr_abt	32	0	rw	

Table 13.9: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Abort

13.1.10 Coprocessor_32_bit

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_32_bit

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
ACTLR	32	7	rw	Auxiliary Control
ATS1CPR	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stage 1 Current State EL1 Read
ATS1CPW	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stage 1 Current State EL1 Write
ATS1CUR	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stage 1 Current State Unprivileged
				Read
ATS1CUW	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stage 1 Current State Unprivileged
				Write
ATS12NSOPR	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stages 1 and 2 Non-Secure Only
				EL1 Read
ATS12NSOPW	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stages 1 and 2 Non-Secure Only
				EL1 Write
ATS12NSOUR	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stages 1 and 2 Non-Secure Only
				Unprivileged Read
ATS12NSOUW	32	-	-w	Address Translate Stages 1 and 2 Non-Secure Only
				Unprivileged Write
CBOR	32	0	rw	Cache Behavior Override
CCNT	32	0	rw	Cycle Counter
CONTEXTIDR	32	0	rw	Context ID
CPACR	32	0	rw	Coprocessor Access Control
CTR	32	1d152152	r-	Cache Type
CleanDCache	32	-	-w	Clean Data Cache
CleanDCacheLineMVA	32	-	-w	Data Cache Line Clean by VA

	T			
CleanDCacheLineSW	32	-	-w	Data Cache Line Clean by Set/Way
CleanInvalDCache	32	-	-w	Data Cache Clean and Invalidate
CleanInvalDCacheLineMVA	32	-	-w	Data Cache Line Clean and Invalidate by VA
CleanInvalDCacheLineSW	32	-	-w	Data Cache Line Clean and Invalidate by Set/Way
DACR	32	0	rw	Domain Access Control
DBGDIDR	32	0	r-	Debug ID
DCLR	32	fffffff0	rw	Data Cache Lockdown
DCacheMasterValid	32	0	rw	Data Cache Master Valid
DFAR	32	0	rw	Data Fault Address
DFSR	32	0	rw	Data Fault Status
DMAChannel	32	0	rw	DMA Channel
DMAClear	32	-	-w	DMA Clear
DMAContextID	32	0	rw	DMA Context ID
DMAControl	32	0	rw	DMA Control
DMAExternalStart	32	0	rw	DMA External Start Address
DMAInternalEnd	32	0	rw	DMA Internal End Address
DMAInternalStart	32	0	rw	DMA Internal Start Address
DMAInterrupting	32	0	r-	DMA Interrupting
DMAPresent	32	3	r-	DMA Present
DMAQueued	32	0	r-	DMA Queued
DMARunning	32	0	r-	DMA Running
DMAStart	32	-	-	DMA Start
	_		-W	
DMAStatus	32	0	r-	DMA Status
DMAStop	32	-	-w	DMA Stop
DMAUserAccessibility	32	0	rw	DMA User Accessibility
DTCMNSCAR	32	0	rw	DTCM Non-Secure Access
DTCMRR	32	10	rw	DTCM Region
DTLBIALL	32	-	-w	Invalidate Entire Data TLB
DTLBIASID	32	-	-w	Invalidate Data TLB by ASID
DTLBIMVA	32	-	-w	Invalidate Data TLB by VA
DTLBLR	32	0	rw	TLB Lockdown
DataMemoryBarrier	32	-	-w	Data Memory Barrier
DataSynchBarrier	32	-	-w	Data Synchronization Barrier
DirtyStatus	32	0	r-	Dirty Status
FCSEIDR	32	0	rw	FCSE Process ID
FlushBranchTargetCache	32	-	-w	Flush Branch Target Cache
FlushBranchTargetEntry	32	-	-w	Flush Branch Target Entry
FlushPrefetchBuffer	32	-	-w	Flush Prefetch Buffer
ICLR	32	fffffff0	rw	Instruction Cache Lockdown
ICacheMasterValid	32	0	rw	Instruction Cache Master Valid
ID_AFR0	32	0	r-	Auxiliary Feature 0
ID_DFR0	32	0	r-	Debug Feature 0
ID_ISAR0	32	140011	r-	Instruction Set Attribute 0
ID_ISAR1	32	12002111	r-	Instruction Set Attribute 1
ID_ISAR2	32	11231121	r-	Instruction Set Attribute 2
ID_ISAR3	32	1102131	r-	Instruction Set Attribute 2 Instruction Set Attribute 3
ID_ISAR4	32	1102131		Instruction Set Attribute 3 Instruction Set Attribute 4
ID_ISAR4 ID_ISAR5	32	0	r-	Instruction Set Attribute 4 Instruction Set Attribute 5
		_	r-	
ID_MMFR0	32	1130003	r-	Memory Model Feature 0
ID_MMFR1	32	10030302	r-	Memory Model Feature 1
ID_MMFR2	32	1222100	r-	Memory Model Feature 2
ID_MMFR3	32	0	r-	Memory Model Feature 3
ID_PFR0	32	111	r-	Processor Feature 0
ID_PFR1	32	11	r-	Processor Feature 1
IFAR	32	0	rw	Instruction Fault Address
IFSR	32	0	rw	Instruction Fault Status

ISR	32	0	r-	Interrupt Status
ITCMNSCAR	32	0	rw	ITCM Non-Secure Access
ITCMRR	32	10	rw	ITCM Region
ITLBIALL	32	-	-w	Invalidate Entire Instruction TLB
ITLBIASID	32	_	-w	Invalidate Instruction TLB by ASID
ITLBIMVA	32	_	-w	Invalidate Instruction TLB by VA
InvalDCache	32	_	-w	Invalidate Data Cache
InvalDCacheLineMVA	32	_	-w	Invalidate Data Cache Line by VA
InvalDCacheLineSW	32	-	-w	Invalidate Data Cache Line by Set/Way
InvalICache	32	-	-w	Invalidate Instruction Cache
InvallCacheLineMVA	32	_	-w	Invalidate Instruction Cache Line by VA
InvallCacheLineSW	32	-		Invalidate Instruction Cache Line by VA Invalidate Instruction Cache Line by Set/Way
InvalUnified	32	_	-w	Invalidate Unified Cache Invalidate Unified Cache
JIDR	32	0	-w	Jazelle ID
JMCR		_	rw	
	32	0	rw	Jazelle Main Configuration
JOSCR	32	0	rw	Jazelle OS Control
MIDR	32	410fb764	r-	Main ID
MVBAR	32	0	rw	Monitor Vector Base Address
NMRR	32	44e048e0	rw	Normal Memory Remap
NSACR	32	0	rw	Non-Secure Access Control
PAR	32	0	rw	Physical Address
PMN0	32	0	rw	Count 0
PMN1	32	0	rw	Count 1
PMNC	32	0	rw	Performance Monitor Control
PRRR	32	98aa4	rw	Primary Region Remap
PrefetchICacheLine	32	-	-w	Prefetch Instruction Cache Line
SCR	32	0	rw	Secure Configuration
SCTLR	32	50078	rw	System Control
SDER	32	0	rw	Secure Debug Enable
SUNSAVC	32	0	rw	Secure User and Non-Secure Access Validation
TCMSR	32	0	rw	TCM Select
TCMTR	32	20002	r-	TCM Type
TLBIALL	32	-	-w	Invalidate Entire Unified TLB
TLBIASID	32	-	-w	Invalidate Unified TLB by ASID
TLBIMVA	32	-	-w	Invalidate Unified TLB by VA
TLBLDATTR	32	0	rw	TLB Lockdown Attributes
TLBLDI	32	0	rw	TLB Lockdown Index
TLBLDPA	32	0	rw	TLB Lockdown PA
TLBLDVA	32	0	rw	TLB Lockdown VA
TLBTR	32	800	r-	TLB Type
TPIDRPRW	32	0	rw	PL0 Read/Write Software Thread ID
TPIDRURO	32	0	rw	PL0 Read-Only Software Thread ID
TPIDRURW	32	0	rw	PL1 Software Thread ID
TTBCR	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base Control
TTBR0	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base 0
TTBR1	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base 1
VALCACHESIZEMASK	32	5555	rw	System Validation Cache Size Mask
VALDEBUGCNT	32	0	rw	External Debug Request Counter
VALOPERATIONS	32	0	rw	System Validation Operations
VBAR	32	0	rw	Vector Base Address
WFAR	32	0	_	Watchpoint Fault Address
WaitForInterrupt	32		rw	Wait For Interrupt
wantronnnerrupt	J2	-	-W	wan roi interrupt

Table 13.10: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_32_bit

13.1.11 Coprocessor_32_bit_secure

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_32_bit_secure

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
CONTEXTIDR_S	32	0	rw	Context ID
DACR_S	32	0	rw	Domain Access Control
DFAR_S	32	0	rw	Data Fault Address
DFSR_S	32	0	rw	Data Fault Status
FCSEIDR_S	32	0	rw	FCSE Process ID
IFAR_S	32	0	rw	Instruction Fault Address
IFSR_S	32	0	rw	Instruction Fault Status
NMRR_S	32	44e048e0	rw	Normal Memory Remap
PAR_S	32	0	rw	Physical Address
PRRR_S	32	98aa4	rw	Primary Region Remap
SCTLR_S	32	50078	rw	System Control
TCMSR_S	32	0	rw	TCM Select
TPIDRPRW_S	32	0	rw	PL0 Read/Write Software Thread ID
TPIDRURO_S	32	0	rw	PL0 Read-Only Software Thread ID
TPIDRURW_S	32	0	rw	PL1 Software Thread ID
TTBCR_S	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base Control
TTBR0_S	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base 0
TTBR1_S	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base 1
VBAR_S	32	0	rw	Vector Base Address

Table 13.11: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_32_bit_secure

13.1.12 Coprocessor_32_bit_non_secure

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_32_bit_non_secure

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
CONTEXTIDR_NS	32	0	rw	Context ID
DACR_NS	32	0	rw	Domain Access Control
DFAR_NS	32	0	rw	Data Fault Address
DFSR_NS	32	0	rw	Data Fault Status
FCSEIDR_NS	32	0	rw	FCSE Process ID
IFAR_NS	32	0	rw	Instruction Fault Address
IFSR_NS	32	0	rw	Instruction Fault Status
NMRR_NS	32	44e048e0	rw	Normal Memory Remap
PAR_NS	32	0	rw	Physical Address
PRRR_NS	32	98aa4	rw	Primary Region Remap
SCTLR_NS	32	50078	rw	System Control
TCMSR_NS	32	0	rw	TCM Select
TPIDRPRW_NS	32	0	rw	PL0 Read/Write Software Thread ID
TPIDRURO_NS	32	0	rw	PL0 Read-Only Software Thread ID
TPIDRURW_NS	32	0	rw	PL1 Software Thread ID
TTBCR_NS	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base Control
TTBR0_NS	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base 0
TTBR1_NS	32	0	rw	Translation Table Base 1
VBAR_NS	32	0	rw	Vector Base Address

Table 13.12: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_32_bit_non_secure

13.1.13 Coprocessor_64_bit

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_64_bit

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
CleanDCacheRange	64	-	-w	Clean Data Cache Range
CleanInvalDCacheRange	64	-	-w	Clean and Invalidate Data Cache Range
InvalDCacheRange	64	-	-w	Invalidate Data Cache Range
InvallCacheRange	64	-	-w	Invalidate Instruction Cache Range

Table 13.13: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Coprocessor_64_bit

13.1.14 Integration_support

Registers at level:1, type:CPU group:Integration_support

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
transactPL	32	1	r-	privilege level of current memory transaction
transactAT	32	0	r-	current memory transaction type: PA=1, VA=0
artifactPAR	64	0	r-	result of address translation for artifact write to ATS1CPR etc
PTWBankValid	8	0	r-	bitmask of valid banks (0x01 is stage 1, 0x02 is stage 2, 0x04-
				0x20 are stage 2 walks initiated by stage 1 level 0-3 entry lookups,
				respectively)
PTWAddressValid	8	0	r-	bitmask of valid bits for each of PTWAd-
				dressL0PTWAddressL3, PTWBase, PTWInput and PT-
				WOutput in current bank
PTWAddressNS	8	0	r-	bitmask of Non-Secure bits for each of PTWAd-
				dressL0PTWAddressL3, PTWBase and PTWOutput in
				current bank (PTWInput bit is always 0)
PTWValueValid	8	0	r-	bitmask of valid bits for each of PTWValueL0PTWValueL3 in
				current bank
PTWAddressL0	64	0	r-	current bank PTW address, level 0
PTWAddressL1	64	0	r-	current bank PTW address, level 1
PTWAddressL2	64	0	r-	current bank PTW address, level 2
PTWAddressL3	64	0	r-	current bank PTW address, level 3
PTWValueL0	64	0	r-	current bank PTW value, level 0
PTWValueL1	64	0	r-	current bank PTW value, level 1
PTWValueL2	64	0	r-	current bank PTW value, level 2
PTWValueL3	64	0	r-	current bank PTW value, level 3
PTWBase	64	0	r-	current bank PTW table base address
PTWInput	64	0	r-	current bank PTW input address
PTWOutput	64	0	r-	current bank PTW output address
PTWPgSize	64	0	r-	current bank PTW page size (Valid only when PTWOutput is
				valid)
PTWI_EL1S	64	0	-w	perform secure EL1 stage 1 page table walk for fetch, filling PTW
				query registers
PTWD_EL1S	64	0	-w	perform secure EL1 stage 1 page table walk for load/store, filling
				PTW query registers
PTWI_EL1NS	64	0	-w	perform non-secure EL1 stage 1 page table walk for fetch, filling
				PTW query registers
PTWD_EL1NS	64	0	-w	perform non-secure EL1 stage 1 page table walk for load/store,
				filling PTW query registers
PTWI_current	64	0	-w	perform current mode page table walk for fetch, filling PTW query
				registers
PTWD_current	64	0	-w	perform current mode page table walk for load/store, filling PTW
				query registers
ResetTLBs	8	0	-w	reset all implemented TLBs to initial state

HaltReason	8	0	r-	bit field indicating halt reason
atomicType	8	0	r-	current atomic instruction type (1:atomic, 2:exclusive)

Table 13.14: Registers at level 1, type:CPU group:Integration_support