

## #whoami

## **OWASP Testing Guide v3**

- 4.2.1 "Spiders/Robots/Crawlers"
- 4.2.2 "Search Engine Reconnaissance"

## **OWASP "Google Hacking" Project**

■ "Download Indexed Cache" PoC

## Presented at

- .au, EU and USA OWASP Conferences
- London (.uk) Sydney (.au) and Melbourne (.au) Chapters

http://www.owasp.org/index.php/user:cmlh

**OWASP - Top Ten 2013 - June 2013** 

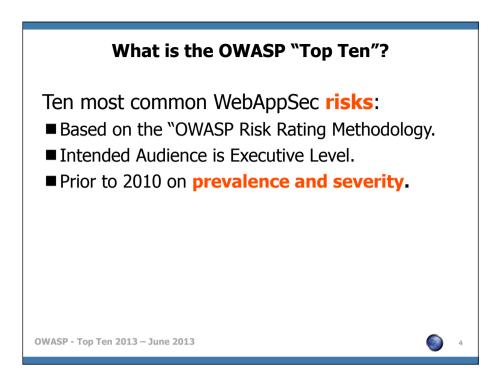


## **OWASP Top Ten 2013**

- 1. What is the OWASP Top Ten?
- 2. Additions from the OWASP Top Ten 2013
  - Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
- 3. OWASP Top Ten Risk Rating Methodology
- 4. Timeline from Release Candidate (RC) to Final
- 5. When Not to Cite the OWASP Top Ten?■ Application Security Verification Standard (ASVS)
- 6. Politics of the OWASP Top Ten

**OWASP - Top Ten 2013 - June 2013** 





By "Risk" OWASP are referring to "Severity" in my opinion.

OWASP should consider promoting ASVS over then the OWASP "Top Ten" 2013 to an Executive Level Audience in my opinion.

Prior OWASP Top 10 Releases are 2003, 2004, 2007 and 2010

# What is the OWASP "Top Ten"?

Statistics of vulnerabilities contributed by:

- Aspect Security
- MITRE
- White Hat
- Veracode
- Minded Security
- HP (Fortify and WebInspect)
- **■** Trustwave

**OWASP - Top Ten 2013 - June 2013** 



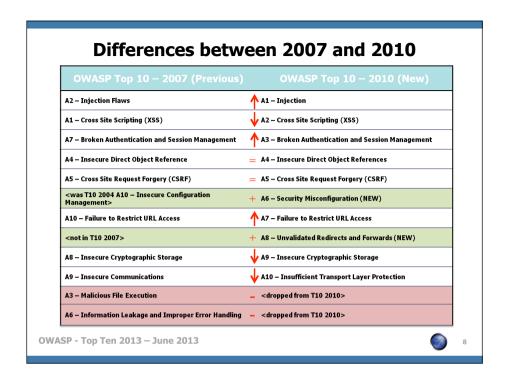
Quoted from "Attribution" of <a href="https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top\_10\_2013-Introduction">https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top\_10\_2013-Introduction</a>

#### Differences between 2003 and 2004 New Top Ten 2004 Top Ten 2003 A1 Unvalidated Input A1 Unvalidated Parameters A2 Broken Access Control A2 Broken Access Control (A9 Remote Administration Flaws) A3 Broken Authentication and Session Management A3 Broken Account and Session Management A4 Cross Site Scripting (XSS) Flaws A4 Cross Site Scripting (XSS) Flaws A5 Buffer Overflows A5 Buffer Overflows A6 Injection Flaws A6 Command Injection Flaws A7 Improper Error Handling A7 Error Handling Problems A8 Insecure Storage A8 Insecure Use of Cryptography A9 Denial of Service A10 Web and Application Server Misconfiguration A10 Insecure Configuration Management **OWASP - Top Ten 2013 - June 2013**

Picture exported from Table at <a href="https://www.owasp.org/index.php/2004">https://www.owasp.org/index.php/2004</a> Updates OWASP Top Ten Project

Differences betw	een 2004 and 2007
OWASP Top 10 2007	OWASP Top 10 2004
A1 - Cross Site Scripting (XSS)	A4 - Cross Site Scripting (XSS)
A2 - Injection Flaws	A6 - Injection Flaws
A3 - Malicious File Execution (NEW)	
A4 - Insecure Direct Object Reference	A2 - Broken Access Control (split in 2007 T10)
A5 - Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF) (NEW)	
A6 - Information Leakage and Improper Error Handling	A7 - Improper Error Handling
A7 - Broken Authentication and Session Management	A3 - Broken Authentication and Session Management
A8 - Insecure Cryptographic Storage	A8 - Insecure Storage
A9 - Insecure Communications (NEW)	Discussed under A10 - Insecure Configuration Managemen
A10 - Failure to Restrict URL Access	A2 - Broken Access Control (split in 2007 T10)
<removed 2007="" in=""></removed>	A1 - Unvalidated Input
<removed 2007="" in=""></removed>	A5 - Buffer Overflows
<removed 2007="" in=""></removed>	A9 - Denial of Service
<removed 2007="" in=""></removed>	A10 - Insecure Configuration Management

Picture exported from Table at http://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top\_10\_2007-Methodology



Removed A3 - Malicious File Execution

Decreasing popularity of PHP.

Considered within A6 – Security Misconfiguration post publication of the 2010 Release Candidate i.e. "I'm OK with sneaking PHP RFI back in to the Top 10 as a configuration item that is now covered under A6 - Security Misconfiguration." quoted from "[Owasp-topten] RFI taken out" thread on OWASP Top Ten Mailing List.

Removed A6 – Information Leakage

Not considered high risk, i.e. severity, and should be mitigated by A6 – Security Misconfiguration

My thoughts are it should be consider due to errors in SQL Injection and is listed in "Additional Risks to Consider" of FINAL Release

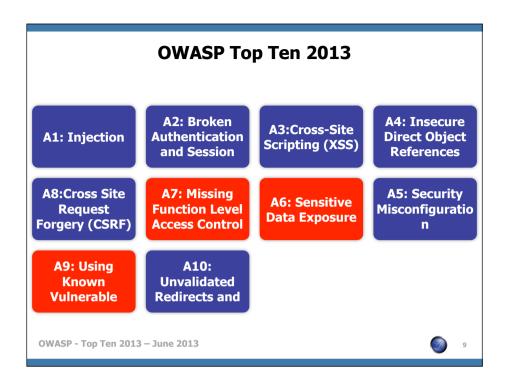
Added A6 - Security Misconfiguration

Reintroduced from Top Ten 2004 "A.10 Insecure Configuration Management" due to residual risk

Added A8 – Unvalidatied Forwards and Redirects Introduced as these vulnerabilities are not well known

Attribution for Image:

AppSec\_DC\_2009\_-\_OWASP\_Top\_10\_-\_2010\_rc1.pptx



A9 are new and highlighted in red.

A6 through to A7 should have also been highlighted in light blue since there are merged and/or split from 2010

### **Comparison with 2003, 2004, 2007 and 2010 Releases**

OWASP Top Ten Entries (Unordered)		Releases							
OWASE TOP Ten Entries (Unordered)	2003	2004	2007	2010	2013				
Unvalidated Input	A1	A1 <sup>[9]</sup>	×	×	×				
Buffer Overflows	A5	A5	×	×	×				
Denial of Service	×	A9 <sup>[2]</sup>	×	×	×				
Injection	A6	A6 <sup>[3]</sup>	A2	A1 <sup>[10]</sup>	A1				
Cross Site Scripting (XSS)	A4	A4	A1	A2	A3				
Broken Authentication and Session Management	A3	A3	A7	A3	A2				
Insecure Direct Object Reference	×	A2	A4 <sup>[11]</sup>	A4	A4				
Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF)	×	×	A5	A5	A8				
Security Misconfiguration	A10	A10 <sup>[3][5]</sup>	×	A6	A5				
Missing Functional Level Access Control	A2	A2 <sup>[1]</sup>	A10 <sup>[13]</sup>	A8	A7 <sup>[16]</sup>				
Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards	×	×	×	A10	A10				
Information Leakage and Improper Error Handling	A7	A7 <sup>[14][4]</sup>	A6	A6 <sup>[8]</sup>	×				
Malicious File Execution	×	×	A3	A6 <sup>[8]</sup>	×				
Sensitive Data Exposure	A8	A8[6][5]	A8	A7	A6 <sup>[17]</sup>				
Insecure Communications	*	A10	A9 <sup>[7]</sup>	A9	×				
Remote Administration Flaws	A9	×	×	×	×				
Using Known Vulnerable Components	×	×	×	×	A9 [18][19]				

**OWASP - Top Ten 2013 - June 2013** 



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- [1] Renamed "Broken Access Control" from T10 2003
- [2] Split "Broken Access Control" from T10 2003
- [3] Renamed "Command Injection Flaws" from T10 2003
- [4] Renamed "Error Handling Problems" from T10 2003
- [5] Renamed "Insecure Use of Cryptography" from T10 2003
- [6] Renamed "Web and Application Server" from T10 2003
- [7] Split "Insecure Configuration Management" from T10 2004
- [8] Reconsidered during T10 2010 Release Candidate (RC)
- [9] Renamed "Unvalidated Parameters" from T10 2003
- [10] Renamed "Injection Flaws" from T10 2007
- [11] Split "Broken Access Control" from T10 2004
- [12] Renamed "Insecure Configuration Management" from T10 2004
- [13] Split "Broken Access Control" from T10 2004
- [14] Renamed "Improper Error Handling" from T10 2004
- [15] Renamed "Insecure Storage" from T10 2004
- [16] Renamed "Failure to Restrict URL Access" from T10 2010
- [17] Renamed "Insecure Cryptographic Storage" from T10 2010
- [18] Split "Insecure Cryptographic Storage" from T10 2010
- [19] Split "Security Misconfiguration" from T10 2010

# **Comparison to SANS/MITRE CVE Top 25**

OWASP Top Ten 2010	2011 Top 25
A1 - Injection	CWE-89, CWE-78
A2 - Cross Site Scripting (XSS)	CWE-79
A3 - Broken Authentication and Session Management	CWE-306, CWE-307, CWE-798
A4 - Insecure Direct Object References	CWE-862, CWE-863, CWE-22, CWE-434, CWE-829
A5 - Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF)	CWE-352
A6 - Security Misconfiguration	CWE-250, CWE-732
A7 - Insecure Cryptographic Storage	CWE-327, CWE-311, CWE-759
A8 - Failure to Restrict URL Access	CWE-862, CWE-863
A9 - Insufficient Transport Layer Protection	CWE-311
A10 - Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards	CWE-601
(not in 2010 OWASP Top Ten)	The following CWE entries are not directly covered by the OWASP Top Ten 2010: CWE-120, CWE-134, CWE-807, CWE-676, CWE-131, CWE-190.

**OWASP - Top Ten 2013 - June 2013** 



11

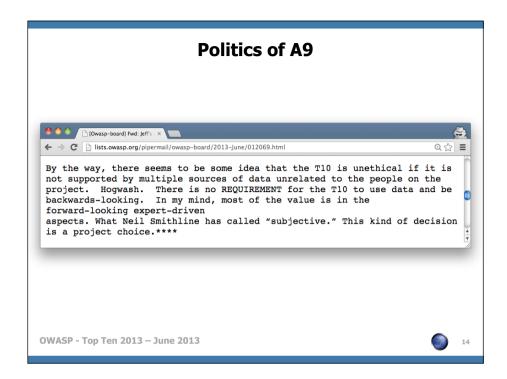
Image from <a href="http://cwe.mitre.org/top25/#AppendixD">http://cwe.mitre.org/top25/#AppendixD</a>

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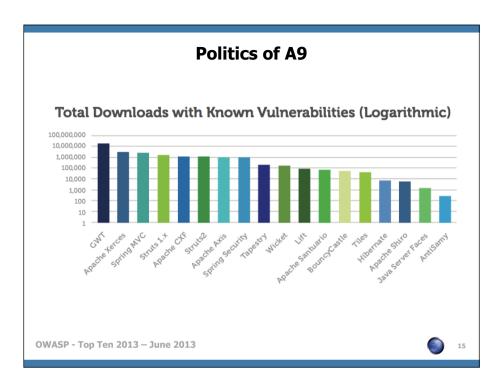
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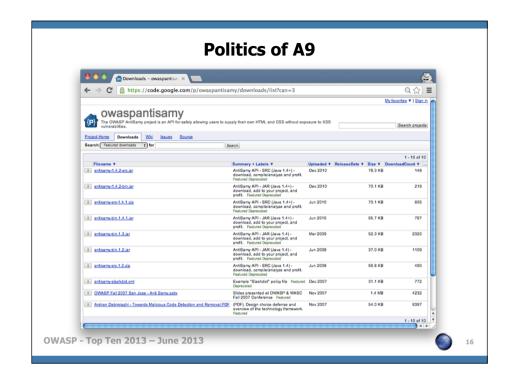
Quoted from <a href="https://speakerdeck.com/jacobian/python-vs-the-owasp-top-10">https://speakerdeck.com/jacobian/python-vs-the-owasp-top-10</a>



Quoted from <a href="http://lists.owasp.org/pipermail/owasp-board/2013-June/012069.html">http://lists.owasp.org/pipermail/owasp-board/2013-June/012069.html</a>

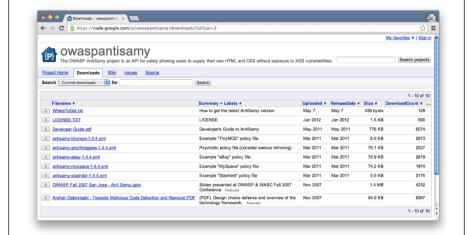


Quoted from sonatype\_executive\_security\_brief\_final.pdf



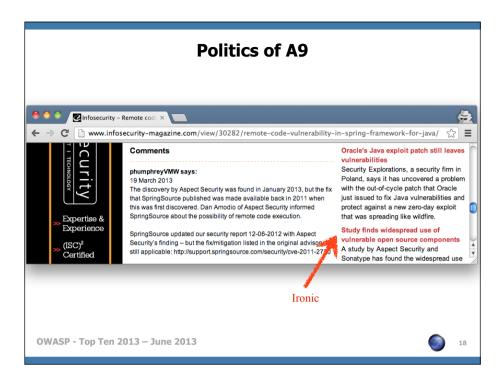
TODO - Magnify "Featured" and "Deprecated" Tags



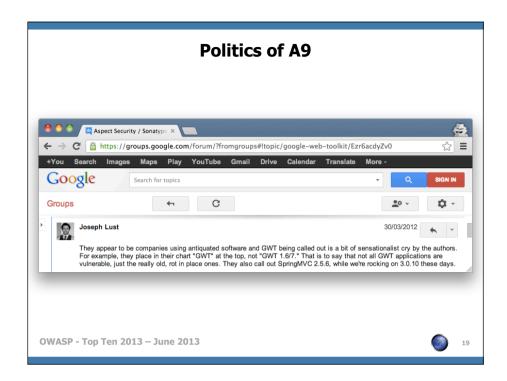


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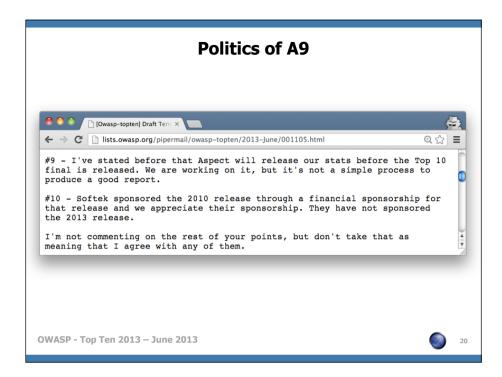




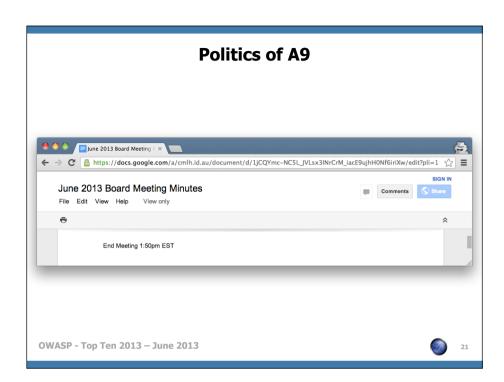
Quoted from <a href="http://www.infosecurity-magazine.com/view/30282/remote-code-vulnerability-in-spring-framework-for-java/">http://www.infosecurity-magazine.com/view/30282/remote-code-vulnerability-in-spring-framework-for-java/</a>



Quoted from <a href="https://groups.google.com/forum/?fromgroups#!topic/google-web-toolkit/Ezr6acdyZv0">https://groups.google.com/forum/?fromgroups#!topic/google-web-toolkit/Ezr6acdyZv0</a>



Quoted from <a href="http://lists.owasp.org/pipermail/owasp-topten/2013-June/001105.html">http://lists.owasp.org/pipermail/owasp-topten/2013-June/001105.html</a>



# Politics of A9 Aspect Risk Data and the OWASP Top Ten

Aspect Security has been contributing risk data to the OWASP Top Ten project for many years. Aspect created the OWASP Top 10 project in 2002 based on Aspect data and OWASP expert participation. Aspect has led the OWASP Top Ten effort through the 2003, 2004, 2007, 2010, and now 2013 releases. Starting in 2004, the project leveraged prevalence data from multiple sources to provide wider variety in the detection techniques, types of applications, and number of applications these prevalence metrics are based on. With each release, the Top Ten project has increased the number of contributors to this data set, and listed those contributors in the acknowledgement section.

In 2010, the Top Ten project explicitly ranked the risks using factors including exploitability, prevalence, detectability, and impact. Currently, only the prevalence factor is based on the prevalence data that the project is able to collect from various sources. Future versions of the Top 10 can hopefully gather public metrics in these areas and use them to help rank those other factors.

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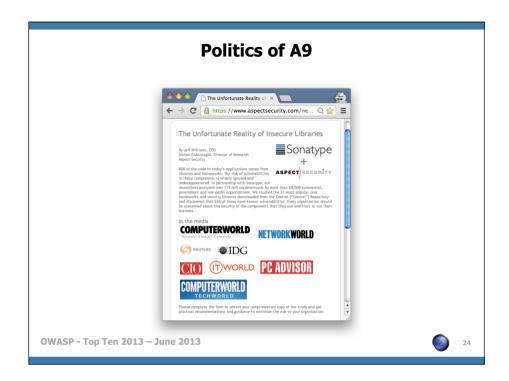


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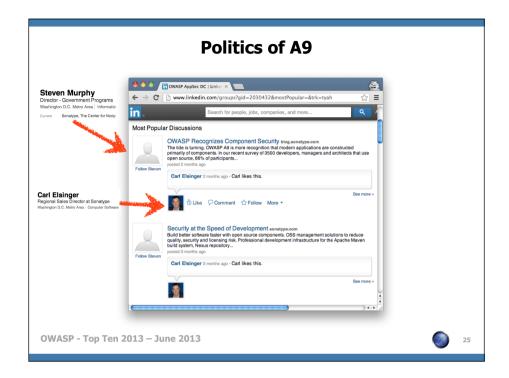
Quoted from Aspect-2013-Global-AppSec-Risk-Report.pdf

# Politics of A9 cmlh\$ openssl shal Aspect-2013-Global-AppSec-Risk-Report.pdf SHAI (Aspect-2013-Global-AppSec-Risk-Report.pdf) = e3e7e0793a311f0779161d082a874042ee0bd498 cmlh\$ pdfinfo Aspect-2013-Global-AppSec-Risk-Report.pdf Title: Global Application Security Risk Report Author: Jeff Williams Creator: Microsoft? Word 2010 CreationDate: Mon Jun 10 14:59:01 2013 ModDate: Mon Jun 10 14:59:01 2013 Tagged: yes Form: none Pages: 13 Encrypted: no Page size: 612 x 792 pts (letter) File size: 845806 bytes Optimized: no PDF version: 1.5 OWASP-Top Ten 2013 - June 2013

Quoted from <a href="http://lists.owasp.org/pipermail/owasp-topten/2013-June/001141.html">http://lists.owasp.org/pipermail/owasp-topten/2013-June/001141.html</a>



Quoted from <a href="https://www.aspectsecurity.com/news/the-unfortunate-reality-of-insecure-libraries/">https://www.aspectsecurity.com/news/the-unfortunate-reality-of-insecure-libraries/</a>



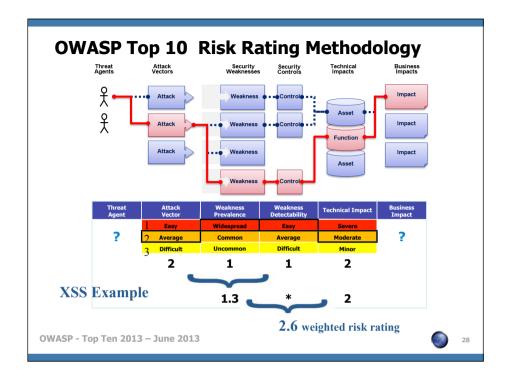
Quoted from <a href="http://www.linkedin.com/groups?gid=2030432&mostPopular=&trk=tyah">http://www.linkedin.com/groups?gid=2030432&mostPopular=&trk=tyah</a>



Quoted from <a href="http://www.linkedin.com/groups?gid=36874">http://www.linkedin.com/groups?gid=36874</a>



Quoted from <a href="https://www.google.com.au/search?q=%22owasp+top+ten%22+site:contrastsecurity.com">https://www.google.com.au/search?q=%22owasp+top+ten%22+site:contrastsecurity.com</a> on 3 September 2013.



The OWASP Top Ten Risk Rating Methodology is slightly different from the OWASP Risk Rating Methodology.

Coincidently the OWASP Top Ten Risk Rating Methodology hasn't been updated for three (3) years.

By "Risk" OWASP are referring to "Severity" in my opinion.

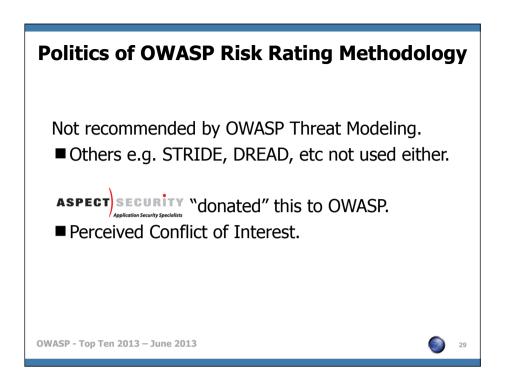
"OWASP Risk Rating Methodology" is an implementation of 4360 and not CVSS in my opinion.

"Threat Agents" and "Business Impact" can only be measured by "environmental" metrics and hence do not represent "risk" but "severity".

Metrics should be grouped as per CVSSv2, i.e. "Base, Temporal and Environmental".

Listing via a residual risk was discussed for the 2007 Release.

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### http://www.owasp.org/index.php/Threat\_Risk\_Modeling

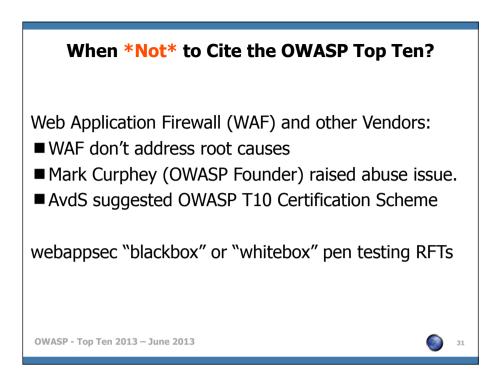
"When Aspect uncovers a vulnerability in our client's software, we take great care to clearly describe to our client the likelihood of an attacker exploiting this vulnerability and the impact to their business. In order to help others properly analyze the risk associated with software vulnerabilities, we published a simple, yet expressive system for rating risk." Quoted from http://www.aspectsecurity.com/appsec\_docs.html

The "STRIDE" acronym stands for "Spoofing Identity", "Tampering with Data", "Repudiation", "Information Disclosure", "Denial of Service" and "Elevation of Privilege" and further information is available from http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa302418(v=MSDN.10).aspx and http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/ms954176.aspx

The "DREAD" acronym stands for "Damage Potential", "Reproducibility", "Exploitability", "Affected Users" and "Discoverability" and further information is available from http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa302419.aspx and http://blogs.msdn.com/david\_leblanc/archive/2007/08/13/dreadful.aspx

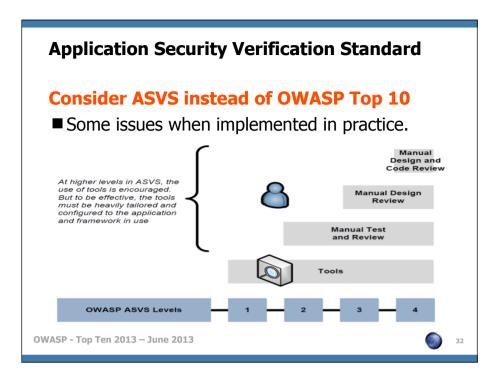
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http://wiki.developers.facebook.com/index.php/Platform\_Security



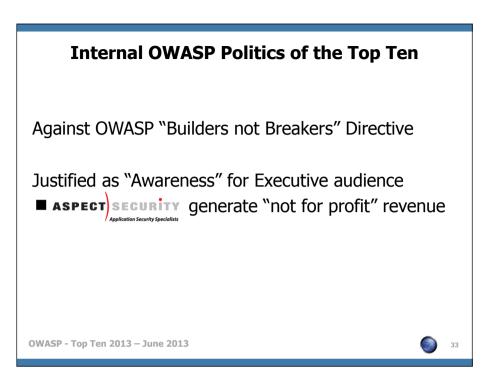
http://seclists.org/webappsec/2005/q3/11 is reference for "Mark Curphey (OWASP Founder) raised abuse issue"

https://lists.owasp.org/pipermail/owasp-topten/2006-July/000238.html is reference for "AvdS suggested OWASP T10 Certification Scheme"



http://www.owasp.org/index.php/Category:OWASP Application Security Verification Standard Project

Attribution for Images: asvs-pictures.ppt



"We started to see that participation in OWASP allowed Aspect to demonstrate our skills in a very constructive way, and many of our customers have contacted us after seeing our participation in OWASP." quoted from <a href="http://www.owasp.org/index.php/User:Jeff">http://www.owasp.org/index.php/User:Jeff</a> Williams

## **Further Information**

# **URLs Published by OWASP**

http://www.owasp.org/index.php/Category:OWASP Top Ten Project

http://lists.owasp.org/mailman/listinfo/owasp-topten

# **URLs Aggregated by cmlh**

http://deli.cio.us/cmlh/OWASP.Top.Ten

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34

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31

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36

