Creating 3D apps & games using Babylon.JS





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Agenda

Why building a WebGL 3D engine ?

- The old school way: Using the 2D canvas
- The rise of GPUs
- Using WebGL directly

Using Babylon.js to create 3D apps and games

- How to use Babylon.js?
- Advanced features

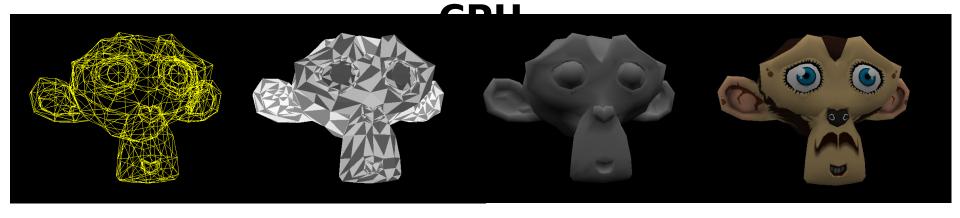
What we've learned...

- Tracking and reducing the pressure on garbage collector
- Performance first
- Handling touch devices

Why building a WebGL 3D engine?

The oldschool way: using 2D canvas

Build a 3D "Software" engine that only uses the



Soft Engine



The **rise** of GPUs

Hardware accelerated rendering:
2D Canvas, CSS3
animations

H264 & JPG hardware decoding

Accelerated 3D with **WebGL**

Using **WebGL** directly

Requires a **compatible** browser:









A new **context** for the canvas:

```
canvas.getContext("webgl", { antialias: true}) ||
canvas.getContext("experimental-webgl", { antialias: true});
```

Using WebGL directly

WebGL is a low level API

Need to handle **everything** except the *rendering*:

- Shaders code (loading, compilation)
- Geometry creation, topology, transfer
- Shaders variables management
- Texture and resources managem
- Render loop



WebGL 101

OEMONSTRATION

Using **Babylon.js** to create 3D apps & games

How to use **Babylon.js**?

Open source project (Available on Github)

http://www.babylonjs.com https://github.com/babylonjs/babylon.js

```
How to use it? Include one file and you're ready to go! 
 <script 
 src="babylon.js"></script>
```

```
To start Babylon.js, you've just need to create an engine object:
	var engine = new BABYLON.Engine(canvas,
	true);
```

How to use **Babylon.js**?

Babylon.js is a **scene graph**: All complex features are abstracted for YOU! var scene = new BABYLON.Scene(engine); var camera = new BABYLON.FreeCamera("Camera", new BABYLON.Vector3(0, 0, -10), scene); var light0 = new BABYLON.PointLight("Omnio", new BABYLON.Vector3(0, 100, 100), scene); var sphere = BABYLON.Mesh.createSphere("Sphere", 16, 3, scene); Handling rendering can be done in one line: engine.runkenderLoop (function() { scene.render(); });



Hello World with Babylon.js

OEMONSTRA

Advanced features

Blender exporter Design & render

Offline support IndexedDB

Complete **collisions** engine

Network optimizations Incremental loading

babylon JS

Unleash babylon.js



What we've **learned**?

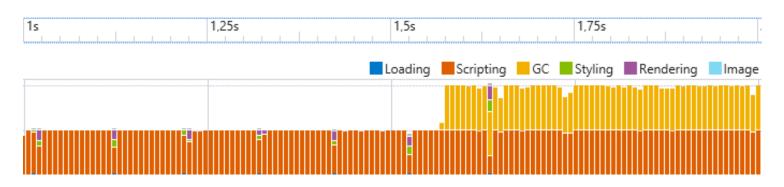
Tracking & reducing the **pressure** on GC

A 3D engine is a place where matrices, vectors and quaternions live.

And there may be tons of them!



Pressure is huge on the garbage collector



Tracking & reducing the **pressure** on GC

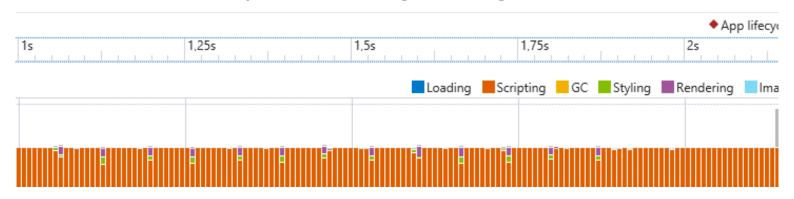
Maximum reuse of mathematical entities

- Pre-instantiate
- Stock variables

GC friendly arrays (able to reset size at no cost)



When the scene is up and running, aiming at **no allocation** at all



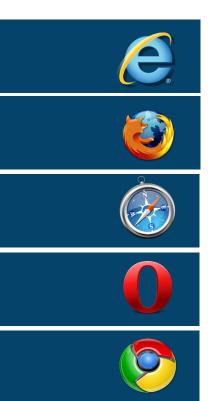
Using **F12** to reduce memory **pressure**

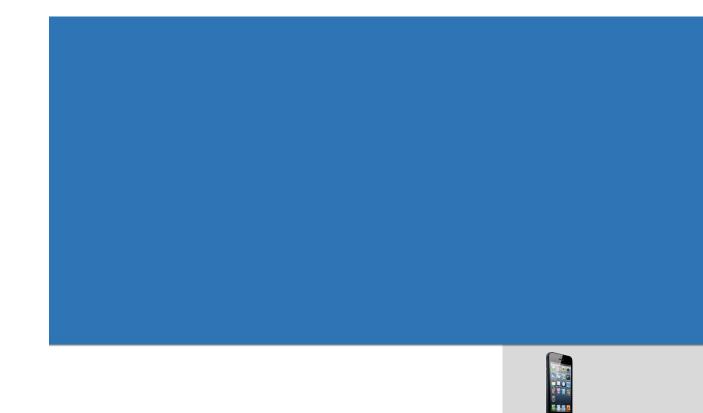
Performance first

Efficient shaders
Do only what is REALLY
required

Complete cache system Update WebGL only when required **Scene** partitioning Frustum / submeshes / octrees

Handling touch devices





Hand.js and the TouchCamera

OEMONS PAN



Questions?

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